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## LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

Public Law 573

H.R. 9390

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|                                          |    |
|------------------------------------------|----|
| Index and summary of H. R. 9390. . . . . | .1 |
| Digest of Public Law 573 . . . . .       | .2 |





## INDEX AND SUMMARY OF H. R. 9390

|                |                                                                                                                        |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feb. 17, 1956  | House Appropriations Committee reported H. R. 9390 without amendment. House Report No. 1772. Print of bill and report. |
| Feb. 21, 1956  | House passed H. R. 9390 without amendment.                                                                             |
| Feb. 22, 1956  | H. R. 9390 referred to Senate Appropriations Committee. Print of bill as passed by House and referred.                 |
| April 16, 1956 | Appropriations Committee was authorized to file its report on H. R. 9390 during recess of Senate.                      |
| April 17, 1956 | Senate Committee reported H. R. 9390 with amendments. Senate Report No. 1761. Print of bill and report.                |
| April 19, 1956 | Senate made H. R. 9390 its unfinished business.                                                                        |
| April 23, 1956 | Senate passed H. R. 9390 with amendments. Senate conferees were appointed.                                             |
| May 29, 1956   | House conferees were appointed on H. R. 9390.                                                                          |
| May 31, 1956   | House received conference report on H. R. 9390. House Report No. 2250.                                                 |
| June 4, 1956   | House agreed to conference report.                                                                                     |
| June 5, 1956   | Senate agreed to conference report.                                                                                    |
| June 13, 1956  | Approved; Public Law 573, 84th Congress.                                                                               |



## DIGEST OF PUBLIC LAW 573

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1957, INCLUDING FOREST SERVICE. This Act provides annual appropriations of \$101,670,750 for regular activities for the fiscal year 1957 (net increase of \$2,399,236 compared with fiscal year 1956). Permanent appropriations are also available in the estimated amount of \$41,527,200. (At the end of this Digest is a table which includes appropriations made for fiscal year 1957 and for 1955 and 1956.) Items of major significance contained in the Act for the Forest Service, including changes over 1956, are as follows: Salaries and expenses - \$64,670,750 appropriated (net increase of \$1,679,200), consisting of increases of \$6,318,000 for national forest protection and management, and \$1,762,700 for forest research; and decreases of \$5,250,000 for fighting forest fires and \$1,151,500 for control of forest pests.

The Act provides that of the \$5,250,000 provided for fighting forest fires \$1,750,000 shall constitute a contingency fund for use only to the extent necessary to meet emergency forest fire situations. The Act also provides that of the \$5,120,000 provided for control of forest pests \$1,751,000 shall be used only to the extent necessary for control activities under the Forest Pest Control Act. Forest roads and trails - \$24,000,000 appropriated (increase of \$2,165, to round-off appropriation); State and private forestry cooperation - \$12,190,000 appropriated (increase of \$807,871); Cooperative range improvements - \$700,000 (no change over 1956); Acquisition of lands (Weeks Act) - \$100,000 appropriated (decrease of \$90,000).

The Act also includes appropriations for research in utilization of saline water, Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Fish and Wildlife Service, and Virgin Islands Corporation.









# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued February 20, 1956  
For actions of February 17, 1956  
84th-2nd, No. 2

## CONTENTS

|                        |                           |                           |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Adjournment.....12     | Forestry.....9,13         | Reclamation.....15,16     |
| Appropriations.....13  | Indian affairs.....13     | Safflower.....11          |
| Commerce.....7         | Lands.....13              | Seeds.....11              |
| Disaster relief.....14 | Legislative program.....2 | Virgin Islands.....13     |
| Education.....18       | Natural resources.....6   | Water, conservation....10 |
| Farm program.....2,5   | Personnel.....8           | research.....13           |
| Flood control.....15   | Plants.....11             | Wheat.....1,3,4           |
| Foreign trade.....4    | Postal rates.....17       | Wildlife.....13           |

HIGHLIGHTS: House subcommittee ordered reported bill to increase wheat acreage allotments in certain States.

## HOUSE

1. WHEAT. The Wheat Subcommittee of the Agriculture Committee ordered reported to the full committee S. 2884, to provide for an increase in the wheat acreage allotments and marketing quotas for certain States. p. D130

## SENATE

2. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. The Digest states: "On Monday, Senate will continue on S. Con. Res. 65, providing for study of matters connected with election, succession, and duties of President and Vice President, probably to be followed Monday and Tuesday by consideration of other reported resolutions providing funds for committee investigations and hearings. Sometime during week (not on February 22) Senate will begin consideration of S. 3183, Agricultural Act of 1956." p. D132

3. WHEAT. Sen. Langer inserted a N. Dak. local Farmers Union resolution urging full parity payments for wheat, and that farmers be permitted to buy their surplus crops at or below 20 percent of Government cost. p. 2394

4. FOREIGN TRADE. Sen. Humphery criticized the terms and conditions stipulated in the bids for purchase of wheat by India in this country, including vessels on which it may be shipped. He stated that under the Butler Act such foodstuffs "must be shipped 50 percent in U. S. flag vessels and 50 percent in approved foreign-flag vessels," and suggested an investigation to determine if the Act is being followed. p. 2435.
5. FARM PROGRAM. Sens. George and Kerr submitted amendments intended to be proposed by them to the farm bill (S. 3183). p. 2396
6. NATURAL RESOURCES. Sen. Neuberger inserted a statement by Oscar L. Chapman, former Secretary of the Interior, on "The State of Our Natural Resources." p. 2409
7. COMMERCE. Adopted with amendments S. Res. 163, authorizing the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee to continue studies of interstate and foreign commerce generally, maritime matters, domestic surface transportation, fisheries and wildlife, etc. p. 2414
8. PERSONNEL. Senators Bender, Johnston, and Barkley discussed the difficulty of replacing civil service employees with changes of Administration, and Sen. Bender inserted a table showing statutes under which employees are hired without regard to Civil Service and Classification laws. pp. 2426, 2427, 2428  
Sen. Carlson inserted several telegrams he had received urging an amendment to S. 2875 to also provide increased retirement benefits for Federal workers now retired. p. 2432
9. FORESTRY. Sen. Morse inserted a magazine article, "The changing timber industry now grows more timber than it cuts," a speech by the Chief of the Forest Service, "Timber resources for America's future - a summary of the timber resource review," and correspondence with the magazine and Mr. McArdle on the subject. p. 2440
10. WATER CONSERVATION. Sen. Watkins inserted a newspaper editorial, "Water for the West," favorable to the Colorado River storage project. p. 2446
11. SEEDS; PLANTS. Sen. Watkins spoke in favor of a national seed storage facility, and the possibilities of the safflower as a new cash crop. p. 2446
12. ADJOURNED until Mon., Feb. 20, p. 2447

HOUSE (continued)

13. INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL FOR 1957. The Appropriations Committee reported this bill during recess. The bill includes items for the Forest Service, research in utilization of salt water, Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Indian Affairs, National Park Service, Fish and Wildlife Service, and Virgin Islands Corporation. Attached to this Digest is a statement relating to the Forest Service items.



Excerpts from committee report relating to Forest Service:

"National forest protection and management. The Budget estimate of \$41,668,000 for this activity represents an increase of \$5,856,500 above the 1956 appropriation. The increase includes: An additional \$1,600,000 to bring the forest timber cut to a total of 7.75 billion board feet and to accelerate timber inventories and management planning; an additional \$100,000 to accelerate range resources management; \$470,000 to step up the program for sanitation and care of public campgrounds; \$250,000 for determination of surface rights on mining claims; \$465,250 to increase the level of maintaining improvements on national forests; and \$1,000,000 to provide additional housing for employees in areas where family housing is either highly unsatisfactory or unavailable."

"Control of forest pests. The budget estimate of \$5,120,000 recommended by the Committee for the control of forest pests represents a reduction of \$1,152,500 below the current fiscal year appropriation. This decrease is possible because of the anticipated completion of major phases of the program for control of the spruce budworm and the spruce bark beetle.

"Forest research. The amount programmed under this activity totals \$9,350,000, which includes \$450,000 submitted as a supplemental estimate. The amount provided represents an increase of \$1,596,000 above the 1956 appropriation. The Committee has made certain changes in the activity schedule to provide an increase of \$375,000 for forest management research in order to meet a widespread demand for more funds in this program which is conducted through the regional experiment stations. After adjustment, the other increases are: \$100,000 for expanding research on major pests of forest trees; \$103,000 to intensify research on a number of forest disease problems; \$168,000 to expand research in wood utilization at the Forest Products Laboratory; \$160,700 to accelerate the forest survey on timber resources; \$50,000 to provide economic guides and procedures for timber growing on lands diverted from surplus crops; and \$156,000 for developing more efficient marketing methods and new outlets for low-grade or surplus timber."

"Working Capital Fund. Language was proposed in the budget for establishing a working capital fund for furnishing supply and equipment services in support of the programs of the Forest Service. The Committee feels that the matter should be first considered by the proper legislative committee."

#### ITEMS IN APPENDIX

14. ~~DISASTER INSURANCE.~~ Extension of remarks of Rep. Scudder stating, "I favor the enactment of disaster insurance, but submit that to be effective it must be augmented by building codes...and that structural improvements be required," and inserting a newspaper editorial on this subject. p. A1520
15. ~~RECLAMATION.~~ Rep. Hosmer inserted J. Russell Smith's, Columbia University, letter characterizing the proposed upper Colorado River project as "that gigantic scheme of highway robbery." p. A1521  
~~Extension of remarks of Rep. Scudder favoring the proposed Oroville Dam to prevent further flood disaster in Calif. and inserting a newspaper editorial on this subject. p. A1522~~

BILLS INTRODUCED

16. RECLAMATION. S. 3227, by Sen. Dworshak, to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain the Little Wood River reclamation project, Idaho; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committee.
17. POSTAL RATES. S. 3228, by Sen. Carlson, to readjust postal rates; establish a Commission on Postal Rates; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee.
18. EDUCATION. S. 3233, by Sen. Fulbright, to amend Public Law 874, 81st Congress, in order to establish a permanent program of financial assistance for local educational agencies under the provisions of such law; to Labor and Public Welfare Committee. Remarks of Sen. Hennings, p. 2395.
- S. 3234, by Sen. Fulbright, to amend Public Law 815, 81st Congress, in order to provide a permanent program of assistance for school construction under the provisions of titles II and IV of such law, to Labor and Public Welfare Committee. Remarks of Sen. Hennings, p. 2395.

-C-

COMMITTEE HEARINGS TO BE HELD:

Feb. 20: Bill to amend watershed program, H. Agriculture (exec).

Wheat bills, H. Agriculture.

Foreign military housing through CCC transactions, H. Armed Services (Asst. Secy of Defense to testify).

Feb. 21: Farm program, H. Agriculture (Secretary Benson to testify).

Mar. 2: Organization for Trade Cooperation, H. Ways and Means (Secretary Benson to testify).

-C-

For supplemental information and copies of legislative material referred to, call Ext. 4654 or send to Room 105-A.

cOo



Forest Service

House Committee Bill, 1957 Compared with Appropriations, 1956, and Budget Estimates, 1957

[Note.--Amounts for 1956 include all supplemental appropriations to date and proposed supplements for pay act costs, and are adjusted for comparability with the appropriation structure proposed in the 1957 House Committee Bill.]

| ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS:                                                                                                                              |                 | Estimated Available, 1956 | Budget Estimates, 1957 | House Committee Bill, 1957 | Increase (+) or Decrease (-), House Committee Bill, 1956 Compared with Budget Estimates, 1957 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Salaries and expenses:                                                                                                                              |                 |                           |                        |                            |                                                                                               |
| National forest protection and management                                                                                                           | a/ \$37,782,750 |                           | \$41,668,000           | \$41,668,000               | +\$3,885,250                                                                                  |
| Fighting forest fires                                                                                                                               | b/ 5,250,000    |                           | 5,250,000              | 5,250,000                  | -                                                                                             |
| Control of forest pests                                                                                                                             | c/ 6,271,500    |                           | 5,120,000              | 5,120,000                  | -1,151,500                                                                                    |
| Forest research                                                                                                                                     | 8,237,300       |                           | 9,350,000              | 9,350,000                  | +1,112,700                                                                                    |
| Total, Salaries and expenses                                                                                                                        | 57,541,500      |                           | 61,388,000             | 61,388,000                 | +3,846,450                                                                                    |
| Forest roads and trails                                                                                                                             | d/ 23,997,835   |                           | 24,000,000             | 24,000,000                 | +2,165                                                                                        |
| State and private forestry cooperation                                                                                                              | 11,385,029      |                           | 11,385,000             | 11,385,000                 | -29                                                                                           |
| Cooperative range improvements                                                                                                                      | d/ 700,000      |                           | 700,000                | 700,000                    | -                                                                                             |
| Acquisition of lands for national forests:                                                                                                          |                 |                           |                        |                            |                                                                                               |
| Weeks Act                                                                                                                                           | 190,000         |                           | -                      | -                          | -190,000                                                                                      |
| Special Acts                                                                                                                                        | 10,000          |                           | -                      | -                          | -10,000                                                                                       |
| Total, Annual Appropriations for Forest Service                                                                                                     | 93,824,414      |                           | 97,473,000             | 97,473,000                 | +3,648,586                                                                                    |
| Deduct amounts included above appropriated from receipts                                                                                            | 710,000         |                           | 700,000                | 700,000                    | -10,000                                                                                       |
| Total, Annual Appropriations for Forest Service from the General Fund of the Treasury                                                               | 93,114,414      |                           | 96,773,000             | 96,773,000                 | +3,658,586                                                                                    |
| PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS (Primarily "Payments to States and Territories" and "Roads and Trails for States" - payable from national forest receipts) |                 |                           |                        |                            |                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                                                     | d/ 32,000,600   |                           | 41,527,200             | 41,527,200                 | +9,526,600                                                                                    |

- a/ Includes \$300,000 appropriated in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.
- b/ Includes \$1,750,000 contingency for use only to the extent necessary to meet emergency forest fire situations.
- c/ Includes contingency fund for use to the extent necessary for control activities under the Forest Pest Control Act as follows: 1956, \$3,137,500; 1957 Budget Estimate and House Committee Bill, \$1,751,000.
- d/ In addition, prior-year balances available.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED  
AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1957

FEBRUARY 17, 1956.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the  
State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. KIRWAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the  
following

R E P O R T

[To accompany H. R. 9390]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in  
explanation of the accompanying bill making appropriations for the  
Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year  
1957.

APPROPRIATIONS AND ESTIMATES

The bill provides regular annual appropriations for the Department  
of Interior (except Bonneville Power Administration, Bureau of Recla-  
mation, Southeastern Power Administration, and Southwestern Power  
Administration) and for other related agencies. The budget esti-  
mates for the items provided for in the bill may be found in the 1957  
budget document (H. Doc. No. 256) on the pages indicated in the  
table which follows and in H. Doc. 326, page 2.

| Item                                                        | Budget<br>Docu-<br>ment<br>Pages                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Department of the Interior.....                             | 734-736, 742-753, 763-785, 798-799, 807<br>and 813-819 |
| Commission of Fine Arts.....                                | 740                                                    |
| Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review.....               | 134                                                    |
| Forest Service.....                                         | 367-374, 425, and 437-439                              |
| Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission.....          | 143-144                                                |
| Indian Claims Commission.....                               | 147                                                    |
| Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Commission..... | 144-145                                                |
| National Capital Planning Commission.....                   | 154-156                                                |
| Smithsonian Institution.....                                | 168-170                                                |
| Virgin Islands Corporation.....                             | 802-807                                                |



## SUMMARY OF THE BILL

A tabulation is presented at the end of this report detailing appropriations for 1956, the budget estimates for 1957, the amounts in the bill for 1957, and a comparison of the amounts recommended in the bill with the appropriations for 1956 and the estimates for 1957. A summary of the totals follows:

|                                           |                 |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Budget estimates for 1957-----            | \$426, 748, 200 |
| Recommended in the accompanying bill----- | 415, 963, 200   |
| Reduction under the budget estimates----- | —10, 785, 000   |

## EFFECT OF THE BILL ON THE NATIONAL WEALTH

The programs financed by the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill are in many respects trusteeships established for the purpose of conserving and assuring the most effective use of our great natural resources. It is from such basic wealth that the Nation's strength and economic stability continue to give it a position of leadership in the world, and a generation of national leaders carries no greater responsibility than to perpetuate this wealth for the use and benefit of succeeding generations. The cost of exercising this responsibility is almost inconsequential in terms of the total budget. The revenues generated by the activities of the agencies covered by the bill are estimated at \$390,395,000 for fiscal year 1957, only \$25,568,200 less than the total of the appropriations. Of these revenues approximately \$243,018,000 will go into the general fund of the Treasury. It is with these overriding considerations that the Committee has approached its task of formulating the appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1957.

## TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

## RESEARCH IN UTILIZATION OF SALINE WATER

An appropriation of \$550,000 is recommended, a decrease of \$50,000 in the budget estimate of \$600,000. The reduction has been applied to the item of administration and coordination to reduce the cost of these activities to 20 percent of the total program for the fiscal year. The basic legislation establishes this ratio as an overall control for the duration of the program and the Committee is of the opinion that it should be adhered to from year to year.

## OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

The budget estimate of \$413,800 has been allowed. This is an increase of \$23,800 above the amount available in 1956, enough to absorb the increased costs resulting from the Pay Act of the last session of Congress.

The amount allowed will continue at the current level the important program of providing coordination on all phases of petroleum and

natural gas production and development, and the enforcement of the laws prohibiting the use of interstate facilities for the shipment of contraband oil.

#### OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

The budget estimate for the legal activities of the Department is \$2,817,000. The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$2,800,000, a reduction of \$17,000, but an increase of \$275,000 above the 1956 appropriation. The increase will permit the employment of additional personnel to handle increased workload resulting from Public Laws 47, 167, and 359, affecting the leasing of lands for mineral and surface uses, which were passed by the last session of Congress.

#### OFFICE OF MINERALS MOBILIZATION

An appropriation of \$300,000 is recommended. This is a decrease of \$8,000 in the budget estimate, but an increase of \$75,000 above the amount available in the current fiscal year. The increase will permit the staffing of this new office to the level which should permit effective coordination of all phases of metals and minerals research and development work to meet both civilian and military requirements of the Nation.

#### BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

##### MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

An appropriation of \$18,000,000 is recommended. This is a decrease of \$778,000 in the budget estimate but an increase of \$4,300,000 over the amount available in the current fiscal year. The increase includes funds for personnel to handle the additional workload resulting from the new land laws passed in the first session of the 84th Congress affecting the lease disposal of land and mineral resources. Also included are funds for stepping up timber cutting and soil and moisture conservation work.

In making the reduction in the budget estimate the Committee has eliminated \$39,400 which was programmed for the operation of the Squaw-Butte Experiment Station which is to be transferred to the Department of Agriculture in accordance with the agreement developed between the two Agencies.

#### CONSTRUCTION

The budget estimate of \$4,500,000 is recommended for the construction of access roads in the Oregon-California land grant timber stands and for buildings and appurtenant facilities for the care and protection of equipment in the Alaskan installations of the Bureau. The amount appropriated under this heading for construction of access roads on the revested Oregon and California railroad grant lands, totalling \$4,460,000, is reimbursed from revenues from timber sales on these lands.

## BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

## EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

The Committee has allowed the budget estimate of \$50,700,000 for the activities under this heading. This is an increase of \$8,935,005 over the appropriation for the current fiscal year. The increase covers principally the cost of placing an additional 5,000 Indian children in schools and the relocation of an additional 5,000 Indian families in non-Indian communities away from the reservation. Also included in the increase are funds for strengthening the law enforcement staff on Indian reservations.

## RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

A total of \$16,000,000 is allowed, a decrease of \$100,000 in the budget estimate but an increase of \$3,568,000 over the appropriation for 1956. The Committee has increased from \$250,000 to \$350,000 the amount proposed by the budget for financing from the revolving fund for loans and directs that the amount programmed for soil and moisture conservation be increased by \$100,000.

## CONSTRUCTION

The budget estimate for the construction of buildings, utilities and irrigation systems is \$7,500,000. The Committee has allowed \$4,000,000, a reduction of \$3,500,000 in the budget estimate. The program as set forth in the justifications is approved. The amount allowed plus the unobligated balances of previously appropriated funds which will be available on June 30, 1956 should be sufficient to continue the construction program without delay.

## ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE

## (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

The budget estimate of \$11,500,000 has been allowed for financing the road construction and maintenance program authorized by the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1954.

## GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$3,190,000, an increase of \$590,000 above the amount available for 1956. This increase will permit some expansion in the administrative functions of budgeting, fiscal management, personnel management, inspection services, and property functions made necessary by the recent program increases which have been provided for the Bureau.

## DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS OF THE CREEK INDIANS

A total of \$200,000, the budget estimate, has been provided for the expenses incident to the distribution of funds to members of the Creek Nation in accordance with the Act of August 1, 1955.



## GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

## SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$31,602,000, an increase of \$4,967,000 above the appropriations for the current fiscal year. Of this increase it is estimated that \$1,405,000 will be required for additional costs due to the Pay Act of 1955. This leaves an effective increase of \$3,562,000 for the principal purposes of expanding the topographic surveys and mapping program, the geological and mineral resources exploration work and the water resources investigations. Increasing pressures on both the Nation's mineral and water resources dictate the need for increased emphasis in the exploratory and mapping programs conducted by the Geological Survey.

## BUREAU OF MINES

## CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

The budget estimate for the activities under this heading is \$17,363,000. The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$15,363,000, a reduction of \$2,000,000, but an increase of \$570,000 above the amounts available for 1956 after taking into account an estimate of \$700,000 for increased costs of the Pay Act of the last session of Congress.

A total of \$1,507,500 was budgeted for research work on oil shale. The Committee has reduced this item to \$307,000, eliminating \$1,000,000 for the mining research work at Rifle, Colo., and \$200,500 of the total programmed for oil shale research at the Laramie, Wyo., laboratory. The Committee is convinced that the Federal Government has financed enough research in this area to provide the basis for industrial development by private enterprise in time of emergency or at such time as exploration of this petroleum source is otherwise warranted. The \$307,000 which is being allowed will continue the basic research program on oil shale in conformance with the general policy of the Committee in sustaining fundamental research on petroleum.

For a number of years the Bureau has carried an activity in its budget called "Minerals research, unclassified." While it is recognized that some funds may be needed for types of research which do not fit into the commodity classification used in budgeting and for unpredictable research requirements, the Committee believes that the requested \$571,500 is too large a contingency fund for these purposes. It has therefore reduced this estimate to \$300,000. In addition, the funds requested for the research program on materials of construction have been reduced from \$486,426 to \$244,626, the same amount as is available during the current fiscal year. Based on the information given to the Committee, the relative importance of this program does not appear to warrant the 100 percent increase requested.

The Bureau programmed for the fiscal year 1957 a total of \$1,686,984 for the collection, analysis, and distribution of statistical and informational material. The Committee has applied a reduction of \$286,200 to this program.



While certain specific reductions have been made as outlined in the foregoing paragraphs, the Committee has allowed substantial increases, totalling over \$2,000,000, for other critically important exploration and research programs in minerals and metals.

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY

The budget estimate of \$5,304,300 is recommended. This is an increase of \$304,300 above the amount available for the current fiscal year, approximately enough to finance increased costs due to the 1955 Pay Act.

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The budget estimate of \$1,030,000 has been allowed, an increase of \$60,000 above the 1956 appropriation. The increase is estimated to be the added cost due to the Pay Act.

#### NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

##### MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$11,480,000, an increase of \$1,655,000 above the 1956 program. After taking into account the estimated added cost of the 1955 Pay Act, the effective increase is approximately \$1,000,000 for strengthening National Park management, forestry, fire control, and park and recreation programs.

##### MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES

The budget estimate for the operation, maintenance, and rehabilitation of roads, trails, buildings, utilities and other physical facilities in the areas administered by the Park Service is \$10,158,000. This represents an increase of \$1,208,000 over the appropriation for 1956 and has been approved by the Committee.

##### CONSTRUCTION

The budget estimate considered by the Committee for the construction of physical facilities in the parks is \$5,200,000. The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$15,000,000, an increase of \$9,800,000 above the budget estimate. Increases in the number of visitors to the national parks and monuments are averaging roughly 2,000,000 persons per year and the total number of visitors is estimated at 54,000,000 for the fiscal year 1957. The need for facilities to handle this growing impact has been receiving attention in the public press, and the lack of adequate facilities has been receiving more and more criticism from the public at large. Continuing improvements in the Nation's highway systems and transportation facilities plus the added leisure hours becoming available to the public generally can be expected to place ever increasing burdens on national park and recreation areas. For these reasons, it is the opinion of the Committee that action should start now to meet these demands and to avoid further deterioration and abuse of the park areas because of the lack of facilities for accommodating visitors. It has therefore provided a substantial increase in this construction item to stimulate action on the part of both the Park Service and the concessionaires in expanding public use facilities.

## CONSTRUCTION

## (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

The budget estimate of \$29,800,000 has been allowed for liquidation of obligations incurred by the National Park Service under the authority of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1954.

## JONES POINT BRIDGE

The funds requested for construction of the Jones Point Bridge, amounting to \$13,825,000, have been disallowed. This action has been taken in view of the current representations to the Legislative Committee on H. R. 7228 which alters the design and the cost of the bridge, proposes transferring the responsibility for its construction from the Interior Department to another government agency, and specifies maintenance responsibility. The Committee's action was also governed to some extent by the fact that firm commitments, required by the basic legislation, have not yet been secured to assure the participation of the States of Virginia and Maryland in connection with the approaches to the bridge.

## GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Budget estimate of \$1,250,000 has been allowed. While this is an increase of \$75,000 above the funds available for fiscal year 1956, it appears to be no more than will be needed to offset the added costs of the 1955 Pay Act.

## FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

## MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES

The estimate for financing the activities under this heading is \$9,696,000, an increase of \$2,967,500 over the 1956 appropriation. The Committee has allowed the amount of the budget estimate but has made certain adjustments to meet the increasing demand for stepping up the injurious rodent and predatory animal control program. An additional \$250,000 above the \$1,009,500 programmed is to be applied in the fiscal year 1957 to employ additional personnel for local field control work. As an offset against a portion of this increase, the full 25 percent of the proceeds from the sale of seal products of the Pribilof Islands is to be applied to the Alaskan program for enforcement of fish and game laws as provided in the language of the bill. This will make available for the financing of the activities under this appropriation heading an additional \$172,400 which was set aside as an unused balance in the budget schedules.

Of the \$2,967,500 increase provided, \$288,500 is required for increased Pay Act costs and \$1,587,339 represents a shift in financing from the permanent appropriations to the annual direct appropriations. The funds estimated to be available from the permanent appropriations will be less in fiscal year 1957 and an increase in the annual direct appropriation is necessary to maintain the current program level.

The balance of the increase recommended for fiscal year 1957 will provide additional funds primarily for the operation and maintenance of the fish-cultural stations, and for additional rehabilitation work on the national wildlife refuges.

#### INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$5,065,000 for investigations respecting the conservation, management, protection, and utilization of the nation's fish and wildlife resources. This amount will maintain the program at approximately the current year level, after taking into account the added costs of the 1955 Pay Act.

#### CONSTRUCTION

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$2,200,000 for continuation of construction of the Devil's Kitchen Dam on the Crab Orchard Wildlife Refuge in Illinois, for construction and improvement of fish hatcheries, and for reconstruction of the laboratory and other facilities at the Fishery Biological Station at Woods Hole, Massachusetts.

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

The budget estimate of \$852,500 has been allowed. This is an increase of \$92,500 above the appropriation for 1956 to offset the added cost due to the 1955 Pay Act and to provide for minor additional administrative costs.

#### OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

##### ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$2,803,000, an increase of \$193,500 above the current year appropriation. This increase is necessary to finance additional costs of the care and custody of Alaskan insane, and expenses of the biennial meetings of the Legislatures in Alaska and Hawaii.

##### TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

The Committee has approved the budget estimate of \$4,800,000, a reduction of \$200,000 below the amount available for the current fiscal year.

There are a number of claims arising in the Trust Territory as a result of damage to or use of property by the United States Military Forces. It has come to the Committee's attention that \$1,000,000 previously made available to the Navy against an authorization of \$1,700,000 in Public Law 155 of the 82nd Congress for acquiring land in Micronesia could be used possibly for settlement of these claims. The Interior Department has been negotiating with the Navy since 1951 for transfer of the funds. The Committee is convinced that settlement of the claims will remove serious problems in the Islands and fails to understand why a dispute as to the use of the funds should be indefinitely perpetuated.

##### ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS

A total of \$4,968,000 is recommended for this program. This is a reduction of \$32,000 in the budget estimate but an increase of



\$1,968,000 above the 1956 appropriation. In making the \$32,000 reduction the Committee has disallowed an increase which was requested for the administrative expense item. Fifty percent of the funds appropriated under this program for the construction of public buildings and utilities in the Territory are returned to the Treasury under the matching formula prescribed in the authorizing legislation.

#### CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, ALASKA

The Committee recommends a budget estimate of \$7,800,000, an increase of \$1,500,000 over the amount available in the current fiscal year. These funds will be used for the continuation of construction of previously approved highways, and for the reconstruction of existing roads.

#### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS, ALASKA

The Committee has allowed the budget estimate of \$3,625,000, an increase of \$125,000 above the 1956 appropriation. This increase appears necessary to provide for maintenance on the additional miles of highways which will be completed during 1956.

#### ALASKA RAILROAD REVOLVING FUND

The budget proposed language under this heading, which would make available to the Alaska Railroad all revenues heretofore and hereafter received by it for construction, operation and maintenance, and improvement of the railroad. The basic law authorizing the Alaska Railroad appears to limit the use of revenues to operation and maintenance of the railroad. For this reason, and in order to assure appropriate annual review of the amounts proposed for capital improvements, the Committee has deleted the proposed language.

Lack of coordination between Federal agencies involved in construction work in Alaska, and the failure of these agencies to present the entire picture of developments to the Appropriations Committee has done very little to develop the Committee's confidence that funds requested for capital improvements and construction activities would be expended wisely. Recently, the Committee was importuned by both the Department of the Interior and by the Defense Department to invest large sums in rehabilitation of a portion of the Alaska Railroad in the interest of the defense installation supply program. This construction work was done in the last two years. At the hearings this year, it was revealed for the first time that the Defense Department has proceeded to construct a pipe line for supplying fuel to some of its installations, which pipe line serves the purpose of rendering the Government's investment in the new railroad facilities unnecessary at least insofar as this commodity is concerned.

#### ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

##### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$2,222,000 for the offices and activities concerned with the direction and control of the Department's programs. This is an increase of approximately \$27,000 after adjusting for the effect of the 1955 Pay Act costs.



## TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

## COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$31,000 for the activities of the Commission, an increase of \$9,800 over the 1956 appropriation.

## FEDERAL COAL MINE SAFETY BOARD OF REVIEW

The budget estimate of \$70,000 has been allowed. This is the same amount as was appropriated for 1956 for the activities of the Board of Review in adjudicating appeals from orders of the Bureau of Mines closing mine operations.

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

## FOREST SERVICE—SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The budget estimate of \$61,388,000 is recommended for the programs under this heading. This is an increase of \$6,300,000 above the amount available in the current fiscal year. The following programs are included under this appropriation:

*National forest protection and management.*—The budget estimate of \$41,668,000 for this activity represents an increase of \$5,856,500 above the 1956 appropriation. The increase includes: An additional \$1,600,000 to bring the forest timber cut to a total of 7.75 billion board feet and to accelerate timber inventories and management planning; an additional \$100,000 to accelerate range resources management; \$470,000 to step up the program for sanitation and care of public campgrounds; \$250,000 for determination of surface rights on mining claims; \$465,250 to increase the level of maintaining improvements on national forests; and \$1,000,000 to provide additional housing for employees in areas where family housing is either highly unsatisfactory or unavailable.

*Fighting forest fires.*—The budget estimate of \$5,250,000 is provided for this activity. This is the same amount as available during the current fiscal year.

*Control of forest pests.*—The budget estimate of \$5,120,000 recommended by the Committee for the control of forest pests represents a reduction of \$1,152,500 below the current fiscal year appropriation. This decrease is possible because of the anticipated completion of major phases of the program for control of the spruce budworm and the spruce bark beetle.

*Forest research.*—The amount programmed under this activity totals \$9,350,000, which includes \$450,000 submitted as a supplemental estimate. The amount provided represents an increase of \$1,596,000 above the 1956 appropriation. The Committee has made certain changes in the activity schedule to provide an increase of \$375,000 for forest management research in order to meet a widespread demand for more funds in this program which is conducted through the regional experiment stations. After adjustment, the other increases are: \$100,000 for expanding research on major pests of forest trees; \$103,000

to intensify research on a number of forest disease problems; \$168,000 to expand research in wood utilization at the Forest Products Laboratory; \$160,700 to accelerate the forest survey on timber resources; \$50,000 to provide economic guides and procedures for timber growing on lands diverted from surplus crops; and \$156,000 for developing more efficient marketing methods and new outlets for low-grade or surplus timber.

#### FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

The budget estimate of \$24,000,000 has been provided for construction and maintenance of roads and trails, in accordance with the authorization in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1954.

#### STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$11,385,000, which will continue the state and private cooperative programs at the current level. The activities under this heading include: cooperation in forest fire control, \$10,025,000; cooperation in forest tree planting, \$505,000; cooperation in forest management and processing, \$690,000; and general forestry assistance, \$165,000.

#### COOPERATIVE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

The budget estimate of \$700,000 recommended by the Committee is the same amount as is available in the current fiscal year. The funds are derived from grazing fees and are used for cooperative programs for protecting and improving productivity of the range.

#### WORKING CAPITAL FUND

Language was proposed in the budget for establishing a working capital fund for furnishing supply and equipment services in support of the programs of the Forest Service. The Committee feels that the matter should be first considered by the proper legislative committee.

#### INDIAN CLAIMS COMMISSION

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$124,600, an increase of \$5,100 above the 1956 appropriation. This increase will cover the cost of the 1955 Pay Act and will provide for some additional travel in connection with hearings which must be held at locations away from Washington, D. C.

#### JAMESTOWN-WILLIAMSBURG-YORKTOWN CELEBRATION COMMISSION

The budget estimate of \$115,000 has been provided for completing the plans for this celebration which will occur in 1957. The celebration will commemorate the 350th anniversary of the founding of Jamestown and the winning of American independence at Yorktown in 1781.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee has allowed \$185,000 for operation of the National Capital Planning Commission. This is a decrease of \$25,000 below the budget estimate of \$210,000 but an increase of \$42,000 above the current year appropriation. The increase will provide principally for the employment of additional personnel to meet the increasing workload of the Commission.

## LAND ACQUISITION

An appropriation of \$1,250,000 is recommended, a reduction of \$250,000 in the budget estimate of \$1,500,000. The land acquisition program as set out in the justifications is approved and the Commission is urged to make every effort to procure the lands described at prices which will permit the completion of the program within the amount appropriated.

## WASHINGTON REGIONAL MASS TRANSPORTATION SURVEY

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$200,000 to complete the mass transportation survey initiated in fiscal year 1955.

## SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The budget estimate of \$4,400,000 recommended by the Committee represents an increase of \$400,000 over the appropriation for 1956. The increase will provide principally for the orderly continuation of the renovation and rehabilitation program on exhibits and buildings of the Institution, and for stepping up the program of the Astrophysical Observatory.

## NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

The budget estimate of \$1,495,000 is recommended, an increase of \$140,000 above the 1956 appropriation to provide primarily for additional costs resulting from the 1955 Pay Act and for reimbursement to the General Services Administration for heating.

## MUSEUM OF HISTORY AND TECHNOLOGY

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$33,712,000 for construction of this museum building as authorized by the Act of June 28, 1955. This appropriation together with the appropriation for the current fiscal year provides for the total estimated cost of the building.

## FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION

The budget estimate of \$10,000 has been allowed for the expenses of this Commission as authorized by the act of August 11, 1955.

# TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

## GRANTS

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$425,000 to cover the operating losses of the Virgin Islands Corporation as authorized by law, and for continuation of the land development work conducted by the Corporation.

## LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

The following limitations and legislative provisions not heretofore carried in the bill are recommended:

Page 15, lines 14 through 16, under Construction (Liquidation of Contract Authorization), National Park Service:

*including acquisition of right-of-way for the eastern entrance road, Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado*



COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1956 AND THE ESTIMATES FOR 1957  
PERMANENT INDEFINITE APPROPRIATIONS

|                                                                                                        | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1956 | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1957 | Increase (+) or<br>decrease (—) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Department of the Interior:                                                                            |                                 |                                 |                                 |
| Range improvements-----                                                                                | \$525, 587                      | \$664, 750                      | +\$139, 163                     |
| Payments to States (proceeds of sales)-----                                                            | 134, 002                        | 245, 700                        | +111, 698                       |
| Payment of royalties to Oklahoma-----                                                                  | 7, 305                          | 7, 500                          | +195                            |
| Leasing of grazing lands-----                                                                          | 3, 000                          | 3, 000                          | -----                           |
| Payments to States (grazing fees)-----                                                                 | 500                             | 500                             | -----                           |
| Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands, payment to Coos and Douglas Counties, Oreg.,<br>in lieu of taxes----- | 43, 227                         | 50, 000                         | +6, 773                         |
| Oregon and California grant lands, payments to counties-----                                           | 9, 000, 380                     | 8, 755, 000                     | —245, 380                       |
| Payments to States from grazing receipts, public lands-----                                            | 356, 900                        | 364, 800                        | +7, 900                         |
| Mineral Leasing Act, payments to States-----                                                           | 25, 125, 000                    | 26, 917, 000                    | +1, 792, 000                    |
| Alaska school lands, payment to Alaska-----                                                            | 1, 500                          | 1, 500                          | -----                           |
| Expenses, sale of timber, etc., on reclamation land-----                                               | 2, 000                          | 2, 000                          | -----                           |
| Claim and treaty obligations, Indian Affairs-----                                                      | 140, 500                        | 140, 500                        | -----                           |
| Operation and maintenance, revenues, Indian irrigation systems-----                                    | 2, 199, 000                     | 2, 296, 000                     | +97, 000                        |
| Power revenues, Indian irrigation projects-----                                                        | 1, 400, 000                     | 1, 437, 000                     | +37, 000                        |

|                                                                                                                                                             |              |              |               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Acquisition of lands and loans to Indians in Oklahoma, act of June 26, 1936-----                                                                            | 10, 000      | 10, 000      | -----         |
| Indian arts and crafts fund-----                                                                                                                            | 200          | 200          | -----         |
| Payments from proceeds of sale of water, Geological Survey-----                                                                                             | 600          | 600          | -----         |
| Educational expenses, children of employees, Yellowstone National Park-----                                                                                 | 30, 479      | 32, 000      | + 1, 521      |
| Operation, management, maintenance, and demolition of federally acquired prop-<br>erties, Independence National Historical Park, National Park Service----- | 150, 000     | 100, 000     | - 50, 000     |
| Payment to the State of Wyoming, in lieu of taxes on lands in Grand Teton National<br>Park, National Park Service-----                                      | 26, 186      | 26, 470      | + 284         |
| Purchase of Great Onyx and Crystal Cave properties, Mammoth Cave National<br>Park, National Park Service-----                                               | 10, 000      | 20, 000      | + 10, 000     |
| Migratory bird conservation fund-----                                                                                                                       | 4, 300, 000  | 4, 300, 000  | -----         |
| Federal aid in wildlife restoration-----                                                                                                                    | 12, 400, 508 | 13, 000, 000 | + 599, 492    |
| Federal aid in fish restoration and management-----                                                                                                         | 5, 347, 425  | 5, 300, 000  | - 47, 425     |
| Management of national wildlife refuges-----                                                                                                                | 1, 641, 459  | 1, 650, 000  | + 8, 541      |
| Management of resources, Fish and Wildlife Service-----                                                                                                     | 762, 147     | 1, 075, 000  | + 312, 853    |
| Administration of Pribilof Islands-----                                                                                                                     | 1, 829, 152  | 2, 580, 000  | + 750, 848    |
| Expenses incident to sale of refuge products-----                                                                                                           | 40, 000      | 40, 000      | -----         |
| Payments to counties under Migratory Bird Conservation Act-----                                                                                             | 547, 170     | 550, 000     | + 2, 830      |
| Internal Revenue collections for Virgin Islands, Office of Territories-----                                                                                 | 4, 354, 336  | 2, 500, 000  | - 1, 854, 336 |
| Total, Department of Interior-----                                                                                                                          | 70, 388, 563 | 72, 069, 520 | + 1, 680, 957 |

*Comparative statement of the appropriations for 1956 and the estimates for 1957—Continued*

**PERMANENT INDEFINITE APPROPRIATIONS—Continued**

|                                                                    | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1956 | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1957 | Increase (+) or<br>decrease (—) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Department of Agriculture—Forest Service:                          |                                 |                                 |                                 |
| Expenses, brush disposal-----                                      | \$4,300,000                     | \$4,500,000                     | +\$200,000                      |
| Roads and trails for States, national forests funds-----           | 7,753,900                       | 10,418,500                      | +2,664,600                      |
| Forest-fire prevention (smokey bear)-----                          | 30,000                          | 30,000                          | -----                           |
| Payment to Minnesota from the national forests fund-----           | 46,200                          | 46,400                          | +200                            |
| Payments due counties, submarginal land-----                       | 375,000                         | 375,000                         | -----                           |
| Payments to school funds, Arizona and New Mexico-----              | 114,300                         | 115,000                         | +700                            |
| Payments to States and Territories from national forests fund----- | 19,381,200                      | 26,042,300                      | +6,661,100                      |
| Total, Department of Agriculture—Forest Service-----               | 32,000,600                      | 41,527,200                      | +9,526,600                      |
| Total, permanent indefinite appropriations-----                    | 102,389,163                     | 113,596,720                     | +11,207,557                     |

TRUST FUNDS

[Not a charge against revenue]

|                                                                    |              |              |             |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Department of the Interior:                                        |              |              |             |
| Deposits by individuals for surveying public lands-----            | \$17, 000    | \$17, 000    | -----       |
| Administration and protection of grazing districts-----            | 200, 000     | 200, 000     | -----       |
| Trustee funds, Alaska townsites, Bureau of Land Management-----    | 3, 400       | 3, 400       | -----       |
| Indian moneys, proceeds of labor-----                              | 3, 811, 000  | 3, 575, 000  | -\$236, 000 |
| Miscellaneous trust funds of Indian tribes-----                    | 35, 000, 000 | 35, 000, 000 | -----       |
| Advances, authorized services, Geological Survey-----              | 800, 000     | 800, 000     | -----       |
| Contributed funds, Bureau of Mines-----                            | 810, 030     | 300, 000     | -\$510, 030 |
| Donations, including land, national parks-----                     | 603, 000     | 510, 000     | -\$93, 000  |
| Gifts or bequests of personal property, national parks-----        | 2, 961       | 2, 461       | -\$500      |
| Birthplace of Abraham Lincoln, preservation of national parks----- | 1, 585       | 1, 585       | -----       |
| Miscellaneous contributed funds, Fish and Wildlife Service-----    | 90, 000      | 90, 000      | -----       |
| Improvement of roads, bridges, and trails, Alaska-----             | 1, 000, 000  | 1, 000, 000  | -----       |
| Total, trust funds, Department of the Interior-----                | 42, 338, 976 | 41, 499, 446 | -\$839, 530 |



*Comparative statement of the appropriations for 1956 and the estimates for 1957—Continued*

**TRUST FUNDS—Continued**

|                                                               | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1956 | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1957 | Increase (+) or<br>decrease (—) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Department of Agriculture—Forest Service:                     |                                 |                                 |                                 |
| Cooperative work-----                                         | \$12, 500, 000                  | \$13, 000, 000                  | + \$500, 000                    |
| Miscellaneous contributed funds-----                          | 40, 000                         | -----                           | - 40, 000                       |
| Total, trust funds, Forest Service-----                       | 12, 540, 000                    | 13, 000, 000                    | + 460, 000                      |
| National Capital Planning Commission, contributed fund-----   | 438, 000                        | 502, 000                        | + 64, 000                       |
| Smithsonian Institution: Canal Zone Biological Area Fund----- | 10, 000                         | 10, 000                         | -----                           |
| Total, trust funds-----                                       | 55, 326, 976                    | 55, 011, 446                    | - 315, 530                      |

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1956, AND ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED  
IN BILL FOR 1957

| Agency and item                              | Appropriations,<br>1956 | Estimates, 1957 | Recommended in<br>bill for 1957 | Bill compared with— |               |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
|                                              |                         |                 |                                 | 1956 appropriations | 1957 estimate |
| TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR           |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY                      |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Research in utilization of saline water----- | \$400, 000              | \$600, 000      | \$550, 000                      | +\$150, 000         | —\$50, 000    |
| Oil and Gas Division-----                    | 390, 000                | 413, 800        | 413, 800                        | +23, 800            | -----         |
| Office of the Solicitor-----                 | 2, 525, 000             | 2, 817, 000     | 2, 800, 000                     | +275, 000           | —17, 000      |
| Office of Minerals Mobilization-----         | 225, 000                | 308, 000        | 300, 000                        | +75, 000            | —8, 000       |
| Total, Office of the Secretary-----          | 3, 540, 000             | 4, 138, 800     | 4, 063, 800                     | +523, 800           | —75, 000      |
| BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT                    |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Management of lands and resources-----       | 13, 700, 000            | 18, 778, 000    | 18, 000, 000                    | +4, 300, 000        | —778, 000     |
| Construction-----                            | 2, 300, 000             | 4, 500, 000     | 4, 500, 000                     | +2, 200, 000        | -----         |
| Range improvements <sup>2</sup> -----        | (525, 587)              | (664, 750)      | (664, 750)                      | (+139, 163)         | -----         |
| Total, Bureau of Land Management-----        | 16, 000, 000            | 23, 278, 000    | 22, 500, 000                    | +6, 500, 000        | —778, 000     |

<sup>1</sup> Includes \$250,000 in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.<sup>2</sup> Indefinite appropriation of receipts. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.

*Comparative statement of appropriations for 1956, and estimates and amounts recommended in bill for 1957—Continued*

| Agency and item                                                                   | Appropriations,<br>1956  | Estimates, 1957 | Recommended in<br>bill for 1957 | Bill compared with— |               |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
|                                                                                   |                          |                 |                                 | 1956 appropriations | 1957 estimate |
| TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Con.                                           |                          |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS                                                          |                          |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Education and welfare services-----                                               | \$41,764,995             | \$50,700,000    | \$50,700,000                    | +\$8,935,005        | -----         |
| Resources management-----                                                         | 12,432,000               | 16,100,000      | 16,000,000                      | +3,568,000          | --\$100,000   |
| Construction-----                                                                 | 7,979,003                | 7,500,000       | 4,000,000                       | -3,979,003          | -3,500,000    |
| Road construction and maintenance (liquidation of<br>contract authorization)----- | 7,000,000                | 11,500,000      | 11,500,000                      | +4,500,000          | -----         |
| General administrative expenses-----                                              | 2,600,000                | 3,190,000       | 3,190,000                       | +590,000            | -----         |
| Distribution of funds of the Creek Indians-----                                   | -----                    | 200,000         | 200,000                         | +200,000            | -----         |
| Relocation of the Yankton Sioux Tribe-----                                        | 56,500                   | -----           | -----                           | -56,500             | -----         |
| Payment to Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of Indians-----                             | 3 5,160,000              | -----           | -----                           | -5,160,000          | -----         |
| Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs, exclusive of<br>tribal funds-----                | 76,992,498               | 89,190,000      | 85,590,000                      | +8,597,502          | -3,600,000    |
| <i>Tribal funds</i> (not included in totals of this tabulation)-----              | <sup>4</sup> (3,300,000) | (3,000,000)     | (3,000,000)                     | (-300,000)          | -----         |
| GEOLOGICAL SURVEY                                                                 |                          |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Surveys, investigations, and research-----                                        | 26,635,000               | 31,602,000      | 31,602,000                      | +4,967,000          | -----         |

## BUREAU OF MINES

Conservation and development of mineral resources-----  
 Health and safety-----  
 General administrative expenses-----  
 Drainage of anthracite mines-----

Total, Bureau of Mines-----

## NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Management and protection-----  
 Maintenance and rehabilitation of physical facilities-----  
 Construction-----  
 Construction (liquidation of contract authorization)-----  
 Jones Point Bridge-----

General administrative expenses-----

Total, National Park Service-----

## FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Management of resources-----  
 Investigations of resources-----  
 Construction-----

<sup>3</sup> Included in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.

<sup>4</sup> Includes \$200,000 in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.

<sup>5</sup> Includes \$1,200,000 in Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.

<sup>6</sup> Includes \$730,000 in Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.

<sup>7</sup> Includes \$750,000 in Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.

|                                                       |                 |              |              |               |               |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                                       | \$ 14, 093, 000 | 17, 363, 000 | 15, 363, 000 | +1, 270, 000  | -2, 000, 000  |
|                                                       | 5, 000, 000     | 5, 304, 300  | 5, 304, 300  | +304, 300     | -----         |
|                                                       | 970, 000        | 1, 030, 000  | 1, 030, 000  | +60, 000      | -----         |
|                                                       | \$ 8, 500, 000  | -----        | -----        | -8, 500, 000  | -----         |
| Total, Bureau of Mines                                | 28, 563, 000    | 23, 697, 300 | 21, 697, 300 | -6, 865, 700  | -2, 000, 000  |
| NATIONAL PARK SERVICE                                 |                 |              |              |               |               |
| Management and protection                             | 9, 825, 000     | 11, 480, 000 | 11, 480, 000 | +1, 655, 000  | -----         |
| Maintenance and rehabilitation of physical facilities | 8, 950, 000     | 10, 158, 000 | 10, 158, 000 | +1, 208, 000  | -----         |
| Construction                                          | 5, 425, 000     | 5, 200, 000  | 15, 000, 000 | +9, 575, 000  | +9, 800, 000  |
| Construction (liquidation of contract authorization)  | 19, 654, 300    | 29, 800, 000 | 29, 800, 000 | +10, 145, 700 | -----         |
| Jones Point Bridge                                    | -----           | 13, 825, 000 | -----        | -----         | -13, 825, 000 |
| General administrative expenses                       | 1, 175, 000     | 1, 250, 000  | 1, 250, 000  | +75, 000      | -----         |
| Total, National Park Service                          | 45, 029, 300    | 71, 713, 000 | 67, 688, 000 | +22, 658, 700 | -4, 025, 000  |
| FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE                             |                 |              |              |               |               |
| Management of resources                               | 6, 728, 500     | 9, 696, 000  | 9, 696, 000  | +2, 967, 500  | -----         |
| Investigations of resources                           | \$ 4, 917, 000  | 5, 065, 000  | 5, 065, 000  | +148, 000     | -----         |
| Construction                                          | \$ 1, 750, 000  | 2, 200, 000  | 2, 200, 000  | +450, 000     | -----         |



## Comparative statement of appropriations for 1956, and estimates and amounts recommended in bill for 1957—Continued

| Agency and item                                              | Appropriations,<br>1956 | Estimates, 1957 | Recommended in<br>bill for 1957 | Bill compared with— |               |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
|                                                              |                         |                 |                                 | 1956 appropriations | 1957 estimate |
| TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Con.                      |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE—continued                          |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| General administrative expenses-----                         | \$760, 000              | \$852, 500      | \$852, 500                      | + \$92, 500         | -----         |
| <i>Administration of Pribilof Islands</i> <sup>a</sup> ----- | (1, 829, 152)           | (2, 580, 000)   | (2, 580, 000)                   | (+ 750, 848)        | -----         |
| Total, Fish and Wildlife Service-----                        | 14, 155, 500            | 17, 813, 500    | 17, 813, 500                    | + 3, 658, 000       | -----         |
| OFFICE OF TERRITORIES                                        |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Administration of Territories-----                           | 2, 609, 500             | 2, 803, 000     | 2, 803, 000                     | + 193, 500          | -----         |
| Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands-----                  | 4, 500, 000             | 4, 800, 000     | 4, 800, 000                     | + 300, 000          | -----         |
| Alaska public works-----                                     | 3, 000, 000             | 5, 000, 000     | 4, 968, 000                     | + 1, 968, 000       | —\$32, 000    |
| Construction of roads, Alaska-----                           | 6, 300, 000             | 7, 800, 000     | 7, 800, 000                     | + 1, 500, 000       | -----         |
| Operation and maintenance of roads, Alaska-----              | 3, 500, 000             | 3, 625, 000     | 3, 625, 000                     | + 125, 000          | -----         |
| Construction, Alaska Railroad-----                           | 4, 100, 000             | -----           | -----                           | —4, 100, 000        | -----         |
| Total, Office of Territories-----                            | 24, 009, 500            | 24, 028, 000    | 23, 996, 000                    | —13, 500            | —32, 000      |
| ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR                   |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Salaries and expenses-----                                   | 2, 065, 000             | 2, 222, 000     | 2, 222, 000                     | + 157, 000          | -----         |
| Total, Department of the Interior-----                       | 236, 989, 798           | 287, 682, 600   | 277, 172, 600                   | +40, 182, 802       | —10, 510, 000 |

TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

|                                                                      |                            |                           |              |              |       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| Commission of Fine Arts-----                                         | 21, 200                    | 31, 000                   | 31, 000      | +9, 800      | ----- |
| Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review-----                        | 70, 000                    | 70, 000                   | 70, 000      | -----        | ----- |
| Forest Service, Department of Agriculture:                           |                            |                           |              |              |       |
| Salaries and expenses:                                               |                            |                           |              |              |       |
| National forest protection and management--                          | <sup>10</sup> 35, 811, 500 | 41, 668, 000              | 41, 668, 000 | +5, 856, 500 | ----- |
| Fighting forest fires-----                                           | 5, 250, 000                | 5, 250, 000               | 5, 250, 000  | -----        | ----- |
| Control of forest pests-----                                         | 6, 272, 500                | 5, 120, 000               | 5, 120, 000  | -1, 152, 500 | ----- |
| Forest research-----                                                 | 7, 754, 000                | <sup>11</sup> 9, 350, 000 | 9, 350, 000  | +1, 596, 000 | ----- |
| Subtotal-----                                                        | 55, 088, 000               | 61, 388, 000              | 61, 388, 000 | +6, 300, 000 | ----- |
| Roads and trails-----                                                | 24, 000, 000               | 24, 000, 000              | 24, 000, 000 | -----        | ----- |
| Acquisition of lands for national forests:                           |                            |                           |              |              |       |
| Weeks Act-----                                                       | 190, 000                   | -----                     | -----        | -190, 000    | ----- |
| Special acts <sup>12</sup> -----                                     | (10, 000)                  | -----                     | -----        | (-10, 000)   | ----- |
| State and private forestry cooperation-----                          | 11, 337, 129               | 11, 385, 000              | 11, 385, 000 | +47, 871     | ----- |
| Cooperative range improvements (special account) <sup>13</sup> ----- | (700, 000)                 | (700, 000)                | (700, 000)   | -----        | ----- |
| Total, Forest Service-----                                           | 90, 615, 129               | 96, 773, 000              | 96, 773, 000 | +6, 157, 871 | ----- |

<sup>8</sup> Indefinite appropriation of receipts. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.

<sup>9</sup> In addition, \$1,000,000 available from balance in the account of the Island Trading Company of Micronesia.

<sup>10</sup> Includes \$300,000 in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.

<sup>11</sup> Includes \$450,000 contained in H. Doc. No. 326.

<sup>12</sup> Indefinite appropriation of receipts. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.

<sup>13</sup> Appropriation of receipts. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.

*Comparative statement of appropriations for 1956, and estimates and amounts recommended in bill for 1957—Continued*

| Agency and item                                                               | Appropriations,<br>1956 | Estimates, 1957 | Recommended in<br>bill for 1957 | Bill compared with— |               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
|                                                                               |                         |                 |                                 | 1956 appropriations | 1957 estimate |
| TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES—Continued                                           |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Indians Claims Commission-----                                                | \$119, 500              | \$124, 600      | \$124, 600                      | +\$5, 100           | -----         |
| Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Com-<br>mission-----              | 100, 000                | 115, 000        | 115, 000                        | +15, 000            | -----         |
| National Capital Planning Commission:                                         |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Salaries and expenses-----                                                    | 143, 000                | 210, 000        | 185, 000                        | +42, 000            | —\$25, 000    |
| Land acquisition-----                                                         | 500, 000                | 1, 500, 000     | 1, 250, 000                     | +750, 000           | —250, 000     |
| Salaries and expenses, Washington regional mass<br>transportation survey----- | -----                   | 200, 000        | 200, 000                        | +200, 000           | -----         |
| Total, National Capital Planning Commission--                                 | 643, 000                | 1, 910, 000     | 1, 635, 000                     | +992, 000           | —275, 000     |
| Smithsonian Institution:                                                      |                         |                 |                                 |                     |               |
| Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution--                              | 4, 000, 000             | 4, 400, 000     | 4, 400, 000                     | +400, 000           | -----         |
| Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art--                              | 1, 355, 000             | 1, 495, 000     | 1, 495, 000                     | +140, 000           | -----         |
| Museum of History and Technology-----                                         | 142, 288, 000           | 33, 712, 000    | 33, 712, 000                    | +31, 424, 000       | -----         |
| Total, Smithsonian Institution-----                                           | 7, 643, 000             | 39, 607, 000    | 39, 607, 000                    | +31, 964, 000       | -----         |
| Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission--                               | -----                   | 10, 000         | 10, 000                         | +10, 000            | -----         |

|                                                        |                        |               |               |               |               |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Woodrow Wilson Centennial Celebration Commission.....  | <sup>15</sup> 51, 500  | -----         | -----         | -----         | -----         |
| John Marshall Bicentennial Celebration Commission..... | <sup>14</sup> 82, 500  | -----         | -----         | -----         | -----         |
| Theodore Roosevelt Centennial Commission.....          | <sup>16</sup> 10, 000  | -----         | -----         | -----         | -----         |
| Alexander Hamilton Bicentennial Commission.....        | <sup>14</sup> 120, 000 | -----         | -----         | -----         | -----         |
| Boston National Historic Sites Commission.....         | <sup>14</sup> 40, 000  | -----         | -----         | -----         | -----         |
| Total, related agencies.....                           | 99, 515, 829           | 138, 640, 600 | 138, 365, 600 | +38, 849, 771 | -275, 000     |
| TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION                   |                        |               |               |               |               |
| Grants.....                                            | 390, 000               | 425, 000      | 425, 000      | +35, 000      | -----         |
| Administrative expenses <sup>17</sup> .....            | (160, 000)             | (160, 000)    | (160, 000)    | -----         | -----         |
| Grand total, titles I, II, and III.....                | 336, 895, 627          | 426, 748, 200 | 415, 963, 200 | +79, 067, 573 | -10, 785, 000 |

<sup>14</sup> Included in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.  
<sup>15</sup> Includes \$41,500 in Legislative Appropriation Act, 1956.  
<sup>16</sup> Included in Legislative Appropriation Act, 1956.

<sup>17</sup> Limitation on corporate funds. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.

C





Union Calendar No. 624

84TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 9390

[Report No. 1772]

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 17, 1956

Mr. KIRWAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the following bill; which was committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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## A BILL

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
- 2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
- 3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
- 4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Depart-
- 5 ment of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year
- 6 ending June 30, 1957, namely:

## 1 TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## 2 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

## 3 RESEARCH IN THE UTILIZATION OF SALINE WATER

4 For expenses necessary to carry out provisions of  
5 the Act of July 3, 1952, as amended (66 Stat. 328 and 69  
6 Stat. 198), authorizing studies of the conversion of saline  
7 water for beneficial consumptive uses, \$550,000.

## 8 OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

9 For necessary expenses to enable the Secretary to dis-  
10 charge his responsibilities with respect to oil and gas, includ-  
11 ing cooperation with the petroleum industry and State  
12 authorities in the production, processing, and utilization of  
13 petroleum and its products, and natural gas; and for con-  
14 trolling the interstate shipment of contraband oil as required  
15 by law (15 U. S. C. 715); including purchase of not to  
16 exceed two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only;  
17 \$413,800.

## 18 OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

19 For necessary expenses of the Office of the Solicitor,  
20 \$2,800,000, and in addition, not to exceed \$100,000 may  
21 be reimbursed or transferred to this appropriation from other  
22 accounts available to the Department of the Interior: *Pro-*  
23 *vided*, That hearing officers appointed for Indian probate

1 work need not be appointed pursuant to the Administrative  
2 Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), as amended.

3 OFFICE OF MINERALS MOBILIZATION

4 For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to dis-  
5 charge his responsibilities, including cooperation with the  
6 metals and minerals industry, with respect to the conserva-  
7 tion, exploration, development, production, and utilization  
8 of mineral resources, including solid fuels, \$300,000.

9 BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

10 MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

11 For expenses necessary for protection, use, improve-  
12 ment, development, disposal, cadastral surveying, classifica-  
13 tion, and performance of other functions, as authorized by law,  
14 in the management of lands and their resources under the ju-  
15 risdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, including  
16 \$35,000 for the operation and maintenance of access roads  
17 on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant  
18 lands, \$18,000,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation  
19 may be expended on a reimbursable basis for surveys  
20 of lands other than those under the jurisdiction of the  
21 Bureau of Land Management: *Provided further*, That, for  
22 the purposes of surveying federally controlled or inter-  
23 mingled lands and operation and maintenance of access



1 roads, contributions toward the costs thereof may be ac-  
2 cepted.

### 3 CONSTRUCTION

4 For construction of access roads on the revested Oregon  
5 and California Railroad grant lands; acquisition of rights-of-  
6 way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands;  
7 and for acquisition and construction of buildings and appur-  
8 tenant facilities in Alaska; to remain available until ex-  
9 pended, \$4,500,000: *Provided*, That the amount appro-  
10 priated herein for road construction shall be transferred  
11 to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Com-  
12 merce: *Provided further*, That the amount appropriated  
13 herein for construction of access roads on the revested Oregon  
14 and California Railroad grant lands and in addition, amounts  
15 available for operation and maintenance of such access roads  
16 under the appropriation "Management of lands and re-  
17 sources" are hereby made a reimbursable charge against  
18 the Oregon and California land-grant fund and shall be reim-  
19 bursed to the general fund in the Treasury in accordance  
20 with the provisions of the second paragraph of subsection (b)  
21 of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937.

### 22 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

23 Appropriations for the Bureau of Land Management  
24 shall be available for purchase of twenty-five passenger motor  
25 vehicles for replacement only; purchase, erection, and dis-

1   mantlement of temporary structures, and alteration and main-  
2   tenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities to  
3   which the United States has title: *Provided*, That of appro-  
4   priations herein made for the Bureau of Land Management  
5   expenditures in connection with the revested Oregon and Cali-  
6   fornia Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant  
7   lands (other than expenditures for construction and operation  
8   and maintenance of access roads and for acquisition of rights-  
9   of-way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such  
10  lands) shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to  
11  in section C, title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937,  
12  of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California  
13  Land Grant Fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May  
14  24, 1939, of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay  
15  Wagon Road Grant Fund".

#### 16                   RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

17       For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range  
18  improvements pursuant to the provisions of sections 3 and  
19  10 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U. S. C.  
20  315), sums equal to the aggregate of all moneys received,  
21  during the current fiscal year, as range improvement fees  
22  under section 3 of said Act and of 25 per centum of all  
23  moneys received, during the current fiscal year, under  
24  section 15 of said Act, to remain available until expended.

1 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

2 EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

3 For expenses necessary to provide education and wel-  
4 fare services for Indians, either directly or in cooperation  
5 with States and other organizations, including payment (in  
6 advance or from date of admission), of care, tuition, assist-  
7 ance, and other expenses of Indians in boarding homes,  
8 institutions, or schools; grants and other assistance to needy  
9 Indians; maintenance of law and order, and payment of  
10 rewards for information or evidence concerning violations  
11 of law on Indian reservations or lands; and operation of  
12 Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; \$50,700,000.

13 RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

14 For expenses necessary for management, development,  
15 improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant  
16 facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian  
17 Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and  
18 charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian  
19 industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts  
20 and crafts shops and museums; and development of Indian  
21 arts and crafts as authorized by law; \$16,000,000, and  
22 in addition, \$350,000 of the Revolving Fund for Loans,



1 Bureau of Indian Affairs, shall be used in connection with  
2 administering loans to Indians.

3 CONSTRUCTION

4 For construction, major repair, and improvement of  
5 irrigation and power systems, buildings, utilities, and other  
6 facilities; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; prepa-  
7 ration of lands for farming; and architectural and engineer-  
8 ing services by contract; to remain available until expended,  
9 \$4,000,000: *Provided*, That no part of the sum herein  
10 appropriated shall be used for the acquisition of land within  
11 the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico,  
12 South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming outside of the boundaries  
13 of existing Indian reservations: *Provided further*, That no  
14 part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition  
15 of land or water rights within the States of Nevada, Oregon,  
16 and Washington either inside or outside the boundaries of  
17 existing reservations: *Provided further*, That the Secre-  
18 tary is authorized to purchase, without regard to the prohi-  
19 bition against the acquisition of land or water rights contained  
20 herein, not to exceed ten acres of lands within the Klamath  
21 Indian Reservation, Oregon, required for the construction  
22 of a pumping plant for the Modoc Point Indian irrigation  
23 system.



1 ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE (LIQUIDATION  
2 OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

3 For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to  
4 authority contained in section 6 of the Federal-Aid High-  
5 way Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), \$11,500,000, to remain  
6 available until expended.

7 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

8 For expenses necessary for the general administration  
9 of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including such expenses in  
10 field offices, \$3,190,000.

11 DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS OF THE CREEK INDIANS

12 For necessary expenses incident to the distribution of  
13 funds belonging to the members of the Creek Nation of In-  
14 dians, in accordance with the Act of August 1, 1955 (69 Stat.  
15 431), \$200,000, to remain available until expended.

16 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

17 Appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs (except  
18 the revolving fund for loans) shall be available for expenses  
19 of exhibits; purchase of not to exceed two hundred and  
20 seventy passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred  
21 and fifty shall be for replacement only), which may be  
22 used for the transportation of Indians; advance pay-  
23 ments for service (including services which may extend  
24 beyond the current fiscal year) under contracts executed pur-  
25 suant to the Act of June 4, 1936 (25 U. S. C. 452), and

1 legislation terminating Federal supervision over certain In-  
2 dian tribes; purchase of ice for official use of employees; and  
3 expenses required by continuing or permanent treaty provi-  
4 sions.

5 TRIBAL FUNDS

6 In addition to the tribal funds authorized to be ex-  
7 pended by existing law, there is hereby appropriated  
8 \$3,000,000 from tribal funds not otherwise available for  
9 expenditure for the benefit of Indians and Indian tribes,  
10 including pay and travel expenses of employees; care, tui-  
11 tion and other assistance to Indian children attending public  
12 and private schools (which may be paid in advance or  
13 from date of admission) ; purchase of land and improvements  
14 on land, title to which shall be taken in the name of the  
15 United States in trust for the tribe for which purchased;  
16 lease of lands and water rights; compensation and expenses  
17 of attorneys and other persons employed by Indian tribes  
18 under approved contracts; pay, travel, and other expenses of  
19 tribal officers, councils, and committees thereof, or other  
20 tribal organizations, including mileage for use of privately  
21 owned automobiles and per diem in lieu of subsistence at  
22 rates established administratively but not to exceed those  
23 applicable to civilian employees of the Government; relief  
24 of Indians, without regard to section 7 of the Act of May

1 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 391), including cash grants; and  
2 employment of a recreational director for the Menominee  
3 Reservation and a curator for the Osage Museum, each of  
4 whom shall be appointed with the approval of the respective  
5 tribal councils and without regard to the classification laws:  
6 *Provided*, That in addition to the amount appropriated  
7 herein, tribal funds may be advanced to Indian tribes during  
8 the current fiscal year for such purposes as may be designated  
9 by the governing body of the particular tribe involved and  
10 approved by the Secretary: *Provided, however*, That no part  
11 of this appropriation or other tribal funds shall be used for  
12 the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of  
13 Nevada, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming, either inside  
14 or outside the boundaries of existing Indian reservations,  
15 if such acquisition results in the property being exempted  
16 from local taxation.

## 17 GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

### 18 SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

19 For expenses necessary for the Geological Survey to  
20 perform surveys, investigations, and research covering  
21 topography, geology, and the mineral and water resources  
22 of the United States, its Territories and possessions; classify  
23 lands as to mineral character and water and power resources;  
24 give engineering supervision to power permits and Federal



1 Power Commission licenses; enforce departmental regula-  
2 tions applicable to oil, gas, and other mining leases, permits,  
3 licenses, and operating contracts; publish and disseminate  
4 data relative to the foregoing activities; and the preparation  
5 of plans and specifications for a building or buildings to meet  
6 the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metropolitan  
7 area of Washington, D. C.; \$31,602,000, of which  
8 \$5,070,000 shall be available only for cooperation with  
9 States or municipalities for water resources investiga-  
10 tions: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall  
11 be used to pay more than one-half the cost of any topo-  
12 graphic mapping or water resources investigations carried  
13 on in cooperation with any State or municipality.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

15 The amount appropriated for the Geological Survey  
16 shall be available for purchase of not to exceed one  
17 hundred passenger motor vehicles for replacement only;  
18 reimbursement of the General Services Administration for  
19 security guard service for protection of confidential files;  
20 contracting for the furnishing of topographic maps and  
21 for the making of geophysical or other specialized sur-  
22 veys when it is administratively determined that such  
23 procedures are in the public interest; construction and  
24 maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant fa-  
25 cilities; acquisition of lands for gaging stations; and pay-



1 ment of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls  
2 of the Geological Survey appointed, as authorized by law,  
3 to represent the United States in the negotiation and ad-  
4 ministration of interstate compacts, including not to exceed  
5 \$10,000 for the person appointed by the President to partici-  
6 pate as the representative of the United States in the admin-  
7 istration of the compact consented to by the Act of May 31,  
8 1949 (Public Law 82): *Provided*, That notwithstanding  
9 the provisions of any other law, the President is authorized  
10 to appoint a retired officer as such representative, without  
11 prejudice to his status as a retired Army officer, and he shall  
12 receive such compensation and expenses in addition to his  
13 retired pay.

## 14 BUREAU OF MINES

### 15 CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL

#### 16 RESOURCES

17 For expenses necessary for promoting the conservation,  
18 exploration, development, production, and utilization of  
19 mineral resources, including fuels, in the United States, its  
20 Territories and possessions; developing synthetics and sub-  
21 stitutes; and controlling fires in coal deposits; \$15,363,000.

#### 22 HEALTH AND SAFETY

23 For expenses necessary for promotion of health and  
24 safety in mines and in the minerals industries, as authorized  
25 by law, \$5,304,300.

## GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the Bureau of Mines, including such expenses in the regional offices, \$1,030,000.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations and funds available to the Bureau of Mines may be expended for purchase of not to exceed eighty-nine passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; providing transportation services in isolated areas for employees, student dependents of employees, and other pupils, and such activities may be financed under cooperative arrangements; purchase and bestowal of certificates and trophies in connection with mine rescue and first-aid work:

*Provided*, That the Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private:

*Provided further*, That the sums made available for the current fiscal year to the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force for the acquisition of helium from the Bureau of Mines shall be transferred to the Bureau of Mines, and said sums, together with all other payments to the Bureau of Mines for helium, shall be credited to the special helium production fund, established pursuant to the Act of March 3, 1925, as amended (50 U. S. C. 164 (c)) :

1 *Provided further*, That the Bureau of Mines is authorized,  
2 during the current fiscal year, to sell directly or through  
3 any Government agency, including corporations, any metal  
4 or mineral product that may be manufactured in pilot plants  
5 operated by the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such  
6 sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous  
7 receipts.

8 NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

9 MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

10 For expenses necessary for the management and pro-  
11 tection of the areas and facilities administered by the Na-  
12 tional Park Service, including protection of lands in process  
13 of condemnation; and for plans, investigations, and studies  
14 of the recreational resources (exclusive of preparation of  
15 detail plans and working drawings) and archaeological val-  
16 ues in river basins of the United States (except the Mis-  
17 souri River Basin) ; \$11,480,000.

18 MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL

19 FACILITIES

20 For expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance,  
21 and rehabilitation of roads (including furnishing special road  
22 maintenance service to defense trucking permittees on a  
23 reimbursable basis), trails, buildings, utilities, and other  
24 physical facilities essential to the operation of areas admin-



1 istered pursuant to law by the National Park Service,  
2 \$10,158,000.

3 CONSTRUCTION

4 For construction and improvement, without regard to  
5 the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U. S. C. 451),  
6 of buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities; and the  
7 acquisition of lands, interests therein, improvements, and  
8 water rights; to remain available until expended, \$15,-  
9 000,000.

10 CONSTRUCTION (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT

11 AUTHORIZATION)

12 For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to au-  
13 thority contained in section 6 of the Federal-aid Highway  
14 Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), including acquisition of right-of-  
15 way for the eastern entrance road, Rocky Mountain National  
16 Park, Colorado, \$29,800,000, to remain available until ex-  
17 pended.

18 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

19 For expenses necessary for general administration of the  
20 National Park Service, including such expenses in the regional  
21 offices, \$1,250,000.

22 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

23 Appropriations for the National Park Service shall be  
24 available for the purchase of not to exceed one hundred



1 and ten passenger motor vehicles of which one hundred  
2 and nine shall be for replacement only, including not to  
3 exceed seventeen for replacing United States Park Police  
4 cruisers; and the objects and purposes specified in the Acts  
5 of August 8, 1953 (67 Stat. 495, 496) and July 1, 1955  
6 (69 Stat. 242).

7 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

8 MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES

9 For expenses necessary for conservation, management,  
10 protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources, and  
11 for the performance of other authorized functions related to  
12 such resources; operation of the industrial properties within  
13 the Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (61 Stat. 770);  
14 maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita  
15 Mountains Wildlife Refuge; purchase or rent of land, and  
16 functions related to wildlife management in California (16  
17 U. S. C. 695-695c); leasing and management of lands for  
18 the protection of the Florida Key deer; and not to exceed  
19 \$30,000 for payment, in the discretion of the Secretary,  
20 for information or evidence concerning violations of laws  
21 administered by the Fish and Wildlife Service;  
22 \$9,696,000; and in addition, there are appropriated amounts  
23 equal to 25 per centum of the proceeds covered into the  
24 Treasury during the next preceding fiscal year from the sale  
25 of sealskins and other products, for management and investi-

1 gation of fish and wildlife resources of Alaska, including  
2 construction.

3 INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

4 For expenses necessary for scientific and economic  
5 studies and investigations respecting conservation, manage-  
6 ment, protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources,  
7 including related aquatic plants and products; collection, com-  
8 pilation, and publication of information concerning such  
9 studies and investigations; and the performance of other  
10 functions related thereto; as authorized by law; \$5,065,000.

11 CONSTRUCTION

12 For construction and acquisition of buildings and other  
13 facilities required in the conservation, management, protec-  
14 tion, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources and the  
15 acquisition of lands and interests therein, \$2,200,000 to  
16 remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the funds  
17 appropriated herein for the continuation of the construction  
18 of the Devils Kitchen Dam on the Crab Orchard Wildlife  
19 Refuge, Illinois, shall be transferred to the Corps of Engi-  
20 neers, Department of the Army.

21 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

22 For expenses necessary for general administration of  
23 the Fish and Wildlife Service, including such expenses in  
24 the regional offices, \$852,500.

## 1 ADMINISTRATION OF PRIBILOF ISLANDS

2 For carrying out the provisions of the Act of February  
3 26, 1944, as amended (16 U. S. C. 631a-631q), there  
4 are appropriated amounts equal to 60 per centum of the  
5 proceeds covered into the Treasury during the next pre-  
6 ceding fiscal year from the sale of sealskins and other  
7 products, to remain available for expenditure during the  
8 current and next succeeding fiscal years.

## 9 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

10 Appropriations for the Fish and Wildlife Service shall  
11 be available for purchase of not to exceed ninety-seven pas-  
12 senger motor vehicles for replacement only; purchase of not  
13 to exceed six aircraft for replacement only; publication  
14 and distribution of bulletins as authorized by law (7  
15 U. S. C. 417) ; rations or commutation of rations for officers  
16 and crews of vessels at rates not to exceed \$3 per man per  
17 day; repair of damage to public roads within and adjacent  
18 to reservation areas caused by operations of the Fish and  
19 Wildlife Service; options for the purchase of land at not to  
20 exceed \$1 for each option; facilities incident to such public  
21 recreational uses on conservation areas as are not inconsistent  
22 with their primary purposes; and the maintenance and  
23 improvement of aquaria, buildings, and other facilities under  
24 the jurisdiction of the Fish and Wildlife Service and to which  
25 the United States has title, and which are utilized pursuant



1 to law in connection with management and investigation of  
2 fish and wildlife resources.

### 3 OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

#### 4 ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

5 For expenses necessary for the administration of Terri-  
6 tories and for the departmental administration of the Trust  
7 Territory of the Pacific Islands, under the jurisdiction of  
8 the Department of the Interior, including expenses of the  
9 offices of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, Amer-  
10 ican Samoa, as authorized by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 61,  
11 531, 1422, 1431a (c) ) ; salaries of the Governor of the  
12 Virgin Islands, the Government Secretary, and the members  
13 of their immediate staffs as authorized by law (Act of July  
14 22, 1954, Public Law 517), compensation and mileage of  
15 members of the legislatures in Alaska, Hawaii, Guam,  
16 American Samoa, and the Virgin Islands as authorized  
17 by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 87, 599, 1421d (e), 1431a  
18 (c) and the Act of July 22, 1954 (68 Stat. 497) ) ;  
19 compensation and expenses of the judiciary in Ameri-  
20 can Samoa as authorized by law (48 U. S. C. 1431a  
21 (c) ) ; care of insane as authorized by law for Alaska (48  
22 U. S. C. 46-50) ; grants to American Samoa, in addition to  
23 current local revenues, for support of governmental functions;  
24 and personal services, household equipment and furnish-  
25 ings, and utilities necessary in the operation of the houses



1 of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, and American  
2 Samoa; \$2,803,000: *Provided*, That the Territorial and  
3 local governments herein provided for are authorized to  
4 make purchases through the General Services Administra-  
5 tion: *Provided further*, That appropriations available for  
6 the administration of Territories may be expended for the  
7 purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of aircraft  
8 and surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial  
9 transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be  
10 necessary.

11 TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

12 For expenses necessary for the Department of the In-  
13 terior in administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific  
14 Islands pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement approved  
15 by Public Law 204, Eightieth Congress, and Public Law  
16 451, approved June 30, 1954, including the expenses of  
17 the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific  
18 Islands; compensation and expenses of the judiciary of the  
19 Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants to the Trust  
20 Territory of the Pacific Islands in addition to local revenues,  
21 for support of governmental functions; \$4,800,000: *Pro-*  
22 *vided*, That the revolving fund for loans to locally owned  
23 private trading enterprises shall continue to be available  
24 during the fiscal year 1957: *Provided further*, That all fi-  
25 nancial transactions of the Trust Territory, including such

1 transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established  
2 or utilized by such Trust Territory, shall be audited by the  
3 General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions  
4 of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as  
5 amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64  
6 Stat. 34) : *Provided further*, That the government of the  
7 Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to make  
8 purchases through the General Services Administration:  
9 *Provided further*, That appropriations available for the  
10 Administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands  
11 may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance,  
12 and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official pur-  
13 poses and for commercial transportation purposes found by  
14 the Secretary to be necessary in carrying out the provisions  
15 of article 6 (2) of the Trusteeship Agreement approved by  
16 Congress.

#### ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS

18 For an additional amount for expenses necessary for  
19 carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1949,  
20 as amended (48 U. S. C. 486-486j), to remain available  
21 until June 30, 1959, \$4,968,000, of which not to exceed  
22 \$525,000 shall be available for administrative expenses.

#### CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, ALASKA

24 For construction of roads, tramways, buildings, ferries,  
25 bridges, and trails, including surveys and plans for new road

1 construction; acquisition of lands or interests in lands by  
2 purchase, donation, condemnation, or otherwise; and pur-  
3 chase of five passenger motor vehicles for replacement only,  
4 \$7,800,000, to remain available until expended.

5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS, ALASKA

6 For operation and maintenance of roads, tram-  
7 ways, buildings, ferries, bridges, and trails, \$3,625,000.

8 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

9 The total of the amounts herein appropriated for con-  
10 struction, operation and maintenance of roads in Alaska shall  
11 be available in one fund, except that the appropriation herein  
12 made for operation and maintenance shall be available only  
13 for the service of the current fiscal year.

14 Not to exceed  $17\frac{1}{2}$  per centum of the amount herein  
15 appropriated for construction of roads in Alaska shall be  
16 available for construction work by force account, or on a  
17 hired-labor basis.

18 ALASKA RAILROAD REVOLVING FUND

19 The Alaska Railroad Revolving Fund shall continue avail-  
20 able until expended for the work authorized by law, including  
21 operation and maintenance of oceangoing or coastwise vessels  
22 by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches  
23 of the Government service, for the purpose of providing addi-  
24 tional facilities for transportation of freight, passengers, or  
25 mail, when deemed necessary for the benefit and development



1 of industries or travel in the area served; and payment of  
2 compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of  
3 the Act of September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 793), to be reim-  
4 bursed as therein provided: *Provided*, That no employee  
5 shall be paid an annual salary out of said fund of more than  
6 \$11,000 except the general manager of said railroad, one  
7 assistant general manager at not to exceed \$14,000 per  
8 annum, two officers at not to exceed \$12,500 per annum  
9 each, and three officers at not to exceed \$12,000 per annum  
10 each.

11 ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

12 SALARIES AND EXPENSES

13 For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of  
14 the Interior (referred to herein as the Secretary), including  
15 teletype rentals and service, \$2,222,000.

16 WORKING CAPITAL FUND

17 The working capital fund, established by the Act of  
18 September 6, 1950 (64 Stat. 679), shall hereafter be avail-  
19 able for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by  
20 the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114  
21 and 69 Stat. 49).

22 GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

23 SEC. 101. Appropriations made in this title shall be  
24 available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau  
25 or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emer-



1   gency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of buildings, util-  
2   ities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed  
3   by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: *Provided*,  
4   That no funds shall be made available under this authority  
5   until funds specifically made available to the Department of  
6   the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

7       SEC. 102. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure  
8   or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appro-  
9   priation in this title, in addition to the amounts included  
10  in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the  
11  suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires  
12  on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Depart-  
13  ment of the Interior: *Provided*, That appropriations made in  
14  this title for fire suppression purposes shall be available for  
15  the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding  
16  fiscal year.

17       SEC. 103. Appropriations made in this title shall be  
18  available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and  
19  similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will  
20  contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations  
21  shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity  
22  in the same manner as authorized by the Act of June 30,  
23  1932 (31 U. S. C. 686) : *Provided*, That reimbursements  
24  for cost of supplies, materials and equipment, and for services

1 rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the  
2 time such reimbursements are received.

3 SEC. 104. Appropriations made to the Department  
4 of the Interior in this title or in the Public Works  
5 Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be available for services  
6 as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946  
7 (5 U. S. C. 55a), when authorized by the Secretary, at  
8 rates not to exceed \$100 per diem for individuals, and in  
9 total amount not to exceed \$250,000; maintenance and oper-  
10 ation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase  
11 of reprints; payment for telephone service in private resi-  
12 dences in the field, when authorized under regulations ap-  
13 proved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when  
14 authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in  
15 societies or associations which issue publications to members  
16 only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who  
17 are not members.

18 SEC. 105. Appropriations available to the Department  
19 of the Interior for salaries and expenses shall be available  
20 for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law  
21 (68 Stat. 1114, 69 Stat. 49, and D. C. Code 4-204).

22 SEC. 106. (a) Not to exceed \$200,000 of the funds  
23 appropriated to the Department of the Interior in this title  
24 or in the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be

1 available to pay the compensation of all persons the budget  
2 estimates for personal services heretofore submitted to the  
3 Congress for the fiscal year 1957 contemplated would be  
4 employed by such department, agency, or corporation during  
5 such fiscal year in the performance of—

6 (1) function performed by a person designated as  
7 an information specialist, information and editorial spe-  
8 cialist, publications and information coordinator, press  
9 relations officer or counsel, photographer, radio expert,  
10 television expert, motion picture expert, or publicity  
11 expert, or designated by any similar title, or

12 (2) functions performed by persons who assist  
13 persons performing the functions described in (1) in  
14 drafting, preparing, editing, typing, duplicating or dis-  
15 seminating public information, publications or releases,  
16 radio or television scripts, magazine articles, photo-  
17 graphs, motion picture and similar material, shall be  
18 available to pay the compensation of persons performing  
19 the functions described in (1) or (2).

20 (b) This section shall not apply to the preparation for  
21 publication of reports and maps resulting from authorized  
22 scientific and engineering investigations and surveys, to  
23 photography incident to the compilation and reproduction of  
24 maps and reports, or publications of the National Park



1 Service, or to photocopying of permanent records for  
2 preservation.

## 3 TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

### 4 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

#### 5 SALARIES AND EXPENSES

6 For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a  
7 Commission of Fine Arts (40 U. S. C. 104), including pay-  
8 ment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secre-  
9 tary of the Commission in attending meetings and committee  
10 meetings of the Commission either within or outside the  
11 District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved  
12 by the Commission, \$31,000.

### 13 FEDERAL COAL MINE SAFETY BOARD OF REVIEW

14 Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses of the  
15 Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review, including serv-  
16 ices as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946  
17 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$70,000.

### 18 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### 19 FOREST SERVICE—SALARIES AND EXPENSES

20 For expenses necessary, including not to exceed \$15,000  
21 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section  
22 706 (a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U. S. C. 574), as  
23 amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5  
24 U. S. C. 55a), including travel expenses of advisory coun-



1 cils or similar groups; to experiment and make investigations  
2 and report on forestry, national forests, forest fires, forest  
3 insects and diseases, and lumbering; to advise the owners  
4 of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate  
5 and test American timber and timber trees and their uses,  
6 and methods, for the preservative treatment of timber; to  
7 seek, through investigations and the planting of native and  
8 foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to  
9 protect, administer, and improve the national forests, in-  
10 cluding tree planting and other measures to prevent erosion,  
11 drift, surface wash, soil waste, and the formation of floods,  
12 and to conserve water; to ascertain the natural conditions  
13 upon and utilize the national forests, to transport and care  
14 for fish and game supplied to stock the national forests or  
15 the waters therein; for management of lands acquired under  
16 the land-utilization program; and to collate, digest, report,  
17 and illustrate the results of experiments and investigations  
18 made by the Forest Service: *Provided*, That the appro-  
19 priations available to the Forest Service for the current fiscal  
20 year may be used for the operation and maintenance of  
21 aircraft, and the purchase of not to exceed four (for replace-  
22 ment only), uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized  
23 by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U. S. C.  
24 2131); the purchase, erection, and alteration of buildings  
25 and other public improvements, but the cost of any building

1 purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of  
2 constructing a water-supply or sanitary system and of con-  
3 necting the same with any such building, and exclusive of  
4 the cost of any tower upon which a lookout house may be  
5 erected, shall not exceed \$18,500 (\$22,500 in Alaska)  
6 with the exception that any building erected, purchased,  
7 or acquired, the cost of which was \$18,500 or more, may be  
8 improved out of the appropriations available to the Forest  
9 Service within any fiscal year by an amount not to exceed  
10 2 per centum of the cost of such building, and not to exceed  
11 \$250,000 of such appropriations may be used for the main-  
12 tenance, improvement, and construction of aircraft-landing  
13 fields in, or adjacent to the national forests, as follows:

14       National forest protection and management: For the  
15 administration, protection, use, maintenance, improvement,  
16 and development of the national forests, including the estab-  
17 lishment and maintenance of forest tree nurseries, including  
18 the procurement of tree seed and nursery stock by purchase,  
19 production, or otherwise, seeding and tree planting and the  
20 care of plantations and young growth; the maintenance of  
21 roads and trails and the construction and maintenance of  
22 all other improvements necessary for the proper and eco-  
23 nomical administration, protection, development, and use of  
24 the national forests, including experimental areas under For-  
25 est Service administration; the construction (not to exceed

1 \$18,500 for any one structure), equipment, and mainte-  
2 nance of sanitary and recreational facilities; timber cultural  
3 operations; development and application of fish and game  
4 management plans; propagation and transplanting of plants  
5 suitable for planting on semiarid portions of the national  
6 forests; estimating and appraising of timber and other re-  
7 sources and development and application of plans for their  
8 effective management, sale, and use; expenses of the National  
9 Forest Reservation Commission as authorized by section 14  
10 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U. S. C. 514); examina-  
11 tion, classification, surveying, and appraisal of land incident  
12 to effecting exchanges authorized by law and of lands within  
13 the boundaries of the national forests that may be opened  
14 to homestead settlement and entry under the Act of June 11,  
15 1906, and the Act of August 10, 1912 (16 U. S. C. 506-  
16 509), as provided by the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U. S. C.  
17 512); investigation and establishment of water rights, in-  
18 cluding the purchase thereof or of lands or interests in lands  
19 or rights-of-way for use and protection of water rights neces-  
20 sary or beneficial in connection with the administration and  
21 public use of the national forests; not to exceed \$100,000 for  
22 the purchase of parcels of land and interests therein in Sanders  
23 County, Montana, but such land shall not be acquired with-  
24 out the approval of the local government concerned; and  
25 all expenses necessary for the use, maintenance, improve-



1 ment, protection, and general administration of the national  
2 forests, and for the management of lands under title III of  
3 the Act of July 22, 1937, and the Act of August 11, 1945  
4 (7 U. S. C. 1010-1012) ; \$41,668,000: *Provided*, That  
5 the Secretary may sell at market value any property located  
6 in Yalobusha, Chickasaw, and Pontotoc Counties, Mississippi,  
7 administered under title III of the Act of July 22, 1937, and  
8 suitable for return to private ownership under such terms and  
9 conditions as would not conflict with the purposes of said  
10 Act.

11       Fighting forest fires: For fighting and preventing forest  
12 fires on or threatening lands under Forest Service adminis-  
13 tration, including lands under contract for purchase or in  
14 process of condemnation for Forest Service purposes, and for  
15 liquidation of obligations incurred in the preceding fiscal  
16 year for such purpose, \$5,250,000, of which \$1,750,000 shall  
17 be apportioned for use, pursuant to section 3679 of the  
18 Revised Statutes, as amended, to the extent necessary to  
19 meet emergency conditions.

20       Control of forest pests: For the control of white pine  
21 blister rust pursuant to the Act of April 26, 1940 (16  
22 U. S. C. 594a) , including the development and testing of new  
23 control methods, \$2,734,000, of which \$355,000 shall be  
24 available to the Department of the Interior for the control  
25 of white pine blister rust on or endangering Federal lands



1 under the jurisdiction of that Department or lands of Indian  
2 tribes which are under the jurisdiction of or retained under  
3 restrictions of the United States; and for carrying out the  
4 Forest Pest Control Act (16 U. S. C. 594-1—594-5),  
5 \$2,386,000, of which \$1,751,000 shall be apportioned for  
6 use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as  
7 amended, for the purposes of said Act to the extent necessary  
8 under the then existing conditions; \$5,120,000.

9 Forest research: For forest research at forest or range  
10 experiment stations, the Forest Products Laboratory, or  
11 elsewhere, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2,  
12 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, and 10 of the Act approved May 22, 1928, as  
13 amended (16 U. S. C. 581, 581a-581c, 581f-581i), includ-  
14 ing the construction and maintenance of improvements; fire,  
15 silvicultural, watershed, forest insects and diseases, and other  
16 forest investigations and experiments; investigations and  
17 experiments to develop improved methods of management  
18 of forest and related ranges; experiments, investigations, and  
19 tests of forest products; marketing research and service on  
20 timber and timber products; a comprehensive forest survey;  
21 and investigations in forest economics; \$9,350,000: *Pro-*  
22 *vided*, That funds may be advanced to cooperators under

1 such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe when such  
2 action will stimulate or facilitate cooperative work.

### 3 FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

4 For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions  
5 of section 23 of the Federal Highway Act approved Novem-  
6 ber 9, 1921, as amended (23 U. S. C. 23, 23a), relating  
7 to forest development roads and trails, including the con-  
8 struction, reconstruction, and maintenance of roads and trails  
9 on experimental areas under Forest Service administration,  
10 \$24,000,000, which sum is authorized to be appropriated  
11 by the Act of May 6, 1954 (23 U. S. C. 23), to remain  
12 available until expended.

### 13 STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION

14 For expenses necessary for cooperation with the various  
15 States in forest-fire prevention and suppression, in forest tree  
16 planting on non-Federal public and private lands, and in  
17 forest management and processing, pursuant to the Act of  
18 August 25, 1950 (16 U. S. C. 568c, 568d), and sections  
19 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the Act of June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 564-  
20 567c), and Acts supplementary thereto; advising timberland  
21 owners, associations, and other appropriate agencies in the  
22 application of forest and management principles to federally

1 owned lands leased to States and to private forest lands, and  
 2 advising wood-using industries in processing of forest prod-  
 3 ucts, so as to attain sustained-yield management, the conser-  
 4 vation of the timber resources, the productivity of forest  
 5 lands, and the stabilization of employment and economic  
 6 continuance of forest industries; \$11,385,000.

7 COOPERATIVE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

8 For artificial revegetation, construction, and main-  
 9 tenance of range improvements, control of rodents, and  
 10 eradication of poisonous and noxious plants on national  
 11 forests as authorized by section 12 of the Act of April 24,  
 12 1950 (16 U. S. C. 580h), \$700,000, to remain available  
 13 until expended.

14 GENERAL PROVISIONS, FOREST SERVICE

15 SEC. 201. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law,  
 16 the lump-sum appropriations and authorizations made for  
 17 the Forest Service under this Act shall be available for the  
 18 purchase, in addition to those specifically provided for, of  
 19 not to exceed 133 passenger motor vehicles for replacement  
 20 only, and for the hire of such vehicles, necessary in the con-  
 21 duct of the work of the Forest Service outside the District  
 22 of Columbia.

23 SEC. 202. Of appropriations herein made which are  
 24 available for the purchase of lands, not to exceed \$1 may

1 be expended for each option to purchase any particular  
2 tract or tracts of land.

3 SEC. 203. Except to provide materials required in  
4 or incident to research or experimental work where no  
5 suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds  
6 appropriated to the Forest Service shall be expended in the  
7 purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or  
8 materials produced outside of the United States.

9 SEC. 204. No part of any appropriation to the Forest  
10 Service in this Act shall be used for publicity or propa-  
11 ganda purposes to support or defeat legislation pending  
12 before the Congress.

#### 13 INDIAN CLAIMS COMMISSION

14 Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary to carry  
15 out the purposes of the Act of August 13, 1946 (25 U.  
16 S. C. 70), creating an Indian Claims Commission, \$124,-  
17 600, of which not to exceed \$3,975 shall be available for  
18 expenses of travel.

#### 19 JAMESTOWN-WILLIAMSBURG-YORKTOWN CELEBRATION

#### 20 COMMISSION

21 For expenses necessary to complete carrying out the  
22 provisions of the Act of August 13, 1953 (67 Stat. 576),  
23 including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act  
24 of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed



1 \$50 per diem for individuals; transportation and not to  
2 exceed \$20 per diem in lieu of subsistence for members  
3 of the Commission serving without compensation; and  
4 entertainment; \$115,000.

5 NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

6 Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses, as  
7 authorized by the National Capital Planning Act of 1952  
8 (66 Stat. 781), including services as authorized by section  
9 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); not to  
10 exceed \$175 for the purchase of newspapers and periodicals;  
11 not to exceed \$8,000 for expenses of travel; payment  
12 in advance for membership in societies whose publica-  
13 tions or services are available to members only or to mem-  
14 bers at a price lower than to the general public; and  
15 transportation and not to exceed \$15 per diem in lieu of  
16 subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of August  
17 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for members of the Commis-  
18 sion serving without compensation; \$185,000.

19 Land acquisition, National Capital park, parkway, and  
20 playground system: Under authority of the Act of May  
21 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, for necessary ex-  
22 penses for the National Capital Planning Commission for  
23 acquisition of land for the park, parkway, and playground  
24 system of the National Capital, to remain available until  
25 expended, \$1,250,000, of which (a) \$438,000 shall be

1 available for the purposes of section 1 (a) of said Act of  
2 May 29, 1930, (b) \$287,000 shall be available for the  
3 purposes of section 1 (b) thereof, and (c) \$525,000 shall  
4 be available for the purposes of section 4 thereof: *Provided*,  
5 That not exceeding \$67,500 of the funds available for land  
6 acquisition purposes shall be used during the current fiscal  
7 year for necessary expenses of the Commission (other than  
8 payments for land) in connection with land acquisition.

9 Salaries and expenses, Washington regional mass trans-  
10 portation survey: For necessary expenses to enable the Na-  
11 tional Capital Planning Commission and the National Capi-  
12 tal Regional Planning Council to jointly complete a survey  
13 of the present and future mass transportation needs of the  
14 National Capital region as defined in the National Capital  
15 Planning Act of 1952 (66 Stat. 781), and to report their  
16 findings and recommendations to the President, including  
17 transportation expenses and not to exceed \$15 per diem in  
18 lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of  
19 August 2, 1946, as amended (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for mem-  
20 bers of the Commission and Council serving without com-  
21 pensation, \$200,000: *Provided*, That the unobligated bal-  
22 ance of the appropriation of \$200,000 granted under this  
23 head for the fiscal years 1955 and 1956 shall remain avail-  
24 able during the current fiscal year and shall be merged with  
25 this appropriation (66 Stat. 781).

## SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution: For all necessary expenses for the preservation, exhibition, and increase of collections from the surveying and exploring expeditions of the Government and from other sources; for the system of international exchanges between the United States and foreign countries; for anthropological researches among the American Indians and the natives of lands under the jurisdiction or protection of the United States, independently or in cooperation with State, educational, and scientific organizations in the United States, and the excavation and preservation of archeological remains; for maintenance of the Astrophysical Observatory and making necessary observations in high altitudes; for the administration of the National Collection of Fine Arts; for the administration, construction, and maintenance of laboratory and other facilities on Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone, under the provisions of the Act of July 2, 1940, as amended by the provisions of Reorganization Plan Numbered 3 of 1946; for the maintenance and administration of a national air museum as authorized by the Act of August 12, 1946 (20 U. S. C. 77) ; including not to exceed \$35,000 for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; not to exceed \$38,725 for expenses of travel; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors;



1 repairs and alterations of buildings and approaches; and prep-  
2 aration of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations for publi-  
3 cations; \$4,400,000.

4 Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For the  
5 upkeep and operation of the National Gallery of Art, the  
6 protection and care of the works of art therein, and adminis-  
7 trative expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of  
8 March 24, 1937 (50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public  
9 resolution of April 13, 1939 (Public Resolution 9, Seventy-  
10 sixth Congress), including services as authorized by section  
11 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; payment  
12 in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery  
13 for membership in library, museum, and art associations or  
14 societies whose publications or services are available to mem-  
15 bers only, or to members at a price lower than to the general  
16 public; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards  
17 and elevator operators and uniforms, or allowances therefor  
18 for other employees as authorized by the Act of September  
19 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114 and 69 Stat. 49) ;  
20 purchase or rental of devices and services for protecting  
21 buildings and contents thereof, and maintenance and repair  
22 of buildings, approaches, and grounds; not to exceed \$2,400  
23 for expenses of travel; and not to exceed \$15,000 for restora-  
24 tion and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of  
25 Art by contracts made, without advertising, with individuals,



1 firms, or organizations at such rates or prices and under such  
2 terms and conditions as the Gallery may deem proper;  
3 \$1,495,000.

4 Museum of History and Technology: For necessary  
5 expenses of construction of a building for the Museum  
6 of History and Technology, as authorized by the  
7 Act of June 28, 1955 (69 Stat. 189), \$33,712,000, to  
8 remain available until expended.

9 FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION

10 For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of  
11 the Act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 694), \$10,000, to  
12 remain available until expended.

13 TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

14 GRANTS

15 For payment to the Virgin Islands Corporation in the  
16 form of grants as authorized by law, \$425,000.

17 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

18 During the current fiscal year the Virgin Islands Cor-  
19 poration is hereby authorized to make such expenditures,  
20 within the limits of funds available to it and in accord with  
21 law, and to make such contracts and commitments without  
22 regard to fiscal-year limitations as provided by section 104  
23 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended,  
24 as may be necessary in carrying out its programs as set  
25 forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1957: *Provided,*

1 That not to exceed \$160,000 shall be available for  
2 administrative expenses (to be computed on an accrual  
3 basis) of the Corporation, covering the categories set forth  
4 in the 1957 budget estimates for such expenses.

#### 5 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

6 SEC. 401. Unless otherwise provided by law, appropri-  
7 ations contained in this Act available for expenses of travel  
8 shall be available, when specifically authorized by the head  
9 of the activity or establishment concerned, for expenses of  
10 attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the  
11 function or activity for which the appropriation concerned  
12 is made.

13 This Act may be cited as the "Department of the  
14 Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1957."

## INDEX TO AGENCIES AND BUREAUS

|                                                              | Page |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Administration, Department of Interior-----                  | 23   |
| Alaska Public Works-----                                     | 21   |
| Alaska Railroad-----                                         | 22   |
| Alaska roads-----                                            | 21   |
| Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review-----                | 27   |
| Fine Arts Commission-----                                    | 27   |
| Fish and Wildlife Service-----                               | 16   |
| Forest Service-----                                          | 27   |
| Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission-----           | 40   |
| Geological Survey-----                                       | 10   |
| Indian Affairs, Bureau of-----                               | 6    |
| Indian Claims Commission-----                                | 35   |
| Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Bicentennial Commission----- | 35   |
| Land Management, Bureau of-----                              | 3    |
| Mines, Bureau of-----                                        | 12   |
| National Capital Planning Commission-----                    | 36   |
| Office of the Solicitor-----                                 | 2    |
| Office of Minerals Mobilization-----                         | 3    |
| Office of Oil and Gas-----                                   | 2    |
| Park Service, National-----                                  | 14   |
| Research in utilization of saline water-----                 | 2    |
| Secretary's office-----                                      | 2    |
| Smithsonian Institution-----                                 | 38   |
| Territories, Office of-----                                  | 19   |
| Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands-----                  | 20   |
| Virgin Islands Corporation-----                              | 40   |





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# A BILL

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Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

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By Mr. KIRWAN

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FEBRUARY 17, 1956

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed





# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued February 23, 1956  
For actions of Feb. 21 and 22, 1956  
84th-2nd, Nos. 29,30

## CONTENTS

|                           |                            |                            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Advisory committee.....43 | Food bank.....34           | Reclamation.....3,37,50    |
| Appropriations.....1      | Foreign aid.....25         | REA.....33                 |
| Awards.....53             | Foreign trade.....23       | Regulations.....36         |
| Bankruptcy.....31         | Forestry.....1,12,22,47    | Reorganization.....10      |
| Blackbirds.....1          | Fruits and vegetables...36 | Roads.....14,47            |
| Brucellosis.....8         | Honey.....11               | School milk.....8,13       |
| Budget.....19             | Hoover Commission....10,33 | Soil bank.....5,18,32      |
| CCC storage contracts...6 | Labor.....24               | Soil conservation.....43   |
| Corn.....5                | Loans, farm.....27         | Surplus commodities        |
| Disaster relief.....21    | Monopolies.....16,23,45,51 | .....7,18,44               |
| Education.....17,41       | National parks.....47      | Tobacco.....39             |
| Electrification           | Ocean freight.....44       | Transportation.....4,7,52  |
| .....15,26,28,33          | Personnel.....9,42         | Veterans' benefits.....49  |
| Family farms.....48       | Potatoes.....40            | Water conservation...43,46 |
| Farm program              | Price supports..5,11,18,32 | Weather control.....3      |
| .....5,18,30,32,35,48     | Public lands.....29        | Wheat.....2,38             |
| Food and drug.....20      |                            |                            |

HIGHLIGHTS-FEB. 21: House passed Interior appropriation bill, which includes Forest Service. Rep. Widnall urged quota exemption of wheat used on farm. Sen. Dirksen and others discussed corn situation in connection with farm bill. Sen. Dirksen inserted Secretary's letter replying to Sen. Humphrey's charge that USDA does business with convicted warehousemen. Sen. Butler urged continuation of cargo preference law. Bill to continue school-milk and brucellosis programs was sent to conference. Sen. Allott introduced and discussed bill to broaden farm loan authority.

HIGHLIGHTS-FEB. 22: Senate began debate on farm bill. Sen. Smith (Me.) and Rep. McIntire introduced and Sen. Smith discussed, bill to require Irish potato inspection and labeling. Reps. Cooley and Hope introduced bills to authorize USDA to pay expenses of Advisory Committee on Soil and Water Conservation.

## HOUSE - February 21

1. APPROPRIATIONS. Passed without amendment H. R. 9390, the Interior Department and related agencies appropriation bill for 1957, which includes Forest Service items. p. 2650  
During debate on this bill Rep. Wolverton inserted correspondence urging Federal action to solve the blackbird problem which has been encountered by farmers. p. 2653
2. WHEAT. Rep. Widnall recommended legislation to exempt from quotas wheat produced and used on a farm. p. 2642  
Rep. Hoffman, Mich., took the same position and also objected to controls in general. p. 2643
3. RECLAMATION; WEATHER CONTROL. Rep. Dawson, Utah, objected to a proposal that the



Upper Colorado reclamation project be postponed because of the possibility that rain can be induced artificially. p. 2660

4. TRANSPORTATION. Rep. Gray spoke against any further increases in freight rates, particularly from the farmers' standpoint. p. 2665

SENATE - February 21

5. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Dirksen discussed with Sen. Aiken and others the corn provisions in the farm bill, opposing high rigid supports, favoring additional corn allotments and eligibility of corn producers for the soil bank program. p. 2620  
Sen. Clements (for himself and Sen. Barkley) submitted amendments interded to be proposed to S. 3183, the farm bill. p. 2603

6. CCC STORAGE CONTRACTS. Sen. Dirksen inserted Sen. Humphrey's letter charging that this Department is doing business with warehousemen who have been convicted of thefts of Government-owned grain, and Secretary Benson's reply to Sen. Humphrey denying this charge. p. 2606

7. TRANSPORTATION. Sen. Butler objected to proposals that shipment of surplus commodities be exempted from the 50-50 cargo preference law and stated that the law should be strengthened. p. 2607

8. MILK; BRUCELLOSIS. Senate conferees were appointed on H. R. 8320, to continue the school-milk and brucellosis-eradication programs. House conferees have been appointed. p. 2639

9. PERSONNEL. Received from the Civil Service Commission a proposed bill to authorize the training of Federal employees at public or private facilities; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee. p. 2594  
Agreed to, with amendments, S. Res. 165, directing the Judiciary Committee to make a study of constitutional rights. pp. 2608, 2619

10. REORGANIZATION. Received a resolution from the Truck-Trailer Manufacturers' Association favoring the Hoover Commission recommendations. p. 2594  
Received a resolution from an REA cooperative in Minn. opposing the Hoover Commission recommendations as they would affect REA. p. 2595

11. HONEY. Sen. Humphrey inserted resolutions of the American Beekeeping Federation favoring continuation of honey price supports at present levels. p. 2595

12. FORESTRY. Sen. Humphrey inserted an Izaak Walton League resolution recommending establishment of a Forest Hydrologic Laboratory in Minn. p. 2595

13. SCHOOL MILK. Sen. Humphrey inserted a Minn. PTA petition favoring continuation of the school milk program. p. 2595

14. ROADS. Sen. Humphrey inserted a statement by the Minn. Department of highways favoring an expanded Federal highway program. p. 2596

15. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Humphrey inserted an REA cooperative's resolution favoring Federal development of Niagara electric power. p. 2596  
Sen. Lehman spoke in favor of this project. p. 2607

16. MONOPOLIES. Agreed, with amendment, to S. Res. 170, authorizing the Judiciary Committee to make a study of the antitrust laws. pp. 2620, 2623



The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The following amendment to the title, recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary, was considered:

Amend the title so as to read: "An act for the relief of Dr. Lincoln Roy Manson-Hing, Mrs. Joyce Louise Manson-Hing, and Collin James Manson-Hing."

Mr. ROBERTS. Mr. Speaker, I offer a substitute to the committee amendment:

The Clerk read as follows:

Substitute amendment offered by Mr. ROBERTS for the committee amendment: "Amend the title so as to read: 'An act for the relief of Dr. Lincoln Roy Manson-Hing, Mrs. Joyce Louise Manson-Hing, Collin James Manson-Hing, and Jennifer Lynn Manson-Hing.'"

The substitute amendment was agreed to.

The committee amendment, as amended, was agreed to.

#### FACILITATING THE ADMISSION INTO THE UNITED STATES OF CERTAIN ALIENS

The Clerk called the bill (S. 396) for the relief of Theresa Pok Lim Kim.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That, in the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Theresa Pok Lim Kim, the fiancée of Anthony F. Pampalone, a citizen of the United States, shall be eligible for a visa as a nonimmigrant temporary visitor for a period of 3 months, if the administrative authorities find (1) that the said Theresa Pok Lim Kim is coming to the United States with a bona fide intention of being married to the said Anthony F. Pampalone, and (2) that she is found otherwise admissible under the Immigration and Nationality Act. In the event the marriage between the above-named persons does not occur within 3 months after the entry of the said Theresa Pok Lim Kim, she shall be required to depart from the United States and upon failure to do so shall be deported in accordance with the provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act. In the event that the marriage between the above-named persons shall occur within 3 months after the entry of the said Theresa Pok Lim Kim, the Attorney General is authorized and directed to record the lawful admission for permanent residence of the said Theresa Pok Lim Kim as of the date of the payment by her of the required visa fee.

With the following committee amendments:

On page 1, line 6, after the word "visitor", insert the following: "and may be admitted to the United States."

On page 2, at the end of the bill, add new sections 2, 3, and 4, to read as follows:

"SEC. 2. In the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Edith Kalwies, the fiancée of William H. Crandall, a citizen of the United States, shall be eligible for a visa as a nonimmigrant temporary visitor and may be admitted to the United States for a period of 3 months: *Provided*, That the administrative authorities find that the said Edith Kalwies is coming to the United States with a bona fide intention of being married

to the said William H. Crandall and that she is found to be otherwise admissible under the Immigration and Nationality Act other than the provision of section 212 (a) (6) of that act, under such conditions and controls which the Attorney General, after consultation with the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, may deem necessary to impose: *Provided further*, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited and prescribed by section 213 of the said act. In the event the marriage between the above-named persons does not occur within 3 months after the entry of the said Edith Kalwies, she shall be required to depart from the United States and upon failure to do so shall be deported in accordance with the provisions of sections 242 and 243 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. In the event that the marriage between the above-named persons shall occur within 3 months after the entry of the said Edith Kalwies, the Attorney General is authorized and directed to record the lawful admission for permanent residence of the said Edith Kalwies as of the date of the payment by her of the required visa fee.

"SEC. 3. For the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Concetta Speranza Tapp, widow of Floyd William Tapp, shall, if otherwise found admissible to the United States, be deemed to be a nonquota immigrant.

"SEC. 4. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Rosa Roppo, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Michael Roppo and Julia Roppo, citizens of the United States."

The committee amendments were agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill to facilitate the admission into the United States of certain aliens."

#### LAND CONVEYANCE, PHELPS COUNTY, MO.

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 7723) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain lands in Phelps County, Mo., to the Chamber of Commerce of Rolla, Mo.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey to the Chamber of Commerce of Rolla, Mo., all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the following described lands, comprising a portion of a tract of land previously donated to the United States by such Chamber of Commerce in connection with the program of the Civilian Conservation Corps: Parcel of land in Phelps County, Mo., described as the south half of lot 118 of the railroad addition to the town of Rolla, Mo., being the same as the south half of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 10, township 37 north, range 8 west.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### ISSUANCE OF CERTAIN PATENTS WITHIN THE BLACKFEET INDIAN RESERVATION, MONT.

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 4604) relating to the issuance of certain patents in fee to lands within the Blackfeet Indian Reservation, Mont.

Mr. AVERY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that this bill be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Kansas?

There was no objection.

#### CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN LANDS TO THE BOARD OF NATIONAL MISSIONS OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 6990) to provide for the conveyance of certain lands by the United States to the Board of National Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to the Board of National Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, all of the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the land designated as follows: Lot 5, block 20, of the Indian Village of Neah Bay, Wash.

With the following committee amendment:

Page 1, line 6, after the words "United States", insert "and the Makah Indian Tribe."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### CONVEYANCE TO DAVID PETERS

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 8607) to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to convey to David Peters, or to his heirs or assigns, title to land held by the United States in trust for him.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to David Peters, an Indian of the Hoopa Valley Reservation, or to his heirs or assigns, title to 18½ acres of land in California which is held by the United States in trust for him and which is described as follows:

The northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter, section 15, 10 acres; that part of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 15 lying east of the center of the south fork of the Trinity River, approximately 7 acres; that portion of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 15, described as follows: Beginning at the northwest quarter corner of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 15, thence due west 120 feet, thence due south 660 feet, thence due



east 120 feet, thence due north 660 feet to the point of beginning, approximately 1 1/2 acres.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1957

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes; and pending that motion, Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that general debate be limited to 1 hour, the time to be equally divided and controlled by the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. JENSEN] and myself.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Ohio.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill H. R. 9390, with Mr. PRICE in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

By unanimous consent, the first reading of the bill was dispensed with.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself such time as I may require.

Mr. Chairman, we bring before you today the Interior and related agencies appropriation bill for 1957. There is more contained in this bill today for the Forest Service than at any time in the history of the Congress. There is more money in it for the parks than at any time or in any annual bill presented to the Congress. The bill carries a total amount of approximately \$416 million, which is \$10 million below the budget estimate, and there is a difference of only \$25 million between the appropriation figure and the income received from the agencies. I again repeat, there is just a difference of \$25 million. There are only about 5 agencies that make up the sum of \$79 million over last year: Museum of History, \$31 million; Federal aid to highways, \$14 million; construction of facilities in parks, \$10 million; Indian education and welfare, \$8 million; and forest management, about \$6 million.

Every year this bill is brought to the floor of the House I have made this statement: My only regret is that the bill is not for a billion dollars. I again repeat here today, with our great forests, our soil conservation, our great parks all the work of God, our minerals, our water, geological survey and everything else, all we are spending on America, this great country, in this bill is only \$25 million more than we receive coming back to the Treasury of the United States.

It was my privilege after we adjourned last summer to drive 5,000 miles throughout this country. I traveled through the State of Arkansas, and it was very warm, in the month of August. I traveled all the way down to Florida, and it was very warm. I visited various projects and parks. I went through the Smoky Mountains, which last year had more visitors than at any time in its history. From what I understand the utilities and the services of the parks are only capable of taking care of 20 million people, yet 50 million people went into them last year. I remember attending a theater there in the evening; a fine performance in the hills. It was a fine amphitheater, a good cast and everything, and the next morning driving with the supervisor of the park I saw men, women, and children coming out of the brush, and I asked the supervisor, "Are they thinking about getting a new play or something to impersonate Braddock trying to take Fort Pitt?" Then they explained that was not so, that they had been camping there during the night, that there was no place for them to stay. There were no sanitary facilities.

To my surprise, with all the knowledge that these people had of conditions in their own department, they could not persuade the Bureau of the Budget to approve more than \$5 million for the parks for purposes of construction. I have heard a good deal about Mission 66. That has a beautiful title—Mission 66. They have distributed a great many pamphlets about it, and so forth. But money is needed for the parks this year, not 3 years from now. Money is needed for the parks in 1956 to repair the damage that has been done in the parks through the years.

When the Director of the Park Service appeared before us I asked him, "Can you use \$10 million for construction in the parks?" He did not want to answer, because his superior was present. But finally he admitted that he could. When I said, "I will double what the budget approved," somebody called the White House. They had a special meeting of the Cabinet. The Director of the agency appeared before the Cabinet and they sent up a supplemental estimate for something like \$8 or \$9 million. The committee, in its wisdom, never recognized that supplemental estimate. They had a job to do to help put those parks in proper condition. Every member of the committee agreed to make the total \$15 million for construction in the parks for the benefit of the people who visit the parks.

I know we all have a bleeding heart for a pine tree, for the parks of the country, for the Forest Service, and so forth. This is a good bill. It took the full Committee on Appropriations only 18 minutes to approve this bill. Not a single member of the full committee asked a question, either from the Republican or the Democratic side, indicating they were satisfied with this bill.

As I said, there is more money in this bill than any similar bill that was ever presented to the House for the Park Service and the Forest Service. So I am asking the Members of the House

to pass this bill and pass it quickly. I do not mean that we are in a hurry to get out of here, but this is a good bill, one of the best ever presented to the House.

I think of how we have neglected our parks and our forests and our natural resources as a whole in this country, how we have permitted them to be robbed and looted for almost 300 years, and how little we have spent on America when we are spending billions for the rest of the world. If we are going to continue to spend a great deal of money surely we can afford to spend some money on this country to keep abreast of developments in research, to preserve and develop our mineral resources, and so forth.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. KIRWAN. I yield to the gentleman from Nebraska.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. The gentleman has said that this is a good bill and scolded the Bureau of the Budget somewhat because there was not enough money in the bill. I note that the bill carries \$10,785,000 less than was recommended by the Budget. How does the gentleman reconcile those two facts? The gentleman said he would like to have this bill appropriate a billion dollars and yet, as Chairman of the committee, he comes in here with a bill that is approximately \$11 million below the amount requested by the Bureau of the Budget.

Mr. KIRWAN. We have not eliminated anything from this bill. Some years ago the Congress in its wisdom passed a bill to build Jones Point Bridge across the river here. Under the terms of the act the Secretary of the Interior was to be responsible for the construction of that bridge.

On Sunday, the Washington Evening Star in an editorial said that this committee refused to approve \$13 million for Jones Bridge until they did what the act called for. A new bill is going to be introduced for the consideration of the Committee on Public Works, to put the jurisdiction of that project where it belongs, and take it from this committee.

The bill we are presenting calls for more money than the Bureau of the Budget approved. But the elimination of the item for Jones Bridge makes the total amount less.

Mr. Chairman, I repeat, this is a good bill and I hope that the House, in its wisdom, will approve it.

Mr. JENSEN. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself 15 minutes.

Mr. Chairman, as our good chairman, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. KIRWAN] has just told you, this is the largest recommended appropriation for the different agencies that come under this Interior Department Appropriation bill that has ever been requested by the President of the United States. The Budget has approved a larger amount than has ever been requested before. The committee has gone along very closely with the President and the Budget.

As the chairman has just stated, there is no controversy in this bill so far as the



regular subcommittee is concerned. We agreed on every item in this bill before it left the subcommittee and went to the full Appropriations Committee, and the full Appropriations Committee without a dissenting voice approved the action of the subcommittee.

The revenue which is derived and covered into the Treasury of the United States from the several agencies under the jurisdiction of the Interior Department amounts to \$390,395,000, which is only \$25,568,200 less than the total we recommend in this bill. Most of that revenue is derived from the Bureau of Land Management in grazing fees, in mineral leases, and the like. Also there is considerable revenue derived from the Forest Service from the sale of timber, so it is almost a self-supporting agency of this Government now under the management of Secretary Douglas McKay who is doing better than a good job of running this important Department of Government for the American taxpayer. We have an item in this bill of \$550,000 for research in the utilization of saline water. I am happy to say that progress is being made in that field. We have a number of research pilot plants which are showing considerable progress in the desalting and demineralization of water to make it fit for commercial use. We hope at some future time to have the cost of desalting and demineralization reduced to such a point that ocean water may be used for irrigation.

Mr. JOHNSON of California. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. JENSEN. I yield.

Mr. JOHNSON of California. I am interested in the comments the gentleman made about the desalting of water. In the city in which I live we bore down several hundred feet to get water. Since Stockton is only about 12 feet above sea level, although 80 miles from the Golden Gate, we are fearful that the water might get brackish. Is this research going far enough so that it will be adequate to prepare the water for human consumption as drinking water?

Mr. JENSEN. The experiment has not yet arrived at the point where it is economically feasible for that purpose. However, as I said, progress is being made quite rapidly in that direction. We hope that in a very few years, possibly within a couple of years, a new process will be developed to the point where a municipality will be able to purchase a plant which will desalt ocean water so economically that it can be used for municipal and commercial uses.

Mr. JOHNSON of California. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield for one further question?

Mr. JENSEN. I yield.

Mr. JOHNSON of California. About 3 or 4 years ago, as I recall it, the Navy made a thorough investigation of this matter also, and since that investigation scientific studies have been going on in that subject and great progress has been made up to the present time; is that not a correct statement?

Mr. JENSEN. Indeed, that is correct. We are already desalting ocean water cheaper than the Navy is doing it.

Mr. JOHNSON of California. I want to thank the committee for putting this

provision in the bill. It will prove to be a very useful provision in many parts of the country.

Mr. JENSEN. We appropriated \$150,000 more this year than we did last year for that purpose. So you can see the committee is quite encouraged with the progress that is being made.

Mr. BATES. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. JENSEN. I yield.

Mr. BATES. I compliment the gentleman for the fine work he has done on the problem of desalting water. He has blazed the trail in this field and is to be highly commended for it. I have a question which I would like to ask the gentleman, and I believe he is familiar with the Maritime installation at Salem, Mass. It is a national park, but when you look at it you are more likely to come to the conclusion that it is a national disgrace. The gentleman from Washington [Mr. WESTLAND] was there this summer as well as the gentleman from Colorado [Mr. ASPINALL]. Both of them concur that something should be done about it. I understand now there are some \$10 million in this bill provided to take care of projects along that line?

Mr. JENSEN. \$15 million is provided in this bill for such purposes.

Mr. BATES. \$15 million. The gentleman is familiar, I believe, with the site that I mention, Derby Wharf at Salem. Does he not believe with me that something should be done to clean it up?

Mr. JENSEN. Yes, indeed, I do.

Mr. BATES. Either that or give it back to the local people who can clean it up themselves.

Mr. JENSEN. Yes, and I shall be happy to go to the Director of Parks, as I know the gentleman from Massachusetts will do. You know the old saying—the wheel that squeaks the loudest gets the most grease.

Mr. BATES. Well, let us do a little greasing on this one.

Mr. JENSEN. You will talk to the Director of Parks?

Mr. BATES. I already have, but I wanted the RECORD to show the situation and also I wanted to have the benefit of the point of view of our distinguished colleague, the gentleman from Iowa.

Mr. JENSEN. I thank the gentleman; he is very generous.

Mr. WOLVERTON. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. JENSEN. I yield.

Mr. WOLVERTON. The gentleman is well aware of the very great interest I have had in our State concerning the blackbird menace which destroys hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of crops in New Jersey each year as well as in the States of Delaware and Maryland.

I am appreciative of the interest that the committee has taken in this subject in the past. May I ask if they have made provision for that in this present bill.

Mr. JENSEN. I am pleased to say to the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. WOLVERTON] that I took up that matter with the Fish and Wildlife Service when they appeared before the committee. I asked them if there would be funds available in fiscal year 1957, comparable to the amount that has been appropriated

for blackbird control in New Jersey during the past several years. They assured me there would be. We all recognize the problem in New Jersey and you may rest assured that the Fish and Wildlife Service will carry on the program of blackbird control in New Jersey as they have done in the past several years.

Mr. WOLVERTON. I thank the gentleman for the interest he has taken; also the chairman of the committee and the members of the committee who have been so willing to help us in this matter.

Mr. JENSEN. I might say that every member of the committee has been greatly interested in your problem, and they all want to be of assistance to you whom we hold in the highest esteem, and to the people you represent so ably and well.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. I wish the gentleman would say something about "Construction Costs: For construction, major repair, and improvement of irrigation and power systems, buildings and utilities," I note they allow \$4 million and the request is for \$7½ million. I am wondering if that is sufficient to carry on the program of the Department.

Mr. JENSEN. The language in the report under "Construction" reads: "For construction, major repair, and improvement of irrigation and power systems" is \$7,500,000. The committee has allowed \$4 million, or a reduction of \$3,500,000 in the budget estimate. The program as set forth in the justification is approved. The amount allowed plus the unobligated balance of previously appropriated funds which will be available on June 30, 1956, will be sufficient to continue the construction program without delay.

That is the best answer I can give the gentleman.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. It seemed to me a somewhat larger reduction than some of the other departments; about a 40 percent reduction.

Mr. JENSEN. There was a carry-over in this fund, and the committee felt, after hearing the testimony of the officials, that \$4 million plus the carry-over, would be sufficient to carry on without any delay whatsoever.

We have increased the "Soil and Moisture Conservation" item on Indian lands above the budget request by the sum of \$100,000. I do not have to tell any Member of Congress of the great need for soil and moisture conservation on all of our public domain, including the Indian lands. I, and I am sure every member of the committee, feel that it is money well spent to conserve our priceless topsoil, whether it be on private land or on the Government domain. So each year the committee has found it necessary to increase by a modest amount the budget request for soil and moisture conservation on our public domain.

If you will take the time to go into the Western States, you would see with your own eyes the great benefits which have been derived from the comparatively small amounts that the Congress has appropriated for soil and moisture conservation on our public domain.

Mr. Chairman, I can only say that I was happy to go along with the other



members of the regular subcommittee for an increase of \$9,800,000 for our national parks for utilities, roads, and dwellings for park employees.

The President recommended a supplemental request for \$10 million more than was requested in the regular budget which would have made a total of \$15,200,000 for this purpose for fiscal year 1957.

The Bureau of the Budget approved \$8,350,000 of the \$10 million requested by President Eisenhower.

The committee raised that to \$9,800,000 which is only \$200,000 less than the President requested, making a total of an even \$15 million for this purpose.

Mr. Chairman, unless there are further questions I will yield back the balance of my time.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Iowa has consumed 16 minutes.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield 5 minutes to the gentlewoman from Missouri [Mrs. SULLIVAN].

Mrs. SULLIVAN. Mr. Chairman, as many of the Members know, the St. Louis delegation in the House, along with other Members from Missouri and both of our Senators, assisted and supported by Members from adjoining States, have been working over a period of years for the construction of the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial on the St. Louis waterfront.

The purpose of the memorial is not merely to give St. Louis a dramatic attraction in our riverfront area. Instead, it is to commemorate one of the great events of our national development—the Louisiana Purchase and the opening of the western wilderness. No event in American history has had greater significance in terms of our present day greatness.

The Jefferson National Expansion Memorial has been in the process of construction since 1934. But to this day it is still little more than a parking lot—a vast open wasteland. The reason for this situation is, that the Federal Government has not up to now provided the very modest sum of \$5 million to carry out its share of the agreed-upon, authorized project. Its formal authorization was in a law enacted in 1954—a bill which I had the honor to introduce. This was the formal authorization. Actually, the Government was committed to this project in 1934 by action of President Franklin D. Roosevelt.

I am not taking the time of the House today to give the history of the project. A number of us have spoken about it previously—spoken about it frequently here in the House. I am taking the time today merely to make clear why the Members from St. Louis are withholding an amendment which we have had prepared for the Interior Department appropriation bill now before the House. It was our judgment in view of special circumstances that we would not submit the amendment today.

At the same time, however, I want it clearly understood by the Interior Department that this decision on our part is based on a desire to give the Interior Department an opportunity to bring this matter before Congress in the reg-

ular manner. If we do not get action in this respect in the very near future, then we will follow whatever steps we feel are necessary to assure appropriation of the necessary funds this year whether or not the Interior Department and the President cooperate with us in that objective.

I might explain to the Members of the House that we have been assured that a supplemental budget request covering work on the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial is en route to the Congress—that it is somewhere between the National Park Service, the Interior Department Budget Office, the Bureau of the Budget, and the White House. We have been assured there will be a request, but so far I have not been able to find out the exact amount which administration officials have in mind for the project. I have put in a bill for a \$5 million appropriation to cover the full cost of the Federal Government's authorized share of the work. At least \$3 million would be necessary for a substantial start on the work.

The suggestion has been made to us by the subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee that we wait on this matter for a supplement if one is on the way to the Congress. We have been advised that if we were to try to amend the bill without such a supplemental request we would have the opposition of the subcommittee at this time. Yet we know that if there is a supplemental budget request, the subcommittee will look favorably upon this project, for it is a great project commemorating a great event in which the entire West is vitally concerned.

I am sorry to see this bill go through the House today without definite earmarking of funds for the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial. But I think in a situation of this kind it is more important not to risk and jeopardize the project than it is to make gestures of seeking to amend the bill when that might only hurt us. I do not want a record of the House vote against this project in case the appropriation of funds should hinge on House concurrence to a Senate amendment.

I appreciate the courtesy of the subcommittee in discussing this matter with me so often in the last few weeks. I am disturbed that it has taken the administration so long to make the formal request for this appropriation. If it does not come up very shortly, then we will have to proceed outside the regular order, either through amendment of this bill in the Senate or through a provision inserted in another appropriation measure.

We are tired of waiting for action on this project. Twenty-two years is too long. The amount at issue is modest indeed. The event which would be commemorated deserves greater respect.

Mr. JENSEN. Mr. Chairman, I yield such time as he may desire to the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. WOLVERTON].

Mr. WOLVERTON. Mr. Chairman, I am again deeply concerned because of what may be termed the blackbird menace that has caused such great losses

to the farmers of south Jersey located in those counties that border on the lower Delaware River.

A survey has shown that flocks of blackbirds come at a certain time each year to Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland, and Cape May Counties. They come by the millions from the South. They devour certain crops, particularly corn. In one county last year it was estimated the loss was as high as \$100,000.

For several years I have brought this situation to the attention of the Interior Department Appropriation Committee and requested funds to combat the menace. The chairman of the committee, Mr. KIRWAN, and Mr. JENSEN, the ranking Republican member on the committee, have been very helpful. They have again this year listened sympathetically to my plea. The result is a substantial amount allotted to Fish and Wildlife Service of the Department of the Interior to continue its efforts to control the situation.

To accomplish all that is necessary there must be cooperation between the States and the Federal Government. There are aspects that must have State assistance, and, certainly it is necessary to have Federal assistance as the birds are of a migratory character. They are a growing menace in South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, Maryland, and Delaware, as well as New Jersey.

It is encouraging to realize that this problem that causes the farmers such great losses is recognized by the Congress. The problem has become so bad that through the influence of the farmers of New Jersey other States are being interested. They are at last realizing that this is not the battle of just New Jersey. Consequently, they are entering into the fight. With this added help we can reasonably expect to make more progress next year in the matter of appropriations that are so necessary.

This bill now before us has many more excellent features, but none more important than that which gives assistance to the farmers of New Jersey in their effort to eradicate the blackbird menace. Without such help our farmers were becoming discouraged. They could not adequately handle the problem as individuals. It had to be attacked on a large scale, hence the appeal to the Federal Government.

I ask that the bill have the full support of the Congress, House and Senate.

As part of these remarks I have sundry documents I wish to insert in order that there may be a more full understanding of the matter and what is being done by interested parties:

JANUARY 4, 1955.

A meeting of the Wild Life Committee was called on the above date by Vice Chairman Lloyd W. Yeagle at 2 p. m., in Seabrook conference room.

Those present were: Lloyd W. Yeagle, William P. Watson, Charles C. Butler, R. B. Harris, Laurence Bohn, G. W. Mingin, Lee Towson, J. T. Linehan, Robert T. Mitchell, Alvin String, P. G. MacNamara, F. B. Schuler, J. M. Pancoast, Sr., E. S. Harvey, R. B. Harris, Jr., W. M. Runk, Joseph Hancock, James Mecum, Ken Roberts and G. I. Ball.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.



Robert T. Mitchell presented a report of research work done during 1954 by J. T. Linehan and himself in New Jersey and Delaware. This report included results of the use of bomb exploders used in Delaware, 12 and 18 grain bull dog salutes in New Jersey, poison bait, corn variety tests, etc. It was reported that the area of damage in New Jersey had widened out because of the use of scare devices.

Several farmers remarked that some method of control of bird numbers is necessary to lessen the damage in New Jersey and Delaware.

Trig Holme discussed and demonstrated a carbide exploder developed at Seabrook Farms in 1954. This exploder has great possibilities as a scare device with certain improvements. One tank of gas lasted about 7 days and covered an area of 10 acres.

It was reported by Towson and Ball that an amendment to the I. C. C. interstate shipment of fireworks had been proposed to increase the charge from 12 to 18 grains. This change had been strongly suggested by this committee.

The fireworks law passed by New Jersey in 1954 and placed in the labor department for administration, along with the rules and regulations as compiled by this department, was discussed thoroughly.

The fees set up by the labor department were felt to be exorbitant especially for selling and storing. Only 3 dealers were reported handling salutes in New Jersey, 1 being the manufacturer. The fees required by the department pushed the price per gross to the farmer much too high, thus reducing the amount used on the farm.

A motion was made, seconded and carried that a meeting be arranged with Mr. Krueger of the labor department and the fees be readjusted. W. P. Watson to arrange for meeting with Mr. Krueger and a committee of Yeagle, Towson and Ball to represent this group.

The matter of financing the work for 1955 was brought up for discussion. Mr. Schuler, representing Mr. Gascoyne, stated that his department did not know what had been requested as this was a policy of the national director, J. L. Farley, to figure out.

W. P. Watson introduced Mr. C. T. Butler, National Farm Bureau, Director of Land and Water Use, Washington, D. C. Mr. Butler stated he had been assigned the job of investigating the blackbird situation and would be glad to work with the committee on this problem. He was requested to contact Mr. Farley regarding appropriation for blackbird control work in 1955. He also was given the names of agricultural agents in Virginia, North and South Carolina, and Georgia, where corn was grown in large areas.

Messrs. Yeagle and Ball reported on a meeting of Maryland, Delaware, and New Jersey committees held in Newark, Del. At this meeting it was agreed that a sum of \$30,000 was needed by fish and wild life department in order to do a job of control.

Meeting adjourned at 4 p. m.

G. I. BALL, *Secretary*.

SEPTEMBER 13, 1954.

A meeting of the South Jersey Blackbird Committee was called by chairman, Dr. Frank App, at 8 p. m., in Seabrook office annex.

Those present were: Dr. App, Lee Towson, Larry Bohm, Alvin String, Lloyd Yeagle, George Lamb, Wilbur Runk, George Ball, Robert Mitchell, Al Gallino, Jack Linehan, J. Troisi, Al Jones, and H. Greenwald.

A letter was read from J. L. Farley, Director, Fish and Wildlife Service, stating the viewpoint of his Department on various methods of blackbird control.

A report from Lee Towson on the meeting with Federal Fish and Wildlife Service at Washington, was given and is attached to

minutes. Project to be conducted under Robert Mitchell.

Alfred Jones, game supervisor for southern New Jersey, stated that the State had assigned J. Troisi to assist Mitchell in this project.

Harry Greenwald, Federal Fish and Wildlife Service, has been assigned to this project to assist Mitchell. Greenwald cited previous experiences with fox, skunk, etc., in Pennsylvania.

Work to be done this fall with farmers who request service and are willing to cooperate.

Lee Towson reported on gas chamber perfected at Seabrook during summer which shows promise as a scare device. One machine could protect 10 or more acres.

A letter received from Underhill was read stating there was no law preventing the use of poison bait in New Jersey. He pledged cooperation of his department in the proposed control measures.

It was suggested that we use the term "experimental control" in any correspondence or news release.

Meeting adjourned 10:15 p. m.

GEORGE I. BALL, *Secretary*.

MAY 24, 1955.

A meeting of the Blackbird committee was called at 7:30 p. m. by Chairman Frank App at Seabrook conference room.

Those attending were: Dr. App, George C. Onkst, H. E. Greenwald, George W. Mingin, Lawrence Bohm, L. W. Yeagle, A. L. Towson, Paul Hickie, J. T. Linehan, Robert T. Mitchell, Robert J. Hawley, J. R. Patrick, J. M. Pancoast, F. P. Sowers, R. B. Harris, Sr., N. E. Harris, Jr., W. F. Saunderlin, William Driscoll, Arthur H. Lange, E. H. Brothers, J. B. Gross, and G. I. Ball.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Lloyd W. Yeagle reported on meeting with Mr. Krueger of the Labor Department regarding fees to be paid for firecracker usage in 1955 to prevent damage to corn by blackbirds. The fees proposed are \$1 for farmers permits, \$2 for dealer permits, and \$15 for manufacturer permit.

A. Lee Towson reported on proposed committee substitute for S. 104 which would include the term "as pest control bomb." This change would bring the New Jersey law in line with ICC regulations and allow the manufacture of 18-grain salutes in New Jersey.

Mr. Lange, Southern Oxygen Co., Vineland, demonstrated two types of exploders which his company has experimented with at Seabrook Farms. One machine operated on regular battery and the second on dry battery plus alarm clock works. Acetylene gas is used on both machines.

Paul Hickie, Chief, Research Division, Fish and Wildlife Service, explained that finances to run his Department came from various sources as well as direct grant from Congress. The amount of \$10,000 allocated by Congress for blackbird control in New Jersey is apparently not a cash grant but a transfer of moneys within the Department. This statement led to discussion from the floor as to the most efficient method of carrying out the work to reduce the number of birds rather than more research on scare devices. It was pointed out from the farmers standpoint that they were more interested in reducing the number of birds than in scaring them from one farm to another.

Robert T. Mitchell, biologist, Research Division, who conducted the research work in 1953-54 and will continue in 1955, presented the proposed program for 1955. Mitchell outlined a program of banding nestlings in the spring (April-June), more extensive program of use of poison baits (sweet corn fields), comparative tests of firecrackers, bombs, exploders, etc., corn variety test using three distinct planting dates to coincide with wild rice feeding of birds (before, during, and after).

This discussion led to various questions from the floor regarding the advisability of putting more emphasis on reduction of numbers of birds not only in New Jersey and Delaware but in Virginia and Carolina. Growers feel that the reduction in flocks is more essential than continuance of scare devices. It was pointed out by both Hickie and Mitchell that scare devices are essential regardless of reduction in numbers because of the roving feeding habits of red wings and grackle.

A motion was made by R. B. Harris, Sr., seconded and carried that a small committee of four be formed in New Jersey to cooperate with R. T. Mitchell in forming a program of research more in line with needs. This committee, appointed by Chairman App, is Lloyd W. Yeagle, chairman, A. Lee Towson, Russell B. Harris, Sr., and Norman Harris, Jr.

Motion was made, seconded, and carried that a committee be formed to cooperate with similar committees from Delaware and Maryland to form policies both legislative, research, and game management, whereby a constructive policy can be carried out to relieve the amount of damage being done to crops by red wing blackbirds in the various States mentioned.

Meeting adjourned at 10:30 p. m.

G. I. BALL, *Secretary*.

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK IN  
AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS,  
STATE OF NEW JERSEY,  
Salem, N. J., January 18, 1956.

HON. CHARLES A. WOLVERTON,  
House Office Building,  
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. WOLVERTON: In order to keep you informed on the blackbird situation in Salem County and south Jersey, the following data is enclosed. In November a delegation of farmers attended a board of freeholders meeting and insisted that they (freeholders) appoint a committee to investigate the work being done by Federal Fish and Wildlife Service in their endeavor to reduce numbers.

This past year there was a tremendous number of red wing blackbirds in August and September. Even though 2,850 gross of firecrackers were used the damage to sweet and field corn was greater than ever before.

The freeholders appointed a five-man committee and our Salem board of agriculture invited them to a meeting to acquaint them with the facts. Out of this meeting a resolution was drawn up by the group, presented to the whole board on December 28. This resolution passed and will be distributed to all legislators in New Jersey, New Jersey Senators and Representatives, fish and game commission, sportsman groups, Ducks, Inc., Audubon Society, and other interested bodies. The main issue is asking that red-wing blackbirds and grackle be removed from the international agreement with Mexico and put in the unprotected category. (Resolution enclosed for your file.)

The county board of agriculture passed a similar resolution on January 13, 1956 and will circulate it to all those mentioned.

I am also enclosing my report on conditions in Virginia and North Carolina and our viewpoint on combined efforts to control this predator.

We feel very strongly that a program should be carried on by the Federal Fish and Wildlife Service to reduce the number of red-wing blackbirds and grackle all along the eastern coast of the United States of America if we are to have reduced damage. We also feel that any moneys appropriated for this work should be turned over to game management. Research has accomplished a great deal but our group feel the job should now be carried on by game management because of the wider scope and a greater number of Federal men in the field.



We will supply you with any future data which may be agreed on.

The Farm Bureau has arranged a meeting with legislators in Washington for January 31. We expect to have 3 or 4 fellows attend this meeting. I know they will be prepared to see you on this occasion and brief you on all phases of the situation.

Very truly yours,

G. I. BALL, *Agricultural Agent.*

P. S.—Those who will attend the January 31 meeting in Washington will be Russell B. Harris, Sr., David Grier, Samuel Crystal, and Roland DeWilde.

#### RESOLUTION

"Whereas red-winged blackbirds have been protected as a migratory song bird since 1933 by an act of Congress under an international agreement with Mexico whereby the Country of Mexico agrees to protect ducks migrating from the United States in exchange for the United States protecting red-winged blackbirds; and

"Whereas by order of the Department of Interior of the United States dated May 13, 1948, farmers in the United States were permitted to shoot red-winged blackbirds when they caused or were about to cause damage to crops with the provision that said birds could not be sold; and

"Whereas since 1933 the number of blackbirds have increased in alarming numbers so that they have become a detriment rather than an asset; and

"Whereas crop damage from said birds has increased in New Jersey to a point where farmers have a serious problem in carrying out crop rotation; and

"Whereas the greatest damage is to sweet corn and field corn and small grains which are all grown in the State of New Jersey and especially in Salem County, N. J.; and

"Whereas reliable reports have been received informing this body that tremendously large flocks of red-winged blackbirds cover an area of the five States, namely, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina; and

"Whereas additional reports have been received that large concentrations of red-winged blackbirds are now found in the States of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Ohio, Indiana, New York, Michigan, and all of the New England States; and

"Whereas it has been reliably reported that in Salem County, N. J., the wild oats and wild rice in the tidal meadows have been almost entirely destroyed by the said red-winged blackbirds thereby destroying most of natural duck food; and

"Whereas the damage to the crops in Salem County, N. J., has mounted steadily until it is now estimated to be over \$100,000 annually; and

"Whereas the use of scare devices to disburse the concentration of said birds has proved expensive and very unsatisfactory; and

"Whereas the research work performed by the research division of the Federal Fish and Game Life Service, Department of the Interior of the United States, during the past 3 years has failed to solve the serious problem: Now, therefore, be it

"Resolved by the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Salem, That due to the tremendous numbers of red-winged blackbirds and the increasing amount of damage to field crops in Salem County, N. J., and in the State of New Jersey, the said board does hereby petition the Legislature of the State of New Jersey to pass necessary resolutions or other appropriate acts requesting the Congress of the United States to withdraw protection of red-winged blackbirds so that the citizens of Salem County and of the State at large may take appro-

priate action to destroy this damaging predator; be it further

"Resolved, That the clerk of the body be and he is hereby authorized to send a certified copy of this resolution to each member of the Senate and House of Assembly of New Jersey, New Jersey Department of Fish and Game, Research Division of Federal Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior of the United States, Ducks Unlimited, Inc. (the New Jersey chapter), and the Audubon Society of New Jersey and to the appropriate committees of the State governments of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina.

"Dated: December 21, 1955."

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a resolution adopted by the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Salem at its regular meeting held on the 21st day of December 1955 in the Salem County Courthouse, Salem, N. J.

CLIFFORD A. SWEETEN, Sr.

*Clerk.*

#### REPORT ON RED-WINGED BLACKBIRD SURVEY (By George I. Ball, Salem County agricultural agent)

During a recent vacation in North Carolina and Virginia, enough time was taken to make a survey of the migratory habits of the red-winged blackbird. For a long time it has been the thought of the wildlife committee of the Salem County Board of Agriculture that the birds which have done so much damage in our county and State, must winter in the Carolinas and Virginia. With this thought in mind, the committee felt that they would like more information and requested such a survey be made. Seven days were spent in North Carolina, Virginia, and Maryland interviewing agricultural agents, biologists, wildlife patrolmen, farmers, and others to determine the habits of this predator.

One very interesting day was spent with Dr. Thomas Quay, biologist at North Carolina State College, Raleigh. Dr. Quay outlined the areas of the State where known roosts of redwing were located, gave pertinent information as to the range inland and facts regarding the feeding habits. He also expressed an interest in our problem, and furnished leads for future studies.

Discussions were carried on with Walter E. Price at wildlife refuge, Hoffman, N. C., and Agricultural Agent Garrison, at Carthage, N. C. (Monroe County) reported a flock of grackle was located at Vass, N. C., but no damage report in that area.

The areas affected in North Carolina extended roughly from Wilmington, N. C., north to northeast to the border and into Suffolk and Princess Anne Counties, Va.

Individuals were interviewed in the area around Wilmington, N. C. The consensus of opinion there was that birds ranged in small flocks about 20 miles inland. Very little damage to crops reported. Birds arrived in late September and left in April. Average size of flocks, 2,000 and not too many here.

The large concentration of redwings is located in the area around Lake Mattamuskeet (Hyde County) and Elizabeth City in North Carolina. This concentration is in the millions and growing larger each year. No serious damage is reported from New Bern, Edentown (Chowan County), Hertford (Perquimano County), Camden (Camden County). Agricultural Agent S. L. Lowery, Elizabeth City, stated that late corn received small damage in his and adjoining counties. There are large areas of meadow land in the sections mentioned, affording natural roosting places for redwings. Some birds stay all year but 90 percent leave in April and return in September.

In Princess Anne and Suffolk Counties, Va., the same picture exists. Large concentration of redwings are located in the two counties. Here we seem to have damage to peanuts in shock during October and November. However, the amount of damage is reported small at this time. The range of activities seems to be from 20 to 40 miles inland at this point. Some small damage to sprouting grain and corn has been reported here.

Maryland is right in the path of migration both to and from New Jersey and comes in for more crop damage than either Virginia or North Carolina.

#### SUMMARY

It is the opinion of this writer that red-winged blackbirds leave New Jersey and Delaware in September, journey south to Virginia and North Carolina for the winter months and return in April and May. This time table fits in exactly with the appearance and disappearance of redwings in New Jersey and Delaware. From all reports in the area covered in this survey, comparatively little damage is done except for peanuts. All agreed that the concentration of red-winged blackbirds had increased over a period of years to a point where they are a serious factor.

The range inland in all States visited appears to be about 30 to 40 miles. Flocks of grackle are reported in areas of North Carolina but these are thought to be migrants from Ohio, western Pennsylvania and other Midwest States.

If this problem is to be solved, cooperative work in the States of New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina is called for both from a local, State, and National level.

It is also suggested that further studies be made by interested States toward a common solution, and brought to the attention of Wild Life Department at the national level.

GEORGE I. BALL,  
*Agricultural Agent.*

(The above survey was carried on in April 1955. In October the agent visited three counties in Virginia while peanuts were in stacks. Agent from Nansemond County, Va., reported later on damage from \$3 to \$52.50 per acre (peanuts). He quoted farmers' viewpoint that more damage by redwinged blackbirds this year than ever before.)

(Mr. WOLVERTON asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JENSEN. Mr. Chairman, I yield such time as he may desire to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. FENTON], a member of the committee.

Mr. FENTON. Mr. Chairman, it has indeed been a pleasure to have served on this subcommittee for the past 10 years.

In that time we have seen the membership of this committee change almost every session of Congress, with the exception of the 2 ranking majority members and the 2 ranking minority members. Consequently, we have enjoyed a fine working relationship.

Congressman KIRWAN, our present chairman, has indeed been very fine and courteous to the members of his committee.

The same goes for Congressman JENSEN when he was chairman.

Both those men are, in my opinion, well versed in the affairs of the Interior Department.

The gentleman—and he is a gentleman—from Arkansas, our colleague [Mr. NORRELL] has always been a keen



observer and adviser in our deliberations and in our hearings in this subcommittee.

The gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. SIEMINSKI] and the gentleman from Washington [Mr. MAGNUSON] have also contributed much as members of our subcommittee.

Over the past several years great emphasis has been placed on development and conservation of our natural resources in the United States, together with rehabilitation of our present facilities and methods.

Never before in our history has it become so necessary and an obligation for the Congress to recognize these facts and provide the money to take care of the resources of this country.

If we are to continue as a leader in worldwide affairs and give all the aid possible to friendly nations, then it becomes certain that we must take care of our own resources.

It is with those things in mind that we have approached the amount of money allocated to the Interior Department for fiscal year 1957.

The budget estimate for 1957 for the Interior Department and related agencies was \$426,748,200, and your committee allowed \$415,963,200—a reduction of \$10,785,000.

As has been pointed out the revenues that will be derived from the agencies in this bill amount to \$390,395,000 for 1957, about \$25 million less than the full appropriated amount.

The Bureau of Indian Affairs has been doing a very outstanding job as far as the Indian children are concerned.

Several years ago there was a condition existing in which 28,000 or 30,000 Indian children had never been to school.

Under this appropriation it will permit the placing of 5,000 more children in schools which will make an enrollment of almost 80,000 Indian schoolchildren, in contrast to 66,822 in 1955 and 74,225 in 1956.

The relocation services which are to assist the Indian population to settle and secure permanent employment in non-Indian communities away from the reservation, and to adjust to the new living and working conditions encountered are having some success.

For instance, 3,459 individuals were relocated in 1955 and it is expected that 5,000 will be relocated in the current fiscal year and 10,000 in fiscal 1957.

The committee allowed the full budget estimate of \$31,602,000 for the Geological Survey.

With the increased volume of requests for mapping of all sorts, topographic, geologic, and mineral and water resources, it is quite apparent that this fine agency must have the funds to do the necessary work.

I thoroughly agree with the new Director of the Geological Survey in his statement:

Although the several phases of the work are described in the justifications, I do want to mention the principles and the assumptions we have used in developing the programs. First of all, only insofar as they either directly or indirectly support the well-being of the Nation do they merit your support. I believe they do.

The Geological Survey has done a magnificent job under Dr. W. E. Wrather. Dr. Wrather has just retired and Dr. Thomas B. Nolan, his able Assistant Director, has been advanced to the directorship.

#### BUREAU OF MINES

The budget estimate for fiscal 1957 was \$23,697,300 and the committee allowed \$21,697,300—a decrease of \$2 million.

This decrease of \$2 million was taken from the conservation and development of mineral resources item although there will remain a net increase of \$1,270,000 over the 1956 appropriations.

One million dollars of the decrease developed from conditions existing in the research work in mining on oil shale at Rifle, Colo.

Also \$200,500 from the programed research work at Laramie, Wyo., on oil shale.

The \$1 million decrease at Rifle stems from the fact that a fall of roof occurred at the oil shale mines and the committee is of the opinion that the Federal Government has gone far enough in financing this type of research and that private industry could pick it up. There will still be available \$307,000 to continue basic research on oil shale.

The item "Minerals Research, Unclassified" was reduced to \$300,000 from \$751,500 as has the research on construction material from \$486,426 to \$244,626.

From the collection analysis and distribution of statistical and informational material programs, there is a reduction of \$286,200.

The health and safety program budget estimate was not touched—neither was the general administration expenses item.

Before adjournment last year the Congress appropriated \$8,500,000 for a cooperative mine drainage program with the State of Pennsylvania.

I am informed that the Federal Government through the Bureau of Mines are all set to proceed with the project and just as soon as the State of Pennsylvania puts up their \$8,500,000 the project will get started.

The accident rate in the coal mines of the United States while reduced in numbers since the Coal Mine Inspection Acts is still high and the most prevalent cause of the accidents is falls of roof.

It would seem to me that any research done in mining should be directed towards making the mine roof safe.

#### NATIONAL PARKS

The budget estimates for 1957 for the National Park Service was \$71,713,000. However the committee reduced this figure by striking out the item \$13,825,000 for Jones Point Bridge. This was done because of current representations to the Legislative Committee on H. R. 7228 which alters the design and cost of the bridge together with our understanding that firm commitments have not yet been secured to assure the participation of the States of Virginia and Maryland in connection with the approaches to the bridge.

The final figure of \$67,688,000 was arrived at by increasing the budget estimate of \$5,200,000 in construction to \$15 million an increase of \$9,575,000.

With the increase in the number of visitors each year, we believe the recommendations of the Park Service people and the administration should be adopted.

Our parks and the facilities therein need to be rehabilitated and new roads and trails developed.

From an estimated number of visitors in 1946 of 21,752,315 there has been a rapid increase each year. It is estimated that there will be 54 million in fiscal 1957. It is also estimated that 10 years from now there will be 80 million people visiting the parks.

It is because of this increasing of the parks' visitors that it will be necessary to adopt such a plan as mission 66—a 10-year plan proposed by the Park Service and the Interior Department—as presented to the administration.

#### FISH AND WILDLIFE

The Fish and Wildlife Service received the full amount of the budget estimate.

#### TITLE 11, RELATED AGENCIES

The Commission of Fine Arts, the Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review, Indians Claims Commission, Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Commission, Smithsonian Institute, Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission have all been granted the various estimates of the Bureau of the Budget.

#### FOREST SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The full budget estimate of \$96,773,000 for the Forest Service has been allowed by the committee which is an increase of \$6,157,871 over the appropriations for fiscal 1956.

#### FOREST SERVICE

The Forest Service budget request was not cut and the 1957 fiscal amount is an increase of \$6,300,000 over the current year.

#### THE NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

The National Capital Planning Commission budget requests were decreased by \$275,000. The request for salaries and expenses was \$210,000—the committee allowed \$185,000. The estimate for land acquisition was \$1,500,000—the committee allowed \$1,250,000.

(Mr. FENTON asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JENSEN. Mr. Chairman, I yield such time as he may desire to the gentleman from Wyoming [Mr. THOMSON].

Mr. THOMSON of Wyoming. Mr. Chairman, I would particularly like to commend the committee for increasing funds for construction in our national parks as was recommended by President Eisenhower. This is sometimes referred to as the buildings and utilities appropriation. The committee has recognized that an increase in this appropriation is necessary to bring about an expansion of public use facilities, both as furnished by the Park Service and as furnished by the concessionaires. The committee is to be commended for recognizing this need, and recommending an appropriation of \$15 million for this purpose. A continuing appropriation at this level or above will be necessary for the next several years to take care of the demand.



One reduction in budget requests has been made in the bill which I think further consideration will show should be restored. The budget request for the Bureau of Mines research laboratory at Laramie, Wyo., has been reduced \$200,500. I believe that as additional information is made available to the committee in the other body concerning this research program, and the effect of the reduction, the funds should be and will be restored. The continuing source of petroleum, with adequate standby reserves, is essential to the civilian and security needs of our Nation. A research program must be continuous. We will reap the benefits of today's research in future years. We cannot hold back on research until we are actually in a distressed condition. The funds allowed will permit the continuation of fundamental research, but will result in the elimination of any applied research. Applied research is directed toward the development of technical knowledge that will make possible the improvement and development of better retorting and refining processes for shale oil. The effect of the restriction will be to freeze all progress in future process development. This research is essential if this source of fuel is to be available in time of need.

Besides the oil shale research, many other valuable research programs are conducted at the laboratory. Some of these activities include improvements of production methods of crude oil, research in secondary recovery methods, and research on other minerals, including coal. The importance of this to the national economy can be appreciated when we recall that secondary recovery programs have usually resulted in the recovery of as much, or more, oil than was recovered by primary means.

Funds for the operation of such a facility as this cannot be placed in separate categories with mathematical certainty. Heat, light, equipment, maintenance, and personnel, etc., necessarily overlap. Such a cut as has been made with regard to one program necessarily affects the others.

I am confident that as the Bureau of Mines makes available additional information with regard to this problem, it will appear that the funds should be restored, and the full budget recommendation allowed. I am sure that this fine committee will give proper attention to this additional information as they have always done when the matter is again considered in conference.

(Mr. THOMSON of Wyoming asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield 6 minutes to the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. SIEMINSKI].

Mr. SIEMINSKI. Mr. Chairman, I should like to compliment our chairman, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. KIRWAN], for his success in presenting this bill to the Committee today despite earlier opposition to it.

Today, in Europe, one beholds the discomfort that overwhelms its people in the cold wave. Our Department of Defense in Europe has answered the call to relieve the cold, the hungry, and the

needy. The air lift of food to Italy by our flyers is a case in point.

Mr. Chairman, we have come to a point in this country where, in or out of war, in an emergency, the National Park Service, the Forest Service, and the Department of Defense must assume close liaison to feed, clothe, and shelter some 60 million of our people that might of a sudden be thrown in flight and need from an act of nature or an act of man.

We have some 18 to 23 great clusters of population in this country. In the event of a disaster, we have no standby plans, to my knowledge, to receive people from them thrown in flight. The conference of mayors the other day brought that out. Our civil-defense plans are outmoded. Plans to move a person from one street to another or from one suburb to another is not enough. It seems that the present scope of our thinking on this is inadequate; the Park Service, the Forest Service, and the Department of Defense must be ready to receive millions of civilians in modern bivouac; plans for this and funds to do it must keep current with plans and funds for H-bombs, electronics, Operation Sage, and intercontinental bombing missile. If our people are destroyed, what then do we defend? God will, as he always has, take care of His globe with its oceans and continents. But if He gives man the chance to provide for man's salvation and man muffs it, should one wonder at trying the Creator's patience? Right now Defense, Parks, and Forest Service are not able to do that. They are not set up to bivouac, clothe, and feed, if need be, 60 million Americans suddenly thrown upon them. Our standby facilities are absolutely shameful. Little has been done to accommodate people in the big parks since the CCC improved picnic tables and cooking facilities in the early thirties. Congress has been tightfisted with its funds on this front. I repeat, if we were suddenly caught in some disaster in this country, in or out of war, especially in the great metropolitan areas and wanted to lessen plague and disease and keep as many as possible of our people alive, we stand absolutely flat-footed in being able to handle their survival. That is why Mission 66 must come about and be brought into being in 3 years if possible. Otherwise our plea for funds for intercontinental missiles, for Operation Sage, for atomic weapons, and Armed Forces will ring hollow. The test should be from home plate to the outfield and the bleachers. If a pop bottle breaks through and "conks" the batter he is out. The same with us. A lateral or overhead missile from the bleachers would "conk" out the city it struck. It would cause other cities to be promptly emptied. Where would the Pied Piper lead our people then? To the drink? To Canada? To Mexico? The Department of Defense, the Park Service, and the Forest Service should have an answer. I trust they will. From them should come plans for our counter-attack in survival. I trust those plans will be in being when this bill comes before the House next year. This is a good bill. It should pass.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Oklahoma [Mr. EDMONDSON].

Mr. EDMONDSON. Mr. Chairman, as one who has in his district a large number of Indian people, I do not want to pass this opportunity to express to the great Committee on Appropriations, to its chairman, the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CANNON], to the chairman of the subcommittee, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. KIRWAN], and to the ranking minority member, the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. JENSEN], the deep appreciation which all Members from districts having large numbers of Indian people feel for this committee for the breadth of vision and for the understanding which they reflect in a bill which shows an increase for Indian education and for the placement of Indian families in communities where they can become self-sufficient. I deeply appreciate this consideration of the problem that we have in the Indian areas of our country, and it is a welcome thing to see American money being spent for Indians here inside the United States and not in a distant continent. I also appreciate very much the appropriation of \$200,000 to finance distribution of funds to the Creek Indians. Some Creek Indians have been waiting for approximately 50 years for funds due to them which have been resting in the Treasury of the United States without drawing interest. I think it is a recognition of this problem, and the provision of funds for it is a forward-looking and a generous act on the part of this committee. I want to express my appreciation and the appreciation of the people of the Second District of Oklahoma to this committee, and I hope the bill will pass without a dissenting vote.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Colorado [Mr. ASPINALL].

Mr. ASPINALL. Mr. Chairman, I take this time to ask some member of the committee 2 or 3 questions concerning the Rifle demonstration plant for the processing and mining of oil shale. The synthetic fuels research program as originally authorized called for an expenditure of some \$87,600,000. During the last 2 or 3 years we have had considerable difficulty securing committee approval of the expenditure of substantial funds for the particular facility at Rifle, Colo.

I notice that the Bureau of the Budget has requested for fiscal 1957 an appropriation of \$1,507,500 which the committee has reduced to \$307,000. Will some member of the committee advise me what the recommended \$307,000 is to be expended for?

Mr. MAGNUSON. The remaining funds, I might say to the gentleman from Colorado, are for fundamental research in oil shale petroleum.

Mr. ASPINALL. As I understand my good friend from Washington then, no moneys are to be expended at all at the Demonstration Plant at Rifle; is that correct?

Mr. MAGNUSON. That is correct.

Mr. ASPINALL. That means that that portion of the \$87 million plus which was placed into the installation at Rifle,



will have been expended on a plant that is left standing high, wide and handsome, so to speak, without any returns?

Mr. MAGNUSON. It was the feeling of the committee that research in the mining field had been carried along far enough by the Government and that private industry perhaps should pick it up from here.

Mr. ASPINALL. Was that the feeling of those representing the Bureau before the gentleman's committee? I have read the hearings and I think the answer is "Yes," is it not?

Mr. MAGNUSON. Yes.

Mr. ASPINALL. May I ask my friend what has been provided to take care of the facility at Rifle to see that it is properly policed and kept in a proper standby condition so that the physical values that are there are not wasted?

Mr. MAGNUSON. The balance of the \$1 million that they had for the current fiscal year is available for that purpose.

Mr. ASPINALL. Are not those funds already pledged to carry on research in mining operations that were begun with the approval of that appropriation?

Mr. MAGNUSON. Not as I understand it, if this action of the subcommittee is ratified by the House today.

Mr. ASPINALL. I thank my colleague very much. I do not approve the action that has been taken. I think we have practically thrown away the money we have spent to date on the Demonstration Plant for the synthetic fuel program. We might just as well admit that we have no answers and one of the reasons why the committee has seen fit to take the action it has taken is because of the fact that the Bureau has been unable to come up with answers which the committee at least and perhaps I, too, feel should be available to us at this time. But as far as accomplishing the purpose for which the authorization was originally intended, we have accomplished very little, in my opinion.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from California [Mr. DOYLE].

Mr. DOYLE. Mr. Chairman, I want to compliment the subcommittee, under its distinguished chairman [Mr. KIRWAN], especially on its foresight and forward-looking provisions for the National Park Service. It has been my pleasure over a term of years to have visited every national park in our country.

I have been especially interested in the recreational facilities of the parks; or shall I say, the absence of adequate picnic, camping, and other recreational facilities in these parks.

In some parks in the last few years I have observed an absolute need for available sanitary facilities and have also observed picnic tables in dilapidated conditions, and these conditions have prevailed too often in the very areas where thousands of people attend and other thousands would like to attend.

It should be crystal clear to all of us that with the shortening of the workweek and the workday there is a rapidly increasing national problem confronting us with what to do with our leisure time.

Too much leisure is not less dangerous than too much overwork. And a man who has nothing to do is not unlikely to waste his resources—mental, physical, and spiritual.

Every year the distance between the great centers of population and our national parks is growing less and less on account of the rapidity of automobile transportation to these areas, and the increasingly good roads which are available. This improved method of transportation means that whole families seek the inspiration and joy of going to these great national park areas. The attendance in all of them rapidly increases from year to year; yet, we have not kept the physical properties and facilities in these areas up to keeping to meet this rapidly increasing use by the increasing thousands. I have always found the National Park personnel courteous, resourceful, and willing to work to make the visitors to their respective national park areas happy and contented, pleased and proud. But, they cannot do something with absolutely nothing. This increased amount of approximately a million dollars for strengthening the national park management and park and recreation programs will not meet the entire need. But, it is a beginning of a change of philosophy by our Budget Bureau and by this Congress which will, in my judgment, work wonders for the good and happiness and health and the solidarity of American families.

I believe it to be literally true that a family which has opportunity to play together, and does so, will stay together and the improvement to these recreational facilities and programs in our national parks will make it more possible for hundreds of thousands of American families to play together. During the time they are in these magnificent park areas they will have increasing inspiration and happiness together. Such experiences in a national park logically result in their going home more solidly and soundly an American family; more happy and cordially respecting each other's opinions and more helpfully cooperating in their homelife as a result of their happy, cooperative experiences in our national park areas.

Recently I was asked by a fellow Member of this great legislative body why I claimed so much of value for adequate playgrounds, parks, and recreational areas, and I related to him I had had the experience, as a layman and nonprofessional, of serving as president of a municipal recreational organization—without pay—for about 15 years before I first came to Congress nearly 10 years ago. He then said he understood my vigorous expression in support of keeping our playground and park areas well equipped and the facilities therein adequate and in good condition.

I hope that this splendidly prepared bill will be unanimously approved.

I again wish to compliment the subcommittee on its recognition of the place and value and power toward the strengthening of the sinews of our beloved Nation, as result of more rapidly making our national park areas ade-

quate in their respective park facilities and programs.

(Mr. DOYLE asked and was granted permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. GRAY].

Mr. GRAY. Mr. Chairman, I hesitate to impose upon the House by taking this time, but I want to take this opportunity to thank the distinguished chairman of the Subcommittee on Interior Appropriations, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. KIRWAN], and the other fine members of the subcommittee, for the courtesies extended to me in allowing me to come before their committee with projects so important to the citizens of southern Illinois. I was shown the utmost of courtesy and I appreciate it very much. I certainly hope this bill passes without a dissenting vote.

(Mr. GRAY asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. KARSTEN].

(Mr. KARSTEN asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KARSTEN. Mr. Chairman, I would like to associate myself with the statement made by my distinguished colleague [Mrs. SULLIVAN] in connection with the appropriation for the Jefferson National Memorial in St. Louis. This bill contains \$150,000 for this project. It is understood that the Bureau of the Budget and the Interior Department have agreed to request an additional appropriation which did not get down here in time to be included in this bill. I should like at this time to ask the chairman of the committee whether or not he can give us assurance that when this does come down with budget approval and the approval of the National Park Service it will be included in the supplemental bill.

Mr. KIRWAN. Speaking for myself, and I think the rest of the committee may feel the same way, I will be happy to do so if it has Budget approval.

Mr. KARSTEN. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. CURTIS of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. KARSTEN. I yield.

Mr. CURTIS of Missouri. I certainly want to join my colleague [Mr. KARSTEN] and my colleague [Mrs. SULLIVAN] in support of this measure which has for so many years remained dormant right in the center of the city of St. Louis.

Mr. KARSTEN. I wonder if at this point the ranking minority member of the committee will give us assurance that this project will be given consideration in the supplemental bill if this item comes down with the approval of the Budget Bureau and the National Park Service.

Mr. JENSEN. Of course, I could not commit myself or any member of the whole committee or the subcommittee. You just do not do that, because you may run afoul of someone on the committee that may not agree with you.



Mr. KARSTEN. I certainly appreciate that. I would not want the gentleman to commit the whole committee. However, I wonder if he would speak for himself and give us assurance that he will go along with the Budget Bureau and the National Park Service.

Mr. JENSEN. My answer can only be that if and when the supplemental bill comes up for consideration I shall give this item my personal attention. I shall listen to the justification and I shall then make up my mind, which I hope will be favorable on this matter.

Mr. KARSTEN. Knowing the gentleman's great sense of fairness, I am going to let the case rest there.

Mr. JENSEN. I thank the gentleman. (Mr. ASPINALL asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

The CHAIRMAN. There being no further requests for time, the Clerk will read the bill for amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

**TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

**OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY**

*Research in the utilization of saline water*

For expenses necessary to carry out provisions of the act of July 3, 1952, as amended (66 Stat. 328 and 69 Stat. 198), authorizing studies of the conversion of saline water for beneficial consumptive uses, \$550,000.

Mr. WHITTEN. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I take this time to congratulate this subcommittee and to thank them as well for their treatment of the forestry appropriation, which is in the Interior Subcommittee at this time.

As many of you know, I have felt rather strongly that the forest-cooperative program, the forest fire fighting, and the various things that are interrelated with agriculture, particularly in the present bill, should be handled jurisdictionally along with the agricultural program. I think there are very sound reasons for that; but if they saw fit to give that jurisdiction to Mr. KIRWAN's committee, they could not put it in better hands. However, they should be considered together.

So far as the Forest Service is concerned, that is another matter, but these are decisions that are beyond my reach. They were not decided by the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. KIRWAN] or myself. But I want to say that no one could handle this program any better than this subcommittee has. They have given excellent attention to the forestry programs. I know those who are interested in those programs appreciate it, as I do.

The Clerk read as follows:

*Office of Minerals Mobilization*

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to discharge his responsibilities, including cooperation with the metals and minerals industry, with respect to the conservation, exploration, development, production, and utilization of mineral resources, including solid fuels, \$300,000.

Mr. ROONEY. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I take advantage of this time to inquire with regard to an item contained in the Department of Interior budget in connection with a re-

port on the advisability of establishing a national monument in Brooklyn, N. Y., in the amount of \$10,000. It is my understanding, Mr. Chairman, that there is included in this bill the money for this purpose and honoring the 256 Maryland heroes who fell in combat during the Battle of Brooklyn on August 27, 1776; is that correct, Mr. Chairman?

Mr. KIRWAN. Yes, that is correct.

Mr. ROONEY. I thank the distinguished chairman and the members of his subcommittee.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The clerk read as follows:

**RESOURCES MANAGEMENT**

For expenses necessary for management, development, improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; and development of Indian arts and crafts as authorized by law; \$16,000,000, and in addition, \$350,000 of the Revolving Fund for Loans, Bureau of Indian Affairs, shall be used in connection with administering loans to Indians.

Mr. YATES. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I take this time to ask a question in connection with some correspondence I have received from one of my constituents asking me to find out, if I can, what has happened to the revolving fund which is now supposed to have a sum in excess of \$6 million for tribal loans. The information given to me in this letter is that there has not been one loan out of this fund since 1952; that the Indians have used this fund ever since it was established in 1934 for the purpose of helping themselves develop new resources and new business projects. Can the Chairman tell me what the status of that fund is?

Mr. KIRWAN. The fund is still there and the Indians are drawing money from it.

Mr. YATES. Is the money available and are they using it?

Mr. KIRWAN. Yes, it is available the same as it always has been.

Mr. YATES. The criticism is made in this letter that because of the high interest rate and the opposition of the Secretary of the Interior, the Indians are not able to use this fund. Can the Chairman tell me whether that is so or not?

Mr. KIRWAN. It is not so. The fund is there and is being used the same as it always has been used.

Mr. YATES. I thank the chairman. (Mr. YATES asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that the further reading of the bill be dispensed with and that it be open for amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

Mr. BROYHILL. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. BROYHILL: On page 15, after line 17, insert "Jones Point Bridge: For expenses necessary for the construction of a bridge over the Potomac River authorized by the act of August 3, 1954 (68 Stat., 963-964), \$13,825,000."

Mr. BROYHILL. Mr. Chairman, I have no serious quarrel with the Committee on Appropriations for postponing the appropriation of this \$13,825,000 by deleting it from the Department of the Interior appropriation bill even though it was recommended and requested by the Bureau of the Budget. I say that I have no serious quarrel or disagreement with the committee because I understand that based on the information that they have received, there is some confusion as to which agency has jurisdiction over the construction of this bridge and in fact there is a bill now pending before Congress to change that jurisdiction. Furthermore, I understand that there has been some confusion as to whether or not the States of Virginia and Maryland have made the necessary commitments in regard to providing their share of the cost of approaches to the bridge.

Therefore, it is my understanding that the committee is not objecting to the appropriation of these funds as such but merely to the question of whether or not this is a proper bill in which to include it and whether or not the States involved have fulfilled their obligation as required by the basic law. Because most certainly there should be no real objection to the appropriation as such for Congress has recognized their responsibility and the need for this bridge and, therefore, authorized it in the 83d Congress. In addition, the planning money of \$600,000 has been appropriated and the plan is underway. The necessary land has been acquired and this appropriation is essential in order to carry out its completion in an orderly and economical manner.

The purpose of my offering this amendment is not to flatter myself into thinking that I can get the House to approve the amendment over the objection of the Committee on Appropriations because as I stated before, in the light of the information that the committee has received, their reasons for postponing this appropriation could possibly be justified. However, I am attempting to appeal directly to the Committee on Appropriations as well as to the House in the light of more up-to-date and accurate information as to the two points that the committee considered as their reasons.

First of all, it is true that there is a bill pending before the Committee on the District of Columbia to transfer the jurisdiction for the construction of this bridge from the Department of the Interior to the Department of Commerce where it should be. The Committee on the District of Columbia acted on that bill this morning and I can assure you that there is certainly nothing controversial about it. As I stated before, the authority for the construction of this bridge should have been delegated to the



Department of Commerce and their Bureau of Public Roads in the beginning. In addition, the pending bill referred to as stated by the Committee on Appropriations also authorizes a slight change in design by lowering the elevation of the bridge and changes the type of drawspan which will mean an estimated savings of approximately \$500,000.

There certainly should be no objection to this bill and it should be passed by the Congress in due course in the very near future. The bill was requested by the Department of Commerce during the last session of Congress but due to our crowded legislative schedule, we were unable to get to it prior to the adjournment.

In regards to the States of Virginia and Maryland not yet having made the necessary commitments insofar as approaches to the bridge are concerned, I would like to point out that there definitely must be some misunderstanding. There was testimony brought up in the meeting of the Committee on the District of Columbia this morning stating that sufficient plans and commitments have been made in regard to approaches to facilitate sufficient traffic getting onto the bridge to justify its construction. In fact, the approaches on the Virginia side are almost exclusively within the city limits of Alexandria and under the jurisdiction of the city of Alexandria. The city of Alexandria has officially committed itself to all the costs of the approaches necessary to justify the construction of the bridge and reaffirmed their position before the Committee of the District of Columbia once again this morning.

Mr. LANKFORD. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. BROYHILL. I yield.

Mr. LANKFORD. Will the gentleman not agree that the Maryland part of the bargain is being fulfilled?

Mr. BROYHILL. Oh, yes.

Mr. LANKFORD. Will the gentleman further agree that in the hearings there was nothing brought out to show that Maryland and Virginia had not lived up to their part of the bargain?

Mr. BROYHILL. That is correct.

Mr. LANKFORD. And I am sure the gentleman will also agree with me that the Jones Point Bridge is badly needed, not just for the residents of Maryland and Virginia and the District of Columbia, but for all of the thousands of visitors that we have in our Nation's Capital, because of the traffic problem we have.

Mr. BROYHILL. The gentleman is absolutely correct. I appreciate his observations as well as his assistance in helping to clear up this confusion.

Now the language referred to in the basic authorizing legislation which the committee referred to in regard to the approaches is language which I, myself, proposed as an amendment to the bill. I do not state this with any pride of authorship but I felt at the time as did other Members of Congress that the States of Virginia and Maryland should be required to meet their obligation of providing adequate approaches before the bridge was constructed. Most cer-

tainly I feel and I think the Bureau of Public Roads also feels that the basic intent of this legislation has been complied with in that there are adequate approaches provided for in the plans provided by the States to sufficiently justify the construction of the bridge.

I repeat that if the Committee on Appropriations feels that this pending legislation transferring the authority for construction from the Department of Interior to the Department of Commerce makes it improper to include this appropriation in this particular appropriation bill, I will not quarrel with them. I do feel, however, that since we have previously appropriated money for the plans which are now being drawn and due to the urgent need for the construction of the bridge, we should remove these elements of confusion and uncertainty in order that the appropriation will be forthcoming this year. I call to the attention of the committee that it will take from 2½ to 3 years to construct the bridge after we get the money and the plans are completed. So, I do hope that the committee will be a little more lenient and allow the appropriation to be included in this particular bill rather than to delay it until the Department of Commerce bill is before the House which will be at a later date.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Virginia [Mr. BROYHILL] has expired.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, there is \$600,000 still available for planning. They have not got the plans completed. I do not think anybody in the Congress could condemn the Committee on Appropriations for not wanting to appropriate for something that has not been completed as far as the planning is concerned. They had the money last year for the plans. We gave them a full year to go ahead. They requested \$600,000 for plans last year and they have not completed it. So I do not think the Committee on Appropriations, speaking for the members of that committee, would want to give construction money under the circumstances. As the gentleman said, they reported out a bill this morning. When that is cleared up and it goes to the proper place, in the Department of Commerce, if they will hurry a little, they will get it over on the other side. But I do not think this body should appropriate for something for which the plans are not yet finished.

I hope this amendment will be voted down.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word. I would like to ask someone whether the only obligation of the States of Virginia and Maryland is to build the approaches to this bridge?

Mr. KIRWAN. That may be, but it was not the Committee on Appropriations that authorized the building of the Jones Point bridge in the first place.

Mr. GROSS. This proposed bridge does not touch the District of Columbia at any point.

Mr. KIRWAN. That was discussed on the floor when it was passed.

I am not arguing with the gentleman; all I am trying to say is that it

is not the duty of the Appropriations Committee to appropriate money for something where the plans are not yet ready.

Mr. GROSS. I will go farther than my friend from Ohio, and say that it is not the obligation of Congress to build a bridge over the Potomac for the benefit of the States of Maryland and Virginia.

Mr. LANKFORD. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GROSS. I yield to the gentleman from Maryland.

Mr. LANKFORD. Will not the gentleman agree with me that this is the Federal District, that what we are now doing benefits all the people of the United States, and that it is up to this body to provide transportation, roads, and bridges for the people of the Federal District and the people of the Nation so they can get through the Federal District or go around it? This is not just a bridge for the use of Maryland and Virginia; it is for the use of the millions of people who come here to the Nation's Capital, and to relieve congestion in the downtown area.

Mr. GROSS. Following that argument to its logical conclusion, then a bridge across the Mississippi River from Iowa to Illinois is for the direct benefit of people traveling to Washington, but not one person coming here on a direct route from my hometown can cross that bridge without paying a toll. Why not make this a toll bridge at Jones Point? Let private industry build it.

Mr. LANKFORD. Because the Congress thought otherwise; and, the crossing over the Mississippi is not within the Federal District.

Mr. GROSS. Neither is this proposed bridge within the confines of the District of Columbia.

Mr. LANKFORD. It is to be used for the benefit of the District of Columbia.

Mr. GROSS. Is it?

Mr. LANKFORD. Yes.

Mr. GROSS. It is also to be used for the particular benefit of the States of Maryland and Virginia. I am opposed to this business of building a six-lane highway bridge across the river at Alexandria, Va., connecting the States of Maryland and Virginia at the expense of all the taxpayers. Let these States build their own bridges. That is what we have to do out in our part of the country.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. JENSEN. Mr. Speaker, I move to strike out the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I can readily understand the anxiety of our colleague [Mr. BROYHILL], who would like to have an appropriation for this bridge in this bill, but the fact of the matter is, as the chairman has said, the plans and specifications for the bridge have not yet been completed. Also jurisdiction over the bridge will soon be taken away from the Interior Department, and lodged in the Bureau of Public Roads.

I have always held my friend, the gentleman from Virginia, in the highest regard in subscribing to the needs he thinks justify the people of his district



in asking assistance from the coffers of the Treasury of the United States. No one will ever accuse him of not fighting for the welfare of his people.

But there are times such as this when a committee, this committee in the present instance, simply is not justified in providing the appropriation he would like in this bill. I would, of course, like very much to be in a position where I could say "Yes" to my friend, and yield to his pleadings, but it just cannot be done under present circumstances.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Virginia.

The amendment was rejected.

Mr. JONES of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word for the purpose of asking the chairman of the committee a question. Mr. Chairman, this is just a small matter, but I like to see consistency in our bills.

If the gentleman will look on page 36 he will notice we allow a per diem for expenses for Members serving without compensation. For the members of the Jamestown - Williamsburg - Yorktown River Commission a per diem of \$20 is allowed, but on the same page for the National Capital Planning Commission a per diem under like circumstances of only \$15 per day is allowed. It seems there should be some uniformity and particularly since both of these rates are in excess of what are allowed other people in the Government service for subsistence. Unless there is some very good reason for this I shall offer an amendment to make the two rates uniform.

Mr. MAGNUSON. Mr. Chairman, the per diem allowed is what was approved by the Bureau of the Budget according to the needs of the members of these commissions. We felt that we could rely on their judgment and that is what we approved.

Mr. JONES of Missouri. Does not the gentleman think there should be some uniformity? In other words, they are serving in comparatively the same positions; they both have to eat, they both have to sleep, they both have to do all of these things and it seems to me we are making a difference between the two. If there is no other reason than that the Bureau of the Budget recommended it, I shall offer an amendment to reduce the \$20 to \$15 a day so that the rates will be uniform within the bill.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Missouri has expired.

Mr. JONES of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. JONES of Missouri: On page 36, line 2, strike out "\$20" and insert "\$15."

The question was taken; and on a division (demanded by Mr. JONES of Missouri) there were—ayes 21, noes 44.

So the amendment was rejected.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise and report the bill back to the House with the recommendation that the bill do pass.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the Committee rose; and the Speaker having resumed the chair, Mr. PRICE, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, had directed him to report the bill back to the House with the recommendation that the bill do pass.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the bill to final passage.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The bill was passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### PERMISSION TO INSERT CERTAIN STATEMENTS AND EXCERPTS

Mr. PATMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to include certain statements and excerpts immediately preceding the passage of a resolution offered by the gentleman from Texas [Mr. BURLESON] today authorizing funds for the Select Committee on Small Business.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

#### UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN

(Mr. DAWSON of Utah asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks, and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. DAWSON of Utah. Mr. Speaker, southern California spokesmen had adopted the attitude of the arrogant Marie Antoinette in their attempt to prevent the four States of the upper Colorado River Basin from using water rightly theirs.

Southern California's new reply to the thirty residents of four sovereign States is: "Let them make rain."

I have here a copy of a report published February 14, 1956, in the Los Angeles Times. My hope is that the Members of the House will receive the "let them make rain" advice as the French peasant did Marie's famed "let them eat cake" dismissal of their starvation. The article to which I refer reads as follows: STUDY SPURS APPEAL FOR DAM DELAY—CLOUD SEEDING IN UPPER COLORADO AREA TERMED PRACTICAL

Delay by Congress in the controversial billion-dollar upper Colorado River project was urged yesterday as the result of a Presidential committee's just released report.

The report is that of President Eisenhower's Advisory Committee on Weather Control. It stated that production of additional rainfall by cloud seeding is a practical and established scientific fact.

As a result, an urgent appeal was made

in California yesterday that Congress hold off an impending vote on the upper Colorado River project until the possibilities of creating additional rain in the Colorado Basin are studied.

#### REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

The plea came from Jacqueline Cochran Odum, of Indio, aviatrix and Republican candidate for Congress in the 29th Congressional District, which includes Imperial and Riverside Counties—an area that would be tremendously hard hit by the upper Colorado River project. Present United States Representative of the district is JOHN PHILLIPS who is retiring after this term.

Great interest in the report of the President's committee was voiced in Washington yesterday by Representative PHILLIPS.

"It has been the view of many western Congressmen that the amount of water available is a key factor in the Colorado River situation," he said.

#### HAPPY SOLUTION

"That is why we have wanted a determination of many factors in the Supreme Court before attempting a decision on the upper Colorado River matter. Now, from the report on the President's Committee on Weather Control, it appears that the upper Colorado River Basin States are offered a happy solution through scientific additions to their rainfall.

"Therefore, it appears the action on any upper Colorado River bill should be deferred pending a full investigation of this possibly advantageous solution which would be welcomed by all of us."

Strong endorsement of the request for delay came yesterday afternoon from Representative CRAIG HOSMER, of Long Beach, who was in New Jersey for a Lincoln Day dinner. HOSMER said he will present the matter to Congressmen in Washington today and urge further studies of the cloud-seeding idea as a preliminary to any consideration of the upper Colorado River measure.

#### PAUL WAMSLEY

(Mr. RADWAN asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD.)

Mr. RADWAN. Mr. Speaker, Paul Wamsley will be sorely missed, not only by us in Buffalo, but by advocates of the principles of Americanism throughout the Nation. Here was a man hailed as the ideal American, a man nationally recognized for his leadership in the American Legion's fight against communism.

Best of all, he practiced his precepts of Americanism from a vantage point unequalled for effectiveness, because Paul Wamsley was for 32 years prior to his untimely death, principal of our School 51. Who can gage the value of his contributions to the youth of our area from that important point of influence? His programs of Americanism brought national recognition to both himself and the school.

His Know Your America Week, which he originated in Buffalo in 1951, is observed today in hundreds of communities. This is but one of countless contributions which Paul Wamsley made, but he will probably be best remembered for his genial and friendly personality, and his warm and ready smile.

It is rare that we are privileged to know a man who contributed so significantly to the public awareness of the ideals of Americanism, which we all hold so dear.







84TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 9390

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 22, 1956

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations

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## AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

1      *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2      *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*  
3      That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money  
4      in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Depart-  
5      ment of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year  
6      ending June 30, 1957, namely:

## 1 TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## 2 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

## 3 RESEARCH IN THE UTILIZATION OF SALINE WATER

4 For expenses necessary to carry out provisions of  
5 the Act of July 3, 1952, as amended (66 Stat. 328 and 69  
6 Stat. 198), authorizing studies of the conversion of saline  
7 water for beneficial consumptive uses, \$550,000.

## 8 OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

9 For necessary expenses to enable the Secretary to dis-  
10 charge his responsibilities with respect to oil and gas, includ-  
11 ing cooperation with the petroleum industry and State  
12 authorities in the production, processing, and utilization of  
13 petroleum and its products, and natural gas; and for con-  
14 trolling the interstate shipment of contraband oil as required  
15 by law (15 U. S. C. 715); including purchase of not to  
16 exceed two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only;  
17 \$413,800.

## 18 OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

19 For necessary expenses of the Office of the Solicitor,  
20 \$2,800,000, and in addition, not to exceed \$100,000 may  
21 be reimbursed or transferred to this appropriation from other  
22 accounts available to the Department of the Interior: *Pro-*  
23 *vided*, That hearing officers appointed for Indian probate



1 work need not be appointed pursuant to the Administrative  
2 Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), as amended.

3 OFFICE OF MINERALS MOBILIZATION

4 For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to dis-  
5 charge his responsibilities, including cooperation with the  
6 metals and minerals industry, with respect to the conserva-  
7 tion, exploration, development, production, and utilization  
8 of mineral resources, including solid fuels, \$300,000.

9 BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

10 MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

11 For expenses necessary for protection, use, improve-  
12 ment, development, disposal, cadastral surveying, classifica-  
13 tion, and performance of other functions, as authorized by law,  
14 in the management of lands and their resources under the ju-  
15 risdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, including  
16 \$35,000 for the operation and maintenance of access roads  
17 on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant  
18 lands, \$18,000,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation  
19 may be expended on a reimbursable basis for surveys  
20 of lands other than those under the jurisdiction of the  
21 Bureau of Land Management: *Provided further*, That, for  
22 the purposes of surveying federally controlled or inter-  
23 mingled lands and operation and maintenance of access

1 roads, contributions toward the costs thereof may be ac-  
2 cepted.

3 CONSTRUCTION

4 For construction of access roads on the revested Oregon  
5 and California Railroad grant lands; acquisition of rights-of-  
6 way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands;  
7 and for acquisition and construction of buildings and appur-  
8 tenant facilities in Alaska; to remain available until ex-  
9 pended, \$4,500,000: *Provided*, That the amount appro-  
10 priated herein for road construction shall be transferred  
11 to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Com-  
12 merce: *Provided further*, That the amount appropriated  
13 herein for construction of access roads on the revested Oregon  
14 and California Railroad grant lands and in addition, amounts  
15 available for operation and maintenance of such access roads  
16 under the appropriation "Management of lands and re-  
17 sources" are hereby made a reimbursable charge against  
18 the Oregon and California land-grant fund and shall be reim-  
19 bursed to the general fund in the Treasury in accordance  
20 with the provisions of the second paragraph of subsection (b)  
21 of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937.

22 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

23 Appropriations for the Bureau of Land Management  
24 shall be available for purchase of twenty-five passenger motor  
25 vehicles for replacement only; purchase, erection, and dis-

1   mantlement of temporary structures, and alteration and main-  
2   tenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities to  
3   which the United States has title: *Provided*, That of appro-  
4   priations herein made for the Bureau of Land Management  
5   expenditures in connection with the revested Oregon and Cali-  
6   fornia Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant  
7   lands (other than expenditures for construction and operation  
8   and maintenance of access roads and for acquisition of rights-  
9   of-way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such  
10  lands) shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to  
11  in section C, title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937,  
12  of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California  
13  Land Grant Fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May  
14  24, 1939, of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay  
15  Wagon Road Grant Fund".

#### 16                   RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

17       For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range  
18  improvements pursuant to the provisions of sections 3 and  
19  10 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U. S. C.  
20  315), sums equal to the aggregate of all moneys received,  
21  during the current fiscal year, as range improvement fees  
22  under section 3 of said Act and of 25 per centum of all  
23  moneys received, during the current fiscal year, under  
24  section 15 of said Act, to remain available until expended.



1 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

2 EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

3 For expenses necessary to provide education and wel-  
4 fare services for Indians, either directly or in cooperation  
5 with States and other organizations, including payment (in  
6 advance or from date of admission), of care, tuition, assist-  
7 ance, and other expenses of Indians in boarding homes,  
8 institutions, or schools; grants and other assistance to needy  
9 Indians; maintenance of law and order, and payment of  
10 rewards for information or evidence concerning violations  
11 of law on Indian reservations or lands; and operation of  
12 Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; \$50,700,000.

13 RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

14 For expenses necessary for management, development,  
15 improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant  
16 facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian  
17 Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and  
18 charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian  
19 industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts  
20 and crafts shops and museums; and development of Indian  
21 arts and crafts as authorized by law; \$16,000,000, and  
22 in addition, \$350,000 of the Revolving Fund for Loans,

1 Bureau of Indian Affairs, shall be used in connection with  
2 administering loans to Indians.

3 CONSTRUCTION

4 For construction, major repair, and improvement of  
5 irrigation and power systems, buildings, utilities, and other  
6 facilities; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; prepa-  
7 ration of lands for farming; and architectural and engineer-  
8 ing services by contract; to remain available until expended,  
9 \$4,000,000: *Provided*, That no part of the sum herein  
10 appropriated shall be used for the acquisition of land within  
11 the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico,  
12 South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming outside of the boundaries  
13 of existing Indian reservations: *Provided further*, That no  
14 part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition  
15 of land or water rights within the States of Nevada, Oregon,  
16 and Washington either inside or outside the boundaries of  
17 existing reservations: *Provided further*, That the Secre-  
18 tary is authorized to purchase, without regard to the prohi-  
19 bition against the acquisition of land or water rights contained  
20 herein, not to exceed ten acres of lands within the Klamath  
21 Indian Reservation, Oregon, required for the construction  
22 of a pumping plant for the Modoc Point Indian irrigation  
23 system.

1 ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE (LIQUIDATION  
2 OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

3 For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to  
4 authority contained in section 6 of the Federal-Aid High-  
5 way Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), \$11,500,000, to remain  
6 available until expended.

7 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

8 For expenses necessary for the general administration  
9 of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including such expenses in  
10 field offices, \$3,190,000.

11 DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS OF THE CREEK INDIANS

12 For necessary expenses incident to the distribution of  
13 funds belonging to the members of the Creek Nation of In-  
14 dians, in accordance with the Act of August 1, 1955 (69 Stat.  
15 431), \$200,000, to remain available until expended.

16 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

17 Appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs (except  
18 the revolving fund for loans) shall be available for expenses  
19 of exhibits; purchase of not to exceed two hundred and  
20 seventy passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred  
21 and fifty shall be for replacement only), which may be  
22 used for the transportation of Indians; advance pay-  
23 ments for service (including services which may extend  
24 beyond the current fiscal year) under contracts executed pur-  
25 suant to the Act of June 4, 1936 (25 U. S. C. 452), and



1 legislation terminating Federal supervision over certain In-  
2 dian tribes; purchase of ice for official use of employees; and  
3 expenses required by continuing or permanent treaty provi-  
4 sions.

#### 5 TRIBAL FUNDS

6 In addition to the tribal funds authorized to be ex-  
7 pended by existing law, there is hereby appropriated  
8 \$3,000,000 from tribal funds not otherwise available for  
9 expenditure for the benefit of Indians and Indian tribes,  
10 including pay and travel expenses of employees; care, tui-  
11 tion and other assistance to Indian children attending public  
12 and private schools (which may be paid in advance or  
13 from date of admission) ; purchase of land and improvements  
14 on land, title to which shall be taken in the name of the  
15 United States in trust for the tribe for which purchased;  
16 lease of lands and water rights; compensation and expenses  
17 of attorneys and other persons employed by Indian tribes  
18 under approved contracts; pay, travel, and other expenses of  
19 tribal officers, councils, and committees thereof, or other  
20 tribal organizations, including mileage for use of privately  
21 owned automobiles and per diem in lieu of subsistence at  
22 rates established administratively but not to exceed those  
23 applicable to civilian employees of the Government; relief  
24 of Indians, without regard to section 7 of the Act of May

1 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 391), including cash grants; and  
2 employment of a recreational director for the Menominee  
3 Reservation and a curator for the Osage Museum, each of  
4 whom shall be appointed with the approval of the respective  
5 tribal councils and without regard to the classification laws:  
6 *Provided*, That in addition to the amount appropriated  
7 herein, tribal funds may be advanced to Indian tribes during  
8 the current fiscal year for such purposes as may be designated  
9 by the governing body of the particular tribe involved and  
10 approved by the Secretary: *Provided, however*, That no part  
11 of this appropriation or other tribal funds shall be used for  
12 the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of  
13 Nevada, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming, either inside  
14 or outside the boundaries of existing Indian reservations,  
15 if such acquisition results in the property being exempted  
16 from local taxation.

## 17 GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

### 18 SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

19 For expenses necessary for the Geological Survey to  
20 perform surveys, investigations, and research covering  
21 topography, geology, and the mineral and water resources  
22 of the United States, its Territories and possessions; classify  
23 lands as to mineral character and water and power resources;  
24 give engineering supervision to power permits and Federal

1 Power Commission licenses; enforce departmental regula-  
2 tions applicable to oil, gas, and other mining leases, permits,  
3 licenses, and operating contracts; publish and disseminate  
4 data relative to the foregoing activities; and the preparation  
5 of plans and specifications for a building or buildings to meet  
6 the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metropolitan  
7 area of Washington, D. C.; \$31,602,000, of which  
8 \$5,070,000 shall be available only for cooperation with  
9 States or municipalities for water resources investiga-  
10 tions: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall  
11 be used to pay more than one-half the cost of any topo-  
12 graphic mapping or water resources investigations carried  
13 on in cooperation with any State or municipality.

#### 14 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

15 The amount appropriated for the Geological Survey  
16 shall be available for purchase of not to exceed one  
17 hundred passenger motor vehicles for replacement only;  
18 reimbursement of the General Services Administration for  
19 security guard service for protection of confidential files;  
20 contracting for the furnishing of topographic maps and  
21 for the making of geophysical or other specialized sur-  
22 veys when it is administratively determined that such  
23 procedures are in the public interest; construction and  
24 maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant fa-  
25 cilities; acquisition of lands for gaging stations; and pay-



1 ment of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls  
2 of the Geological Survey appointed, as authorized by law,  
3 to represent the United States in the negotiation and ad-  
4 ministration of interstate compacts, including not to exceed  
5 \$10,000 for the person appointed by the President to partici-  
6 pate as the representative of the United States in the admin-  
7 istration of the compact consented to by the Act of May 31,  
8 1949 (Public Law 82) : *Provided*, That notwithstanding  
9 the provisions of any other law, the President is authorized  
10 to appoint a retired officer as such representative, without  
11 prejudice to his status as a retired Army officer, and he shall  
12 receive such compensation and expenses in addition to his  
13 retired pay.

#### 14 BUREAU OF MINES

#### 15 CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL 16 RESOURCES

17 For expenses necessary for promoting the conservation,  
18 exploration, development, production, and utilization of  
19 mineral resources, including fuels, in the United States, its  
20 Territories and possessions; developing synthetics and sub-  
21 stitutes; and controlling fires in coal deposits; \$15,363,000.

#### 22 HEALTH AND SAFETY

23 For expenses necessary for promotion of health and  
24 safety in mines and in the minerals industries, as authorized  
25 by law, \$5,304,300.

## GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the Bureau of Mines, including such expenses in the regional offices, \$1,030,000.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations and funds available to the Bureau of Mines may be expended for purchase of not to exceed eighty-nine passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; providing transportation services in isolated areas for employees, student dependents of employees, and other pupils, and such activities may be financed under cooperative arrangements; purchase and bestowal of certificates and trophies in connection with mine rescue and first-aid work: *Provided*, That the Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private: *Provided further*, That the sums made available for the current fiscal year to the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force for the acquisition of helium from the Bureau of Mines shall be transferred to the Bureau of Mines, and said sums, together with all other payments to the Bureau of Mines for helium, shall be credited to the special helium production fund, established pursuant to the Act of March 3, 1925, as amended (50 U. S. C. 164 (c)) :

1 *Provided further*, That the Bureau of Mines is authorized,  
2 during the current fiscal year, to sell directly or through  
3 any Government agency, including corporations, any metal  
4 or mineral product that may be manufactured in pilot plants  
5 operated by the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such  
6 sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous  
7 receipts.

## 8 NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### 9 MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

10 For expenses necessary for the management and pro-  
11 tection of the areas and facilities administered by the Na-  
12 tional Park Service, including protection of lands in process  
13 of condemnation; and for plans, investigations, and studies  
14 of the recreational resources (exclusive of preparation of  
15 detail plans and working drawings) and archaeological val-  
16 ues in river basins of the United States (except the Mis-  
17 souri River Basin) ; \$11,480,000.

### 18 MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL 19 FACILITIES

20 For expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance,  
21 and rehabilitation of roads (including furnishing special road  
22 maintenance service to defense trucking permittees on a  
23 reimbursable basis), trails, buildings, utilities, and other  
24 physical facilities essential to the operation of areas admin-



1 istered pursuant to law by the National Park Service,  
2 \$10,158,000.

### 3 CONSTRUCTION

4 For construction and improvement, without regard to  
5 the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U. S. C. 451),  
6 of buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities; and the  
7 acquisition of lands, interests therein, improvements, and  
8 water rights; to remain available until expended, \$15,-  
9 000,000.

### 10 CONSTRUCTION (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT

#### 11 AUTHORIZATION)

12 For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to au-  
13 thority contained in section 6 of the Federal-aid Highway  
14 Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), including acquisition of right-of-  
15 way for the eastern entrance road, Rocky Mountain National  
16 Park, Colorado, \$29,800,000, to remain available until ex-  
17 pended.

### 18 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

19 For expenses necessary for general administration of the  
20 National Park Service, including such expenses in the regional  
21 offices, \$1,250,000.

### 22 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

23 Appropriations for the National Park Service shall be  
24 available for the purchase of not to exceed one hundred

1 and ten passenger motor vehicles of which one hundred  
2 and nine shall be for replacement only, including not to  
3 exceed seventeen for replacing United States Park Police  
4 cruisers; and the objects and purposes specified in the Acts  
5 of August 8, 1953 (67 Stat. 495, 496) and July 1, 1955  
6 (69 Stat. 242).

7 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

8 MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES

9 For expenses necessary for conservation, management,  
10 protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources, and  
11 for the performance of other authorized functions related to  
12 such resources; operation of the industrial properties within  
13 the Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (61 Stat. 770);  
14 maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita  
15 Mountains Wildlife Refuge; purchase or rent of land, and  
16 functions related to wildlife management in California (16  
17 U. S. C. 695-695c); leasing and management of lands for  
18 the protection of the Florida Key deer; and not to exceed  
19 \$30,000 for payment, in the discretion of the Secretary,  
20 for information or evidence concerning violations of laws  
21 administered by the Fish and Wildlife Service;  
22 \$9,696,000; and in addition, there are appropriated amounts  
23 equal to 25 per centum of the proceeds covered into the  
24 Treasury during the next preceding fiscal year from the sale  
25 of sealskins and other products, for management and investi-

1 gation of fish and wildlife resources of Alaska, including  
2 construction.

3 INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

4 For expenses necessary for scientific and economic  
5 studies and investigations respecting conservation, manage-  
6 ment, protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources,  
7 including related aquatic plants and products; collection, com-  
8 pilation, and publication of information concerning such  
9 studies and investigations; and the performance of other  
10 functions related thereto; as authorized by law; \$5,065,000.

11 CONSTRUCTION

12 For construction and acquisition of buildings and other  
13 facilities required in the conservation, management, protec-  
14 tion, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources and the  
15 acquisition of lands and interests therein, \$2,200,000 to  
16 remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the funds  
17 appropriated herein for the continuation of the construction  
18 of the Devils Kitchen Dam on the Crab Orchard Wildlife  
19 Refuge, Illinois, shall be transferred to the Corps of Engi-  
20 neers, Department of the Army.

21 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

22 For expenses necessary for general administration of  
23 the Fish and Wildlife Service, including such expenses in  
24 the regional offices, \$852,500.



## 1                   ADMINISTRATION OF PRIBILOF ISLANDS

2           For carrying out the provisions of the Act of February  
3 26, 1944, as amended (16 U. S. C. 631a-631q), there  
4 are appropriated amounts equal to 60 per centum of the  
5 proceeds covered into the Treasury during the next pre-  
6 ceding fiscal year from the sale of sealskins and other  
7 products, to remain available for expenditure during the  
8 current and next succeeding fiscal years.

## 9                   ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

10          Appropriations for the Fish and Wildlife Service shall  
11 be available for purchase of not to exceed ninety-seven pas-  
12 senger motor vehicles for replacement only; purchase of not  
13 to exceed six aircraft for replacement only; publication  
14 and distribution of bulletins as authorized by law (7  
15 U. S. C. 417) ; rations or commutation of rations for officers  
16 and crews of vessels at rates not to exceed \$3 per man per  
17 day; repair of damage to public roads within and adjacent  
18 to reservation areas caused by operations of the Fish and  
19 Wildlife Service; options for the purchase of land at not to  
20 exceed \$1 for each option; facilities incident to such public  
21 recreational uses on conservation areas as are not inconsistent  
22 with their primary purposes; and the maintenance and  
23 improvement of aquaria, buildings, and other facilities under  
24 the jurisdiction of the Fish and Wildlife Service and to which  
25 the United States has title, and which are utilized pursuant

1 to law in connection with management and investigation of  
2 fish and wildlife resources.

3 OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

4 ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

5 For expenses necessary for the administration of Terri-  
6 tories and for the departmental administration of the Trust  
7 Territory of the Pacific Islands, under the jurisdiction of  
8 the Department of the Interior, including expenses of the  
9 offices of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, Amer-  
10 ican Samoa, as authorized by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 61,  
11 531, 1422, 1431a (c) ); salaries of the Governor of the  
12 Virgin Islands, the Government Secretary, and the members  
13 of their immediate staffs as authorized by law (Act of July  
14 22, 1954, Public Law 517), compensation and mileage of  
15 members of the legislatures in Alaska, Hawaii, Guam,  
16 American Samoa, and the Virgin Islands as authorized  
17 by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 87, 599, 1421d (e), 1431a  
18 (c) and the Act of July 22, 1954 (68 Stat. 497) );  
19 compensation and expenses of the judiciary in Ameri-  
20 can Samoa as authorized by law (48 U. S. C. 1431a  
21 (c) ); care of insane as authorized by law for Alaska (48  
22 U. S. C. 46-50) ; grants to American Samoa, in addition to  
23 current local revenues, for support of governmental functions;  
24 and personal services, household equipment and furnish-  
25 ings, and utilities necessary in the operation of the houses

1 of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, and American  
2 Samoa; \$2,803,000: *Provided*, That the Territorial and  
3 local governments herein provided for are authorized to  
4 make purchases through the General Services Administra-  
5 tion: *Provided further*, That appropriations available for  
6 the administration of Territories may be expended for the  
7 purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of aircraft  
8 and surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial  
9 transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be  
10 necessary.

11 TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

12 For expenses necessary for the Department of the In-  
13 terior in administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific  
14 Islands pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement approved  
15 by Public Law 204, Eightieth Congress, and Public Law  
16 451, approved June 30, 1954, including the expenses of  
17 the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific  
18 Islands; compensation and expenses of the judiciary of the  
19 Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants to the Trust  
20 Territory of the Pacific Islands in addition to local revenues,  
21 for support of governmental functions; \$4,800,000: *Pro-*  
22 *vided*, That the revolving fund for loans to locally owned  
23 private trading enterprises shall continue to be available  
24 during the fiscal year 1957: *Provided further*, That all fi-  
25 nancial transactions of the Trust Territory, including such



1 transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established  
2 or utilized by such Trust Territory, shall be audited by the  
3 General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions  
4 of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as  
5 amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64  
6 Stat. 34) : *Provided further*, That the government of the  
7 Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to make  
8 purchases through the General Services Administration:  
9 *Provided further*, That appropriations available for the  
10 Administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands  
11 may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance,  
12 and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official pur-  
13 poses and for commercial transportation purposes found by  
14 the Secretary to be necessary in carrying out the provisions  
15 of article 6 (2) of the Trusteeship Agreement approved by  
16 Congress.

#### 17 ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS

18 For an additional amount for expenses necessary for  
19 carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1949,  
20 as amended (48 U. S. C. 486-486j), to remain available  
21 until June 30, 1959, \$4,968,000, of which not to exceed  
22 \$525,000 shall be available for administrative expenses.

#### 23 CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, ALASKA

24 For construction of roads, tramways, buildings, ferries,  
25 bridges, and trails, including surveys and plans for new road

1 construction; acquisition of lands or interests in lands by  
2 purchase, donation, condemnation, or otherwise; and pur-  
3 chase of five passenger motor vehicles for replacement only,  
4 \$7,800,000, to remain available until expended.

5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS, ALASKA

6 For operation and maintenance of roads, tram-  
7 ways, buildings, ferries, bridges, and trails, \$3,625,000.

8 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

9 The total of the amounts herein appropriated for con-  
10 struction, operation and maintenance of roads in Alaska shall  
11 be available in one fund, except that the appropriation herein  
12 made for operation and maintenance shall be available only  
13 for the service of the current fiscal year.

14 Not to exceed  $17\frac{1}{2}$  per centum of the amount herein  
15 appropriated for construction of roads in Alaska shall be  
16 available for construction work by force account, or on a  
17 hired-labor basis.

18 ALASKA RAILROAD REVOLVING FUND

19 The Alaska Railroad Revolving Fund shall continue avail-  
20 able until expended for the work authorized by law, including  
21 operation and maintenance of oceangoing or coastwise vessels  
22 by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches  
23 of the Government service, for the purpose of providing addi-  
24 tional facilities for transportation of freight, passengers, or  
25 mail, when deemed necessary for the benefit and development

1 of industries or travel in the area served; and payment of  
2 compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of  
3 the Act of September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 793), to be reim-  
4 bursed as therein provided: *Provided*, That no employee  
5 shall be paid an annual salary out of said fund of more than  
6 \$11,000 except the general manager of said railroad, one  
7 assistant general manager at not to exceed \$14,000 per  
8 annum, two officers at not to exceed \$12,500 per annum  
9 each, and three officers at not to exceed \$12,000 per annum  
10 each.

11 ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

12 SALARIES AND EXPENSES

13 For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of  
14 the Interior (referred to herein as the Secretary), including  
15 teletype rentals and service, \$2,222,000.

16 WORKING CAPITAL FUND

17 The working capital fund, established by the Act of  
18 September 6, 1950 (64 Stat. 679), shall hereafter be avail-  
19 able for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by  
20 the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114  
21 and 69 Stat. 49).

22 GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

23 SEC. 101. Appropriations made in this title shall be  
24 available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau  
25 or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emer-



1   gency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of buildings, util-  
2   ities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed  
3   by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: *Provided*,  
4   That no funds shall be made available under this authority  
5   until funds specifically made available to the Department of  
6   the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

7       SEC. 102. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure  
8   or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appro-  
9   priation in this title, in addition to the amounts included  
10  in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the  
11  suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires  
12  on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Depart-  
13  ment of the Interior: *Provided*, That appropriations made in  
14  this title for fire suppression purposes shall be available for  
15  the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding  
16  fiscal year.

17       SEC. 103. Appropriations made in this title shall be  
18  available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and  
19  similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will  
20  contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations  
21  shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity  
22  in the same manner as authorized by the Act of June 30,  
23  1932 (31 U. S. C. 686): *Provided*, That reimbursements  
24  for cost of supplies, materials and equipment, and for services

1 rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the  
2 time such reimbursements are received.

3 SEC. 104. Appropriations made to the Department  
4 of the Interior in this title or in the Public Works  
5 Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be available for services  
6 as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946  
7 (5 U. S. C. 55a), when authorized by the Secretary, at  
8 rates not to exceed \$100 per diem for individuals, and in  
9 total amount not to exceed \$250,000; maintenance and oper-  
10 ation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase  
11 of reprints; payment for telephone service in private resi-  
12 dences in the field, when authorized under regulations ap-  
13 proved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when  
14 authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in  
15 societies or associations which issue publications to members  
16 only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who  
17 are not members.

18 SEC. 105. Appropriations available to the Department  
19 of the Interior for salaries and expenses shall be available  
20 for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law  
21 (68 Stat. 1114, 69 Stat. 49, and D. C. Code 4-204).

22 SEC. 106. (a) Not to exceed \$200,000 of the funds  
23 appropriated to the Department of the Interior in this title  
24 or in the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be

1 available to pay the compensation of all persons the budget  
2 estimates for personal services heretofore submitted to the  
3 Congress for the fiscal year 1957 contemplated would be  
4 employed by such department, agency, or corporation during  
5 such fiscal year in the performance of—

6 (1) function performed by a person designated as  
7 an information specialist, information and editorial spe-  
8 cialist, publications and information coordinator, press  
9 relations officer or counsel, photographer, radio expert,  
10 television expert, motion picture expert, or publicity  
11 expert, or designated by any similar title, or

12 (2) functions performed by persons who assist  
13 persons performing the functions described in (1) in  
14 drafting, preparing, editing, typing, duplicating or dis-  
15 seminating public information, publications or releases,  
16 radio or television scripts, magazine articles, photo-  
17 graphs, motion picture and similar material, shall be  
18 available to pay the compensation of persons performing  
19 the functions described in (1) or (2).

20 (b) This section shall not apply to the preparation for  
21 publication of reports and maps resulting from authorized  
22 scientific and engineering investigations and surveys, to  
23 photography incident to the compilation and reproduction of  
24 maps and reports, or publications of the National Park



1 Service, or to photocopying of permanent records for  
2 preservation.

## 3 TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

### 4 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

#### 5 SALARIES AND EXPENSES

6 For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a  
7 Commission of Fine Arts (40 U. S. C. 104), including pay-  
8 ment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secre-  
9 tary of the Commission in attending meetings and committee  
10 meetings of the Commission either within or outside the  
11 District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved  
12 by the Commission, \$31,000.

### 13 FEDERAL COAL MINE SAFETY BOARD OF REVIEW

14 Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses of the  
15 Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review, including serv-  
16 ices as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946  
17 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$70,000.

### 18 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### 19 FOREST SERVICE—SALARIES AND EXPENSES

20 For expenses necessary, including not to exceed \$15,000  
21 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section  
22 706 (a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U. S. C. 574), as  
23 amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5  
24 U. S. C. 55a), including travel expenses of advisory coun-

1 cils or similar groups; to experiment and make investigations  
2 and report on forestry, national forests, forest fires, forest  
3 insects and diseases, and lumbering; to advise the owners  
4 of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate  
5 and test American timber and timber trees and their uses,  
6 and methods, for the preservative treatment of timber; to  
7 seek, through investigations and the planting of native and  
8 foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to  
9 protect, administer, and improve the national forests, in-  
10 cluding tree planting and other measures to prevent erosion,  
11 drift, surface wash, soil waste, and the formation of floods,  
12 and to conserve water; to ascertain the natural conditions  
13 upon and utilize the national forests, to transport and care  
14 for fish and game supplied to stock the national forests or  
15 the waters therein; for management of lands acquired under  
16 the land-utilization program; and to collate, digest, report,  
17 and illustrate the results of experiments and investigations  
18 made by the Forest Service: *Provided*, That the appro-  
19 priations available to the Forest Service for the current fiscal  
20 year may be used for the operation and maintenance of  
21 aircraft, and the purchase of not to exceed four (for replace-  
22 ment only), uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized  
23 by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U. S. C.  
24 2131); the purchase, erection, and alteration of buildings  
25 and other public improvements, but the cost of any building

1 purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of  
2 constructing a water-supply or sanitary system and of con-  
3 necting the same with any such building, and exclusive of  
4 the cost of any tower upon which a lookout house may be  
5 erected, shall not exceed \$18,500 (\$22,500 in Alaska)  
6 with the exception that any building erected, purchased,  
7 or acquired, the cost of which was \$18,500 or more, may be  
8 improved out of the appropriations available to the Forest  
9 Service within any fiscal year by an amount not to exceed  
10 2 per centum of the cost of such building, and not to exceed  
11 \$250,000 of such appropriations may be used for the main-  
12 tenance, improvement, and construction of aircraft-landing  
13 fields in, or adjacent to the national forests, as follows:

14       National forest protection and management: For the  
15 administration, protection, use, maintenance, improvement,  
16 and development of the national forests, including the estab-  
17 lishment and maintenance of forest tree nurseries, including  
18 the procurement of tree seed and nursery stock by purchase,  
19 production, or otherwise, seeding and tree planting and the  
20 care of plantations and young growth; the maintenance of  
21 roads and trails and the construction and maintenance of  
22 all other improvements necessary for the proper and eco-  
23 nomical administration, protection, development, and use of  
24 the national forests, including experimental areas under For-  
25 est Service administration; the construction (not to exceed



1 \$18,500 for any one structure), equipment, and mainte-  
2 nance of sanitary and recreational facilities; timber cultural  
3 operations; development and application of fish and game  
4 management plans; propagation and transplanting of plants  
5 suitable for planting on semiarid portions of the national  
6 forests; estimating and appraising of timber and other re-  
7 sources and development and application of plans for their  
8 effective management, sale, and use; expenses of the National  
9 Forest Reservation Commission as authorized by section 14  
10 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U. S. C. 514) ; examina-  
11 tion, classification, surveying, and appraisal of land incident  
12 to effecting exchanges authorized by law and of lands within  
13 the boundaries of the national forests that may be opened  
14 to homestead settlement and entry under the Act of June 11,  
15 1906, and the Act of August 10, 1912 (16 U. S. C. 506-  
16 509) , as provided by the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U. S. C.  
17 512) ; investigation and establishment of water rights, in-  
18 cluding the purchase thereof or of lands or interests in lands  
19 or rights-of-way for use and protection of water rights neces-  
20 sary or beneficial in connection with the administration and  
21 public use of the national forests; not to exceed \$100,000 for  
22 the purchase of parcels of land and interests therein in Sanders  
23 County, Montana, but such land shall not be acquired with-  
24 out the approval of the local government concerned; and  
25 all expenses necessary for the use, maintenance, improve-

1 ment, protection, and general administration of the national  
2 forests, and for the management of lands under title III of  
3 the Act of July 22, 1937, and the Act of August 11, 1945  
4 (7 U. S. C. 1010-1012) ; \$41,668,000: *Provided*, That  
5 the Secretary may sell at market value any property located  
6 in Yalobusha, Chickasaw, and Pontotoc Counties, Mississippi,  
7 administered under title III of the Act of July 22, 1937, and  
8 suitable for return to private ownership under such terms and  
9 conditions as would not conflict with the purposes of said  
10 Act.

11       Fighting forest fires: For fighting and preventing forest  
12 fires on or threatening lands under Forest Service adminis-  
13 tration, including lands under contract for purchase or in  
14 process of condemnation for Forest Service purposes, and for  
15 liquidation of obligations incurred in the preceding fiscal  
16 year for such purpose, \$5,250,000, of which \$1,750,000 shall  
17 be apportioned for use, pursuant to section 3679 of the  
18 Revised Statutes, as amended, to the extent necessary to  
19 meet emergency conditions.

20       Control of forest pests: For the control of white pine  
21 blister rust pursuant to the Act of April 26, 1940 (16  
22 U. S. C. 594a) , including the development and testing of new  
23 control methods, \$2,734,000, of which \$355,000 shall be  
24 available to the Department of the Interior for the control  
25 of white pine blister rust on or endangering Federal lands

1 under the jurisdiction of that Department or lands of Indian  
2 tribes which are under the jurisdiction of or retained under  
3 restrictions of the United States; and for carrying out the  
4 Forest Pest Control Act (16 U. S. C. 594-1—594-5),  
5 \$2,386,000, of which \$1,751,000 shall be apportioned for  
6 use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as  
7 amended, for the purposes of said Act to the extent necessary  
8 under the then existing conditions; \$5,120,000.

9 Forest research: For forest research at forest or range  
10 experiment stations, the Forest Products Laboratory, or  
11 elsewhere, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2,  
12 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, and 10 of the Act approved May 22, 1928, as  
13 amended (16 U. S. C. 581, 581a-581c, 581f-581i), includ-  
14 ing the construction and maintenance of improvements; fire,  
15 silvicultural, watershed, forest insects and diseases, and other  
16 forest investigations and experiments; investigations and  
17 experiments to develop improved methods of management  
18 of forest and related ranges; experiments, investigations, and  
19 tests of forest products; marketing research and service on  
20 timber and timber products; a comprehensive forest survey;  
21 and investigations in forest economics; \$9,350,000: *Pro-*  
22 *vided*, That funds may be advanced to cooperators under



1 such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe when such  
2 action will stimulate or facilitate cooperative work.

### 3 FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

4 For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions  
5 of section 23 of the Federal Highway Act approved Novem-  
6 ber 9, 1921, as amended (23 U. S. C. 23, 23a), relating  
7 to forest development roads and trails, including the con-  
8 struction, reconstruction, and maintenance of roads and trails  
9 on experimental areas under Forest Service administration,  
10 \$24,000,000, which sum is authorized to be appropriated  
11 by the Act of May 6, 1954 (23 U. S. C. 23), to remain  
12 available until expended.

### 13 STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION

14 For expenses necessary for cooperation with the various  
15 States in forest-fire prevention and suppression, in forest tree  
16 planting on non-Federal public and private lands, and in  
17 forest management and processing, pursuant to the Act of  
18 August 25, 1950 (16 U. S. C. 568c, 568d), and sections  
19 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the Act of June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 564-  
20 567c), and Acts supplementary thereto; advising timberland  
21 owners, associations, and other appropriate agencies in the  
22 application of forest and management principles to federally

1 owned lands leased to States and to private forest lands, and  
2 advising wood-using industries in processing of forest prod-  
3 ucts, so as to attain sustained-yield management, the conser-  
4 vation of the timber resources, the productivity of forest  
5 lands, and the stabilization of employment and economic  
6 continuance of forest industries; \$11,385,000.

7 COOPERATIVE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

8 For artificial revegetation, construction, and main-  
9 tenance of range improvements, control of rodents, and  
10 eradication of poisonous and noxious plants on national  
11 forests as authorized by section 12 of the Act of April 24,  
12 1950 (16 U. S. C. 580h), \$700,000, to remain available  
13 until expended.

14 GENERAL PROVISIONS, FOREST SERVICE

15 SEC. 201. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law,  
16 the lump-sum appropriations and authorizations made for  
17 the Forest Service under this Act shall be available for the  
18 purchase, in addition to those specifically provided for, of  
19 not to exceed 133 passenger motor vehicles for replacement  
20 only, and for the hire of such vehicles, necessary in the con-  
21 duct of the work of the Forest Service outside the District  
22 of Columbia.

23 SEC. 202. Of appropriations herein made which are  
24 available for the purchase of lands, not to exceed \$1 may

1 be expended for each option to purchase any particular  
2 tract or tracts of land.

3 SEC. 203. Except to provide materials required in  
4 or incident to research or experimental work where no  
5 suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds  
6 appropriated to the Forest Service shall be expended in the  
7 purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or  
8 materials produced outside of the United States.

9 SEC. 204. No part of any appropriation to the Forest  
10 Service in this Act shall be used for publicity or propa-  
11 ganda purposes to support or defeat legislation pending  
12 before the Congress.

13 INDIAN CLAIMS COMMISSION

14 Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary to carry  
15 out the purposes of the Act of August 13, 1946 (25 U.  
16 S. C. 70), creating an Indian Claims Commission, \$124,-  
17 600, of which not to exceed \$3,975 shall be available for  
18 expenses of travel.

19 JAMESTOWN-WILLIAMSBURG-YORKTOWN CELEBRATION

20 COMMISSION

21 For expenses necessary to complete carrying out the  
22 provisions of the Act of August 13, 1953 (67 Stat. 576),  
23 including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act  
24 of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed



1 \$50 per diem for individuals; transportation and not to  
2 exceed \$20 per diem in lieu of subsistence for members  
3 of the Commission serving without compensation; and  
4 entertainment; \$115,000.

5 NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

6 Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses, as  
7 authorized by the National Capital Planning Act of 1952  
8 (66 Stat. 781), including services as authorized by section  
9 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; not to  
10 exceed \$175 for the purchase of newspapers and periodicals;  
11 not to exceed \$8,000 for expenses of travel; payment  
12 in advance for membership in societies whose publica-  
13 tions or services are available to members only or to mem-  
14 bers at a price lower than to the general public; and  
15 transportation and not to exceed \$15 per diem in lieu of  
16 subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of August  
17 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for members of the Commis-  
18 sion serving without compensation; \$185,000.

19 Land acquisition, National Capital park, parkway, and  
20 playground system: Under authority of the Act of May  
21 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, for necessary ex-  
22 penses for the National Capital Planning Commission for  
23 acquisition of land for the park, parkway, and playground  
24 system of the National Capital, to remain available until  
25 expended, \$1,250,000, of which (a) \$438,000 shall be

1 available for the purposes of section 1 (a) of said Act of  
2 May 29, 1930, (b) \$287,000 shall be available for the  
3 purposes of section 1 (b) thereof, and (c) \$525,000 shall  
4 be available for the purposes of section 4 thereof: *Provided*,  
5 That not exceeding \$67,500 of the funds available for land  
6 acquisition purposes shall be used during the current fiscal  
7 year for necessary expenses of the Commission (other than  
8 payments for land) in connection with land acquisition.

9 Salaries and expenses, Washington regional mass trans-  
10 portation survey: For necessary expenses to enable the Na-  
11 tional Capital Planning Commission and the National Capi-  
12 tal Regional Planning Council to jointly complete a survey  
13 of the present and future mass transportation needs of the  
14 National Capital region as defined in the National Capital  
15 Planning Act of 1952 (66 Stat. 781), and to report their  
16 findings and recommendations to the President, including  
17 transportation expenses and not to exceed \$15 per diem in  
18 lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of  
19 August 2, 1946, as amended (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for mem-  
20 bers of the Commission and Council serving without com-  
21 pensation, \$200,000: *Provided*, That the unobligated bal-  
22 ance of the appropriation of \$200,000 granted under this  
23 head for the fiscal years 1955 and 1956 shall remain avail-  
24 able during the current fiscal year and shall be merged with  
25 this appropriation (66 Stat. 781).

## 1                    SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

2            Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution: For all  
3 necessary expenses for the preservation, exhibition, and in-  
4 crease of collections from the surveying and exploring expe-  
5 ditions of the Government and from other sources; for the  
6 system of international exchanges between the United States  
7 and foreign countries; for anthropological researches among  
8 the American Indians and the natives of lands under the  
9 jurisdiction or protection of the United States, independently  
10 or in cooperation with State, educational, and scientific  
11 organizations in the United States, and the excavation and  
12 preservation of archeological remains; for maintenance of the  
13 Astrophysical Observatory and making necessary observa-  
14 tions in high altitudes; for the administration of the National  
15 Collection of Fine Arts; for the administration, construction,  
16 and maintenance of laboratory and other facilities on Barro  
17 Colorado Island, Canal Zone, under the provisions of the  
18 Act of July 2, 1940, as amended by the provisions of Reor-  
19 ganization Plan Numbered 3 of 1946; for the maintenance  
20 and administration of a national air museum as authorized  
21 by the Act of August 12, 1946 (20 U. S. C. 77) ; including  
22 not to exceed \$35,000 for services as authorized by section 15  
23 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; not to  
24 exceed \$38,725 for expenses of travel; purchase, repair,  
25 and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors;



1 repairs and alterations of buildings and approaches; and prep-  
2 aration of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations for publi-  
3 cations; \$4,400,000.

4 Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For the  
5 upkeep and operation of the National Gallery of Art, the  
6 protection and care of the works of art therein, and adminis-  
7 trative expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of  
8 March 24, 1937 (50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public  
9 resolution of April 13, 1939 (Public Resolution 9, Seventy-  
10 sixth Congress), including services as authorized by section  
11 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment  
12 in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery  
13 for membership in library, museum, and art associations or  
14 societies whose publications or services are available to mem-  
15 bers only, or to members at a price lower than to the general  
16 public; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards  
17 and elevator operators and uniforms, or allowances therefor  
18 for other employees as authorized by the Act of September  
19 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114 and 69 Stat. 49);  
20 purchase or rental of devices and services for protecting  
21 buildings and contents thereof, and maintenance and repair  
22 of buildings, approaches, and grounds; not to exceed \$2,400  
23 for expenses of travel; and not to exceed \$15,000 for restora-  
24 tion and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of  
25 Art by contracts made, without advertising, with individuals,

1 firms, or organizations at such rates or prices and under such  
2 terms and conditions as the Gallery may deem proper;  
3 \$1,495,000.

4 Museum of History and Technology: For necessary  
5 expenses of construction of a building for the Museum  
6 of History and Technology, as authorized by the  
7 Act of June 28, 1955 (69 Stat. 189), \$33,712,000, to  
8 remain available until expended.

9 FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION

10 For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of  
11 the Act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 694), \$10,000, to  
12 remain available until expended.

13 TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

14 GRANTS

15 For payment to the Virgin Islands Corporation in the  
16 form of grants as authorized by law, \$425,000.

17 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

18 During the current fiscal year the Virgin Islands Cor-  
19 poration is hereby authorized to make such expenditures,  
20 within the limits of funds available to it and in accord with  
21 law, and to make such contracts and commitments without  
22 regard to fiscal-year limitations as provided by section 104  
23 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended,  
24 as may be necessary in carrying out its programs as set  
25 forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1957: *Provided,*

1 That not to exceed \$160,000 shall be available for  
2 administrative expenses (to be computed on an accrual  
3 basis) of the Corporation, covering the categories set forth  
4 in the 1957 budget estimates for such expenses.

5 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

6 SEC. 401. Unless otherwise provided by law, appropri-  
7 ations contained in this Act available for expenses of travel  
8 shall be available, when specifically authorized by the head  
9 of the activity or establishment concerned, for expenses of  
10 attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the  
11 function or activity for which the appropriation concerned  
12 is made.

13 This Act may be cited as the “Department of the  
14 Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1957.”

Passed the House of Representatives February 21, 1956.

Attest:

RALPH R. ROBERTS,

*Clerk.*



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## AN ACT

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Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

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FEBRUARY 22, 1956

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued April 17, 1956  
For actions of April 16, 1956  
84th-2nd, No. 61

## CONTENTS

|                         |                           |                          |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Accounting.....9        | Farm program.....13,26    | Personnel.....12,18,39   |
| Adjournment.....23      | Flood control.....3,15,29 | Postal rates.....33      |
| Appropriations.....2,16 | Food inspection.....38    | Poultry.....40           |
| Audit report.....11     | Foreign trade.....21      | Public power.....19      |
| Budgeting.....9         | Forestry.....16           | Reclamation.....10,22,30 |
| Crop insurance.....11   | Fruit.....8               | Records.....7            |
| Dairy industry.....1    | Insect control.....32     | Surplus commodities      |
| Education.....34        | Lands, transfer.....6     | .....5,28,37             |
| .....14                 | public.....36             | Textiles.....27          |
| Farm credit.....35      | Livestock.....25          | Veto message.....1       |
| Farm income.....17      | Minimum wage.....24       | Water resources.....20   |
| Farm loans.....4        | Oranges.....8             | Wildlife.....31          |

HIGHLIGHTS: House received President's veto message on farm bill. Rep. Laird and others commended President's veto of farm bill. House sent supplemental appropriation bill to conference. House passed bill to regulate coloring of oranges. Several Senators commended and others criticized President's veto of farm bill. Senate debated bill to increase U. S. contributions to FAO. Senate committee reported bill providing construction of small flood-control projects. Sen. Kerr and 6 Reps. introduced, and Rep. Edmondson discussed, bills to control destructive aphids.

## HOUSE

1. FARM PROGRAM. Received the President's veto message on H. R. 12, the farm bill (H. Doc. 380). Majority Leader McCormack scheduled further consideration of the message for Wed., Apr. 18. p. 5686  
Rep. Laird commended the President's veto of H. R. 12, the farm bill, and cited the dairy industry's indebtedness to the President for his action. He inserted a letter to the President from Reps. Smith, Byrnes, Davis, Withrow, Van Pelt, and himself (all of Wis.) commending the President's action. p. 5727
2. APPROPRIATIONS. Conferees were appointed on H. R. 10004, the supplemental appropriation bill. p. 5679 Senate conferees were appointed on Apr. 12.
3. FLOOD CONTROL. Rep. Davis, Tenn., announced the schedule of consideration of certain flood control projects in hearings to be held by the Flood Control Subcommittee of the Public Works Committee. p. 5681
4. FARM LOANS. Rep. Keating inserted a letter from the Farmers Production Credit Association of Western New York supporting H. R. 10285, H. R. 10286, H. R. 10315, and S. 3564, all relating to production credit banks and associations. p. 5683

5. SURPLUS COMMODITIES. Rep. Hill noted with approval the increased disposal of farm surpluses by this Department to domestic and foreign programs. p. 5684
  6. LAND TRANSFER. Passed over, at the request of Rep. Aspinall, H. R. 6815, to provide for the orderly disposition of certain lands acquired under Title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act. p. 5688
  7. RECORDS. Passed over, at the request of Rep. Cunningham, S. 2364, to permit GSA to prescribe policies and principles (instead of merely developing standards, as provided in existing law) to be followed by Government departments and agencies in connection with records management, and to authorize GSA to direct and effect the transfer to the National Archives of any Federal records that have been in existence for over 50 years. p. 5688
  8. FRUITS. Passed as reported H. R. 7732, to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act so as to provide for the regulation of the use of coal tar coloring for the outside of certain oranges. p. 5696
  9. ACCOUNTING; BUDGETING. Both Houses received from this Department a report of the over-obligation of two allotments by the USDA; to the Appropriations Committees. pp. 5616, 5731
  10. RECLAMATION. Received from the Interior Department a report on the Little Wood River project, Ida. (H. Doc. 381); to the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee. p. 5731
  11. CROP INSURANCE. Received from the Comptroller General a report on the audit of the FCIC for the 1955 fiscal year (H. Doc. 382); to the Government Operations Committee. p. 5731
  12. PERSONNEL. Conferees were appointed on H. R. 5862, to confer jurisdiction upon the U. S. District Courts to adjudicate certain claims of Federal employees for the recovery of fees, salaries, or compensation. p. 5679
- SENATE
13. FARM PROGRAM. Several Senators commended and others criticized the President's veto of H. R. 12, the farm bill. pp. 5644, 45, 56, 62
  14. FAO. Began debate on S. J. Res. 97, which increased the ceiling on the U. S. annual contribution to FAO from \$2 million to \$3 million. Agreed to an amendment by Sen. Mansfield which provides that payments by the U. S. to the FAO and to the International Labor Organization shall not exceed  $33\frac{1}{2}$  percent of the total assessed budget of those organizations. pp. 5645, 63
  15. FLOOD CONTROL. The Public Works Committee reported without amendment S. 3272, to increase and make certain revisions in the general authorization for small flood-control projects. (S. Rept. 1732). p. 5625
  16. APPROPRIATIONS. The Appropriations Committee was authorized to file its report on H. R. 9390, the Interior Department appropriation bill, during recess of the Senate on Tues. (p. 5645). The subcommittee reported this bill to the full Committee (p. D340).







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued April 18, 1956  
For actions of April 17, 1956  
84th-2nd, No. 62

## CONTENTS

|                            |                      |                       |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Appropriations.....1       | Forest service.....1 | Reclamation.....4     |
| Atomic energy.....15       | Fruits.....17        | Small business.....10 |
| Banking and currency.....6 | Grain storage.....5  | Soil bank.....14      |
| Dairy industry.....12      | Housing.....16       | Vehicles.....13       |
| Family farm.....7          | Meat imports.....3   | Watersheds.....4      |
| Farm program.....2,8       | Personnel.....13     | Wheat.....19          |
| Flood control.....4        | Postal rates.....9   | Wildlife.....18       |
| Foreign aid.....11         |                      |                       |

HIGHLIGHTS: Rep. Poage and various others debated merits of farm bill veto. House received from this Department draft legislation amending Watershed and Flood Prevention Act. House committee ordered reported bill extending amortization provisions for grain storage facilities. Senate committee reported Interior appropriation bill. Rep. Simpson, Ill., introduced soil bank bill.

## SENATE

1. INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL FOR 1957. The Appropriations Committee reported this bill, H. R. 9390, which includes items for the Forest Service. Attached to this Digest is a statement relating to the Forest Service items.

Excerpts from committee report relating to Forest Service:

### "SALARIES AND EXPENSES, NATIONAL FOREST PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT

"The committee recommends an allowance of \$46,063,500 for "Salaries and expenses, national forest protection management."

"The program presented in the justifications submitted in support of the budget estimate is approved; and the committee recommends the following increases (increases above the Budget and House Bill):

"Range resource management, \$500,000. - It has come to the committee's attention that there are 6,500 range-management units lacking inventories and management plans. This increase of \$500,000 over the budget estimate of \$1,110,400 will allow the Forest Service to set up a program to complete this work in 10 to 12 years. At the rate proposed in the budget it would take approximately 20 years to complete the project.

"Wildlife resource management 270,000. - The budget estimate includes \$230,000 for this activity. The committee recommends the allowance of \$500,000 - an increase of \$270,000. This increase will strengthen this program, and is to be applied in the national forests throughout the Nation.

"Soil and water management, \$250,000. - The committee recommends the allowance of \$600,000 for this activity, an increase of \$250,000 over the budget estimate. This work involves the rehabilitation of badly eroded areas within the national forests. There are 2,025,000 acres that need attention under this program.

"Sanitation and care of public campgrounds, \$1,805,500. - The budget estimate includes \$2,195,000 for the operation and development of the public use areas in the national forests. The committee recommends the allowance of \$4 million, an increase of \$1,805,500.

"The committee has recommended funds to initiate a long-range program for the improvements of the national parks. It is the view of the committee that the Forest Service should present a program of this nature, and that funds to implement such a program should be submitted to the Bureau of the Budget for consideration in the budget for fiscal year 1958.

"Forest fire protection, \$450,000. - The committee recommends an increase of \$450,000 to provide for additional fire protection on the national forest in southern California.

"Reforestation, \$620,000. - The budget estimate includes \$1,130,000 for the reforestation of areas in the national forests. The committee recommends an increase of \$620,000.

"There is a backlog of 4,000,000 acres of national forest lands that need attention under this program. The committee was advised that no progress has been made toward decreasing this backlog because, 'the present planting program is insufficient to show any progress on this backlog because the acreage burned, each year which requires planting, exceeds the area planted.' The committee hopes that the budgets for fiscal year 1958 and following years will provide adequate funds to carry out a reforestation program commensurate with the needs for a sound management program.

"Of the increase recommended \$100,000 is for reforestation work in the Chippewa and Superior National Forests. In carrying out this work it is the recommendation of the committee that Indian labor be used.

"Range revegetation, \$500,000. - The budget estimate includes \$715,000 for this activity. The committee recommends an increase of \$500,000. The committee was advised that there is now a backlog of 3,500,000 acres of rangeland that need to be reseeded.



"SALARIES AND EXPENSES, FOREST RESEARCH.

"The committee recommends an appropriation of \$10,650,000 for 'Salaries and expenses, forest research,' an increase of \$1,300,000 over the budget estimate.

"Within the sum recommended \$1,584,828 - the budget estimate - is for the operation of the Forests Products Laboratory at Madison, Wis. The sum recommended for this purpose is an increase of \$468,000 over the amount available for the current fiscal year, and \$300,000 over the amount allowed by the House for fiscal year 1957.

"The program presented in the justifications in support of the budget estimate is approved, and the following increases are recommended:

|                                 |           |
|---------------------------------|-----------|
| Forest management research..... | \$275,000 |
| Forest protection research..... | 25,000    |

"These increases were recommended by the House. In addition the committee recommends an increase of \$1 million to strengthen forestry research throughout the country.

"The committee received numerous requests for funds for additional research projects and does not feel that it can allow all such requests. Therefore, the committee requests the Chief of the Forest Service to review the hearings of the committee and allocate funds from the increase recommended by the committee to those projects that he feels have merit, and will fit into the research program of the Forest Service.

"ACQUISITION OF LANDS, WEEKS ACT

"The committee recommends the allowance of \$100,000 for the acquisition of lands under the Weeks Act.

"These funds are to be used to acquire scattered tracts of privately owned lands within the boundaries of National Forests that are presenting problems in the administration, management and protection of the National Forests.

"ACQUISITION OF LANDS, SPECIAL ACTS

"The committee recommends the use of \$10,000 of the receipts from the Cache National Forest for the acquisition of watershed lands within the forest under the terms of the act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 347).

"STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION"

"The committee recommends an appropriation of \$15,165,000 for the State and private forestry cooperation program of the National Forest Service. This is an increase of \$3,780,000 over the budget estimate.

"The committee was impressed with the presentation by the Association of State Foresters and at their requests recommend the following allowances:

|                                                      |              |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| "Cooperation in forest-fire control.....             | \$13,000,000 |
| (Increase of                                         | 2,975,000)   |
| Cooperation in forest tree planting.....             | 1,000,000    |
| (Increase of                                         | 495,000)     |
| Cooperation in forest management and processing..... | 1,000,000    |
| (Increase of                                         | 310,000)     |
| General forestry assistance.....                     | 165,000      |

"In allocating the increases recommended by the committee adequate provision shall be made for any State that is not now participating in the programs.

"In recommending increases for the cooperative programs the committee has taken into consideration the following problems that point out the lack of a sound management program on the State and private forestry lands -

1. There are 49,000,000 acres of State and private forest lands without any type of organized fire protection.
2. The present demand for tree seedlings now exceeds the supply in many States.
3. The lack of adequate technical personnel to advise the small woodland owner as to proper timber management practices. This program is carried on by the States through their farm foresters, and is the key to sound management of the small farm tracts.

#### "WORKING CAPITAL FUND

"The committee considered the request for the establishment of a working capital fund for the Forest Service. The committee recommends that this request be disallowed.

"It is the view of the committee that this problem has to be considered on a governmentwide basis, rather than individual requests of various agencies."

#### HOUSE

2. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Poage and various others criticized the President's veto of H. R. 12, the farm bill, as denying increased income to the farmers. Rep. Laird and various others commended the veto action, as protecting the Wisconsin dairy farmer against a possible income depression. p. 5739
3. MEAT IMPORTS. Rep. Scrivner suggested that the Democratic party in Congress has failed to provide legislation to prohibit the importation of certain meat products from Communist "satellites". p. 5735  
Rep. Hays, O., suggested that the Administration has sufficient authority at present to prohibit such imports. p. 5736
4. WATERSHEDS; FLOOD CONTROL. Received from this Department draft legislation amending the Watershed Development and Flood Prevention Act, to the Agriculture Committee. The recommended draft bill would revise the definition of improvement as contained in Section 2(1) of the Act to include in addition to flood prevention, "associated measures for the conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water"; would provide that the Federal Government shall not bear, under the provisions of the Act, that part of the con-



## Forest Service

the appropriation structure proposed in the 1957 Senate Committee Bill.]

-7-



- a/ Includes \$300,000 appropriated in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.
- b/ Includes \$1,750,000 contingency for use only to the extent necessary to meet emergency forest fire situations.
- c/ Includes contingency fund for use to the extent necessary for control activities under the Forest Pest Control Act as follows: 1956, \$3,137,500; 1957 Budget Estimate and House and Senate Committee Bills, \$1,751,000.
- d/ In addition, prior-year balances available.

# Calendar No. 1780

|                                 |        |                         |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| 84TH CONGRESS }<br>2d Session } | SENATE | {<br>REPORT<br>No. 1761 |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|

## INTERIOR DEPARTMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1957

APRIL 17, 1956.—Filed under authority of the Senate of APRIL 16 (legislative day, APRIL 9), 1956, and ordered to be printed

MR. HAYDEN, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted  
the following

### R E P O R T

[To accompany H. R. 9390]

The Committee on Appropriations, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, report the same to the Senate with various amendments and present herewith information relative to the changes made:

|                                                |                 |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Amount of the bill as passed by the House..... | \$415, 963, 200 |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|

|                                        |              |
|----------------------------------------|--------------|
| Amount added by the Senate (net) ..... | 17, 888, 200 |
|----------------------------------------|--------------|

|                                                  |               |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Total of the bill as reported to the Senate..... | 433, 851, 400 |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------|

|                                            |               |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Amount of budget estimates considered..... | 435, 142, 300 |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------|

|                                                                                                                                                                                         |               |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Amount of 1956 appropriations, including the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956; and \$9,349,200 for increased pay costs pending in the 2d supplemental appropriation bill, 1956..... | 346, 244, 827 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|

The bill as reported to the Senate:

|                                 |             |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Under the budget estimates..... | 1, 290, 900 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|

|                                               |              |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Over appropriations for fiscal year 1956..... | 87, 606, 573 |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|

## SUMMARY OF THE BILL

The committee considered budget estimates totaling \$435,142,300 for the agencies of the Department of the Interior, exclusive of the Southeastern Power Administration, the Southwestern Power Administration, the Bonneville Power Administration, and the Bureau of Reclamation; and the following related agencies:

Fine Arts Commission  
 Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review  
 Department of Agriculture—Forest Service  
 Indian Claims Commission  
 Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Commission  
 National Capital Planning Commission  
 Smithsonian Institution  
 National Gallery of Art  
 Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission  
 Woodrow Wilson Centennial Celebration Commission  
 Virgin Islands Corporation

The estimates considered include \$8,350,000 submitted in House Document No. 326, \$35,000 submitted in House Document No. 343, and \$48,500 submitted in Senate Document No. 108. Excluded from the estimates is \$39,400 for the operation of the Squaw Butte Experiment Station that is to be transferred from the Bureau of Land Management to the Department of Agriculture.

The committee recommends appropriations for these agencies totaling \$433,581,400. The action of the committee on each appropriation is explained under the appropriate heading in this report.

## TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

## RESEARCH IN THE UTILIZATION OF SALINE WATER

|                               |            |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956_____      | \$400, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957_____    | 600, 000   |
| House allowance_____          | 550, 000   |
| Committee recommendation_____ | 550, 000   |

The committee recommends that the Senate concur in the House allowance of \$550,000 for the saline water research program. This is a reduction of \$50,000 below budget estimate. Inasmuch as the pending second supplemental appropriation bill for fiscal year 1956 includes \$200,000 for this program it is the view of the committee that the reduction of \$50,000 will not have any adverse effect on the program.

The reduction of \$50,000 is not to be applied to any specific activity under the program, and it is the opinion of the committee that the Secretary should maintain a competent staff to administer the various research contracts.



## OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

|                                         |            |
|-----------------------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----                | \$390, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs----- | 15, 600    |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956----- | 405, 600   |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----              | 413, 800   |
| House allowance-----                    | 413, 800   |
| Committee recommendation-----           | 413, 800   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$413,800 for the Office of Oil and Gas.

This office provides coordination and advice to the Federal Government on all phases of petroleum and gas, and is responsible for the enforcement of the Connally Hot Oil Act.

## OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

|                                         |               |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----                | \$2, 525, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs----- | 165, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956----- | 2, 690, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----              | 2, 817, 000   |
| House allowance-----                    | 2, 800, 000   |
| Committee recommendation-----           | 2, 835, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of \$2,835,000 for the expenses of the Office of the Solicitor. The House allowed \$2,800,000 for this purpose, a reduction of \$17,000 below the budget estimate.

The increase of \$35,000 recommended by the committee is to enable the Solicitor to revise the Handbook of Indian Federal Law. The revision of this book was requested by the Indian Affairs Subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs. Funds are recommended for the revision and printing of the book to be distributed under instructions from the Appropriations Committees of the House and Senate and the Committees on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House and Senate.

## OFFICE OF MINERALS MOBILIZATION

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

|                               |            |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----      | \$225, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----    | 308, 000   |
| House allowance-----          | 300, 000   |
| Committee recommendation----- | 225, 000   |

The committee recommends an appropriation of \$225,000 for the Office of Minerals Mobilization, the same amount as provided for the current fiscal year.

It is the view of the committee that the presentation made by the Office of Minerals Mobilization did not justify the increase requested in the budget estimate.

## BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

## MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

|                                         |                           |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$13, 700, 000            |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 581, 700                  |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 14, 281, 700              |
| Budget estimate, 1957 (adjusted).....   | <sup>1</sup> 18, 738, 600 |
| House allowance.....                    | 18, 000, 000              |
| Committee recommendation.....           | 18, 738, 600              |

<sup>1</sup> Excludes \$39,400 for the operation of the Squaw Butte Experiment Station. This facility is being transferred to the Department of Agriculture, and funds will be carried in the Department of Agriculture appropriation bill for its operation.

The committee recommends the allowance of the adjusted budget estimate of \$18,738,600 for the management of lands and resources under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management. This is an increase of \$738,600 over the House allowance.

It is the view of the committee that the increase is needed to allow the bureau to properly administer the 468 million acres of public lands in the United States and Alaska and to carry out its responsibilities for mineral resources on 358 million acres of land under the jurisdiction of other Federal agencies.

It should be noted that the estimated receipts of the Bureau of Land Management for fiscal year 1957 is \$236 million, of which \$38 million will be paid to States and counties.

The committee has no objection to the proposed transfer of the Squaw Butte Experiment Station to the Department of Agriculture, provided that no Federal employee at the station shall be adversely affected by such a transfer.

## CONSTRUCTION

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$2, 300, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 4, 500, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 4, 500, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 4, 500, 000   |

The committee recommends that the Senate concur in the House allowance of \$4,500,000—the budget estimate—for construction by the Bureau of Land Management.

Of the total \$4,460,000 is for the construction of timber access roads on the Oregon and California grant lands. The pending second supplemental appropriation bill for 1956 includes an additional \$2 million for this purpose. The committee wishes to make it clear that under language in the bill the total amount appropriated for the construction and operation and maintenance of this access road system is reimbursed from the receipts from the sale of timber that would otherwise be paid to the counties.

The balance of the estimate, \$40,000, is for the construction of buildings in Alaska needed in the Bureau's program there.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The committee recommends the granting of authority to purchase 31 passenger motor vehicles for replacement, the number recommended by the Bureau of the Budget. The House granted authority for the replacement of only 25.

## BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

## EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

|                                         |                |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$41, 764, 995 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 1, 350, 000    |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 43, 114, 995   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | 50, 700, 000   |
| House allowance.....                    | 50, 700, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....           | 50, 720, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of \$50,720,000 for the education and welfare services of the Bureau of Indian Affairs. The increase of \$20,000 over the budget estimate is for higher education. It is the intent of the committee that the total increase shall be used for the purpose of aiding deserving Indians attending school above the high-school level.

The following tabulation sets out the distribution to the activities within the appropriation:

| Activities                                               | Adjusted appropriation | Budget estimate, 1957; and House allowance | Committee recommendation |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Educational assistance, facilities, and services..... | \$37, 888, 395         | \$42, 600, 000                             | \$42, 620, 000           |
| 2. Welfare and guidance services.....                    | 3, 790, 500            | 3, 792, 000                                | 3, 792, 000              |
| 3. Relocation services.....                              | 1, 016, 400            | 3, 472, 000                                | 3, 472, 000              |
| 4. Maintaining law and order.....                        | 419, 700               | 836, 000                                   | 836, 000                 |
| Total.....                                               | 43, 114, 995           | 50, 700, 000                               | 50, 720, 000             |

It is the view of the committee that in administering the education program of the Bureau of Indian Affairs emphasis should be given to vocational training at the earliest possible age.

## RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

|                                         |                             |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | <sup>1</sup> \$12, 432, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 450, 000                    |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | <sup>1</sup> 12, 882, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | <sup>2</sup> 16, 100, 000   |
| House allowance.....                    | <sup>3</sup> 16, 000, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....           | <sup>3</sup> 16, 200, 000   |

<sup>1</sup> And the use of \$200,000 from the "Revolving fund for loans" was authorized.

<sup>2</sup> And the use of \$250,000 from the "Revolving fund for loans."

<sup>3</sup> And the use of \$350,000 from the "Revolving fund for loans."

The committee recommends the allowance of an appropriation of \$16,200,000 and, in addition, the use of \$350,000 from the "Revolving fund for loans" for the management of resources under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

The budget estimate has been approved, and the following increases recommended:

*Soil and moisture conservation, \$100,000.*—The House approved this increase. Many thousand acres of Indian lands need attention under this program in order that these lands may become more productive.

*Weed control, \$100,000.*—The committee recommends an increase of \$100,000 for the control of noxious weeds on Indian lands. This increase is to provide funds for the control of noxious weeds on Indian



lands in areas where local weed-control programs are being undertaken. It has been brought to the attention of the committee that some of the local programs have been threatened as the result of the lack of weed control on Indian lands.

It is the view of the committee that the provision in leases of Indian lands should be strengthened to assure compliance with weed-control laws by the lessor of such lands.

#### CONSTRUCTION

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$7, 979, 003 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 7, 500, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 4, 000, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 7, 740, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of \$7,740,000 for the construction program of the Bureau of Indian Affairs. The amount recommended is an increase of \$3,740,000 over the House allowance, and an increase of \$240,000 over the budget estimate.

The construction program presented in the justifications is approved and an additional \$240,000 is recommended for the construction of additional school facilities at Santo Domingo Pueblo, N. Mex.

The House committee approved the construction program presented in the justifications submitted in support of the budget estimate. However, the committee recommended only \$4,000,000 for this program on the assumption that there would be "unobligated funds" available at the end of the current fiscal year that could be used to finance the projects in the 1957 program. The committee has been advised by the Department that there will be approximately \$3,500,000 unobligated at the end of the current fiscal year, but all of this amount is allocated to projects approved by the Congress in the appropriation act for the current year, and previous years; and that the full amount will be required to continue construction of these approved projects. Therefore, the committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate.

#### ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$7, 000, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 11, 500, 000  |
| House allowance.....          | 11, 500, 000  |
| Committee recommendation..... | 11, 500, 000  |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$11,500,000 for the liquidation of contract authority granted in the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1954 for the construction and maintenance of Indian roads and trails.

Of the total amount available \$2,220,000 will be required for the maintenance of the existing road system leaving the balance of \$9,280,000 to meet contractors' earnings and other costs.

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

|                                         |               |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$2, 600, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 150, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 2, 750, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | 3, 190, 000   |
| House allowance.....                    | 3, 190, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....           | 3, 190, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$3,190,000 for general administrative expenses of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

In addition to this appropriation other funds are made available for certain common service activities from other appropriations to the Bureau.

#### DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS OF THE CREEK INDIANS

|                               |            |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Budget estimate, 1957-----    | \$200, 000 |
| House allowance-----          | 200, 000   |
| Committee recommendation----- | 200, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$200,000 for the expenses necessary for the distribution of funds in the Treasury to the credit of the Creek Indians. This appropriation was authorized by the act of August 1, 1955 (69 Stat. 431).

The distribution of these funds will permit the Indians to derive some benefit from their money, and it will also stop the accrual of interest on money held by the Government to the credit of the Indians.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The committee recommends the granting of authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs to purchase 290 passenger vehicles, of which 270 shall be replacements. This is the number recommended by the Bureau of the Budget. The House approved the purchase of 270, of which 250 were to be replacements.

#### TRIBAL FUNDS

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----      | \$3, 300, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----    | 3, 000, 000   |
| House allowance-----          | 3, 000, 000   |
| Committee recommendation----- | 3, 000, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$3,000,000 to be appropriated from the funds deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the various Indian tribes.

#### GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

##### SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

|                                         |                |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----                | \$26, 635, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs----- | 1, 405, 000    |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956----- | 28, 040, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----              | 31, 602, 000   |
| House allowance-----                    | 31, 602, 000   |
| Committee recommendation-----           | 31, 602, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$31,602,000 for surveys, investigations, and research by the Geological Survey.

Within the amount recommended there is \$5,070,000 that is available only for the State cooperative water resources investigations program. The committee has been advised that this amount is sufficient to match the State contributions to this very important program.

Of the increase recommended over the appropriation for the current fiscal year, \$1,895,000 is for implementing the President's national minerals policy.

The committee is pleased to learn that the proposal for the new Geological Survey building in the metropolitan area of Washington, D. C., has been submitted to the Public Works Committees of the Congress for approval under the terms of the Lease Purchase Act (Public Law 519, 83d Cong.). However, it has come to the committee's attention that complications have developed in the acquisition of the site for this building. Therefore, the committee recommends the inclusion of a provision in the bill to expedite the acquiring of the site.

### BUREAU OF MINES

#### CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

|                                         |                |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$14, 093, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 650, 000       |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 14, 743, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | 17, 363, 000   |
| House allowance.....                    | 15, 363, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....           | 17, 363, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$17,363,000 for the conservation and development program of the Bureau of Mines. This amount is an increase of \$2,000,000 over the sum of \$15,363,000 allowed by the House.

Of the House reduction of \$2,000,000 a major portion—\$1,200,500—was applied to the "shale-to-oil" research program. While it is true that tremendous progress has been made in this field in recent years, it is the view of the committee that the program has not advanced to the point where it would be in the interest of the Federal Government to curtail its activities in this field.

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY

|                                         |               |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$5, 000, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 305, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 5, 305, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | 5, 304, 300   |
| House allowance.....                    | 5, 304, 300   |
| Committee recommendation.....           | 5, 304, 300   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$5,304,300 for the health and safety activities of the Bureau of Mines.

The funds recommended are for the following purposes:

|                                                     |             |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Investigation of accidents and rescue work.....     | \$898, 000  |
| Mine inspections and investigations.....            | 3, 874, 300 |
| Explosives and explosions testing and research..... | 532, 000    |

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

|                                         |             |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$970, 000  |
| Pending Supplemental for pay costs..... | 60, 000     |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 1, 030, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | 1, 030, 000 |
| House allowance.....                    | 1, 030, 000 |
| Committee recommendation.....           | 1, 030, 000 |



The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$1,030,000 for the general administrative expenses of the Bureau of Mines.

These funds finance the operation of the Washington office and the five regional offices of the Bureau. In addition to this appropriation charges are made against other funds available to the Bureau for common services of this nature.

## NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

|                                         |               |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$9, 825, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 618, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 10, 443, 000  |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | 11, 480, 000  |
| House allowance.....                    | 11, 480, 000  |
| Committee recommendation.....           | 11, 537, 000  |

The committee recommends the allowance of \$11,537,000 for the management and protection of areas under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service.

With the funds provided the National Park Service will administer the following new areas:

City of Refuge National Historical Park, T. H.  
 Devils Postpile National Monument, Calif.  
 Edison Laboratory National Monument, N. J.  
 Fort Caroline National Memorial, Fla.  
 Fort Union National Monument, N. Mex.  
 Virgin Islands National Historic Site, V. I.

The increase of \$57,000 over the budget estimate is for the following activities:

1. Additional archeological investigations in Federal reservoir sites, \$25,000; and
2. Archeological investigations in the Arkansas Post area, \$32,000.

### MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES

|                                         |               |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$8, 950, 000 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 144, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 9, 094, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | 10, 158, 000  |
| House allowance.....                    | 10, 158, 000  |
| Committee recommendation.....           | 10, 158, 000  |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$10,158,000 for the maintenance and rehabilitation of facilities under the jurisdiction of the Park Service.

Of the total estimate, \$4,503,900 is for the maintenance of roads and trails and the balance of \$5,654,100 is for the maintenance and rehabilitation of buildings and utilities.

## CONSTRUCTION

|                               |                           |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----      | \$5, 425, 000             |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----    | <sup>1</sup> 13, 550, 000 |
| House allowance-----          | 15, 000, 000              |
| Committee recommendation----- | 15, 250, 000              |

<sup>1</sup> Includes \$8,350,000 submitted in H. Doc. 326.

The committee recommends the allowance of \$15,250,000 for the construction program of the Park Service, an increase of \$250,000 over the House allowance.

The budget estimate of \$13,550,000 includes \$8,350,000 submitted in House Document No. 326 to initiate the long-range program of improvements in the areas administered by the National Park Service.

The committee approves the program presented in the justifications submitted in support of the budget estimates. In addition the following projects are to be included in the program:

*Grand Canyon National Park, \$250,000.*—The committee recommends the inclusion of \$250,000 for the construction of additional school facilities at the Grand Canyon National Park. The present facilities are not adequate for the present enrollment, especially in the high-school grades. The committee has been advised by officials of the State of Arizona and the local school district that the cost of operation and maintenance of the additional facilities will be assumed by the school district.

*Cumberland Gap National Historical Park, \$100,000.*—The committee recommends the allowance of \$100,000 for the construction of needed facilities at the Cumberland Gap national historical area.

*Yellowstone National Park, \$52,400.*—The committee has been advised that an additional allowance of \$52,400 will allow the Park Service to complete utilities that are needed to serve new facilities being constructed by a concessioner.

*Rocky Mountain National Park, Hidden Valley area, \$15,000.*—The committee recommends the allowance of \$15,000 for the construction of additional facilities at the Hidden Valley area in the Rocky Mountain National Park.

*Badlands National Monument, \$44,500.*—The committee recommends an allowance of \$44,500 for the construction of additional facilities in the Badlands National Monument in South Dakota.

*Carlsbad Caverns National Park, \$78,480.*—In the appropriation act for 1955, \$250,000 was provided for the construction of a public use building at the Carlsbad Caverns National Park. The committee has been advised that the Park Service has not been successful in obtaining a contract for the building within the sum specified. Therefore, the committee recommends an additional \$78,400 in order that this building may be completed.

CONSTRUCTION (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (ROADS  
AND TRAILS, AND PARKWAYS)

|                               |                |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----      | \$19, 654, 300 |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----    | 29, 800, 000   |
| House allowance-----          | 29, 800, 000   |
| Committee recommendation----- | 29, 800, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$29,800,000 for the liquidation of contract authority granted in the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1954 for the construction of roads and trails and parkways.

The new contract authority for fiscal year 1957 is as follows:

|                          |                |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Roads and trails-----    | \$12, 500, 000 |
| Parkways-----            | 11, 000, 000   |
| Total authorization----- | 23, 500, 000   |

The following projects are to be included in the road-and-trails program for fiscal year 1957:

|                                                                       |            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| Cumberland Gap National Historical Park, additional roads and trails_ | \$150, 000 |
| Vicksburg National Military Park, additional roads and trails-----    | 100, 000   |
| Badlands National Monument, additional roads and trails-----          | 35, 000    |

#### JONES POINT BRIDGE

|                               |                |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----      | (1)            |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----    | \$13, 825, 000 |
| House allowance-----          | None           |
| Committee recommendation----- | None           |

<sup>1</sup> \$500,000 pending in the 2d supplemental appropriation bill.

The committee recommends that the budget estimate of \$13,825,000 for the construction of the Jones Point Bridge be disallowed. It is the view of the committee that the responsibility for the construction of this bridge should be transferred from the Secretary of the Interior to the Secretary of Commerce, and calls the attention of the Senate to the pending legislation (H. R. 7228) to accomplish this purpose.

It is the hope of the committee that the pending legislation will be enacted into law in the immediate future, at which time the committee will again consider this estimate, either in the Department of Commerce and related agencies appropriation bill, or the supplemental appropriation bill for 1957.

The action of the committee should not be considered as a disallowance of funds on the merits of the project, but rather a postponement of the allowance of funds until this matter of construction responsibility is definitely disposed of.

The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Subcommittee recommended the allowance of the funds for the construction of the bridge, and is convinced that construction should proceed at an early date. The subcommittee will repeat its recommendation for the allowance of construction funds to any subcommittee that considers funds for this purpose.

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

|                                             |               |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----                    | \$1, 175, 000 |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs----- | 75, 000       |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956-----     | 1, 250, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----                  | 1, 250, 000   |
| House allowance-----                        | 1, 250, 000   |
| Committee recommendation-----               | 1, 250, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$1,250,000 for the general administrative expenses of the National Park Service.

These funds finance the operation of the Washington office and the five regional offices of the Park Service.



## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The committee recommends the inclusion of a provision to authorize the use of receipts to defray expenses of the operation of the Mount McKinley Park Hotel in the Mount McKinley National Park in Alaska.

It is estimated that the operation of the hotel will result in a net loss of \$20,300, and this sum has been provided under the "Management and protection" appropriation.

The committee desires to make it clear that it recommends this type of operation for only 1 year. The Secretary is expected to make every effort to place this facility under a concession contract.

## FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

## MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES

|                                         |                           |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                | \$6, 728, 500             |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs..... | 280, 000                  |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956..... | 7, 008, 500               |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....              | 9, 696, 000               |
| House allowance.....                    | 9, 696, 000               |
| Committee recommendation.....           | <sup>1</sup> 10, 373, 600 |

<sup>1</sup> And the use of \$172,400 of available funds.

The committee recommends a total program of \$10,546,000 to be financed as follows:

|                             |                |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Appropriation.....          | \$10, 373, 600 |
| Use of available funds..... | 172, 400       |
| Total program.....          | 10, 546, 000   |

The program presented in the justifications submitted in support of the budget estimate is approved, and funds are provided for the following increases:

*Propagation and distribution of food fishes, \$100,000.*—The committee recommends the allowance of \$100,000 for expanded operation at existing fish hatcheries. In allocating these funds the Department should take into consideration those areas where the demand for fish is the greatest.

*Control of predatory animals and injurious rodents, \$750,000.*—The budget includes \$1,009,500 for this purpose. The House allowed \$1,259,500, and the committee recommends the allowance of \$1,759,500. This program is conducted under cooperative agreements with the Federal land-management agencies, the Public Health Service, State agencies, farm and livestock associations, and individuals. During the current year the contributions of the cooperative agencies, other than Federal agencies, amount to \$3.20 for every Federal dollar in the program.

In view of the immensity of the problem involved and the increased interest and financial contributions of the cooperating agencies, it is the view of the committee that the increase recommended is fully justified. Over a period of years the cost of this program has greatly increased, while appropriations for this purpose have not increased accordingly.

To carry out the accelerated program 20 passenger vehicles will be required, and authority to purchase these has been granted.

## INVESTIGATION OF RESOURCES

|                                             |               |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                    | \$4, 917, 000 |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs..... | 185, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956.....     | 5, 102, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....                  | 5, 065, 000   |
| House allowance.....                        | 5, 065, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....               | 5, 105, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of \$5,105,000 for the investigations program of the Fish and Wildlife Service.

The increase of \$40,000 over the budget estimate is for Great Lakes fishery research to assure the operation of the research vessel *Cisco*. The committee has been advised that the actual operation of the facilities to control sea lampreys will be under the Great Lakes Fishery Commission that was created under the treaty with Canada on this matter. However, it is the view of the committee that a limited-research program should continue.

In addition to this appropriation, \$3,000,000 will be available for research under the Saltonstall-Kennedy Act.

#### CONSTRUCTION

|                          |               |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956      | \$1, 750, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957    | 2, 200, 000   |
| House allowance          | 2, 200, 000   |
| Committee recommendation | 2, 471, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance \$2,471,000 for the construction program of the Fish and Wildlife Service. The program presented in the budget justifications is approved and funds are recommended for the following increases:

*Williams Creek (McNary), Ariz., fish hatchery, \$108,000.*—The budget estimate includes \$20,000 to construct a new concrete raceway at this facility. The total cost for completing all raceways is \$128,000. The committee recommends an increase of \$108,000 in order that the raceways can be completed in the coming fiscal year.

*Welaka, Fla., fish hatchery, \$40,000.*—The budget estimate includes \$30,000 to improve the rearing ponds at this facility. The committee recommends an increase of \$40,000 to complete the improvement and to install drainage facilities.

*Marion, Ala., fish hatchery, \$50,000.*—The committee recommends the allowance of \$50,000 to initiate the rehabilitation of the fish hatchery at Marion, Ala.

*Creston, Mont., fish hatchery, \$18,000.*—The committee recommends the allowance of \$18,000 for the construction of additional concrete raceways at the Creston, Mont., fish hatchery.

*Gavins Point (Missouri River Basin), fish hatchery, \$30,000.*—The committee recommends the allowance of \$30,000 for preliminary engineering, specifications and construction of access roads for a warm-water fish hatchery to meet the needs of the Federal reservoirs in the Missouri River Basin project.

*Hagerman, Idaho, fish hatchery, \$25,000.*—The committee recommends the allowance of \$25,000 for the construction of additional concrete raceways at the Hagerman, Idaho, fish hatchery.

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

|                                    |            |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956                | \$760, 000 |
| Pending Supplemental for pay costs | 50, 000    |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956 | 810, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957              | 852, 500   |
| House allowance                    | 852, 500   |
| Committee recommendation           | 852, 500   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$852,500 for the general administrative expenses of the Fish and Wildlife Service.

These funds finance the operation of the Washington headquarters and the regional offices. And in addition funds are available from permanent appropriations for this purpose.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The committee recommends that authority be granted to allow the Fish and Wildlife Service to purchase 131 passenger vehicles, of which 97 shall be replacements. The number recommended is an increase of 20 over the number recommended by the budget, and are required to implement the increased program recommended for the control of predatory animals and injurious rodents.

## OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

## ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$2, 609, 500 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 2, 803, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 2, 803, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 2, 803, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$2,803,000 for the administration of Territories. These funds provide for the departmental headquarters of the Office of Territories, and expenses in support of the governments of Alaska, Hawaii, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

The increase of \$193,500 is primarily for the expenses of the biennial Legislatures of Alaska and Hawaii, and increased cost for the care of the mentally ill in Alaska.

## TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

|                                                           |               |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                                  | \$4, 500, 000 |
| Funds made available from Island Trading Co. surplus..... | 500, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956.....                   | 5, 000, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....                                | 4, 800, 000   |
| House allowance.....                                      | 4, 800, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....                             | 4, 800, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$4,800,000 for the administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

Under the terms of the trusteeship agreement between the United States and the Security Council of the United Nations, the United States exercises full powers of administration, legislation, and jurisdiction over the Territory and has undertaken obligations to promote the political, economic, and educational advancement of the inhabitants.

## ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$3, 000, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 5, 000, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 4, 968, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 4, 968, 000   |

The committee recommends that the Senate concur in the House allowance of \$4,968,000 for the Alaska public works program.

The following projects are approved for fiscal year 1957:



| Applicant and location                     | Type                             | Estimated cost |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Petersburg, city of.....                   | Streets.....                     | \$170, 095     |
| Territory of Alaska, Kenai.....            | Multipurpose room.....           | 229, 260       |
| University of Alaska, college.....         | 100-woman dormitory.....         | 653, 415       |
| Ketchikan, city of.....                    | Arterial addition.....           | 750, 865       |
| Fairbanks Independent School District..... | High school auditorium, gym..... | 1, 015, 670    |
| Wrangell, town.....                        | Water main extensions.....       | 22, 170        |
| Anchorage, city of (Mountain View).....    | Sewer.....                       | 423, 420       |
| Anchorage, city of (Knik Arm Outfall)..... | do.....                          | 699, 330       |
| Valdez, city of.....                       | High school.....                 | 478, 775       |
| Total construction.....                    |                                  | 4, 443, 000    |
| Administration.....                        |                                  | 525, 000       |
| Total.....                                 |                                  | 4, 968, 000    |

## CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, ALASKA

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$6, 300, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 7, 800, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 7, 800, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 7, 800, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$7,800,000 for the construction of roads in Alaska.

The recommended appropriation is allocated to the following activities:

| Activities                       | Estimate, 1957 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Preparation of plans.....     | \$300, 000     |
| 2. Construction in progress..... | 6, 700, 000    |
| 3. Reconstruction.....           | 800, 000       |
| 4. New construction.....         |                |
| Total.....                       | 7, 800, 000    |

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS, ALASKA

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$3, 500, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 3, 625, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 3, 625, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 3, 625, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$3,625,000 for the operation and maintenance of the Alaskan road system.

The Territory's highway system under the jurisdiction of the Alaska Road Commission totaled 3,543.5 miles as of June 30, 1955. The total cost of maintaining the road system during the current fiscal year was \$3,910,000, of which \$3,500,000 was provided by this appropriation and the balance is provided by the Territory.

## CONSTRUCTION, ALASKA RAILROAD

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$4, 100, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | None          |
| House allowance.....          | None          |
| Committee recommendation..... | None          |

It has come to the attention of the committee that the Comptroller General has ruled that the Alaska Railroad is authorized by law to retain in the Alaska Railroad revolving fund all amounts received by it over and above amounts required for maintenance charges and operating expenses and to use such amounts for construction and improvement of the Railroad.

In view of this ruling, the language proposed by the Department authorizing the use of the revolving fund for such purposes is not required.

The committee feels, however, that in order to appropriately review the program of the Alaska Railroad it is essential that the annual budget submission reflect a schedule of amounts proposed for capital improvements. Accordingly, the Secretary of the Interior is requested to have appropriate schedules included in the budget annually which will disclose, by major items, the amounts proposed for capital improvements. The committee wishes to make it clear that no major capital improvement or rehabilitation is to be financed from revenues until it has been presented to and approved by the Appropriation Committees of the Congress.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, the committee approves the use of \$3,358,000 from revenues of the railroad for the capital investment program presented to the committee.

#### ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

##### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

|                                             |               |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                    | \$2, 065, 000 |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs..... | 100, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956.....     | 2, 165, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....                  | 2, 222, 000   |
| House allowance.....                        | 2, 222, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....               | 2, 222, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of \$2,222,000 for the administration of the Department of the Interior. These funds finance the operation of the overall administration of the activities of the Department of the Interior.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

The committee recommends that section 106, which imposes a limitation on the funds available for informational services, be stricken from the bill.

Some years ago this type of limitation was imposed on practically all of the executive departments of the Federal Government. However, at the present time such limitations are only in effect in the Department of Defense and the Department of the Interior.

#### TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

##### COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

|                                             |           |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                    | \$21, 200 |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs..... | 1, 000    |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956.....     | 22, 200   |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....                  | 31, 000   |
| House allowance.....                        | 31, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....               | 31, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$31,000 for the Commission on Fine Arts.

The committee feels that the present workload of the Commission fully justifies the increase recommended.

## FEDERAL COAL MINE SAFETY BOARD OF REVIEW

### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

|                          |          |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Appropriation, 1956      | \$70,000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957    | 70,000   |
| House allowance          | 70,000   |
| Committee recommendation | 70,000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$70,000 for the expenses of the Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review.

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### FOREST SERVICE

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES, NATIONAL FOREST PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT

|                                        |              |
|----------------------------------------|--------------|
| Appropriation, 1956                    | \$35,811,500 |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs | 1,978,500    |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956     | 37,790,000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957                  | 41,668,000   |
| House allowance                        | 41,668,000   |
| Committee recommendation               | 46,063,500   |

The committee recommends an allowance of \$46,063,500 for "Salaries and expenses, national forest protection management."

The program presented in the justifications submitted in support of the budget estimate is approved; and the committee recommends the following increases:

*Range resource management, \$500,000.*—It has come to the committee's attention that there are 6,500 range-management units lacking inventories and management plans. This increase of \$500,000 over the budget estimate of \$1,110,400 will allow the Forest Service to set up a program to complete this work in 10 to 12 years. At the rate proposed in the budget it would take approximately 20 years to complete the project.

*Wildlife resource management \$270,000.*—The budget estimate includes \$230,000 for this activity. The committee recommends the allowance of \$500,000—an increase of \$270,000. This increase will strengthen this program, and is to be applied in the national forests throughout the Nation.

*Soil and water management, \$250,000.*—The committee recommends the allowance of \$600,000 for this activity, an increase of \$250,000 over the budget estimate. This work involves the rehabilitation of badly eroded areas within the national forests. There are 2,025,000 acres that need attention under this program.

*Sanitation and care of public campgrounds, \$1,805,500.*—The budget estimate includes \$2,195,000 for the operation and development of the public use areas in the national forests. The committee recommends the allowance of \$4 million, an increase of \$1,805,500.

The committee has recommended funds to initiate a long-range program for the improvements of the national parks. It is the view of the committee that the Forest Service should present a program of this nature, and that funds to implement such a program should be submitted to the Bureau of the Budget for consideration in the budget for fiscal year 1958.



*Forest fire protection, \$450,000.*—The committee recommends an increase of \$450,000 to provide for additional fire protection on the national forest in southern California.

*Reforestation, \$620,000.*—The budget estimate includes \$1,130,000 for the reforestation of areas in the national forests. The committee recommends an increase of \$620,000.

There is a backlog of 4,000,000 acres of national forest lands that need attention under this program. The committee was advised that no progress has been made toward decreasing this backlog because, "the present planting program is insufficient to show any progress on this backlog because the acreage burned, each year which requires planting, exceeds the area planted." The committee hopes that the budgets for fiscal year 1958 and following years will provide adequate funds to carry out a reforestation program commensurate with the needs for a sound management program.

Of the increase recommended \$100,000 is for reforestation work in the Chippewa and Superior National Forests. In carrying out this work it is the recommendation of the committee that Indian labor be used.

*Range revegetation, \$500,000.*—The budget estimate includes \$715,000 for this activity. The committee recommends an increase of \$500,000. The committee was advised that there is now a backlog of 3,500,000 acres of rangeland that need to be reseeded.

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES, FIGHTING FOREST FIRES

|                          |               |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956      | \$5, 250, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957    | 5, 250, 000   |
| House allowance          | 5, 250, 000   |
| Committee recommendation | 5, 250, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$5,250,000 for "Salaries and expenses, fighting forest fires."

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES, CONTROL OF FOREST PESTS

|                                    |               |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956                | \$6, 272, 500 |
| Pending supplemental for pay costs | 30, 000       |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956 | 6, 302, 500   |
| Budget estimate, 1957              | 5, 120, 000   |
| House allowance                    | 5, 120, 000   |
| Committee recommendation           | 5, 120, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$5,120,000 for "Salaries and expenses, control of forest pests."

The decrease below the appropriation for the current year is the result of the completion of major phases of the program for the control of the spruce budworm and the spruce bark beetle.

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES, FOREST RESEARCH

|                                        |               |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956                    | \$7, 754, 000 |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs | 455, 000      |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956     | 8, 209, 000   |
| Budget estimate, 1957                  | 9, 350, 000   |
| House allowance                        | 9, 350, 000   |
| Committee recommendation               | 10, 650, 000  |

The committee recommends an appropriation of \$10,650,000 for "Salaries and expenses, forest research," an increase of \$1,300,000 over the budget estimate.

Within the sum recommended \$1,584,828—the budget estimate—is for the operation of the Forests Products Laboratory at Madison, Wis. The sum recommended for this purpose is an increase of \$468,000 over the amount available for the current fiscal year, and \$300,000 over the amount allowed by the House for fiscal year 1957.

The program presented in the justifications in support of the budget estimate is approved, and the following increases are recommended:

|                                 |            |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Forest management research..... | \$275, 000 |
| Forest protection research..... | 25, 000    |

These increases were recommended by the House. In addition the committee recommends an increase of \$1 million to strengthen forestry research throughout the country.

The committee received numerous requests for funds for additional research projects and does not feel that it can allow all such requests. Therefore, the committee requests the Chief of the Forest Service to review the hearings of the committee and allocated funds from the increase recommended by the committee to those projects that he feels have merit, and will fit into the research program of the Forest Service.

ROADS AND TRAILS

|                               |                |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Appropriation.....            | \$24, 000, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 24, 000, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 24, 000, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 24, 000, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$24 million for the construction and maintenance of forest roads and trails.

The amount recommended is the full amount of the authorization.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS, WEEKS ACT

|                               |            |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$190, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | None       |
| House allowance.....          | None       |
| Committee recommendation..... | 100, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of \$100,000 for the acquisition of lands under the Weeks Act.

These funds are to be used to acquire scatter tracts of privately owned lands within the boundaries of National Forests that are presenting problems in the administration, management and protection of the National Forests.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS, SPECIAL ACTS

|                               |           |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$10, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | None      |
| House allowance.....          | None      |
| Committee recommendation..... | 10, 000   |

The committee recommends the use of \$10,000 of the receipts from the Cache National Forest for the acquisition of watershed lands within the forest under the terms of the act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 347).

STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION

|                                                   |                |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                          | \$11, 337, 129 |
| Pending supplemental for increased pay costs..... | 45, 000        |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956.....           | 11, 382, 129   |
| Budget estimate.....                              | 11, 385, 000   |
| House allowance.....                              | 11, 385, 000   |
| Committee recommendation.....                     | 15, 165, 000   |

The committee recommends an appropriation of \$15,165,000 for the State and private forestry cooperation program of the National Forest Service. This is an increase of \$3,780,000 over the budget estimate.

The committee was impressed with the presentation by the Association of State Foresters and at their requests recommend the following allowances:

|                                                      |                |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Cooperation in forest-fire control.....              | \$13, 000, 000 |
| Cooperation in forest tree planting.....             | 1, 000, 000    |
| Cooperation in forest management and processing..... | 1, 000, 000    |
| General forestry assistance.....                     | 165, 000       |

In allocating the increases recommended by the committee adequate provision shall be made for any State that is not now participating in the programs.

In recommending increases for the cooperative programs the committee has taken into consideration the following problems that point out the lack of a sound management program on the State and private forestry lands—

1. There are 49,000,000 acres of State and private forest lands without any type of organized fire protection.
2. The present demand for tree seedlings now exceeds the supply in many States.
3. The lack of adequate technical personnel to advise the small woodland owner as to proper timber management practices. This program is carried on by the States through their farm foresters, and is the key to sound management of the small farm tracts.

#### COOPERATIVE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

|                               |            |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$700, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 700, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 700, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 700, 000   |

The committee recommends the budget estimate of \$700,000 for this appropriation. The funds are derived from grazing fees and are used for cooperative programs for protecting and improving the ranges.

#### WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The committee considered the request for the establishment of a working capital fund for the Forest Service. The committee recommends that this request be disallowed.

It is the view of the committee that this problem has to be considered on a governmentwide basis, rather than individual requests of various agencies.

#### INDIAN CLAIMS COMMISSION

##### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

|                                             |                 |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....                    | \$119, 500      |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs..... | 1, 700          |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956.....     | <u>121, 200</u> |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....                  | 124, 600        |
| House allowance.....                        | 124, 600        |
| Committee recommendation.....               | <u>124, 600</u> |



The committee recommends that the Senate concur in the action of the House in the allowance of the budget estimate of the Indian Claims Commission.

#### JAMESTOWN-WILLIAMSBURG-YORKTOWN CELEBRATION COMMISSION

|                          |            |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956      | \$100, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957    | 115, 000   |
| House allowance          | 115, 000   |
| Committee recommendation | 115, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$115,000 for the necessary expenses of the Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Commission.

#### NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

##### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

|                                        |            |
|----------------------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956                    | \$143, 000 |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs | 6, 700     |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956     | 149, 700   |
| Budget estimate, 1957                  | 210, 000   |
| House allowance                        | 185, 000   |
| Committee recommendation               | 210, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$210,000 for the salaries and expenses of the National Capital Planning Commission. This is an increase of \$25,000 over the House allowance.

In view of the increased workload of the Commission the committee feels that the increase recommended is justified.

##### LAND ACQUISITION

|                          |             |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Appropriation, 1956      | \$500, 000  |
| Budget estimate, 1957    | 1, 500, 000 |
| House allowance          | 1, 250, 000 |
| Committee recommendation | 1, 500, 000 |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$1,500,000 for the acquisition of lands under the Capper-Cramton Act by the National Capital Planning Commission. The amount recommended is an increase of \$250,000 over the House allowance.

The committee feels that the requests of the Commission were reasonable, and therefore recommends the allowance of the budget estimate.

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES, WASHINGTON REGIONAL MASS TRANSPORTATION SURVEY

|                          |            |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Budget estimate, 1957    | \$200, 000 |
| House allowance          | 200, 000   |
| Committee recommendation | 200, 000   |

The committee recommends that the Senate concur in the House action of allowing the budget estimate of \$200,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Washington regional mass transportation survey.

The committee recommends the inclusion of a provision in the bill to allow the employment of one employee for a period in excess of 1 year as provided by the act of June 6, 1924, as amended.

## SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

|                                             |                          |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----                    | \$4, 000, 000            |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs----- | 166, 000                 |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956-----     | 4, 166, 000              |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----                  | <sup>1</sup> 4, 425, 000 |
| House allowance-----                        | 4, 400, 000              |
| Committee recommendation-----               | 4, 425, 000              |

<sup>1</sup> Includes \$25,000 submitted in H. Doc. 343.

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$4,425,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Smithsonian Institution.

The increase of \$25,000 over the House allowance is the amount of the supplemental estimate submitted in House Document No. 343 to cover pay increases to wage-board employees.

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES, NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

|                                             |                          |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----                    | \$1, 355, 000            |
| Anticipated supplemental for pay costs----- | 81, 000                  |
| Adjusted total appropriation, 1956-----     | 1, 436, 000              |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----                  | <sup>1</sup> 1, 505, 000 |
| House allowance-----                        | 1, 495, 000              |
| Committee recommendation-----               | 1, 505, 000              |

<sup>1</sup> Includes \$10,000 submitted in H. Doc. 343.

The committee recommends the allowance of \$1,505,000 for the salaries and expenses of the National Gallery of Art. The increase of \$10,000 over the House allowance is the amount of the supplemental estimate submitted in House Document No. 343 to cover pay increases to wage-board employees.

## MUSEUM OF HISTORY AND TECHNOLOGY (CONSTRUCTION)

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appropriation, 1956-----      | \$2, 288, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957-----    | 33, 712, 000  |
| House allowance-----          | 33, 712, 000  |
| Restoration requested-----    |               |
| Committee recommendation----- | 33, 712, 000  |

The committee recommends that the Senate concur in the action of the House in allowing the budget estimate of \$33,712,000 for the construction of the new museum of history and technology.

The construction of this building was authorized by the act of June 28, 1955 (69 Stat. 189). The amount recommend will complete the building.

## FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION

|                               |           |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Budget estimate, 1957-----    | \$10, 000 |
| House allowance-----          | 10, 000   |
| Committee recommendation----- | 10, 000   |

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$10,000 for the expenses of the Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission.

This Commission was authorized by the act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 694).

#### WOODROW WILSON CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION COMMISSION

|                               |                      |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$51, 500            |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | <sup>1</sup> 48, 500 |
| House allowance.....          | None                 |
| Committee recommendation..... | 48, 500              |

<sup>1</sup> Submitted in S. Doc. No. 108.

The committee recommends the allowance of the budget estimate of \$48,500 for the necessary expenses of the Woodrow Wilson Centennial Celebration Commission.

House Joint Resolution 443, recently passed by both Houses of Congress, provided an increased authorization for this Commission.

#### TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

##### GRANTS

|                               |            |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | \$390, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | 425, 000   |
| House allowance.....          | 425, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | 425, 000   |

The committee recommends that the Senate concur in the action of the House in the allowance of the budget estimate of \$425,000 for grants to the Virgin Islands Corporation.

These funds are necessary to cover losses of the Corporation, and to continue land development work carried on by the Corporation.

##### ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

|                               |                         |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Appropriation, 1956.....      | <sup>1</sup> \$160, 000 |
| Budget estimate, 1957.....    | <sup>1</sup> 160, 000   |
| Restoration requested.....    | <sup>1</sup> 160, 000   |
| Committee recommendation..... | <sup>1</sup> 160, 000   |

<sup>1</sup> Authorization to use corporate funds.

The committee recommends the approval of authority for the Virgin Islands Corporation to use \$160,000 of corporate funds for administrative expenses.



## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1956 AND THE ESTIMATES FOR 1957

## PERMANENT AND INDEFINITE APPROPRIATIONS

|                                                                                                                                                        | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1956 | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1957 | Increase (+) or<br>decrease (-) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Department of the Interior:                                                                                                                            |                                 |                                 |                                 |
| Range improvements.....                                                                                                                                | \$525,587                       | \$664,750                       | +\$139,163                      |
| Payments to States (proceeds of sales).....                                                                                                            | 134,002                         | 245,700                         | +111,698                        |
| Payment of royalties to Oklahoma.....                                                                                                                  | 7,305                           | 7,500                           | +195                            |
| Leasing of grazing lands.....                                                                                                                          | 3,000                           | 3,000                           | -----                           |
| Payments to States (grazing fees).....                                                                                                                 | 500                             | 500                             | -----                           |
| Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands, payment to Coos and Douglas Counties, Oreg., in lieu of taxes.....                                                    | 43,227                          | 50,000                          | +6,773                          |
| Oregon and California grant lands, payments to counties.....                                                                                           | 9,000,380                       | 8,755,000                       | -245,380                        |
| Payments to States from grazing receipts, public lands.....                                                                                            | 356,900                         | 364,800                         | +7,900                          |
| Mineral Leasing Act, payments to States.....                                                                                                           | 25,125,000                      | 26,917,000                      | +1,792,000                      |
| Alaska school lands, payment to Alaska.....                                                                                                            | 1,500                           | 1,500                           | -----                           |
| Expenses, sale of timber, etc., on reclamation land.....                                                                                               | 2,000                           | 2,000                           | -----                           |
| Claim and treaty obligations, Indian Affairs.....                                                                                                      | 140,500                         | 140,500                         | -----                           |
| Operation and maintenance, revenues, Indian irrigation systems.....                                                                                    | 2,199,000                       | 2,296,000                       | +97,000                         |
| Power revenues, Indian irrigation projects.....                                                                                                        | 1,400,000                       | 1,437,000                       | +37,000                         |
| Acquisition of lands and loans to Indians in Oklahoma, act of June 26, 1936.....                                                                       | 10,000                          | 10,000                          | -----                           |
| Indian arts and crafts fund.....                                                                                                                       | 200                             | 200                             | -----                           |
| Payments from proceeds of sale of water, Geological Survey.....                                                                                        | 600                             | 600                             | -----                           |
| Educational expenses, children of employees, Yellowstone National Park.....                                                                            | 30,479                          | 32,000                          | +1,521                          |
| Operation, management, maintenance, and demolition of federally acquired properties, Independence National Historical Park, National Park Service..... | 150,000                         | 100,000                         | -50,000                         |
| Payment to the State of Wyoming, in lieu of taxes on lands in Grand Teton National Park, National Park Service.....                                    | 26,186                          | 26,470                          | +284                            |

|                                                                                                            |             |             |             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Purchase of Great Onyx and Crystal Cave properties, Mammoth Cave National Park, National Park Service----- | 10,000      | 20,000      | +10,000     |
| Migratory bird conservation fund-----                                                                      | 4,300,000   | 4,300,000   | -----       |
| Federal aid in wildlife restoration-----                                                                   | 12,400,508  | 13,000,000  | +599,492    |
| Federal aid in fish restoration and management-----                                                        | 5,347,425   | 5,300,000   | -47,425     |
| Management of national wildlife refuges-----                                                               | 1,641,459   | 1,650,000   | +8,541      |
| Management of resources, Fish and Wildlife Service-----                                                    | 762,147     | 1,075,000   | +312,853    |
| Administration of Pribilof Islands-----                                                                    | 1,829,152   | 2,580,000   | +750,848    |
| Expenses incident to sale of refuge products-----                                                          | 40,000      | 40,000      | -----       |
| Payments to counties under Migratory Bird Conservation Act-----                                            | 547,170     | 550,000     | +2,830      |
| Internal revenue collections for Virgin Islands, Office of Territories-----                                | 4,354,336   | 2,500,000   | -1,854,336  |
| Total, Department of the Interior-----                                                                     | 70,388,563  | 72,069,520  | +1,680,957  |
| Department of Agriculture—Forest Service:                                                                  |             |             |             |
| Expenses, brush disposal-----                                                                              | 4,300,000   | 4,500,000   | +200,000    |
| Roads and trails for States, national forest funds-----                                                    | 7,753,900   | 10,418,500  | +2,664,600  |
| Forest-fire prevention (smokey bear)-----                                                                  | 30,000      | 30,000      | -----       |
| Payment to Minnesota from the national forests fund-----                                                   | 46,200      | 46,400      | +200        |
| Payments due counties, submarginal land-----                                                               | 375,000     | 375,000     | -----       |
| Payments to school funds, Arizona and New Mexico-----                                                      | 114,300     | 115,000     | +700        |
| Payments to States and Territories from national forests fund-----                                         | 19,381,200  | 26,042,300  | +6,661,100  |
| Total, Department of Agriculture—Forest Service-----                                                       | 32,000,600  | 41,527,200  | +9,526,600  |
| Total, permanent indefinite appropriations-----                                                            | 102,389,163 | 113,596,720 | +11,207,557 |

*Comparative statement of the appropriations for 1956 and the estimates for 1957—Continued*

**TRUST FUNDS**

[Not a charge against revenue]

|                                                                    | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1956 | Appropriation<br>estimate, 1957 | Increase (+) or<br>decrease (—) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Department of the Interior:                                        |                                 |                                 |                                 |
| Deposits by individuals for surveying public lands.....            | \$17,000                        | \$17,000                        | -----                           |
| Administration and protection of grazing districts.....            | 200,000                         | 200,000                         | -----                           |
| Trustee funds, Alaska townsites, Bureau of Land Management.....    | 3,400                           | 3,400                           | -----                           |
| Indian moneys, proceeds of labor.....                              | 3,811,000                       | 3,575,000                       | —\$236,000                      |
| Miscellaneous trust funds of Indian tribes.....                    | 35,000,000                      | 35,000,000                      | -----                           |
| Advances, authorized services, Geological Survey.....              | 800,000                         | 800,000                         | -----                           |
| Contributed funds, Bureau of Mines.....                            | 810,030                         | 300,000                         | —510,030                        |
| Donations, including land, national parks.....                     | 603,000                         | 510,000                         | —93,000                         |
| Gifts or bequests of personal property, national parks.....        | 2,961                           | 2,461                           | —500                            |
| Birthplace of Abraham Lincoln, preservation of national parks..... | 1,585                           | 1,585                           | -----                           |
| Miscellaneous contributed funds, Fish and Wildlife Service.....    | 90,000                          | 90,000                          | -----                           |
| Improvement of roads, bridges, and trails, Alaska.....             | 1,000,000                       | 1,000,000                       | -----                           |
| Total, trust funds, Department of the Interior.....                | 42,338,976                      | 41,499,446                      | —839,530                        |
| Department of Agriculture—Forest Service:                          |                                 |                                 |                                 |
| Cooperative work.....                                              | 12,500,000                      | 13,000,000                      | +500,000                        |
| Miscellaneous contributed funds.....                               | 40,000                          | -----                           | —40,000                         |
| Total, trust funds, Forest Service.....                            | 12,540,000                      | 13,000,000                      | +460,000                        |
| National Capital Planning Commission, contributed fund.....        | 438,000                         | 502,000                         | +64,000                         |
| Smithsonian Institution: Canal Zone Biological Area Fund.....      | 10,000                          | 10,000                          | -----                           |
| Total, trust funds.....                                            | 55,326,976                      | 55,011,446                      | —315,530                        |



# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1956, ESTIMATES FOR 1957, AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 1957

| Agency and item                              | Appropriation, fiscal year 1956 (including pending supplemental for increased pay costs) | Budget estimate, fiscal year 1957 | House allowance | Committee recommendation | Increase (+) or decrease (—), Senate bill compared with— |                                    |                 |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                              |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          | Appropriation, fiscal year 1956                          | Budget estimates, fiscal year 1957 | House allowance |
| TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR           |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY                      |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Research in utilization of saline water..... | \$400,000                                                                                | \$600,000                         | \$550,000       | \$550,000                | +\$150,000                                               | —\$50,000                          | -----           |
| Office of Oil and Gas Division.....          | 1 405,600                                                                                | 413,800                           | 413,800         | 413,800                  | +8,200                                                   | -----                              | -----           |
| Office of the Solicitor.....                 | 2 2,690,000                                                                              | 2,817,000                         | 2,800,000       | 2,835,000                | +145,000                                                 | +18,000                            | +\$35,000       |
| Office of Minerals Mobilization.....         | 225,000                                                                                  | 303,000                           | 300,000         | 225,000                  | -----                                                    | —83,000                            | —75,000         |
| Total, Office of the Secretary.....          | 3,720,600                                                                                | 4,138,800                         | 4,063,800       | 4,023,800                | +\$303,200                                               | —115,000                           | —40,000         |
| BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT                    |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Management of lands and resources.....       | 3 14,281,700                                                                             | 3A 18,738,600                     | 18,000,000      | 18,738,600               | +4,456,900                                               | -----                              | +738,600        |
| Construction.....                            | 2,300,000                                                                                | 4,500,000                         | 4,500,000       | 4,500,000                | +2,200,000                                               | -----                              | -----           |
| Range improvements 4.....                    | 525,587                                                                                  | 664,750                           | 664,750         | 664,750                  | +139,163                                                 | -----                              | -----           |
| Total, Bureau of Land Management.....        | 16,581,700                                                                               | 3A 23,238,600                     | 22,500,000      | 23,238,600               | +6,656,900                                               | -----                              | +738,600        |
| BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS                     |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Education and welfare services.....          | 5 43,114,995                                                                             | 50,700,000                        | 50,700,000      | 50,720,000               | +7,605,005                                               | +20,000                            | +20,000         |
| Resources management.....                    | 6 12,882,000                                                                             | 16,100,000                        | 16,000,000      | 16,200,000               | +3,318,000                                               | +100,000                           | +200,000        |

1 Includes \$15,600 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.  
2 Includes \$165,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.  
3 Includes \$581,700 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.  
3A Excludes \$39,400 transferred to the Department of Agriculture.  
4 Indefinite appropriation of receipts. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.  
5 Includes \$1,350,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.  
6 Includes \$450,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

*Comparative statement of appropriations for 1956, estimates for 1957, and amounts recommended in the bill for 1957—Con.*

| Agency and item                                                           | Appropriation, fiscal year 1956 (including pending supplemental for increased pay costs) | Budget estimate, fiscal year 1957 | House allowance | Committee recommendation | Increase (+) or decrease (—), Senate bill compared with— |                                    |                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                                                           |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          | Appropriation, fiscal year 1956                          | Budget estimates, fiscal year 1957 | House allowance |
| TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Continued                              |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS—continued                                        |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Construction                                                              | \$7,979,003                                                                              | \$7,500,000                       | \$4,000,000     | \$7,740,000              | —\$239,003                                               | +\$240,000                         | +\$3,740,000    |
| Road construction and maintenance (liquidation of contract authorization) | 7,000,000                                                                                | 11,500,000                        | 11,500,000      | 11,500,000               | +4,500,000                                               |                                    |                 |
| General administrative expenses                                           | 12,750,000                                                                               | 3,100,000                         | 3,190,000       | 3,190,000                | +440,000                                                 |                                    |                 |
| Distribution of funds of the Creek Indians                                |                                                                                          | 200,000                           | 200,000         | 200,000                  | +200,000                                                 |                                    |                 |
| Relocation of the Yankton Sioux Tribe                                     | 56,500                                                                                   |                                   |                 |                          | —56,500                                                  |                                    |                 |
| Payment to Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of Indians                          | 5,160,000                                                                                |                                   |                 |                          | —5,160,000                                               |                                    |                 |
| Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs, exclusive of tribal funds                | 78,942,498                                                                               | \$9,190,000                       | \$5,590,000     | \$9,550,000              | +10,607,502                                              | +360,000                           | +3,960,000      |
| Tribal funds <sup>a</sup>                                                 | \$300,000                                                                                | \$300,000                         | \$3,000,000     | \$3,000,000              | —300,000                                                 |                                    |                 |
| GEOLOGICAL SURVEY                                                         |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Surveys, investigations, and research                                     | \$28,040,000                                                                             | 31,602,000                        | 31,602,000      | 31,602,000               | +3,562,000                                               |                                    |                 |
| BUREAU OF MINES                                                           |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Conservation and development of mineral resources                         | \$14,743,000                                                                             | 17,363,000                        | 15,363,000      | 17,363,000               | +2,620,000                                               |                                    | +2,000,000      |
| Health and safety                                                         | 115,305,000                                                                              | 5,304,300                         | 5,304,300       | 5,304,300                | —700                                                     |                                    |                 |
| General administrative expenses                                           | 121,030,000                                                                              | 1,030,000                         | 1,030,000       | 1,030,000                |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Drainage of anthracite mines                                              | 8,500,000                                                                                |                                   |                 |                          | —8,500,000                                               |                                    |                 |
| Total, Bureau of Mines                                                    | 29,578,000                                                                               | 23,697,300                        | 21,697,300      | 23,697,300               | —5,880,700                                               |                                    | +2,000,000      |

## NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

|                                                            |                 |                 |              |              |               |               |           |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| Management and protection.....                             | 12 10, 443, 000 | 11, 480, 000    | 11, 480, 000 | 11, 537, 000 | +1, 094, 000  | +57, 000      | +57, 000  |
| Maintenance and rehabilitation of physical facilities..... | 14 9, 094, 000  | 10, 158, 000    | 10, 158, 000 | 10, 158, 000 | +1, 064, 000  | -----         | -----     |
| Construction.....                                          | 5, 425, 000     | 13 13, 550, 000 | 15, 000, 000 | 15, 250, 000 | +9, 825, 000  | +1, 700, 000  | +250, 000 |
| Construction (liquidation of contract authorization).....  | 19, 654, 300    | 29, 800, 000    | 29, 800, 000 | 29, 800, 000 | +10, 145, 700 | -----         | -----     |
| Jones Point Bridge.....                                    | -----           | 13, 825, 000    | -----        | -----        | -----         | -13, 825, 000 | -----     |
| General administrative expenses.....                       | 15 1, 250, 000  | 1, 250, 000     | 1, 250, 000  | 1, 250, 000  | -----         | -----         | -----     |
| Total, National Park Service.....                          | 45, 866, 300    | 80, 063, 000    | 67, 688, 000 | 67, 995, 000 | +22, 128, 700 | -12, 068, 000 | +307, 000 |

## FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

|                                                        |                |              |              |              |              |           |           |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Management of resources.....                           | 17 7, 008, 500 | 9, 696, 000  | 9, 696, 000  | 10, 373, 600 | +3, 365, 100 | +677, 600 | +677, 600 |
| Investigations of resources.....                       | 18 5, 102, 000 | 5, 065, 000  | 5, 065, 000  | 5, 105, 000  | +3, 000      | +40, 000  | +40, 000  |
| Construction.....                                      | 1, 750, 000    | 2, 200, 000  | 2, 200, 000  | 2, 471, 000  | +721, 000    | +271, 000 | +271, 000 |
| General administrative expenses.....                   | 19 810, 000    | 852, 500     | 852, 500     | 852, 500     | +42, 500     | -----     | -----     |
| Administration of Pribilof Islands <sup>20</sup> ..... | 1, 823, 152    | 2, 580, 000  | 2, 580, 000  | 2, 580, 000  | +750, 848    | -----     | -----     |
| Total, Fish and Wildlife Service.....                  | 14, 670, 500   | 17, 813, 500 | 17, 813, 500 | 18, 802, 100 | +4, 131, 600 | +988, 600 | +988, 600 |

## OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

|                                             |             |             |             |             |              |          |       |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------|-------|
| Administration of Territories.....          | 2, 609, 500 | 2, 803, 000 | 2, 803, 000 | 2, 803, 000 | +193, 500    | -----    | ----- |
| Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands..... | 4, 500, 000 | 4, 800, 000 | 4, 800, 000 | 4, 800, 000 | +300, 000    | -----    | ----- |
| Alaska public works.....                    | 3, 000, 000 | 5, 000, 000 | 4, 968, 000 | 4, 968, 000 | +1, 968, 000 | -32, 000 | ----- |

<sup>1</sup> Includes \$750,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>2</sup> Appropriation of Indian tribal funds deposited in the Treasury. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.

<sup>3</sup> Includes \$1,405,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>4</sup> Includes \$650,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>5</sup> Includes \$305,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>6</sup> Includes \$60,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>7</sup> Includes \$618,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>8</sup> Includes \$144,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>9</sup> Includes \$8,350,000 submitted in H. Doc. No. 326.

<sup>10</sup> Includes \$75,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>11</sup> Includes \$280,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>12</sup> Includes \$185,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>13</sup> Includes \$50,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>14</sup> Indefinite appropriation of receipts. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.



*Comparative statement of appropriations for 1956, estimates for 1957, and amounts recommended in the bill for 1957—Con.*

| Agency and item                                 | Appropriation, fiscal year 1956 (including pending supplemental for increased pay costs) | Budget estimate, fiscal year 1957 | House allowance | Committee recommendation | Increase (+) or decrease (—), Senate bill compared with— |                                    |                 |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                                 |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          | Appropriation, fiscal year 1956                          | Budget estimates, fiscal year 1957 | House allowance |
| TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Continued    |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| OFFICE OF TERRITORIES—continued                 |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Construction of roads, Alaska.....              | \$6,300,000                                                                              | \$7,800,000                       | \$7,800,000     | \$7,800,000              | +\$1,500,000                                             |                                    |                 |
| Operation and maintenance of roads, Alaska..... | 3,500,000                                                                                | 3,625,000                         | 3,625,000       | 3,625,000                | +125,000                                                 |                                    |                 |
| Construction, Alaska Railroad.....              | 4,100,000                                                                                |                                   |                 |                          | —4,100,000                                               |                                    |                 |
| Total, Office of Territories.....               | 24,009,500                                                                               | 24,028,000                        | 23,996,000      | 23,996,000               | —13,500                                                  | —\$32,000                          |                 |
| ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR      |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Salaries and expenses.....                      | 21 2,165,000                                                                             | 2,222,000                         | 2,222,000       | 2,222,000                | +57,000                                                  |                                    |                 |
| Total, Department of the Interior.....          | 243,574,098                                                                              | 295,993,200                       | 277,172,600     | 285,726,800              | +41,552,702                                              | —10,866,400                        | +7,954,200      |
| TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES                       |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Commission of Fine Arts.....                    | 22 22,200                                                                                | 31,000                            | 31,000          | 31,000                   | +8,800                                                   |                                    |                 |
| Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review.....   | 70,000                                                                                   | 70,000                            | 70,000          | 70,000                   |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Forest Service, Department of Agriculture:      |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Salaries and expenses:                          |                                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| National forest protection and management.....  | 23 37,790,000                                                                            | 41,668,000                        | 41,668,000      | 46,063,500               | +8,273,500                                               | +4,395,500                         | +4,395,500      |
| Fighting forest fires.....                      | 5,250,000                                                                                | 5,250,000                         | 5,250,000       | 5,250,000                |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Control of forest pests.....                    | 24 6,302,500                                                                             | 5,120,000                         | 5,120,000       | 5,120,000                | —1,182,500                                               |                                    |                 |
| Forest research.....                            | 25 8,209,000                                                                             | 9,350,000                         | 9,350,000       | 10,650,000               | +2,441,000                                               | +1,300,000                         | +1,300,000      |
| Total, salaries and expenses.....               | 57,551,500                                                                               | 61,388,000                        | 61,388,000      | +67,083,500              | +9,532,000                                               | +5,695,500                         | +5,695,500      |
| Roads and trails.....                           | 24,000,000                                                                               | 24,000,000                        | 24,000,000      | 24,000,000               |                                                          |                                    |                 |

|                                                                            |              |            |            |             |             |             |            |            |          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|----------|
| Acquisition of lands for national forests:                                 |              |            |            |             |             |             |            |            |          |
| Weeks Act.....                                                             | 190,000      | -----      | -----      | -----       | -----       | -----       | -----      | -----      | -----    |
| Special acts <sup>20</sup> .....                                           | 27 10,000    | -----      | -----      | -----       | -----       | -----       | -----      | -----      | -----    |
| State and private forestry cooperation.....                                | 11,382,129   | 11,385,000 | 11,385,000 | 15,165,000  | 15,165,000  | +3,782,871  | +3,780,000 | +3,780,000 | +100,000 |
| Cooperative range improvements (special account) <sup>20</sup> .....       | 700,000      | 700,000    | 700,000    | 700,000     | 700,000     | -----       | -----      | -----      | -----    |
| Total, Forest Service.....                                                 | 93,123,629   | 96,773,000 | 96,773,000 | 106,348,500 | 106,348,500 | +13,224,871 | +9,575,500 | +9,575,500 | +100,000 |
| Indian Claims Commission.....                                              | 23 121,200   | 124,600    | 124,600    | 124,600     | 124,600     | +3,400      | -----      | -----      | -----    |
| Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Commission.....                | 100,000      | 115,000    | 115,000    | 115,000     | 115,000     | +15,000     | -----      | -----      | -----    |
| National Capital Planning Commission:                                      |              |            |            |             |             |             |            |            |          |
| Salaries and expenses.....                                                 | 20 140,700   | 210,000    | 185,000    | 210,000     | 210,000     | +60,300     | -----      | -----      | +25,000  |
| Land acquisition.....                                                      | 500,000      | 1,500,000  | 1,250,000  | 1,500,000   | 1,500,000   | +1,000,000  | -----      | -----      | +250,000 |
| Salaries and expenses, Washington regional mass transportation survey..... | -----        | 200,000    | 200,000    | 200,000     | 200,000     | +200,000    | -----      | -----      | -----    |
| Total, National Capital Planning Commission.....                           | 649,700      | 1,910,000  | 1,635,000  | 1,910,000   | 1,910,000   | +1,260,300  | -----      | -----      | +275,000 |
| Smithsonian Institution:                                                   |              |            |            |             |             |             |            |            |          |
| Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution.....                        | 20 4,166,000 | 4,425,000  | 4,400,000  | 4,425,000   | 4,425,000   | +259,000    | -----      | -----      | +25,000  |
| Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art.....                        | 32 1,436,000 | 1,505,000  | 1,495,000  | 1,505,000   | 1,505,000   | +69,000     | -----      | -----      | +10,000  |
| Museum of History and Technology.....                                      | 2,288,000    | 33,712,000 | 33,712,000 | 33,712,000  | 33,712,000  | +31,424,000 | -----      | -----      | -----    |
| Total, Smithsonian Institution.....                                        | 7,890,000    | 39,642,000 | 39,607,000 | 39,642,000  | 39,642,000  | +31,752,000 | -----      | -----      | +35,000  |
| Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission.....                         | -----        | 10,000     | 10,000     | 10,000      | 10,000      | +10,000     | -----      | -----      | -----    |

<sup>21</sup> Includes \$100,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>22</sup> Includes \$1,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>23</sup> Includes \$1,978,500 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>24</sup> Includes \$30,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>25</sup> Includes \$450,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>26</sup> Appropriation of receipts. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.

<sup>27</sup> Includes \$45,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>28</sup> Includes \$1,200 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>29</sup> Includes \$2,900 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>30</sup> Includes \$165,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>31</sup> Includes \$25,000 submitted in H. Doc. No. 343.

<sup>32</sup> Includes \$81,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

<sup>33</sup> Includes \$10,000 submitted in H. Doc. No. 343.

*Comparative statement of appropriations for 1956, estimates for 1957, and amounts recommended in the bill for 1957—Con.*

| Agency and item                                   | Appropriation, fiscal year 1956 (including supplemental for increased pay costs) | Budget estimate, fiscal year 1957 | House allowance | Committee recommendation | Increase (+) or decrease (—), Senate bill compared with— |                                    |                 |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                                   |                                                                                  |                                   |                 |                          | Appropriation, fiscal year 1956                          | Budget estimates, fiscal year 1957 | House allowance |
| TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES—Continued               |                                                                                  |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Woodrow Wilson Centennial Celebration Commission  | \$51,500                                                                         | 34 \$48,500                       |                 | \$48,500                 | —\$3,000                                                 |                                    | +\$48,500       |
| John Marshall Bicentennial Celebration Commission | 82,500                                                                           |                                   |                 |                          | —82,500                                                  |                                    |                 |
| Theodore Roosevelt Centennial Commission          | 10,000                                                                           |                                   |                 |                          | —10,000                                                  |                                    |                 |
| Alexander Hamilton Bicentennial Commission        | 120,000                                                                          |                                   |                 |                          | —120,000                                                 |                                    |                 |
| Boston National Historic Sites Commission         | 40,000                                                                           |                                   |                 |                          | —40,000                                                  |                                    |                 |
| Total, related agencies                           | 102,280,729                                                                      | 138,724,100                       | \$138,365,600   | 148,299,600              | +46,018,871                                              | + \$9,575,500                      | +9,934,000      |
| TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION              |                                                                                  |                                   |                 |                          |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Grants                                            | 390,000                                                                          | 425,000                           | 425,000         | 425,000                  | +35,000                                                  |                                    |                 |
| Administrative expenses 35                        | 160,000                                                                          | 160,000                           | 160,000         | 160,000                  |                                                          |                                    |                 |
| Grand total, titles I, II, and III                | 36 346,244,827                                                                   | 435,142,300                       | 415,963,200     | 433,851,400              | +87,606,573                                              | —1,290,900                         | +17,888,200     |

<sup>34</sup> Submitted in S. Doc. No. 108.

<sup>35</sup> Corporate funds. Not included in the totals of this tabulation.

<sup>36</sup> Includes \$9,349,000 for increased pay costs pending in the second supplemental appropriation bill, 1956.

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Calendar No. 1780

84TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 9390

[Report No. 1761]

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 22, 1956

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations

APRIL 17, 1956

Reported, under authority of the order of the Senate of April 16 (legislative day, April 9), 1956, by Mr. HAYDEN, with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

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## AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

- 1     *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2     *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*  
3     That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money  
4     in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Depart-  
5     ment of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year  
6     ending June 30, 1957, namely:

## 1        TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## 2                                OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

## 3        RESEARCH IN THE UTILIZATION OF SALINE WATER

4        For expenses necessary to carry out provisions of  
5 the Act of July 3, 1952, as amended (66 Stat. 328 and 69  
6 Stat. 198), authorizing studies of the conversion of saline  
7 water for beneficial consumptive uses, \$550,000.

## 8                                OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

9        For necessary expenses to enable the Secretary to dis-  
10 charge his responsibilities with respect to oil and gas, includ-  
11 ing cooperation with the petroleum industry and State  
12 authorities in the production, processing, and utilization of  
13 petroleum and its products, and natural gas; and for con-  
14 trolling the interstate shipment of contraband oil as required  
15 by law (15 U. S. C. 715) ; including purchase of not to  
16 exceed two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only;  
17 \$413,800.

## 18                                OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

19        For necessary expenses of the Office of the Solicitor,  
20 ~~\$2,800,000~~ \$2,835,000, and in addition, not to exceed \$100,-  
21 000 may be reimbursed or transferred to this appropriation  
22 from other accounts available to the Department of the Inte-  
23 rior: *Provided*, That hearing officers appointed for Indian  
24 probate work need not be appointed pursuant to the Admin-  
25 istrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), as amended.

## OFFICE OF MINERALS MOBILIZATION

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to discharge his responsibilities, including cooperation with the metals and minerals industry, with respect to the conservation, exploration, development, production, and utilization of mineral resources, including solid fuels, ~~\$300,000~~ \$225,000.

## BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

## MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for protection, use, improvement, development, disposal, cadastral surveying, classification, and performance of other functions, as authorized by law, in the management of lands and their resources under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, including \$35,000 for the operation and maintenance of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands, ~~\$18,000,000~~ \$18,738,600: *Provided*, That this appropriation may be expended on a reimbursable basis for surveys of lands other than those under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management: *Provided further*, That, for the purposes of surveying federally controlled or intermingled lands and operation and maintenance of access roads, contributions toward the costs thereof may be accepted.



## CONSTRUCTION

For construction of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands; acquisition of rights-of-way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands; and for acquisition and construction of buildings and appurtenant facilities in Alaska; to remain available until expended, \$4,500,000: *Provided*, That the amount appropriated herein for road construction shall be transferred to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Commerce: *Provided further*, That the amount appropriated herein for construction of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands and in addition, amounts available for operation and maintenance of such access roads under the appropriation "Management of lands and resources" are hereby made a reimbursable charge against the Oregon and California land-grant fund and shall be reimbursed to the general fund in the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of subsection (b) of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Land Management shall be available for purchase of ~~twenty five~~ *thirty-one* passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; purchase, erection, and dismantlement of temporary structures, and altera-

tion and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities to which the United States has title: *Provided*, That of appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Land Management expenditures in connection with the revested Oregon and California Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands (other than expenditures for construction and operation and maintenance of access roads and for acquisition of rights-of-way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands) shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to in section C, title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937, of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California Land Grant Fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939, of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Fund".

#### RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range improvements pursuant to the provisions of sections 3 and 10 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U. S. C. 315), sums equal to the aggregate of all moneys received, during the current fiscal year, as range improvement fees under section 3 of said Act and of 25 per centum of all moneys received, during the current fiscal year, under section 15 of said Act, to remain available until expended.

## BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

## EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

For expenses necessary to provide education and welfare services for Indians, either directly or in cooperation with States and other organizations, including payment (in advance or from date of admission), of care, tuition, assistance, and other expenses of Indians in boarding homes, institutions, or schools; grants and other assistance to needy Indians; maintenance of law and order, and payment of rewards for information or evidence concerning violations of law on Indian reservations or lands; and operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; \$50,700,000 \$50,720,000.

## RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

For expenses necessary for management, development, improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; and development of Indian arts and crafts as authorized by law; ~~\$16,000,000~~ \$16,200,000, and in addition, \$350,000 of the Revolving Fund for Loans, Bureau of Indian Affairs, shall be used in connection with administering loans to Indians.



## CONSTRUCTION

For construction, major repair, and improvement of irrigation and power systems, buildings, utilities, and other facilities; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; preparation of lands for farming; and architectural and engineering services by contract; to remain available until expended, ~~\$4,000,000~~ \$7,740,000: *Provided*, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be used for the acquisition of land within the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming outside of the boundaries of existing Indian reservations: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of Nevada, Oregon, and Washington either inside or outside the boundaries of existing reservations: *Provided further*, That the Secretary is authorized to purchase, without regard to the prohibition against the acquisition of land or water rights contained herein, not to exceed ten acres of lands within the Klamath Indian Reservation, Oregon, required for the construction of a pumping plant for the Modoc Point Indian irrigation system.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE (LIQUIDATION  
OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority contained in section 6 of the Federal-Aid High-

1 way Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), \$11,500,000, to remain  
2 available until expended.

3 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

4 For expenses necessary for the general administration  
5 of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including such expenses in  
6 field offices, \$3,190,000.

7 DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS OF THE CREEK INDIANS

8 For necessary expenses incident to the distribution of  
9 funds belonging to the members of the Creek Nation of In-  
10 dians, in accordance with the Act of August 1, 1955 (69 Stat.  
11 431), \$200,000, to remain available until expended.

12 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

13 Appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs (except  
14 the revolving fund for loans) shall be available for expenses  
15 of exhibits; purchase of not to exceed ~~two hundred and~~  
16 ~~seventy passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred~~  
17 ~~and fifty shall be for replacement only)~~ *two hundred and*  
18 *ninety passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred and*  
19 *seventy shall be for replacement only)*, which may be  
20 used for the transportation of Indians; advance pay-  
21 ments for service (including services which may extend  
22 beyond the current fiscal year) under contracts executed pur-  
23 suant to the Act of June 4, 1936 (25 U. S. C. 452), and  
24 legislation terminating Federal supervision over certain In-  
25 dian tribes; purchase of ice for official use of employees; and

1 expenses required by continuing or permanent treaty provi-  
2 sions.

3 TRIBAL FUNDS

4 In addition to the tribal funds authorized to be ex-  
5 pended by existing law, there is hereby appropriated  
6 \$3,000,000 from tribal funds not otherwise available for  
7 expenditure for the benefit of Indians and Indian tribes,  
8 including pay and travel expenses of employees; care, tui-  
9 tion and other assistance to Indian children attending public  
10 and private schools (which may be paid in advance or  
11 from date of admission) ; purchase of land and improvements  
12 on land, title to which shall be taken in the name of the  
13 United States in trust for the tribe for which purchased;  
14 lease of lands and water rights; compensation and expenses  
15 of attorneys and other persons employed by Indian tribes  
16 under approved contracts; pay, travel, and other expenses of  
17 tribal officers, councils, and committees thereof, or other  
18 tribal organizations, including mileage for use of privately  
19 owned automobiles and per diem in lieu of subsistence at  
20 rates established administratively but not to exceed those  
21 applicable to civilian employees of the Government; relief  
22 of Indians, without regard to section 7 of the Act of May  
23 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 391), including cash grants; and  
24 employment of a recreational director for the Menominee



1 Reservation and a curator for the Osage Museum, each of  
2 whom shall be appointed with the approval of the respective  
3 tribal councils and without regard to the classification laws:  
4 *Provided*, That in addition to the amount appropriated  
5 herein, tribal funds may be advanced to Indian tribes during  
6 the current fiscal year for such purposes as may be designated  
7 by the governing body of the particular tribe involved and  
8 approved by the Secretary: *Provided, however*, That no part  
9 of this appropriation or other tribal funds shall be used for  
10 the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of  
11 Nevada, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming, either inside  
12 or outside the boundaries of existing Indian reservations,  
13 if such acquisition results in the property being exempted  
14 from local taxation.

## 15 GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

### 16 SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

17 For expenses necessary for the Geological Survey to  
18 perform surveys, investigations, and research covering  
19 topography, geology, and the mineral and water resources  
20 of the United States, its Territories and possessions; classify  
21 lands as to mineral character and water and power resources;  
22 give engineering supervision to power permits and Federal  
23 Power Commission licenses; enforce departmental regula-  
24 tions applicable to oil, gas, and other mining leases, permits,  
25 licenses, and operating contracts; publish and disseminate

1 data relative to the foregoing activities; and the preparation  
2 of plans and specifications for a building or buildings to meet  
3 the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metropolitan  
4 area of Washington, D. C.; and for the Geological Survey  
5 or the General Services Administration to acquire a site and  
6 to prepare plans and specifications for a building or build-  
7 ings to meet the special needs of the Geological Survey in the  
8 metropolitan area of Washington, District of Columbia, with-  
9 out regard to Revised Statutes, page 3709, as amended (41  
10 U. S. C. 5), and section 302 (c) of the Act of June 30,  
11 1949 as amended (41 U. S. C. 252 (c)); \$31,602,000, of  
12 which \$5,070,000 shall be available only for cooperation with  
13 States or municipalities for water resources investiga-  
14 tions: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall  
15 be used to pay more than one-half the cost of any topo-  
16 graphic mapping or water resources investigations carried  
17 on in cooperation with any State or municipality.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

19 The amount appropriated for the Geological Survey  
20 shall be available for purchase of not to exceed one  
21 hundred *and twenty-six* passenger motor vehicles for replace-  
22 ment only; reimbursement of the General Services Admin-  
23 istration for security guard service for protection of confiden-  
24 tial files; contracting for the furnishing of topographic maps  
25 and for the making of geophysical or other specialized sur-

1 veys when it is administratively determined that such  
2 procedures are in the public interest; construction and  
3 maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant fa-  
4 cilities; acquisition of lands for gaging stations; and pay-  
5 ment of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls  
6 of the Geological Survey appointed, as authorized by law,  
7 to represent the United States in the negotiation and ad-  
8 ministration of interstate compacts, including not to exceed  
9 \$10,000 for the person appointed by the President to partici-  
10 pate as the representative of the United States in the admin-  
11 istration of the compact consented to by the Act of May 31,  
12 1949 (Public Law 82): *Provided*, That notwithstanding  
13 the provisions of any other law, the President is authorized  
14 to appoint a retired officer as such representative, without  
15 prejudice to his status as a retired Army officer, and he shall  
16 receive such compensation and expenses in addition to his  
17 retired pay.

## 18 BUREAU OF MINES

### 19 CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL

#### 20 RESOURCES

21 For expenses necessary for promoting the conservation,  
22 exploration, development, production, and utilization of  
23 mineral resources, including fuels, in the United States, its  
24 Territories and possessions; developing synthetics and sub-



stitutes; and controlling fires in coal deposits; ~~\$15,363,000~~  
\$17,363,000.

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY

For expenses necessary for promotion of health and safety in mines and in the minerals industries, as authorized by law, \$5,304,300.

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the Bureau of Mines, including such expenses in the regional offices, \$1,030,000.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations and funds available to the Bureau of Mines may be expended for purchase of not to exceed eighty-nine passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; providing transportation services in isolated areas for employees, student dependents of employees, and other pupils, and such activities may be financed under cooperative arrangements; purchase and bestowal of certificates and trophies in connection with mine rescue and first-aid work: *Provided*, That the Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private: *Provided further*, That the sums made available for the

1 current fiscal year to the Departments of the Army, Navy,  
2 and Air Force for the acquisition of helium from the  
3 Bureau of Mines shall be transferred to the Bureau of  
4 Mines, and said sums, together with all other payments  
5 to the Bureau of Mines for helium, shall be credited to the  
6 special helium production fund, established pursuant to the  
7 Act of March 3, 1925, as amended (50 U. S. C. 164 (c)) :  
8 *Provided further*, That the Bureau of Mines is authorized,  
9 during the current fiscal year, to sell directly or through  
10 any Government agency, including corporations, any metal  
11 or mineral product that may be manufactured in pilot plants  
12 operated by the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such  
13 sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous  
14 receipts.

15 NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

16 MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

17 For expenses necessary for the management and pro-  
18 tection of the areas and facilities administered by the Na-  
19 tional Park Service, including protection of lands in process  
20 of condemnation; and for plans, investigations, and studies  
21 of the recreational resources (exclusive of preparation of  
22 detail plans and working drawings) and archaeological val-  
23 ues in river basins of the United States (except the Mis-  
24 souri River Basin) ; ~~\$11,480,000~~ \$11,537,000.

## MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES

For expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance, and rehabilitation of roads (including furnishing special road maintenance service to defense trucking permittees on a reimbursable basis), trails, buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities essential to the operation of areas administered pursuant to law by the National Park Service, \$10,158,000.

## CONSTRUCTION

For construction and improvement, without regard to the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U. S. C. 451), of buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities; and the acquisition of lands, interests therein, improvements, and water rights; to remain available until expended, ~~\$15,-~~  
~~000,000~~ \$15,250,000, of which not to exceed \$250,000 shall be available for the construction of additional school facilities at Grand Canyon National Park, Arizona.

CONSTRUCTION (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT  
AUTHORIZATION)

For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority contained in section 6 of the Federal-aid Highway Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), including acquisition of right-of-way for the eastern entrance road, Rocky Mountain National



1 Park, Colorado, \$29,800,000, to remain available until ex-  
2 pended.

3 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

4 For expenses necessary for general administration of the  
5 National Park Service, including such expenses in the regional  
6 offices, \$1,250,000.

7 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

8 Appropriations for the National Park Service shall be  
9 available for the purchase of not to exceed one hundred  
10 and ten passenger motor vehicles of which one hundred  
11 and nine shall be for replacement only, including not to  
12 exceed seventeen for replacing United States Park Police  
13 cruisers; and the objects and purposes specified in the Acts  
14 of August 8, 1953 (67 Stat. 495, 496) and July 1, 1955  
15 (69 Stat. 242) : *Provided, That all receipts from the opera-*  
16 *tion of the McKinley Park Hotel in Mount McKinley*  
17 *National Park, Alaska, may be applied to, or offset against,*  
18 *costs of managing, operating, and maintaining the hotel and*  
19 *related facilities, and any receipts or other revenues in excess*  
20 *of such costs shall be deposited at least annually into the*  
21 *Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.*

22 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

23 MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES

24 For expenses necessary for conservation, management,  
25 protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources, and

1 for the performance of other authorized functions related to  
 2 such resources; operation of the industrial properties within  
 3 the Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (61 Stat. 770) ;  
 4 maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita  
 5 Mountains Wildlife Refuge; purchase or rent of land, and  
 6 functions related to wildlife management in California (16  
 7 U. S. C. 695-695c) ; leasing and management of lands for  
 8 the protection of the Florida Key deer; and not to exceed  
 9 \$30,000 for payment, in the discretion of the Secretary,  
 10 for information or evidence concerning violations of laws  
 11 administered by the Fish and Wildlife Service;  
 12 ~~\$9,696,000~~ \$10,373,600; and in addition there are appro-  
 13 priated amounts equal to 25 per centum of the proceeds  
 14 covered into the Treasury during the next preceding fiscal  
 15 year from the sale of sealskins and other products, for man-  
 16 agement and investigation of fish and wildlife resources of  
 17 Alaska, including construction.

#### 18 INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

19 For expenses necessary for scientific and economic  
 20 studies and investigations respecting conservation, manage-  
 21 ment, protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources,  
 22 including related aquatic plants and products; collection, com-  
 23 pilation, and publication of information concerning such  
 24 studies and investigations; and the performance of other

1 functions related thereto; as authorized by law; ~~\$5,065,000~~  
2 ~~\$5,105,000~~.

3 CONSTRUCTION

4 For construction and acquisition of buildings and other  
5 facilities required in the conservation, management, protec-  
6 tion, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources and the  
7 acquisition of lands and interests therein, ~~\$2,200,000~~ \$2,-  
8 471,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That  
9 the funds appropriated herein for the continuation of the con-  
10 struction of the Devils Kitchen Dam on the Crab Orchard  
11 Wildlife Refuge, Illinois, shall be transferred to the Corps of  
12 Engineers, Department of the Army.

13 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

14 For expenses necessary for general administration of  
15 the Fish and Wildlife Service, including such expenses in  
16 the regional offices, \$852,500.

17 ADMINISTRATION OF PRIBILOF ISLANDS

18 For carrying out the provisions of the Act of February  
19 26, 1944, as amended (16 U. S. C. 631a-631q), there  
20 are appropriated amounts equal to 60 per centum of the  
21 proceeds covered into the Treasury during the next pre-  
22 ceding fiscal year from the sale of sealskins and other  
23 products, to remain available for expenditure during the  
24 current and next succeeding fiscal years.



## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available for purchase of not to exceed ~~ninety-seven passenger motor vehicles for replacement only~~ *one hundred and thirty-one passenger motor vehicles of which ninety-seven shall be for replacement only*; purchase of not to exceed six aircraft for replacement only; publication and distribution of bulletins as authorized by law (7 U. S. C. 417); rations or commutation of rations for officers and crews of vessels at rates not to exceed \$3 per man per day; repair of damage to public roads within and adjacent to reservation areas caused by operations of the Fish and Wildlife Service; options for the purchase of land at not to exceed \$1 for each option; facilities incident to such public recreational uses on conservation areas as are not inconsistent with their primary purposes; and the maintenance and improvement of aquaria, buildings, and other facilities under the jurisdiction of the Fish and Wildlife Service and to which the United States has title, and which are utilized pursuant to law in connection with management and investigation of fish and wildlife resources.

## OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

## ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

For expenses necessary for the administration of Terri-

1   tories and for the departmental administration of the Trust  
2   Territory of the Pacific Islands, under the jurisdiction of  
3   the Department of the Interior, including expenses of the  
4   offices of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, Amer-  
5   ican Samoa, as authorized by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 61,  
6   531, 1422, 1431a (c) ) ; salaries of the Governor of the  
7   Virgin Islands, the Government Secretary, and the members  
8   of their immediate staffs as authorized by law (Act of July  
9   22, 1954, Public Law 517), compensation and mileage of  
10  members of the legislatures in Alaska, Hawaii, Guam,  
11  American Samoa, and the Virgin Islands as authorized  
12  by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 87, 599, 1421d (e), 1431a  
13  (c) and the Act of July 22, 1954 (68 Stat. 497) ) ;  
14  compensation and expenses of the judiciary in Ameri-  
15  can Samoa as authorized by law (48 U. S. C. 1431a  
16  (c) ) ; care of insane as authorized by law for Alaska (48  
17  U. S. C. 46-50) ; grants to American Samoa, in addition to  
18  current local revenues, for support of governmental functions;  
19  and personal services, household equipment and furnish-  
20  ings, and utilities necessary in the operation of the houses  
21  of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, and American  
22  Samoa; \$2,803,000: *Provided*, That the Territorial and  
23  local governments herein provided for are authorized to  
24  make purchases through the General Services Administra-

tion: *Provided further*, That appropriations available for the administration of Territories may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be necessary.

#### TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

For expenses necessary for the Department of the Interior in administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement approved by Public Law 204, Eightieth Congress, and Public Law 451, approved June 30, 1954, including the expenses of the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; compensation and expenses of the judiciary of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands in addition to local revenues, for support of governmental functions; \$4,800,000: *Provided*, That the revolving fund for loans to locally owned private trading enterprises shall continue to be available during the fiscal year 1957: *Provided further*, That all financial transactions of the Trust Territory, including such transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established or utilized by such Trust Territory, shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions



1 of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as  
2 amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64  
3 Stat. 34) : *Provided further*, That the government of the  
4 Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to make  
5 purchases through the General Services Administration:  
6 *Provided further*, That appropriations available for the  
7 Administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands  
8 may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance,  
9 and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official pur-  
10 poses and for commercial transportation purposes found by  
11 the Secretary to be necessary in carrying out the provisions  
12 of article 6 (2) of the Trusteeship Agreement approved by  
13 Congress.

#### 14 ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS

15 For an additional amount for expenses necessary for  
16 carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1949,  
17 as amended (48 U. S. C. 486-486j), to remain available  
18 until June 30, 1959, \$4,968,000, of which not to exceed  
19 \$525,000 shall be available for administrative expenses.

#### 20 CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, ALASKA

21 For construction of roads, tramways, buildings, ferries,  
22 bridges, and trails, including surveys and plans for new road  
23 construction; acquisition of lands or interests in lands by  
24 purchase, donation, condemnation, or otherwise; and pur-

1 chase of five passenger motor vehicles for replacement only,  
2 \$7,800,000, to remain available until expended.

3 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS, ALASKA

4 For operation and maintenance of roads, tram-  
5 ways, buildings, ferries, bridges, and trails, \$3,625,000.

6 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

7 The total of the amounts herein appropriated for con-  
8 struction, operation and maintenance of roads in Alaska shall  
9 be available in one fund, except that the appropriation herein  
10 made for operation and maintenance shall be available only  
11 for the service of the current fiscal year.

12 Not to exceed  $17\frac{1}{2}$  per centum of the amount herein  
13 appropriated for construction of roads in Alaska shall be  
14 available for construction work by force account, or on a  
15 hired-labor basis.

16 ALASKA RAILROAD REVOLVING FUND

17 The Alaska Railroad Revolving Fund shall continue avail-  
18 able until expended for the work authorized by law, including  
19 operation and maintenance of oceangoing or coastwise vessels  
20 by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches  
21 of the Government service, for the purpose of providing addi-  
22 tional facilities for transportation of freight, passengers, or  
23 mail, when deemed necessary for the benefit and development  
24 of industries or travel in the area served; and payment of

1 compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of  
2 the Act of September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 793), to be reim-  
3 bursed as therein provided: *Provided*, That no employee  
4 shall be paid an annual salary out of said fund of more than  
5 \$11,000 except the general manager of said railroad, one  
6 assistant general manager at not to exceed \$14,000 per  
7 annum, two officers at not to exceed \$12,500 per annum  
8 each, and three officers at not to exceed \$12,000 per annum  
9 each.

10 ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

11 SALARIES AND EXPENSES

12 For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of  
13 the Interior (referred to herein as the Secretary), including  
14 teletype rentals and service, \$2,222,000.

15 WORKING CAPITAL FUND

16 The working capital fund, established by the Act of  
17 September 6, 1950 (64 Stat. 679), shall hereafter be avail-  
18 able for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by  
19 the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114  
20 and 69 Stat. 49).

21 GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

22 SEC. 101. Appropriations made in this title shall be  
23 available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau  
24 or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emer-



1 gency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of buildings, util-  
2 ities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed  
3 by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: *Provided*,  
4 That no funds shall be made available under this authority  
5 until funds specifically made available to the Department of  
6 the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

7 SEC. 102. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure  
8 or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appro-  
9 priation in this title, in addition to the amounts included  
10 in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the  
11 suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires  
12 on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Depart-  
13 ment of the Interior: *Provided*, That appropriations made in  
14 this title for fire suppression purposes shall be available for  
15 the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding  
16 fiscal year.

17 SEC. 103. Appropriations made in this title shall be  
18 available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and  
19 similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will  
20 contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations  
21 shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity  
22 in the same manner as authorized by the Act of June 30,  
23 1932 (31 U. S. C. 686): *Provided*, That reimbursements  
24 for cost of supplies, materials and equipment, and for services

1 rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the  
2 time such reimbursements are received.

3 SEC. 104. Appropriations made to the Department  
4 of the Interior in this title or in the Public Works  
5 Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be available for services  
6 as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946  
7 (5 U. S. C. 55a), when authorized by the Secretary, at  
8 rates not to exceed \$100 per diem for individuals, and in  
9 total amount not to exceed \$250,000; maintenance and oper-  
10 ation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase  
11 of reprints; payment for telephone service in private resi-  
12 dences in the field, when authorized under regulations ap-  
13 proved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when  
14 authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in  
15 societies or associations which issue publications to members  
16 only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who  
17 are not members.

18 SEC. 105. Appropriations available to the Department  
19 of the Interior for salaries and expenses shall be available  
20 for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law  
21 (68 Stat. 1114, 69 Stat. 49, and D. C. Code 4-204).

22 SEC. 106. ~~(a) Not to exceed \$200,000 of the funds~~  
23 ~~appropriated to the Department of the Interior in this title~~  
24 ~~or in the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be~~

1 available to pay the compensation of all persons the budget  
2 estimates for personal services heretofore submitted to the  
3 Congress for the fiscal year 1957 contemplated would be  
4 employed by such department, agency, or corporation during  
5 such fiscal year in the performance of—

6       ~~(1)~~ function performed by a person designated as  
7 an information specialist, information and editorial spe-  
8 cialist, publications and information coordinator, press  
9 relations officer or counsel, photographer, radio expert,  
10 television expert, motion picture expert, or publicity  
11 expert, or designated by any similar title, or

12       ~~(2)~~ functions performed by persons who assist  
13 persons performing the functions described in ~~(1)~~ in  
14 drafting, preparing, editing, typing, duplicating or dis-  
15 seminating public information, publications or releases,  
16 radio or television scripts, magazine articles, photo-  
17 graphs, motion picture and similar material, shall be  
18 available to pay the compensation of persons performing  
19 the functions described in ~~(1)~~ or ~~(2)~~.

20       ~~(b)~~ This section shall not apply to the preparation for  
21 publication of reports and maps resulting from authorized  
22 scientific and engineering investigations and surveys, to  
23 photography incident to the compilation and reproduction of  
24 maps and reports, or publications of the National Park



1 Service, or to photocopying of permanent records for  
2 preservation.

3 TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

4 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

5 SALARIES AND EXPENSES

6 For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a  
7 Commission of Fine Arts (40 U. S. C. 104), including pay-  
8 ment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secre-  
9 tary of the Commission in attending meetings and committee  
10 meetings of the Commission either within or outside the  
11 District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved  
12 by the Commission, \$31,000.

13 FEDERAL COAL MINE SAFETY BOARD OF REVIEW

14 Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses of the  
15 Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review, including serv-  
16 ices as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946  
17 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$70,000.

18 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

19 FOREST SERVICE—SALARIES AND EXPENSES

20 For expenses necessary, including not to exceed \$15,000  
21 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section  
22 706 (a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U. S. C. 574), as  
23 amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5  
24 U. S. C. 55a), including travel expenses of advisory coun-

1 cils or similar groups; to experiment and make investigations  
2 and report on forestry, national forests, forest fires, forest  
3 insects and diseases, and lumbering; to advise the owners  
4 of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate  
5 and test American timber and timber trees and their uses,  
6 and methods, for the preservative treatment of timber; to  
7 seek, through investigations and the planting of native and  
8 foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to  
9 protect, administer, and improve the national forests, in-  
10 cluding tree planting and other measures to prevent erosion,  
11 drift, surface wash, soil waste, and the formation of floods,  
12 and to conserve water; to ascertain the natural conditions  
13 upon and utilize the national forests, to transport and care  
14 for fish and game supplied to stock the national forests or  
15 the waters therein; for management of lands acquired under  
16 the land-utilization program; and to collate, digest, report,  
17 and illustrate the results of experiments and investigations  
18 made by the Forest Service: *Provided*, That the appro-  
19 priations available to the Forest Service for the current fiscal  
20 year may be used for the operation and maintenance of  
21 aircraft, and the purchase of not to exceed four (for replace-  
22 ment only), uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized  
23 by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U. S. C.  
24 2131); the purchase, erection, and alteration of buildings  
25 and other public improvements, but the cost of any building

1 purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of  
2 constructing a water-supply or sanitary system and of con-  
3 necting the same with any such building, and exclusive of  
4 the cost of any tower upon which a lookout house may be  
5 erected, shall not exceed \$18,500 (\$22,500 in Alaska)  
6 with the exception that any building erected, purchased,  
7 or acquired, the cost of which was \$18,500 or more, may be  
8 improved out of the appropriations available to the Forest  
9 Service within any fiscal year by an amount not to exceed  
10 2 per centum of the cost of such building, and not to exceed  
11 \$250,000 of such appropriations may be used for the main-  
12 tenance, improvement, and construction of aircraft-landing  
13 fields in, or adjacent to the national forests, as follows:

14       National forest protection and management: For the  
15 administration, protection, use, maintenance, improvement,  
16 and development of the national forests, including the estab-  
17 lishment and maintenance of forest tree nurseries, including  
18 the procurement of tree seed and nursery stock by purchase,  
19 production, or otherwise, seeding and tree planting and the  
20 care of plantations and young growth; the maintenance of  
21 roads and trails and the construction and maintenance of  
22 all other improvements necessary for the proper and eco-  
23 nomical administration, protection, development, and use of  
24 the national forests, including experimental areas under For-  
25 est Service administration; the construction (not to exceed



1 \$18,500 for any one structure), equipment, and mainte-  
2 nance of sanitary and recreational facilities; timber cultural  
3 operations; development and application of fish and game  
4 management plans; propagation and transplanting of plants  
5 suitable for planting on semiarid portions of the national  
6 forests; estimating and appraising of timber and other re-  
7 sources and development and application of plans for their  
8 effective management, sale, and use; expenses of the National  
9 Forest Reservation Commission as authorized by section 14  
10 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U. S. C. 514) ; examina-  
11 tion, classification, surveying, and appraisal of land incident  
12 to effecting exchanges authorized by law and of lands within  
13 the boundaries of the national forests that may be opened  
14 to homestead settlement and entry under the Act of June 11,  
15 1906, and the Act of August 10, 1912 (16 U. S. C. 506-  
16 509) , as provided by the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U. S. C.  
17 512) ; investigation and establishment of water rights, in-  
18 cluding the purchase thereof or of lands or interests in lands  
19 or rights-of-way for use and protection of water rights neces-  
20 sary or beneficial in connection with the administration and  
21 public use of the national forests; not to exceed \$100,000 for  
22 the purchase of parcels of land and interests therein in Sanders  
23 County, Montana, but such land shall not be acquired with-  
24 out the approval of the local government concerned; and  
25 all expenses necessary for the use, maintenance, improve-

1 ment, protection, and general administration of the national  
 2 forests, and for the management of lands under title III of  
 3 the Act of July 22, 1937, and the Act of August 11, 1945  
 4 (7 U. S. C. 1010-1012) ; ~~\$41,668,000~~ \$46,063,500:  
 5 *Provided*, That the Secretary may sell at market value any  
 6 property located in Yalobusha, Chickasaw, and Pontotoc  
 7 Counties, Mississippi, administered under title III of the Act  
 8 of July 22, 1937, and suitable for return to private ownership  
 9 under such terms and conditions as would not conflict with  
 10 the purposes of said Act.

11 Fighting forest fires: For fighting and preventing forest  
 12 fires on or threatening lands under Forest Service adminis-  
 13 tration, including lands under contract for purchase or in  
 14 process of condemnation for Forest Service purposes, and for  
 15 liquidation of obligations incurred in the preceding fiscal  
 16 year for such purpose, \$5,250,000; of which \$1,750,000 shall  
 17 be apportioned for use, pursuant to section 3679 of the  
 18 Revised Statutes, as amended, to the extent necessary to  
 19 meet emergency conditions.

20 Control of forest pests: For the control of white pine  
 21 blister rust pursuant to the Act of April 26, 1940 (16  
 22 U. S. C. 594a) , including the development and testing of new  
 23 control methods, \$2,734,000, of which \$355,000 shall be  
 24 available to the Department of the Interior for the control  
 25 of white pine blister rust on or endangering Federal lands

1 under the jurisdiction of that Department or lands of Indian  
2 tribes which are under the jurisdiction of or retained under  
3 restrictions of the United States; and for carrying out the  
4 Forest Pest Control Act (16 U. S. C. 594-1—594-5),  
5 \$2,386,000, of which \$1,751,000 shall be apportioned for  
6 use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as  
7 amended, for the purposes of said Act to the extent necessary  
8 under the then existing conditions; \$5,120,000.

9 Forest research: For forest research at forest or range  
10 experiment stations, the Forest Products Laboratory, or  
11 elsewhere, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2,  
12 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, and 10 of the Act approved May 22, 1928, as  
13 amended (16 U. S. C. 581, 581a-581c, 581f-581i), includ-  
14 ing the construction and maintenance of improvements; fire,  
15 silvicultural, watershed, forest insects and diseases, and other  
16 forest investigations and experiments; investigations and  
17 experiments to develop improved methods of management  
18 of forest and related ranges; experiments, investigations, and  
19 tests of forest products; marketing research and service on  
20 timber and timber products; a comprehensive forest survey;  
21 and investigations in forest economics; ~~\$9,350,000~~ \$10,650,-  
22 000: *Provided*, That funds may be advanced to cooperators  
23 under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe when  
24 such action will stimulate or facilitate cooperative work.



## FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

2 For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions  
3 of section 23 of the Federal Highway Act approved Novem-  
4 ber 9, 1921, as amended (23 U. S. C. 23, 23a), relating  
5 to forest development roads and trails, including the con-  
6 struction, reconstruction, and maintenance of roads and trails  
7 on experimental areas under Forest Service administration,  
8 \$24,000,000, which sum is authorized to be appropriated  
9 by the Act of May 6, 1954 (23 U. S. C. 23), to remain  
10 available until expended.

## ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS

*Weeks Act*

13 For the acquisition of forest lands under the provisions  
14 of the Act approved March 1, 1911, as amended (16  
15 U. S. C. 513-519, 521), \$100,000, to be available only  
16 for payment of the purchase price of any lands acquired,  
17 including the cost of surveys in connection with such acqui-  
18 sition: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall  
19 be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the  
20 boundaries of a national forest: Provided further, That no  
21 part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition  
22 of any land without the approval of the local government  
23 concerned.

## Special Acts

2       For the acquisition of land to facilitate the control of  
3 soil erosion and flood damage originating within the ex-  
4 terior boundaries of the following national forest, in accord-  
5 ance with the provisions of the following Act authorizing an-  
6 nual appropriations of forest receipts for such purposes, and in  
7 not to exceed the following amount from such receipts: Cache  
8 National Forest, Utah, Act of May 11, 1938 (Public Law  
9 505), as amended, \$10,000: Provided, That no part of this  
10 appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any land which  
11 is not within the boundaries of a national forest: Provided  
12 further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for  
13 the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local  
14 government concerned.

## STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION

For expenses necessary for cooperation with the various States in forest-fire prevention and suppression, in forest tree planting on non-Federal public and private lands, and in forest management and processing, pursuant to the Act of August 25, 1950 (16 U. S. C. 568c, 568d), and sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the Act of June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 564-567c), and Acts supplementary thereto; advising timberland owners, associations, and other appropriate agencies in the

1 application of forest and management principles to federally  
 2 owned lands leased to States and to private forest lands, and  
 3 advising wood-using industries in processing of forest prod-  
 4 ucts, so as to attain sustained-yield management, the conser-  
 5 vation of the timber resources, the productivity of forest  
 6 lands, and the stabilization of employment and economic  
 7 continuance of forest industries; ~~\$11,385,000~~ \$15,165,000.

#### 8 COOPERATIVE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

9 For artificial revegetation, construction, and main-  
 10 tenance of range improvements, control of rodents, and  
 11 eradication of poisonous and noxious plants on national  
 12 forests as authorized by section 12 of the Act of April 24,  
 13 1950 (16 U. S. C. 580h), \$700,000, to remain available  
 14 until expended.

#### 15 GENERAL PROVISIONS, FOREST SERVICE

16 SEC. 201. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law,  
 17 the lump-sum appropriations and authorizations made for  
 18 the Forest Service under this Act shall be available for the  
 19 purchase, in addition to those specifically provided for, of  
 20 not to exceed 133 passenger motor vehicles for replacement  
 21 only, and for the hire of such vehicles, necessary in the con-  
 22 duct of the work of the Forest Service outside the District  
 23 of Columbia.

24 SEC. 202. Of appropriations herein made which are  
 25 available for the purchase of lands, not to exceed \$1 may



1 be expended for each option to purchase any particular  
2 tract or tracts of land.

3 SEC. 203. Except to provide materials required in  
4 or incident to research or experimental work where no  
5 suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds  
6 appropriated to the Forest Service shall be expended in the  
7 purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or  
8 materials produced outside of the United States.

9 SEC. 204. No part of any appropriation to the Forest  
10 Service in this Act shall be used for publicity or propa-  
11 ganda purposes to support or defeat legislation pending  
12 before the Congress.

13 INDIAN CLAIMS COMMISSION

14 Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary to carry  
15 out the purposes of the Act of August 13, 1946 (25 U.  
16 S. C. 70), creating an Indian Claims Commission, \$124,-  
17 600, of which not to exceed \$3,975 shall be available for  
18 expenses of travel.

19 JAMESTOWN-WILLIAMSBURG-YORKTOWN CELEBRATION  
20 COMMISSION

21 For expenses necessary to complete carrying out the  
22 provisions of the Act of August 13, 1953 (67 Stat. 576),  
23 including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act  
24 of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed  
25 \$50 per diem for individuals; transportation and not to

1 exceed \$20 per diem in lieu of subsistence for members  
 2 of the Commission serving without compensation; and  
 3 entertainment; \$115,000.

#### 4 NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

5 Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses, as  
 6 authorized by the National Capital Planning Act of 1952  
 7 (66 Stat. 781), including services as authorized by section  
 8 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; not to  
 9 exceed \$175 for the purchase of newspapers and periodicals;  
 10 not to exceed \$8,000 for expenses of travel; payment  
 11 in advance for membership in societies whose publica-  
 12 tions or services are available to members only or to mem-  
 13 bers at a price lower than to the general public; and  
 14 transportation and not to exceed \$15 per diem in lieu of  
 15 subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of August  
 16 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for members of the Commis-  
 17 sion serving without compensation; ~~\$185,000~~ \$210,000.

18 Land acquisition, National Capital park, parkway, and  
 19 playground system: Under authority of the Act of May  
 20 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, for necessary ex-  
 21 penses for the National Capital Planning Commission for  
 22 acquisition of land for the park, parkway, and playground  
 23 system of the National Capital, to remain available until  
 24 expended, ~~\$1,250,000~~ \$1,500,000, of which (a) ~~\$438,000~~  
 25 \$526,000 shall be available for the purposes of section 1

1 (a) of said Act of May 29, 1930, (b) ~~\$287,000~~ *\$344,000*  
2 shall be available for the purposes of section 1 (b) thereof,  
3 and (c) ~~\$525,000~~ *\$630,000* shall be available for the pur-  
4 poses of section 4 thereof: *Provided*, That not exceeding  
5 \$67,500 of the funds available for land acquisition purposes  
6 shall be used during the current fiscal year for necessary  
7 expenses of the Commission (other than payments for land)  
8 in connection with land acquisition.

9 Salaries and expenses, Washington regional mass trans-  
10 portation survey: For necessary expenses to enable the Na-  
11 tional Capital Planning Commission and the National Capi-  
12 tal Regional Planning Council to jointly complete a survey  
13 of the present and future mass transportation needs of the  
14 National Capital region as defined in the National Capital  
15 Planning Act of 1952 (66 Stat. 781), and to report their  
16 findings and recommendations to the President, including  
17 transportation expenses and not to exceed \$15 per diem in  
18 lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of  
19 August 2, 1946, as amended (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for mem-  
20 bers of the Commission and Council serving without com-  
21 pensation, \$200,000: *Provided*, That the unobligated bal-  
22 ance of the appropriation of \$200,000 granted under this  
23 head for the fiscal years 1955 and 1956 shall remain avail-  
24 able during the current fiscal year and shall be merged with  
25 this appropriation (66 Stat. 781): *Provided further*, That



1 *the employment of not more than one person by contract*  
2 *or otherwise, pursuant to the third sentence of section 2 (c)*  
3 *of the Act of June 6, 1924, as amended by the Act of July*  
4 *19, 1952 (66 Stat. 783), may be extended for an additional*  
5 *year.*

6 SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

7 Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution: For all  
8 necessary expenses for the preservation, exhibition, and in-  
9 crease of collections from the surveying and exploring expe-  
10 ditions of the Government and from other sources; for the  
11 system of international exchanges between the United States  
12 and foreign countries; for anthropological researches among  
13 the American Indians and the natives of lands under the  
14 jurisdiction or protection of the United States, independently  
15 or in cooperation with State, educational, and scientific  
16 organizations in the United States, and the excavation and  
17 preservation of archeological remains; for maintenance of the  
18 Astrophysical Observatory and making necessary observa-  
19 tions in high altitudes; for the administration of the National  
20 Collection of Fine Arts; for the administration, construction,  
21 and maintenance of laboratory and other facilities on Barro  
22 Colorado Island, Canal Zone, under the provisions of the  
23 Act of July 2, 1940, as amended by the provisions of Reor-  
24 ganization Plan Numbered 3 of 1946; for the maintenance  
25 and administration of a national air museum as authorized

1 by the Act of August 12, 1946 (20 U. S. C. 77) ; including  
2 not to exceed \$35,000 for services as authorized by section 15  
3 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; not to  
4 exceed \$38,725 for expenses of travel; purchase, repair,  
5 and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors;  
6 repairs and alterations of buildings and approaches; and prep-  
7 aration of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations for publi-  
8 cations; ~~\$4,400,000~~ \$4,425,000.

9 Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For the  
10 upkeep and operation of the National Gallery of Art, the  
11 protection and care of the works of art therein, and adminis-  
12 trative expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of  
13 March 24, 1937 (50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public  
14 resolution of April 13, 1939 (Public Resolution 9, Seventy-  
15 sixth Congress), including services as authorized by section  
16 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; payment  
17 in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery  
18 for membership in library, museum, and art associations or  
19 societies whose publications or services are available to mem-  
20 bers only, or to members at a price lower than to the general  
21 public; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards  
22 and elevator operators and uniforms, or allowances therefor  
23 for other employees as authorized by the Act of September  
24 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114 and 69 Stat. 49) ;  
25 purchase or rental of devices and services for protecting

1 buildings and contents thereof, and maintenance and repair  
 2 of buildings, approaches, and grounds; not to exceed \$2,400  
 3 for expenses of travel; and not to exceed \$15,000 for restora-  
 4 tion and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of  
 5 Art by contracts made, without advertising, with individuals,  
 6 firms, or organizations at such rates or prices and under such  
 7 terms and conditions as the Gallery may deem proper;  
 8 ~~\$1,495,000~~ \$1,505,000.

9 Museum of History and Technology: For necessary  
 10 expenses of construction of a building for the Museum  
 11 of History and Technology, as authorized by the  
 12 Act of June 28, 1955 (69 Stat. 189), \$33,712,000, to  
 13 remain available until expended.

#### 14 FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION

15 For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of  
 16 the Act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 694), \$10,000, to  
 17 remain available until expended.

#### 18 *WOODROW WILSON CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION* 19 *COMMISSION*

20 *For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of*  
 21 *the Act of August 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 964, 965), \$48,500.*

#### 22 TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

#### 23 GRANTS

24 For payment to the Virgin Islands Corporation in the  
 25 form of grants as authorized by law, \$425,000.



## 1 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

2 During the current fiscal year the Virgin Islands Cor-  
3 poration is hereby authorized to make such expenditures,  
4 within the limits of funds available to it and in accord with  
5 law, and to make such contracts and commitments without  
6 regard to fiscal-year limitations as provided by section 104  
7 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended,  
8 as may be necessary in carrying out its programs as set  
9 forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1957: *Provided,*  
10 That not to exceed \$160,000 shall be available for  
11 administrative expenses (to be computed on an accrual  
12 basis) of the Corporation, covering the categories set forth  
13 in the 1957 budget estimates for such expenses.

## 14 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

15 SEC. 401. Unless otherwise provided by law, appropri-  
16 ations contained in this Act available for expenses of travel  
17 shall be available, when specifically authorized by the head  
18 of the activity or establishment concerned, for expenses of  
19 attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the  
20 function or activity for which the appropriation concerned  
21 is made.

22 This Act may be cited as the "Department of the  
23 Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1957."

Passed the House of Representatives February 21, 1956.

Attest:

RALPH R. ROBERTS,

*Clerk.*





84TH CONGRESS  
2d Session

**H. R. 9390**

[Report No. 1761]

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## AN ACT

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Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

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FEBRUARY 22, 1956

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations

APRIL 17, 1956

Reported with amendments







12. FAO. Passed with amendments. S. J. Res. 97, to increase the ceiling on the U. S. annual contribution to FAO from \$2 million to \$3 million. International Labor Organization from \$1,750,000 to \$3 million. Agreed to amendments Sen. Bricker providing that no sums in excess of \$1,750,000 shall be appropriated for expenses of the ILO for any calendar year after 1956, if during preceding calendar year delegates representing the Soviet or Soviet-dominated governments were permitted to vote in any meetings held under the auspices of the ILO; and by Sen. Fulbright limiting the percentage contribution of the U. S. to the total annual budget of the FAO to 31.5 percent, and to the total to 25 percent. pp. 5919, 24, 41
13. ELECTRIFICATION. Passed with amendments S. 3338, freezing the rates charged public bodies and cooperatives for electric power generated at Federal power plants. pp. 5914, 41, 42, 47  
Sen. Thye commended the action of the AEC in authorizing nuclear power plant negotiations with two electric cooperatives in Minn. and Mich., and inserted the AEC news release on the matter. p. 5954. Sen. Humphrey also commended this action. p. 5951
14. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Humphrey commended and Sen. Knowland criticized the report of the House Appropriations Committee in reporting out a bill making appropriations for a soil bank. p. 5951  
Sen. Carlson inserted an article by Dr. Raymond Miller stressing the importance of a soil bank program. p. 5897
15. APPROPRIATIONS. At the request of Majority Leader Johnson H. R. 9390, making appropriations for the Interior Department, was made the unfinished business to be taken up on Monday. p. 5947
16. FLOOD CONTROL. At the request of Sen. Ellender consideration of S. 3243, to amend the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act, was transferred from the Agriculture and Forestry to the Public Works Committee. p. 5897
17. IRRIGATION. Concurred in the House amendments to S. 1194, to provide for construction of the Red Willow Dam and Reservoir, Neb., and Wilson Dam and Reservoir, Kans., as units of the Missouri River Basin project. p. 5896  
bill is now ready for the President.
18. INFORMATION. Passed without amendment H. R. 8957, extending the time for the D. C. Auditorium Commission to submit its report and recommendations with respect to the civic auditorium to be constructed in D. C. p. 5946 This bill is now ready for the President.
19. FCIC. Received from the Comptroller General an audit report on the FCIC for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1955, to Government Operations Committee. p. 5894
20. FARM PROGRESS. Sen. Fulbright spoke on the recent economic progress made in the South, including advances in agriculture. p. 5920
21. RECESSED until Mon., Apr., 23. p. 5961

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

22. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Humphrey inserted an editorial describing the role of agriculture in the perspective of our national-defense effort. p. A3178
- Sen. Watkins inserted a magazine article which stated that "Republicans and Democrats alike are making it difficult for the American farmer to determine who his friends are". p. A3182
- Extension of remarks of Rep. Keating commending the President's veto of the farm bill and criticizing Gov. Harriman's statement that "...the veto of the farm bill marked a black day for the New York dairy farmer". p. A3184
- Sen. Williams inserted a newspaper article suggesting that farmers who want to know will find their "betrayors" among those who are playing politics with their distress. p. A3185
- Rep. Hope commended and inserted Joseph C. Harsch's article, "Wanted--A Candid United States Farm Policy," and stated that "it clearly points up the basic questions which must be decided in the way of national policy if there is to be any rational solution of our accumulating difficulties in agricultural production and distribution." p. A3192
- Rep. Quigley inserted a newspaper article, "Ike's Farm Appeal Shows Bad Timing." p. A3197
- Rep. Curtis, Mo., inserted 3 newspaper editorials criticizing the farm bill. p. A3199
- Rep. Laird inserted 7 editorials and stated that "these editorials are taken from six different newspapers in Wisconsin and I believe represent the thinking of Wisconsin citizens on this (farm bill) legislation". p. A3200
- Extension of remarks of Rep. Scudder stating that he voted to sustain the President's veto of the farm bill because this "hodge-podge" bill is not a good one and inserting a newspaper article on this subject. p. A3219
- Extension of remarks of Rep. Henderson commending the President's veto of the farm bill and urging the immediate passage of soil bank legislation. p. A3239
- Rep. Hope commended and inserted Walter Lippmann's article discussing the farm bill veto and stated that "this article in my opinion accurately and effectively expresses the issues and differences of viewpoint which existed between the President and Congress in connection with the consideration and disposition of this legislation". p. A3233
- Various insertions of newspaper articles criticizing and commending the President's veto of the farm bill. pp. A3182, A3183, A3217
23. 4-H CLUB. Sen. Humphrey inserted two prize winning essays of 4-H Club members. p. A3180
24. SURPLUS COMMODITIES. Extension of remarks of Rep. Hoffman discussing the apparent "unsolvable" problem of surplus commodities and the overall cost value of such commodities now in storage. p. A3223
25. TREATIES. Rep. Bow inserted a newspaper article favoring the adoption of the proposed Bricker amendment as revised. p. A3194
26. TEXTILES. Extension of remarks of Rep. Dorn criticizing the "utter ridiculousness of bringing Japanese textile goods into this country where we already have a surplus" and inserting a newspaper article on this subject. p. A3198



present consideration of Calendar No. 1812, House bill 8957.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be read by title, for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A bill (H. R. 8957) to extend the time within which the District of Columbia Auditorium Commission may submit its report and recommendations with respect to the civic auditorium to be constructed in the District of Columbia.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, the bill merely extends the time within which the District of Columbia Auditorium Commission, which is made up of some very fine persons, may submit its report and recommendations with respect to the civic auditorium to be constructed in the District of Columbia.

The purpose of the bill is to—

First. Extend the time within which the District of Columbia Auditorium Commission may submit its report and recommendations to the President and to the Congress with respect to the civic auditorium to be constructed in the District of Columbia, from February 1, 1956, to January 31, 1957.

Second. To change the designation from "civic auditorium" to "national civic auditorium."

Third. To authorize the appropriation of such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the act of July 1, 1955—Public Law 128, 84th Congress—in addition to the \$25,000 authorized by that act.

Public Law 128, approved July 1, 1955, established a commission known as the District of Columbia Auditorium Commission for the purpose of formulating plans for the design, location, financing, and construction in the District of Columbia of a civic auditorium, including an Inaugural Hall of Presidents and a music, fine arts, and mass communications center.

Mr. President, I think we are unusually fortunate in having some very prominent persons of very high caliber serve on the Commission. They believe they need additional time in which to submit their report and recommendations. So I hope the bill will be passed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Texas for the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 8957) to extend the time within which the District of Columbia Auditorium Commission may submit its report and recommendations with respect to the civic auditorium to be constructed in the District of Columbia.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. If there be no amendment to be proposed, the question is on the third reading of the bill.

The bill (H. R. 8957) was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### ORDER OF BUSINESS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1780, House bill 9390, mak-

ing appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes. My purpose is to have this bill made the unfinished business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Texas?

Mr. KERR. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, let me inquire as to the situation in the case of Calendar No. 1783, Senate bill 3338.

#### RATES CHARGED FOR ELECTRIC POWER GENERATED AT FEDERAL PROJECTS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate resume the consideration of Calendar No. 1783, Senate bill 3338.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Texas?

There being no objection, the Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (S. 3338) relating to rates charged to public bodies and cooperatives for electric power generated at Federal projects.

Mr. KERR. Mr. President, I wish to express appreciation to the distinguished Senator from Nebraska [Mr. HRUSKA] for clarifying the language of the bill by what he has had to say about the amendment which he and I jointly submitted.

I call attention to the fact that the purpose of the amendment is to make the bill effective to carry out its general purpose, namely, to prevent the changing of any rates or schedule of rates to the rural electric cooperatives and other public bodies for the period from January 1, 1956, to June 30, 1957.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Texas?

There being no objection, the Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (S. 3338) relating to rates charged to public bodies and cooperatives for electric power generated at Federal projects.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment submitted by the Senator from Oklahoma [Mr. KERR], on behalf of himself and the Senator from Nebraska [Mr. HRUSKA].

The amendment was agreed to, as follows:

On page 1, in line 7, after the word "thereof" and the parentheses, to strike out "make any charge for any such power and energy furnished to any public body or cooperative at any rate in excess of the rate charged on February 27, 1956," and insert: "to any public body or cooperative, charge any rates applicable to any class of service in excess of the rates in effect for such class of service on February 27, 1956."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. If there be no further amendment to be proposed, the question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill (S. 3338) was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That for a period of 18 months after January 1, 1956, the Secretary of the Interior shall not, in the disposition of electric power and energy generated at proj-

ects under the control of the Federal Government (or any department or agency thereof) to any public body or cooperative, charge any rates applicable to any class of service in excess of the rates in effect for such class of service on February 27, 1956; for electric power and energy furnished by him to such public body or cooperative.

SEC. 2. The provisions of the first section of this act shall not apply to any charge made at a rate established specifically by any contract entered into by the Federal Government prior to February 28, 1956.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, today the Senate has completed action on 3 treaties, 2 conference reports, and 48 bills. We convened at an early hour, and we shall conclude our session today earlier than we had anticipated.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Let the Chair state that the request of the Senator from Texas to have the Senate proceed to consider the appropriation bill for the Department of the Interior was not agreed to, because before the request was acted upon, request was made to have the Senate consider another bill.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I requested unanimous consent, and I thought my request was granted.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, I wish to ask a question in regard to that matter.

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR APPROPRIATIONS, 1957

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I renew my request—which I thought had been agreed to—that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1780, House bill 9390, making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957. It is my intention to have this measure made the unfinished business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection—

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, reserving the right to object—and I shall not object; certainly I would not object to consideration of the Interior Department appropriation bill—I wish to ask the Senator from Texas 1 or 2 questions in regard to this matter.

I think the RECORD<sup>o</sup> should show whether it is true that when the Senator from Texas requests consideration of the Department of the Interior Appropriation bill, he requests consideration of a bill involving a considerable number of appropriation matters which affect projects in the States of a number of Senators. Is not that true?

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Certainly it is true, and it is particularly true in the case of the Senator's State of Oregon and in the case of the entire section of the country in which the Senator from Oregon is so vitally interested, namely, the Pacific Northwest. The bill contains appropriations in the amount of approximately half a billion dollars—to be exact, \$433,851,000—for the Department of the Interior and related agencies.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, let me inquire whether I am correct in understanding that not only does the distinguished Senator from Texas [Mr. JOHNSON], the majority leader, propose to have the Interior Department appropria-



tion bill taken up by the Senate on Monday—and of course I would not suggest that, in order to meet the personal convenience of any Member of the Senate, the bill not be considered then—but that the probability is that next week the so-called bank holding company bill will be brought up on the floor of the Senate.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, let me say to the distinguished Senator from Oregon that on yesterday the majority leader announced that the Interior Department appropriation bill could be brought up this week. However, in order to give ample time, so that all Members could thoroughly study the report on the bill, and since some Members insisted that the full 3 days provided by the rule be allowed, we thought we would allow an extra day, and not have the Senate take up the bill before Monday. We expect to have the Interior Department appropriation bill followed by the bank holding company bill sometime during next week.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, let me say to the Senator from Texas that I wish the RECORD to show that I have a whole series of amendments to offer to the bank holding company bill. I am in favor of the passage of a bank holding company bill, but I am also in favor of the passage of a nondiscriminatory bank holding company bill. I do not wish to have the Senate pass a bank holding company bill which will single out certain holding companies and will act in a discriminatory fashion in regard to them, and will exempt other holding companies. I shall have more to say about that matter when the bill comes before the Senate.

I make this comment at this time, for the RECORD: Unwittingly and unintentionally, and certainly not by design, the majority leader, in arranging the work of the Senate, has placed me in a position in which other Senators frequently find themselves—namely, a position in which a Senator has to make a choice between remaining in Washington, in attendance on the Senate, and protecting, according to his sights, the best interests of his constituents, or keeping some previous engagements. I wish to state for the RECORD that although I was planning to leave the city on a 6 o'clock plane, for Oregon, the announcement that the Interior Department appropriation bill will be before the Senate on Monday, leaves me no choice but to remain and perform my senatorial duties here on Monday. Furthermore, the announcement that the bank holding company bill will in all probability be brought before the Senate next week likewise leaves me with no choice but to remain here and present my arguments and my amendments on that bill.

Because it is very easy for all of us to be subject to unfair criticism, I make this statement for the RECORD, under my reservation of the right to object, because I think my remaining in Washington will cause some comment in my own State and will cause great inconvenience to various organizations and persons who expected me to be there next week, either to make speeches of introduction or to make the major speeches at various meetings.

I have made my statement. I assure the majority leader that now, as always, I will cooperate with him in expediting the business of the Senate, without any delay to meet the personal convenience of any Member of the Senate.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. I appreciate the consideration of the Senator, and his understanding of the situation confronting the leadership.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Texas that the Senate proceed to the consideration of House bill 9390, the Interior Department appropriation bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Appropriations, with amendments.

#### AUTHORIZATION TO COMMITTEES TO FILE REPORTS DURING RECESS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that committees be authorized to file reports during the recess of the Senate following today's session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### CONDITION OF THE CALENDAR

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, as I have previously stated, today the Senate has disposed of 3 treaties, 2 conference reports, and 48 bills. Only 19 bills remain on the calendar. Some of them are awaiting the drafting of amendments, such as the one in which the distinguished occupant of the chair [Mr. Long] is interested.

I hope that the recess of the Senate until Monday will allow full opportunity for us to utilize the next few days in an attempt to get from the committees any proposed legislation they now have under consideration which might be reported.

I do not know of any period of time since I have been a Member of the Senate when there have been so few bills on the calendar. I intend to address a letter—which is already in preparation—to each chairman of a committee, urging him to make every effort to have reported to the Senate from his committee at as early a date as possible, every bill which has received consideration by the committee.

The Senate staff and its employees have made a very fine record during the first 3 months of the session. If the committees can report to the Senate proposed legislation we can arrange to have it handled on the floor of the Senate. It is difficult for us to consider measures in the form of amendments which have not been considered in committee, so I hope committees will give thorough consideration to the bills which are pending before them, and report as many of them as they feel justified in reporting, based upon the merits of the bills.

#### VISIT TO THE SENATE BY DELEGATION OF DELAWARE WOMEN

Mr. FREAR. Mr. President, today is an important day in the history of the District of Columbia. One hundred and fifty fine women from the State of Delaware are visiting the Nation's Capital. I am very sorry that more Senators are not present in the Chamber. In addition, there was some difficulty in transportation within the city limits. However, with the permission of the Chair, I should like to present to the Senate and to the other visitors in the galleries a small but very important segment of the group of 150 ladies from Delaware.

Included in the group is our one lady member of the Delaware Legislature.

[The visitors rose and were greeted with hearty applause.]

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. FREAR. I yield.

Mr. KNOWLAND. I wish the distinguished group of visitors from the State of Delaware to feel certain that they have both a bipartisan welcome and a welcome from the other side of the continent. I join with the Senator from Delaware in extending the welcome of the Senate.

Mr. FREAR. I thank the distinguished minority leader. This group is a bipartisan group.

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. FREAR. I yield.

Mr. HUMPHREY. I should like to associate myself with this most harmonious presentation of and welcome to the charming ladies from Delaware. They are every bit as charming as the ladies from Minnesota; and when they are that charming, they are at the top of the charm ladder.

Mr. FREAR. I am obliged to the distinguished Senator from Minnesota for his statement.

#### THE NEW SOVIET CHALLENGE

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, one of the lesser known features of the new Soviet challenge is the intensified "redefection" campaign which the Kremlin is now sponsoring. According to an official of the International Rescue Committee the Soviet Government is now paying close to \$100,000 per person to persuade escapees from the Iron Curtain to return to the Communist fold. According to a nine-man emergency Commission headed by William J. Donovan, no lure has been overlooked by the new Soviet leadership in their intensified drive to recapture refugees from Communist tyranny: the promise of better jobs, schooling for young people, guaranteed amnesty, and sentimental letters from families behind the Iron Curtain urging the escapee to return.

I point out that Mr. William J. Donovan is indeed a man of great competence and expert knowledge in these matters of counterintelligence. His record of information, knowledge, and experience with respect to the Soviet Union and its programs is second to none.

Mr. President, within the last 2 weeks an interesting article has appeared







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued April 24, 1956  
For actions of April 23, 1956  
84th-2nd, No. 65

## CONTENTS

|                            |                        |                         |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Appropriations.....5,9     | Flood control.....4    | Poultry.....3,13        |
| Assistant secretaries...32 | Food supply.....26     | Reclamation.....12      |
| Civil defense.....29,31    | Foreign trade.....6,17 | Roads.....7,20          |
| Dairy industry.....3       | Forest service.....9   | Social security.....21  |
| Daylight time.....14       | Grain.....3            | Soil bank.....1,18,25   |
| Disaster insurance.....27  | storage.....2          | Sugar.....30            |
| Fair trade.....15          | Lands.....22           | Surplus property.....31 |
| O.....16                   | Minerals.....22        | Taxation.....2,19,30    |
| Farm credit.....10         | Mining.....8           | Vehicles.....23         |
| Farm housing.....11        | OTC.....17             | Watersheds.....4        |
| Farm loans.....33          | Parity.....24          | Wheat.....24            |
| Farm program.....13,18,21  | Personnel.....23       | Wildlife.....32         |
| Fisheries.....28           |                        |                         |

**HIGHLIGHTS:** Rep. Whitten defended committee's action on soil bank proposal, while Rep. Halleck doubted legitimacy of such action. House passed bill to extend period for rapid amortization of grain storage facilities. Reps. Scudder and Johnson, Wis., discussed effects of high grain costs on poultry and dairy farmers. Senate passed Interior appropriation bill. Both Houses received Budget Bureau proposed plans for works of improvement for watershed protection and flood prevention. Rep. Andresen introduced and discussed bill to establish food depots for use by civil defense. Rep. Miller, Neb., introduced and discussed domestic wheat parity bill. House Committee ordered reported road authorization bill.

## HOUSE

- 1. SOIL BANK.** Reps. Halleck and Whitten debated the Appropriations Committee's action in reporting a bill for soil bank appropriations. p. 6068  
Rep. Whitten inserted those portions of the language of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, upon which the Appropriations Committee based its action for the appropriation of \$1.2 billion as a soil-bank measure. p. 6090  
Rep. Springer indicated that if legal opinion determined that an adequate soil bank plan could be instituted under existing authority, he would be in favor of the Committee's proposal; however, if such legal opinion determined that an adequate soil bank plan was not feasible under existing authority, he urged that the Agriculture Committee initiate a soil bank plan for this year. p. 6067
- 2. GRAIN STORAGE; TAXATION.** Passed as reported H. R. 9083, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 by extending for 2 years (from Dec. 31, 1956) the period for rapid amortization of grain-storage facilities. p. 6064

3. GRAINS. Rep. Scudder discussed the effects on poultry farmers of the high cost of supported grains and urged that some relief be found "for this stricken industry." p. 6067

Rep. Johnson, Wis., criticized certain computations of Republicans in estimating the cost of feed for dairy farmers in Wisconsin. He suggested that certain other variables in feed costs for dairying operations should be included in a consideration of the effect of price-support provisions on basic commodities. p. 6097

4. WATERSHEDS; FLOOD CONTROL. Both Houses received from the Budget Bureau certain plans for works of improvement pursuant to Sec. 5 of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act; to the Senate Agriculture and Forestry Committee and the House Agriculture Committee. pp. 6002, 6100

5. APPROPRIATIONS. The Appropriations Committee, on Apr. 20, during House adjournment, reported without amendment H. R. 10721, the State and Justice Departments Judiciary, and related agencies appropriations bill for 1957 (H. Rept. 2021). p. 6100

6. FOREIGN TRADE. Rep. Mills inserted an analysis of H. Res. 459, relating to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and the Organization of Trade Cooperation, prepared by the State Department. p. 6088

7. ROADS. The Public Works Committee on Apr. 21, during House adjournment, reported without amendment H. R. 10660, to authorize appropriations for roads and to provide additional revenue from the taxes on motor fuel, tires, trucks and buses (H. Rept. 2022). p. 6100

8. MINING. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee ordered reported with amendment H. R. 6501, to amend the act of July 17, 1914, to permit the disposal of certain reserve mineral deposits under the mining laws of the United States. p. D378

#### SENATE

9. APPROPRIATIONS. Passed with amendments H. R. 9390, making appropriations for the Interior Department, etc. Agreed to all the Committee amendments with respect to items for the Forest Service (see Digest No. 62 for detail on the Forest Service items). Senate conferees were appointed. p. 6021

10. NOMINATIONS. Received the nominations of Sam H. Boher and Glenn A. Boger to the Federal Farm Credit Board. p. 6061

11. FARM HOUSING. The "Daily Digest" states that the Housing Subcommittee of the Banking and Currency Committee ordered a clean bill reported to the full Committee with a provision extending the farm housing program for five years through 1961, and that the full Committee is to consider the bill on Apr. 26. p. D375.

12. RECLAMATION. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee reported the following bills: p. 6002

S. 2206, with amendments, providing for the construction and operation by the Secretary of the Interior of the Ainsworth unit of the Missouri River Basin project (S. Rept. 1799);

H. R. 8535, without amendment, to amend the act of July 4, 1955, relating



84TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 9390

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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 23, 1956

Ordered to be printed with the amendments of the Senate numbered

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## AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

1      *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2      *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*  
3      That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money  
4      in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Depart-  
5      ment of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year  
6      ending June 30, 1957, namely:



## 1 TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## 2 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

## 3 RESEARCH IN THE UTILIZATION OF SALINE WATER

4 For expenses necessary to carry out provisions of  
5 the Act of July 3, 1952, as amended (66 Stat. 328 and 69  
6 Stat. 198), authorizing studies of the conversion of saline  
7 water for beneficial consumptive uses, \$550,000.

## 8 OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

9 For necessary expenses to enable the Secretary to dis-  
10 charge his responsibilities with respect to oil and gas, includ-  
11 ing cooperation with the petroleum industry and State  
12 authorities in the production, processing, and utilization of  
13 petroleum and its products, and natural gas; and for con-  
14 trolling the interstate shipment of contraband oil as required  
15 by law (15 U. S. C. 715); including purchase of not to  
16 exceed two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only;  
17 \$413,800.

## 18 OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

19 For necessary expenses of the Office of the Solicitor,  
20 ~~(1)\$2,800,000~~ \$2,835,000, and in addition, not to exceed  
21 \$100,000 may be reimbursed or transferred to this appropria-  
22 tion from other accounts available to the Department of the  
23 Interior: *Provided*, That hearing officers appointed for Indian  
24 probate work need not be appointed pursuant to the Admin-  
25 istrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), as amended.

OFFICE OF MINERALS MOBILIZATION

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to discharge his responsibilities, including cooperation with the metals and minerals industry, with respect to the conservation, exploration, development, production, and utilization of mineral resources, including solid fuels, (2)\$300,000 \$225,000.

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for protection, use, improvement, development, disposal, cadastral surveying, classification, and performance of other functions, as authorized by law, in the management of lands and their resources under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, including \$35,000 for the operation and maintenance of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands (3)\$18,000,000 \$18,738,600: *Provided*, That this appropriation may be expended on a reimbursable basis for surveys of lands other than those under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management: *Provided further*, That, for the purposes of surveying federally controlled or intermingled lands and operation and maintenance of access roads, contributions toward the costs thereof may be accepted.

## CONSTRUCTION

For construction of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands; acquisition of rights-of-way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands; and for acquisition and construction of buildings and appurtenant facilities in Alaska; to remain available until expended, \$4,500,000: *Provided*, That the amount appropriated herein for road construction shall be transferred to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Commerce: *Provided further*, That the amount appropriated herein for construction of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands and in addition, amounts available for operation and maintenance of such access roads under the appropriation "Management of lands and resources" are hereby made a reimbursable charge against the Oregon and California land-grant fund and shall be reimbursed to the general fund in the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of subsection (b) of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Land Management shall be available for purchase of (4) ~~twenty-five~~ *thirty-one* passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; purchase, erection, and dismantlement of temporary structures, and altera-



tion and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities to which the United States has title: *Provided*, That of appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Land Management expenditures in connection with the revested Oregon and California Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands (other than expenditures for construction and operation and maintenance of access roads and for acquisition of rights-of-way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands) shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to in section C, title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937, of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California Land Grant Fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939, of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Fund".

#### RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range improvements pursuant to the provisions of sections 3 and 10 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U. S. C. 315), sums equal to the aggregate of all moneys received, during the current fiscal year, as range improvement fees under section 3 of said Act and of 25 per centum of all moneys received, during the current fiscal year, under section 15 of said Act, to remain available until expended.

## BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

## EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

For expenses necessary to provide education and welfare services for Indians, either directly or in cooperation with States and other organizations, including payment (in advance or from date of admission), of care, tuition, assistance, and other expenses of Indians in boarding homes, institutions, or schools; grants and other assistance to needy Indians; maintenance of law and order, and payment of rewards for information or evidence concerning violations of law on Indian reservations or lands; and operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; ~~(5)\$50,700,000~~ \$50,720,000.

## RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

For expenses necessary for management, development, improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; and development of Indian arts and crafts as authorized by law; ~~(6)\$16,000,000~~ \$16,200,000, and in addition, \$350,000 of the Revolving Fund for Loans, Bureau of Indian Affairs, shall be used in connection with administering loans to Indians.

## CONSTRUCTION

For construction, major repair, and improvement of irrigation and power systems, buildings, utilities, and other facilities; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; preparation of lands for farming; and architectural and engineering services by contract; to remain available until expended, ~~(7)\$4,000,000~~ \$7,740,000(8), of which not to exceed \$240,000 may be paid to the Municipal School District Numbered 1, Sandoval County, New Mexico, to supplement an allocation of funds from the Office of Education for the construction of elementary public school facilities which shall be available to Pueblo Indian children: *Provided*, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be used for the acquisition of land within the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming outside of the boundaries of existing Indian reservations: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of Nevada, Oregon, and Washington either inside or outside the boundaries of existing reservations: *Provided further*, That the Secretary is authorized to purchase, without regard to the prohibition against the acquisition of land or water rights contained herein, not to exceed ten acres of lands within the Klamath Indian Reservation, Oregon, re-



1 quired for the construction of a pumping plant for the Modoc  
2 Point Indian irrigation system.

3 ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE (LIQUIDATION  
4 OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

5 For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to  
6 authority contained in section 6 of the Federal-Aid High-  
7 way Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), \$11,500,000, to remain  
8 available until expended.

9 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

10 For expenses necessary for the general administration  
11 of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including such expenses in  
12 field offices, \$3,190,000.

13 DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS OF THE CREEK INDIANS

14 For necessary expenses incident to the distribution of  
15 funds belonging to the members of the Creek Nation of In-  
16 dians, in accordance with the Act of August 1, 1955 (69 Stat.  
17 431), \$200,000, to remain available until expended.

18 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

19 Appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs (except  
20 the revolving fund for loans) shall be available for expenses  
21 of exhibits; purchase of not to exceed (9) two hundred and  
22 seventy passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred  
23 and fifty shall be for replacement only) two hundred and  
24 ninety passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred and  
25 seventy shall be for replacement only), which may be

1 used for the transportation of Indians; advance pay-  
2 ments for service (including services which may extend  
3 beyond the current fiscal year) under contracts executed pur-  
4 suant to the Act of June 4, 1936 (25 U. S. C. 452), and  
5 legislation terminating Federal supervision over certain In-  
6 dian tribes; purchase of ice for official use of employees; and  
7 expenses required by continuing or permanent treaty provi-  
8 sions.

#### 9 TRIBAL FUNDS

10 In addition to the tribal funds authorized to be ex-  
11 pended by existing law, there is hereby appropriated  
12 \$3,000,000 from tribal funds not otherwise available for  
13 expenditure for the benefit of Indians and Indian tribes,  
14 including pay and travel expenses of employees; care, tui-  
15 tion and other assistance to Indian children attending public  
16 and private schools (which may be paid in advance or  
17 from date of admission); purchase of land and improvements  
18 on land, title to which shall be taken in the name of the  
19 United States in trust for the tribe for which purchased;  
20 lease of lands and water rights; compensation and expenses  
21 of attorneys and other persons employed by Indian tribes  
22 under approved contracts; pay, travel, and other expenses of  
23 tribal officers, councils, and committees thereof, or other  
24 tribal organizations, including mileage for use of privately

1 owned automobiles and per diem in lieu of subsistence at  
2 rates established administratively but not to exceed those  
3 applicable to civilian employees of the Government; relief  
4 of Indians, without regard to section 7 of the Act of May  
5 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 391), including cash grants; and  
6 employment of a recreational director for the Menominee  
7 Reservation and a curator for the Osage Museum, each of  
8 whom shall be appointed with the approval of the respective  
9 tribal councils and without regard to the classification laws:  
10 *Provided*, That in addition to the amount appropriated  
11 herein, tribal funds may be advanced to Indian tribes during  
12 the current fiscal year for such purposes as may be designated  
13 by the governing body of the particular tribe involved and  
14 approved by the Secretary: *Provided, however*, That no part  
15 of this appropriation or other tribal funds shall be used for  
16 the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of  
17 Nevada, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming, either inside  
18 or outside the boundaries of existing Indian reservations,  
19 if such acquisition results in the property being exempted  
20 from local taxation.

## 21 GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

### 22 SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

23 For expenses necessary for the Geological Survey to  
24 perform surveys, investigations, and research covering  
25 topography, geology, and the mineral and water resources



1 of the United States, its Territories and possessions; classify  
 2 lands as to mineral character and water and power resources;  
 3 give engineering supervision to power permits and Federal  
 4 Power Commission licenses; enforce departmental regula-  
 5 tions applicable to oil, gas, and other mining leases, permits,  
 6 licenses, and operating contracts; publish and disseminate  
 7 data relative to the foregoing activities; (10) and the prepara-  
 8 tion of plans and specifications for a building or buildings to  
 9 meet the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metro-  
 10 politan area of Washington, D. C.; and for the Geological  
 11 Survey or the General Services Administration to acquire a  
 12 site and to prepare plans and specifications for a building or  
 13 buildings to meet the special needs of the Geological Survey  
 14 in the metropolitan area of Washington, District of Columbia,  
 15 without regard to Revised Statutes, page 3709, as amended  
 16 (41 U. S. C. 5), and section 302 (c) of the Act of June 30,  
 17 1949, as amended (41 U. S. C. 252 (c)); \$31,602,000, of  
 18 which \$5,070,000 shall be available only for cooperation with  
 19 States or municipalities for water resources investiga-  
 20 tions: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall  
 21 be used to pay more than one-half the cost of any topo-  
 22 graphic mapping or water resources investigations carried  
 23 on in cooperation with any State or municipality.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

25 The amount appropriated for the Geological Survey

1 shall be available for purchase of not to exceed one  
2 hundred (11) *and twenty-six* passenger motor vehicles for  
3 replacement only; reimbursement of the General Services  
4 Administration for security guard service for protection of  
5 confidential files; contracting for the furnishing of topogra-  
6 phic maps and for the making of geophysical or other  
7 specialized surveys when it is administratively determined  
8 that such procedures are in the public interest; construction  
9 and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant fa-  
10 cilities; acquisition of lands for gaging stations; and pay-  
11 ment of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls  
12 of the Geological Survey appointed, as authorized by law,  
13 to represent the United States in the negotiation and ad-  
14 ministration of interstate compacts, including not to exceed  
15 \$10,000 for the person appointed by the President to partici-  
16 pate as the representative of the United States in the admin-  
17 istration of the compact consented to by the Act of May 31,  
18 1949 (Public Law 82): *Provided*, That notwithstanding  
19 the provisions of any other law, the President is authorized  
20 to appoint a retired officer as such representative, without  
21 prejudice to his status as a retired Army officer, and he shall  
22 receive such compensation and expenses in addition to his  
23 retired pay.

## 1 BUREAU OF MINES

## 2 CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL

## 3 RESOURCES

4 For expenses necessary for promoting the conservation,  
5 exploration, development, production, and utilization of  
6 mineral resources, including fuels, in the United States, its  
7 Territories and possessions; developing synthetics and sub-  
8 stitutes; and controlling fires in coal deposits; (12) \$15,363,-  
9 000 \$17,363,000.

## 10 HEALTH AND SAFETY

11 For expenses necessary for promotion of health and  
12 safety in mines and in the minerals industries, as authorized  
13 by law, \$5,304,300.

## 14 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

15 For expenses necessary for general administration of the  
16 Bureau of Mines, including such expenses in the regional  
17 offices, \$1,030,000.

## 18 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

19 Appropriations and funds available to the Bureau of  
20 Mines may be expended for purchase of not to exceed  
21 eighty-nine passenger motor vehicles for replacement only;  
22 providing transportation services in isolated areas for em-  
23 ployees, student dependents of employees, and other pupils,



1 and such activities may be financed under cooperative  
2 arrangements; purchase and bestowal of certificates and  
3 trophies in connection with mine rescue and first-aid work:  
4 *Provided*, That the Secretary is authorized to accept lands,  
5 buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public  
6 and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooper-  
7 ation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private:  
8 *Provided further*, That the sums made available for the  
9 current fiscal year to the Departments of the Army, Navy,  
10 and Air Force for the acquisition of helium from the  
11 Bureau of Mines shall be transferred to the Bureau of  
12 Mines, and said sums, together with all other payments  
13 to the Bureau of Mines for helium, shall be credited to the  
14 special helium production fund, established pursuant to the  
15 Act of March 3, 1925, as amended (50 U. S. C. 164 (c)):  
16 *Provided further*, That the Bureau of Mines is authorized,  
17 during the current fiscal year, to sell directly or through  
18 any Government agency, including corporations, any metal  
19 or mineral product that may be manufactured in pilot plants  
20 operated by the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such  
21 sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous  
22 receipts.

## 1 NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## 2 MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

3 For expenses necessary for the management and pro-  
4 tection of the areas and facilities administered by the Na-  
5 tional Park Service, including protection of lands in process  
6 of condemnation; and for plans, investigations, and studies  
7 of the recreational resources (exclusive of preparation of  
8 detail plans and working drawings) and archaeological val-  
9 ues in river basins of the United States (except the Mis-  
10 souri River Basin) ; (13) ~~\$11,480,000~~ \$11,562,000.

11 MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL  
12 FACILITIES

13 For expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance,  
14 and rehabilitation of roads (including furnishing special road  
15 maintenance service to defense trucking permittees on a  
16 reimbursable basis), trails, buildings, utilities, and other  
17 physical facilities essential to the operation of areas admin-  
18 istered pursuant to law by the National Park Service,  
19 \$10,158,000.

## 20 CONSTRUCTION

21 For construction and improvement, without regard to  
22 the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U. S. C. 451),  
23 of buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities; and the

1 acquisition of lands, interests therein, improvements, and  
 2 water rights; (14) *to be immediately available and to remain*  
 3 available until expended, (15) ~~\$15,000,000~~ \$15,250,000  
 4 (16), of which not to exceed \$250,000 shall be available for  
 5 the construction of additional school facilities at Grand Can-  
 6 yon National Park, Arizona.

7 CONSTRUCTION (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT  
 8 AUTHORIZATION)

9 For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to au-  
 10 thority contained in section 6 of the Federal-aid Highway  
 11 Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), including acquisition of right-of-  
 12 way for the eastern entrance road, Rocky Mountain National  
 13 Park, Colorado, \$29,800,000, (17) *to be immediately avail-*  
 14 *able and to remain available until expended.*

15 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

16 For expenses necessary for general administration of the  
 17 National Park Service, including such expenses in the regional  
 18 offices, \$1,250,000.

19 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

20 Appropriations for the National Park Service shall be  
 21 available for the purchase of not to exceed one hundred  
 22 and ten passenger motor vehicles of which one hundred  
 23 and nine shall be for replacement only, including not to  
 24 exceed seventeen for replacing United States Park Police  
 25 cruisers; and the objects and purposes specified in the Acts



1 of August 8, 1953 (67 Stat. 495, 496) and July 1, 1955  
 2 (69 Stat. 242) **(18)**: *Provided, That all receipts from the*  
 3 *operation of the McKinley Park Hotel in Mount McKinley*  
 4 *National Park, Alaska, may be applied to, or offset against,*  
 5 *costs of managing, operating, and maintaining the hotel and*  
 6 *related facilities, and any receipts or other revenues in excess*  
 7 *of such costs shall be deposited at least annually into the*  
 8 *Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.*

### 9 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

#### 10 MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES

11 For expenses necessary for conservation, management,  
 12 protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources, and  
 13 for the performance of other authorized functions related to  
 14 such resources; operation of the industrial properties within  
 15 the Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (61 Stat. 770) ;  
 16 maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita  
 17 Mountains Wildlife Refuge; purchase or rent of land, and  
 18 functions related to wildlife management in California (16  
 19 U. S. C. 695-695c) ; leasing and management of lands for  
 20 the protection of the Florida Key deer; and not to exceed  
 21 \$30,000 for payment, in the discretion of the Secretary,  
 22 for information or evidence concerning violations of laws  
 23 administered by the Fish and Wildlife Service; **(19)**~~\$9,696,-~~  
 24 ~~000~~ \$10,373,600; and in addition there are appropri-

ated amounts equal to 25 per centum of the proceeds covered into the Treasury during the next preceding fiscal year from the sale of sealskins and other products, for management and investigation of fish and wildlife resources of Alaska, including construction.

#### INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for scientific and economic studies and investigations respecting conservation, management, protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources, including related aquatic plants and products; collection, compilation, and publication of information concerning such studies and investigations; and the performance of other functions related thereto; as authorized by law; ~~(20)\$5,065,000~~ \$5,105,000.

#### CONSTRUCTION

For construction and acquisition of buildings and other facilities required in the conservation, management, protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources and the acquisition of lands and interests therein, ~~(21)\$2,200,000~~ \$2,471,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the funds appropriated herein for the continuation of the construction of the Devils Kitchen Dam on the Crab Orchard Wildlife Refuge, Illinois, shall be transferred to the Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army.

1                   GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

2           For expenses necessary for general administration of  
3 the Fish and Wildlife Service, including such expenses in  
4 the regional offices, \$852,500.

5                   ADMINISTRATION OF PRIBILOF ISLANDS

6           For carrying out the provisions of the Act of February  
7 26, 1944, as amended (16 U. S. C. 631a-631q), there  
8 are appropriated amounts equal to 60 per centum of the  
9 proceeds covered into the Treasury during the next pre-  
10 ceding fiscal year from the sale of sealskins and other  
11 products, to remain available for expenditure during the  
12 current and next succeeding fiscal years.

13                   ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

14           Appropriations for the Fish and Wildlife Service shall  
15 be available for purchase of not to exceed ~~(22) ninety-seven~~  
16 ~~passenger motor vehicles for replacement only~~ *one hundred*  
17 *and thirty-one passenger motor vehicles of which ninety-*  
18 *seven shall be for replacement only*; purchase of not to exceed  
19 six aircraft for replacement only; publication and distri-  
20 bution of bulletins as authorized by law (7 U. S. C.  
21 417); rations or commutation of rations for officers and  
22 crews of vessels at rates not to exceed \$3 per man per  
23 day; repair of damage to public roads within and adjacent  
24 to reservation areas caused by operations of the Fish and  
25 Wildlife Service; options for the purchase of land at not to



1 exceed \$1 for each option; facilities incident to such public  
2 recreational uses on conservation areas as are not inconsistent  
3 with their primary purposes; and the maintenance and  
4 improvement of aquaria, buildings, and other facilities under  
5 the jurisdiction of the Fish and Wildlife Service and to which  
6 the United States has title, and which are utilized pursuant  
7 to law in connection with management and investigation of  
8 fish and wildlife resources.

## 9 OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

### 10 ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

11 For expenses necessary for the administration of Terri-  
12 tories and for the departmental administration of the Trust  
13 Territory of the Pacific Islands, under the jurisdiction of  
14 the Department of the Interior, including expenses of the  
15 offices of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, Amer-  
16 ican Samoa, as authorized by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 61,  
17 531, 1422, 1431a (c) ); salaries of the Governor of the  
18 Virgin Islands, the Government Secretary, and the members  
19 of their immediate staffs as authorized by law (Act of July  
20 22, 1954, Public Law 517), compensation and mileage of  
21 members of the legislatures in Alaska, Hawaii, Guam,  
22 American Samoa, and the Virgin Islands as authorized  
23 by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 87, 599, 1421d (e), 1431a  
24 (c) and the Act of July 22, 1954 (68 Stat. 497) );  
25 compensation and expenses of the judiciary in Ameri-

1 can Samoa as authorized by law (48 U. S. C. 1431a  
2 (c) ) ; care of insane as authorized by law for Alaska (48  
3 U. S. C. 46-50) ; grants to American Samoa, in addition to  
4 current local revenues, for support of governmental functions;  
5 and personal services, household equipment and furnish-  
6 ings, and utilities necessary in the operation of the houses  
7 of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, and American  
8 Samoa; \$2,803,000: *Provided*, That the Territorial and  
9 local governments herein provided for are authorized to  
10 make purchases through the General Services Administra-  
11 tion: *Provided further*, That appropriations available for  
12 the administration of Territories may be expended for the  
13 purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of aircraft  
14 and surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial  
15 transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be  
16 necessary.

17 TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

18 For expenses necessary for the Department of the In-  
19 terior in administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific  
20 Islands pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement approved  
21 by Public Law 204, Eightieth Congress, and Public Law  
22 451, approved June 30, 1954, including the expenses of  
23 the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific  
24 Islands; compensation and expenses of the judiciary of the

1 Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants to the Trust  
2 Territory of the Pacific Islands in addition to local revenues,  
3 for support of governmental functions; \$4,800,000: *Pro-*  
4 *vided*, That the revolving fund for loans to locally owned  
5 private trading enterprises shall continue to be available  
6 during the fiscal year 1957: *Provided further*, That all fi-  
7 nancial transactions of the Trust Territory, including such  
8 transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established  
9 or utilized by such Trust Territory, shall be audited by the  
10 General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions  
11 of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as  
12 amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64  
13 Stat. 34): *Provided further*, That the government of the  
14 Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to make  
15 purchases through the General Services Administration:  
16 *Provided further*, That appropriations available for the  
17 Administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands  
18 may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance,  
19 and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official pur-  
20 poses and for commercial transportation purposes found by  
21 the Secretary to be necessary in carrying out the provisions  
22 of article 6 (2) of the Trusteeship Agreement approved by  
23 Congress.

#### ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS

24  
25 For an additional amount for expenses necessary for



1 carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1949,  
2 as amended (48 U. S. C. 486-486j), to remain available  
3 until June 30, 1959, \$4,968,000, of which not to exceed  
4 \$525,000 shall be available for administrative expenses.

5 CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, ALASKA

6 For construction of roads, tramways, buildings, ferries,  
7 bridges, and trails, including surveys and plans for new road  
8 construction; acquisition of lands or interests in lands by  
9 purchase, donation, condemnation, or otherwise; and pur-  
10 chase of five passenger motor vehicles for replacement only,  
11 \$7,800,000, to remain available until expended.

12 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS, ALASKA

13 For operation and maintenance of roads, tram-  
14 ways, buildings, ferries, bridges, and trails, \$3,625,000.

15 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

16 The total of the amounts herein appropriated for con-  
17 struction, operation and maintenance of roads in Alaska shall  
18 be available in one fund, except that the appropriation herein  
19 made for operation and maintenance shall be available only  
20 for the service of the current fiscal year.

21 Not to exceed  $17\frac{1}{2}$  per centum of the amount herein  
22 appropriated for construction of roads in Alaska shall be  
23 available for construction work by force account, or on a  
24 hired-labor basis.

## 1                   ALASKA RAILROAD REVOLVING FUND

2           The Alaska Railroad Revolving Fund shall continue avail-  
3   able until expended for the work authorized by law, including  
4   operation and maintenance of oceangoing or coastwise vessels  
5   by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches  
6   of the Government service, for the purpose of providing addi-  
7   tional facilities for transportation of freight, passengers, or  
8   mail, when deemed necessary for the benefit and development  
9   of industries or travel in the area served; and payment of  
10   compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of  
11   the Act of September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 793), to be reim-  
12   bursed as therein provided: *Provided*, That no employee  
13   shall be paid an annual salary out of said fund of more than  
14   \$11,000 except the general manager of said railroad, one  
15   assistant general manager at not to exceed \$14,000 per  
16   annum, two officers at not to exceed \$12,500 per annum  
17   each, and three officers at not to exceed \$12,000 per annum  
18   each.

19           ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR .

## 20                   SALARIES AND EXPENSES

21           For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of  
22   the Interior (referred to herein as the Secretary), including  
23   teletype rentals and service, \$2,222,000.

## 24                   WORKING CAPITAL FUND

25           The working capital fund, established by the Act of

1 September 6, 1950 (64 Stat. 679), shall hereafter be avail-  
2 able for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by  
3 the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114  
4 and 69 Stat. 49).

5 GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

6 SEC. 101. Appropriations made in this title shall be  
7 available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau  
8 or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emer-  
9 gency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of buildings, util-  
10 ities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed  
11 by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: *Provided*,  
12 That no funds shall be made available under this authority  
13 until funds specifically made available to the Department of  
14 the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

15 SEC. 102. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure  
16 or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appro-  
17 priation in this title, in addition to the amounts included  
18 in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the  
19 suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires  
20 on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Depart-  
21 ment of the Interior: *Provided*, That appropriations made in  
22 this title for fire suppression purposes shall be available for  
23 the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding  
24 fiscal year.

25 SEC. 103. Appropriations made in this title shall be



1 available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and  
2 similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will  
3 contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations  
4 shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity  
5 in the same manner as authorized by the Act of June 30,  
6 1932 (31 U. S. C. 686) : *Provided*, That reimbursements  
7 for cost of supplies, materials and equipment, and for services  
8 rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the  
9 time such reimbursements are received.

10 SEC. 104. Appropriations made to the Department  
11 of the Interior in this title or in the Public Works  
12 Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be available for services  
13 as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946  
14 (5 U. S. C. 55a), when authorized by the Secretary, at  
15 rates not to exceed \$100 per diem for individuals, and in  
16 total amount not to exceed \$250,000; maintenance and oper-  
17 ation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase  
18 of reprints; payment for telephone service in private resi-  
19 dences in the field, when authorized under regulations ap-  
20 proved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when  
21 authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in  
22 societies or associations which issue publications to members  
23 only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who  
24 are not members.

25 SEC. 105. Appropriations available to the Department

1 of the Interior for salaries and expenses shall be available  
2 for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law  
3 (68 Stat. 1114, 69 Stat. 49, and D. C. Code 4-204).

4       (23) SEC. 106. (a) Not to exceed \$200,000 of the funds  
5 appropriated to the Department of the Interior in this title  
6 or in the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be  
7 available to pay the compensation of all persons the budget  
8 estimates for personal services heretofore submitted to the  
9 Congress for the fiscal year 1957 contemplated would be  
10 employed by such department, agency, or corporation during  
11 such fiscal year in the performance of—

12       (1) function performed by a person designated as  
13 an information specialist, information and editorial spe-  
14 cialist, publications and information coordinator, press  
15 relations officer or counsel, photographer, radio expert,  
16 television expert, motion picture expert, or publicity  
17 expert, or designated by any similar title, or

18       (2) functions performed by persons who assist  
19 persons performing the functions described in (1) in  
20 drafting, preparing, editing, typing, duplicating or dis-  
21 seminating public information, publications or releases,  
22 radio or television scripts, magazine articles, photo-  
23 graphs, motion picture and similar material, shall be  
24 available to pay the compensation of persons performing  
25 the functions described in (1) or (2).

1       ~~(b)~~ This section shall not apply to the preparation for  
2 publication of reports and maps resulting from authorized  
3 scientific and engineering investigations and surveys, to  
4 photography incident to the compilation and reproduction of  
5 maps and reports, or publications of the National Park  
6 Service, or to photocopying of permanent records for  
7 preservation.

8                   TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

9                   COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

10                   SALARIES AND EXPENSES

11       For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a  
12 Commission of Fine Arts (40 U. S. C. 104), including pay-  
13 ment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secre-  
14 tary of the Commission in attending meetings and committee  
15 meetings of the Commission either within or outside the  
16 District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved  
17 by the Commission, \$31,000.

18                   FEDERAL COAL MINE SAFETY BOARD OF REVIEW

19       Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses of the  
20 Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review, including serv-  
21 ices as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946  
22 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$70,000.



## 1 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

## 2 FOREST SERVICE—SALARIES AND EXPENSES

3 For expenses necessary, including not to exceed \$15,000  
4 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section  
5 706 (a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U. S. C. 574), as  
6 amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5  
7 U. S. C. 55a), including travel expenses of advisory coun-  
8 cils or similar groups; to experiment and make investigations  
9 and report on forestry, national forests, forest fires, forest  
10 insects and diseases, and lumbering; to advise the owners  
11 of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate  
12 and test American timber and timber trees and their uses,  
13 and methods, for the preservative treatment of timber; to  
14 seek, through investigations and the planting of native and  
15 foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to  
16 protect, administer, and improve the national forests, in-  
17 cluding tree planting and other measures to prevent erosion,  
18 drift, surface wash, soil waste, and the formation of floods,  
19 and to conserve water; to ascertain the natural conditions  
20 upon and utilize the national forests, to transport and care  
21 for fish and game supplied to stock the national forests or  
22 the waters therein; for management of lands acquired under

1 the land-utilization program; and to collate, digest, report,  
2 and illustrate the results of experiments and investigations  
3 made by the Forest Service: *Provided*, That the appro-  
4 priations available to the Forest Service for the current fiscal  
5 year may be used for the operation and maintenance of  
6 aircraft, and the purchase of not to exceed four (for replace-  
7 ment only), uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized  
8 by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U. S. C.  
9 2131); the purchase, erection, and alteration of buildings  
10 and other public improvements, but the cost of any building  
11 purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of  
12 constructing a water-supply or sanitary system and of con-  
13 necting the same with any such building, and exclusive of  
14 the cost of any tower upon which a lookout house may be  
15 erected, shall not exceed \$18,500 (\$22,500 in Alaska)  
16 with the exception that any building erected, purchased,  
17 or acquired, the cost of which was \$18,500 or more, may be  
18 improved out of the appropriations available to the Forest  
19 Service within any fiscal year by an amount not to exceed  
20 2 per centum of the cost of such building, and not to exceed  
21 \$250,000 of such appropriations may be used for the main-  
22 tenance, improvement, and construction of aircraft-landing  
23 fields in, or adjacent to the national forests, as follows:

24 National forest protection and management: For the  
25 administration, protection, use, maintenance, improvement,

1 and development of the national forests, including the estab-  
2 lishment and maintenance of forest tree nurseries, including  
3 the procurement of tree seed and nursery stock by purchase,  
4 production, or otherwise, seeding and tree planting and the  
5 care of plantations and young growth; the maintenance of  
6 roads and trails and the construction and maintenance of  
7 all other improvements necessary for the proper and eco-  
8 nomical administration, protection, development, and use of  
9 the national forests, including experimental areas under For-  
10 est Service administration; the construction (not to exceed  
11 \$18,500 for any one structure), equipment, and mainte-  
12 nance of sanitary and recreational facilities; timber cultural  
13 operations; development and application of fish and game  
14 management plans; propagation and transplanting of plants  
15 suitable for planting on semiarid portions of the national  
16 forests; estimating and appraising of timber and other re-  
17 sources and development and application of plans for their  
18 effective management, sale, and use; expenses of the National  
19 Forest Reservation Commission as authorized by section 14  
20 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U. S. C. 514) ; examina-  
21 tion, classification, surveying, and appraisal of land incident  
22 to effecting exchanges authorized by law and of lands within  
23 the boundaries of the national forests that may be opened  
24 to homestead settlement and entry under the Act of June 11,  
25 1906, and the Act of August 10, 1912 (16 U. S. C. 506-



1 509) , as provided by the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U. S. C.  
 2 512) ; investigation and establishment of water rights, in-  
 3 cluding the purchase thereof or of lands or interests in lands  
 4 or rights-of-way for use and protection of water rights neces-  
 5 sary or beneficial in connection with the administration and  
 6 public use of the national forests; not to exceed \$100,000 for  
 7 the purchase of parcels of land and interests therein in Sanders  
 8 County, Montana, but such land shall not be acquired with-  
 9 out the approval of the local government concerned; and  
 10 all expenses necessary for the use, maintenance, improve-  
 11 ment, protection, and general administration of the national  
 12 forests, and for the management of lands under title III of  
 13 the Act of July 22, 1937, and the Act of August 11, 1945  
 14 (7 U. S. C. 1010-1012) ; ~~(24)\$41,668,000~~ \$46,063,500:  
 15 *Provided*, That the Secretary may sell at market value any  
 16 property located in Yalobusha, Chickasaw, and Pontotoc  
 17 Counties, Mississippi, administered under title III of the Act  
 18 of July 22, 1937, and suitable for return to private ownership  
 19 under such terms and conditions as would not conflict with  
 20 the purposes of said Act.

21       Fighting forest fires: For fighting and preventing forest  
 22 fires on or threatening lands under Forest Service adminis-  
 23 tration, including lands under contract for purchase or in  
 24 process of condemnation for Forest Service purposes, and for  
 25 liquidation of obligations incurred in the preceding fiscal

1 year for such purpose, \$5,250,000, of which \$1,750,000 shall  
2 be apportioned for use, pursuant to section 3679 of the  
3 Revised Statutes, as amended, to the extent necessary to  
4 meet emergency conditions.

5 Control of forest pests: For the control of white pine  
6 blister rust pursuant to the Act of April 26, 1940 (16  
7 U. S. C. 594a), including the development and testing of new  
8 control methods, \$2,734,000, of which \$355,000 shall be  
9 available to the Department of the Interior for the control  
10 of white pine blister rust on or endangering Federal lands  
11 under the jurisdiction of that Department or lands of Indian  
12 tribes which are under the jurisdiction of or retained under  
13 restrictions of the United States; and for carrying out the  
14 Forest Pest Control Act (16 U. S. C. 594-1-594-5),  
15 \$2,386,000, of which \$1,751,000 shall be apportioned for  
16 use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as  
17 amended, for the purposes of said Act to the extent necessary  
18 under the then existing conditions; \$5,120,000.

19 Forest research: For forest research at forest or range  
20 experiment stations, the Forest Products Laboratory, or  
21 elsewhere, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2,  
22 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, and 10 of the Act approved May 22, 1928, as  
23 amended (16 U. S. C. 581, 581a-581c, 581f-581i), includ-  
24 ing the construction and maintenance of improvements; fire,  
25 silvicultural, watershed, forest insects and diseases, and other

1 forest investigations and experiments; investigations and  
 2 experiments to develop improved methods of management  
 3 of forest and related ranges; experiments, investigations, and  
 4 tests of forest products; marketing research and service on  
 5 timber and timber products; a comprehensive forest survey;  
 6 and investigations in forest economics; ~~(25)\$9,350,000~~  
 7 \$10,650,000: *Provided*, That funds may be advanced to  
 8 cooperators under such regulations as the Secretary may  
 9 prescribe when such action will stimulate or facilitate coop-  
 10 erative work.

#### 11 FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

12 For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions  
 13 of section 23 of the Federal Highway Act approved Novem-  
 14 ber 9, 1921, as amended (23 U. S. C. 23, 23a), relating  
 15 to forest development roads and trails, including the con-  
 16 struction, reconstruction, and maintenance of roads and trails  
 17 on experimental areas under Forest Service administration,  
 18 \$24,000,000, which sum is authorized to be appropriated  
 19 by the Act of May 6, 1954 (23 U. S. C. 23), to remain  
 20 available until expended.

#### 21 ~~(26)~~ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS

#### 22 ~~(27)~~Weeks Act

23 *For the acquisition of forest lands under the provisions*  
 24 *of the Act approved March 1, 1911, as amended (16*  
 25 *U. S. C. 513-519, 521), \$100,000, to be available only*



1 for payment of the purchase price of any lands acquired,  
 2 including the cost of surveys in connection with such acqui-  
 3 sition: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall  
 4 be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the  
 5 boundaries of a national forest: Provided further, That no  
 6 part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition  
 7 of any land without the approval of the local government  
 8 concerned.

### 9 (28) *Special Acts*

10 For the acquisition of land to facilitate the control of  
 11 soil erosion and flood damage originating within the ex-  
 12 terior boundaries of the following national forest, in accord-  
 13 ance with the provisions of the following Act authorizing an-  
 14 nual appropriations of forest receipts for such purposes, and  
 15 in not to exceed the following amount from such receipts:  
 16 Cache National Forest, Utah, Act of May 11, 1938 (Public  
 17 Law 505), as amended, \$10,000: Provided, That no part  
 18 of this appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any  
 19 land which is not within the boundaries of a national forest:  
 20 Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be  
 21 used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of  
 22 the local government concerned.

### 23 STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION

24 For expenses necessary for cooperation with the various  
 25 States in forest-fire prevention and suppression, in forest tree

1 planting on non-Federal public and private lands, and in  
 2 forest management and processing, pursuant to the Act of  
 3 August 25, 1950 (16 U. S. C. 568c, 568d), and sections  
 4 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the Act of June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 564-  
 5 567c), and Acts supplementary thereto; advising timberland  
 6 owners, associations, and other appropriate agencies in the  
 7 application of forest and management principles to federally  
 8 owned lands leased to States and to private forest lands, and  
 9 advising wood-using industries in processing of forest prod-  
 10 ucts, so as to attain sustained-yield management, the conser-  
 11 vation of the timber resources, the productivity of forest  
 12 lands, and the stabilization of employment and economic  
 13 continuance of forest industries; ~~(29)\$11,385,000~~ \$15,-  
 14 165,000.

#### 15 COOPERATIVE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

16 For artificial revegetation, construction, and main-  
 17 tenance of range improvements, control of rodents, and  
 18 eradication of poisonous and noxious plants on national  
 19 forests as authorized by section 12 of the Act of April 24,  
 20 1950 (16 U. S. C. 580h), \$700,000, to remain available  
 21 until expended.

#### 22 GENERAL PROVISIONS, FOREST SERVICE

23 SEC. 201. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law,  
 24 the lump-sum appropriations and authorizations made for  
 25 the Forest Service under this Act shall be available for the

1 purchase, in addition to those specifically provided for, of  
2 not to exceed 133 passenger motor vehicles for replacement  
3 only, and for the hire of such vehicles, necessary in the con-  
4 duct of the work of the Forest Service outside the District  
5 of Columbia.

6 SEC. 202. Of appropriations herein made which are  
7 available for the purchase of lands, not to exceed \$1 may  
8 be expended for each option to purchase any particular  
9 tract or tracts of land.

10 SEC. 203. Except to provide materials required in  
11 or incident to research or experimental work where no  
12 suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds  
13 appropriated to the Forest Service shall be expended in the  
14 purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or  
15 materials produced outside of the United States.

16 SEC. 204. No part of any appropriation to the Forest  
17 Service in this Act shall be used for publicity or propa-  
18 ganda purposes to support or defeat legislation pending  
19 before the Congress.

#### 20 INDIAN CLAIMS COMMISSION

21 Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary to carry  
22 out the purposes of the Act of August 13, 1946 (25 U.  
23 S. C. 70), creating an Indian Claims Commission, \$124,-  
24 600, of which not to exceed \$3,975 shall be available for  
25 expenses of travel.



## 1 JAMESTOWN-WILLIAMSBURG-YORKTOWN CELEBRATION

## 2 COMMISSION

3 For expenses necessary to complete carrying out the  
 4 provisions of the Act of August 13, 1953 (67 Stat. 576),  
 5 including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act  
 6 of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed  
 7 \$50 per diem for individuals; transportation and not to  
 8 exceed \$20 per diem in lieu of subsistence for members  
 9 of the Commission serving without compensation; and  
 10 entertainment; \$115,000.

## 11 NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

12 Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses, as  
 13 authorized by the National Capital Planning Act of 1952  
 14 (66 Stat. 781), including services as authorized by section  
 15 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); not to  
 16 exceed \$175 for the purchase of newspapers and periodicals;  
 17 not to exceed \$8,000 for expenses of travel; payment  
 18 in advance for membership in societies whose publica-  
 19 tions or services are available to members only or to mem-  
 20 bers at a price lower than to the general public; and  
 21 transportation and not to exceed \$15 per diem in lieu of  
 22 subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of August  
 23 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for members of the Commis-  
 24 sion serving without compensation; ~~(30)\$185,000~~ \$210,000.

25 Land acquisition, National Capital park, parkway, and

1 playground system: Under authority of the Act of May  
 2 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, for necessary ex-  
 3 penses for the National Capital Planning Commission for  
 4 acquisition of land for the park, parkway, and playground  
 5 system of the National Capital, to remain available until  
 6 expended, ~~(31)\$1,250,000~~ \$1,500,000, of which (a)  
 7 ~~(32)\$438,000~~ \$526,000 shall be available for the purposes  
 8 of section 1 (a) of said Act of May 29, 1930, (b)  
 9 ~~(33)\$287,000~~ \$344,000 shall be available for the purposes  
 10 of section 1 (b) thereof, and (c) ~~(34)\$525,000~~ \$630,000  
 11 shall be available for the purposes of section 4 thereof: *Pro-*  
 12 *vided*, That not exceeding \$67,500 of the funds available for  
 13 land acquisition purposes shall be used during the current  
 14 fiscal year for necessary expenses of the Commission (other  
 15 than payments for land) in connection with land acquisition.

16 Salaries and expenses, Washington regional mass trans-  
 17 portation survey: For necessary expenses to enable the Na-  
 18 tional Capital Planning Commission and the National Capi-  
 19 tal Regional Planning Council to jointly complete a survey  
 20 of the present and future mass transportation needs of the  
 21 National Capital region as defined in the National Capital  
 22 Planning Act of 1952 (66 Stat. 781), and to report their  
 23 findings and recommendations to the President, including  
 24 transportation expenses and not to exceed \$15 per diem in  
 25 lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of

1 August 2, 1946, as amended (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for mem-  
2 bers of the Commission and Council serving without com-  
3 pensation, \$200,000: *Provided*, That the unobligated bal-  
4 ance of the appropriation of \$200,000 granted under this  
5 head for the fiscal years 1955 and 1956 shall remain avail-  
6 able during the current fiscal year and shall be merged with  
7 this appropriation (66 Stat. 781) (35): *Provided further*,  
8 *That the employment of not more than one person by contract*  
9 *or otherwise, pursuant to the third sentence of section 2 (c)*  
10 *of the Act of June 6, 1924, as amended by the Act of July*  
11 *19, 1952 (66 Stat. 783), may be extended for an additional*  
12 *year.*

13 SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

14 Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution: For all  
15 necessary expenses for the preservation, exhibition, and in-  
16 crease of collections from the surveying and exploring expe-  
17 ditions of the Government and from other sources; for the  
18 system of international exchanges between the United States  
19 and foreign countries; for anthropological researches among  
20 the American Indians and the natives of lands under the  
21 jurisdiction or protection of the United States, independently  
22 or in cooperation with State, educational, and scientific  
23 organizations in the United States, and the excavation and  
24 preservation of archeological remains; for maintenance of the  
25 Astrophysical Observatory and making necessary observa-



1 tions in high altitudes; for the administration of the National  
 2 Collection of Fine Arts; for the administration, construction,  
 3 and maintenance of laboratory and other facilities on Barro  
 4 Colorado Island, Canal Zone, under the provisions of the  
 5 Act of July 2, 1940, as amended by the provisions of Reor-  
 6 ganization Plan Numbered 3 of 1946; for the maintenance  
 7 and administration of a national air museum as authorized  
 8 by the Act of August 12, 1946 (20 U. S. C. 77) ; including  
 9 not to exceed \$35,000 for services as authorized by section 15  
 10 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; not to  
 11 exceed \$38,725 for expenses of travel; purchase, repair,  
 12 and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors;  
 13 repairs and alterations of buildings and approaches; and prep-  
 14 aration of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations for publi-  
 15 cations; (36)~~\$4,400,000~~ \$4,425,000.

16 Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For the  
 17 upkeep and operation of the National Gallery of Art, the  
 18 protection and care of the works of art therein, and adminis-  
 19 trative expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of  
 20 March 24, 1937 (50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public  
 21 resolution of April 13, 1939 (Public Resolution 9, Seventy-  
 22 sixth Congress), including services as authorized by section  
 23 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) ; payment  
 24 in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery  
 25 for membership in library, museum, and art associations or

1 societies whose publications or services are available to mem-  
 2 bers only, or to members at a price lower than to the general  
 3 public; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards  
 4 and elevator operators and uniforms, or allowances therefor  
 5 for other employees as authorized by the Act of September  
 6 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114 and 69 Stat. 49);  
 7 purchase or rental of devices and services for protecting  
 8 buildings and contents thereof, and maintenance and repair  
 9 of buildings, approaches, and grounds; not to exceed \$2,400  
 10 for expenses of travel; and not to exceed \$15,000 for restora-  
 11 tion and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of  
 12 Art by contracts made, without advertising, with individuals,  
 13 firms, or organizations at such rates or prices and under such  
 14 terms and conditions as the Gallery may deem proper;  
 15 **(37)**~~\$1,495,000~~ \$1,505,000.

16 Museum of History and Technology: For necessary  
 17 expenses of construction of a building for the Museum  
 18 of History and Technology, as authorized by the  
 19 Act of June 28, 1955 (69 Stat. 189), \$33,712,000, to  
 20 remain available until expended.

21 FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION

22 For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of  
 23 the Act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 694), \$10,000, to  
 24 remain available until expended.

(38) WOODROW WILSON CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

COMMISSION

*For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of August 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 964, 965), \$48,500.*

TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

GRANTS

For payment to the Virgin Islands Corporation in the form of grants as authorized by law, \$425,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

During the current fiscal year the Virgin Islands Corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds available to it and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal-year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out its programs as set forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1957: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$160,000 shall be available for administrative expenses (to be computed on an accrual basis) of the Corporation, covering the categories set forth in the 1957 budget estimates for such expenses.

TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. Unless otherwise provided by law, appropriations contained in this Act available for expenses of travel shall be available, when specifically authorized by the head



1 of the activity or establishment concerned, for expenses of  
2 attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the  
3 function or activity for which the appropriation concerned  
4 is made.

5 This Act may be cited as the "Department of the  
6 Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1957."

Passed the House of Representatives February 21, 1956.

Attest: RALPH R. ROBERTS,  
*Clerk.*

Passed the Senate with amendments April 23 (legis-  
lative day, April 9), 1956.

Attest: FELTON M. JOHNSTON,  
*Secretary.*



84<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

# H. R. 9390

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## AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 23, 1956

Ordered to be printed with the amendments of the  
Senate numbered



House for a conference and that the Chair appoint the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The motion was agreed to; and the Presiding Officer appointed Mr. MURRAY, Mr. ANDERSON, and Mr. WATKINS conferees on the part of the Senate.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Maurer, its reading clerk, announced that the House has insisted upon its amendments to the bill (S. 2286) to amend the Merchant Marine Act of 1936 so as to provide for the utilization of privately owned shipping services in connection with the transportation of privately owned motor vehicles of certain personnel of the Department of Defense, disagreed to by the Senate; agreed to the conference asked by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and that Mr. BONNER, Mr. GARMATZ, Mr. ROBESON of Virginia, Mr. TOLLEFSON, and Mr. ALLEN of California were appointed managers on the part of the House at the conference.

The message also announced that the House had passed, without amendment, the joint resolution (S. J. Res. 150) to to authorize the printing and binding of an edition of Senate Procedure and providing the same shall be subject to copy-right by the authors.

The message further announced that the House had agreed to the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 62) to print as a document a pamphlet entitled "A Handbook for Americans."

The message also announced that the House had agreed to the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 4909) relative to the consolidation of the National Tax Association, a corporation organized under the laws of the District of Columbia, with the Tax Institute, Inc., a corporation organized under the membership corporations law of the State of New York, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the membership corporations law of the State of New York.

#### ENROLLED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS SIGNED

The message further announced that the Speaker had affixed his signature to the following enrolled bills and joint resolutions, and they were signed by the President pro tempore:

S. 1188. An act to amend section 5240 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, relating to the examination of national banks;

S. 1194. An act to provide for transfer of administrative jurisdiction over Red Willow Dam and Reservoir, Nebr., to the Secretary of the Interior and over Wilson Dam and Reservoir, Kans., to the Secretary of the Army;

H. R. 1099. An act for the relief of Theodore J. Hartung and Mrs. Elizabeth Hartung;

H. R. 1179. An act for the relief of Salih Hougl, Bernha Catherine, Noor Elias, Isaac, and Mozelle Rose Hardoon;

H. R. 2796. An act for the relief of Mrs. Khatoun Malkey Samuel;

H. R. 2948. An act for the relief of Guglielmo Joseph Perrella;

H. R. 3152. An act for the relief of Waymon H. Massey;

H. R. 3276. An act for the relief of George E. Bergos (formerly Athanasios Kritselis);

H. R. 4466. An act for the relief of Lois O. Jennings;

H. R. 4588. An act for the relief of Antonio Penna;

H. R. 5310. An act to quiet title and possession with respect to certain real property in the city of Pensacola, Fla.;

H. R. 6078. An act for the relief of Alison MacBride;

H. R. 7058. An act to amend the act of May 29, 1928 (45 Stat. 997), in respect of the compensation of Supreme Court Justices and circuit court judges;

H. R. 8728. An act to authorize the burial in national cemeteries of the remains of certain commissioned officers of the Public Health Service;

H. R. 8957. An act to extend the time within which the District of Columbia Auditorium Commission may submit its report and recommendations with respect to the civic auditorium to be constructed in the District of Columbia;

S. J. Res. 160. Joint resolution to suspend the application of certain laws of the United States with respect to counsel employed by the special committee of the Senate established by Senate Resolution 219, 84th Congress; and

H. J. Res. 444. Joint resolution to authorize and request the President to issue a proclamation in connection with the centennial of the birth of Woodrow Wilson.

#### ENROLLED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTION PRESENTED

The Secretary of the Senate reported that on today, April 23, 1956, he presented to the President of the United States the following enrolled bills and joint resolution:

S. 1188. An act to amend section 5240 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, relating to the examination of national banks;

S. 1194. An act to provide for transfer of administrative jurisdiction over Red Willow Dam and Reservoir, Nebr., to the Secretary of the Interior and over Wilson Dam and Reservoir, Kans., to the Secretary of the Army; and

S. J. Res. 160. Joint resolution to suspend the application of certain laws of the United States with respect to counsel employed by the special committee of the Senate established by Senate Resolution 219, 84th Congress.

#### DEPARTMENT ON INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 1957

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Morning business is closed; and the Chair lays before the Senate the unfinished business.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. BIBLE in the chair). Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I ask that the bill be read for amendment, and that the committee amendments be first considered.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will state the first committee amendment.

The first amendment of the Committee on Appropriations was, under the heading "Title I—Department of the Interior—Office of the Secretary—Office of the Solicitor", on page 2, at the beginning of line 20, to strike out "\$2,800,000" and insert "\$2,835,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Office of Minerals Mobilization," on page 3, line 6, after the word "fuels", to strike out "\$300,000" and insert "\$225,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Bureau of Land Management—Management of Lands and Resources," on page 3, line 17, after the word "lands", to strike out "\$18,000,000" and insert "\$18,738,600."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Administrative Provisions," on page 4, line 22, after the word "of", to strike out "twenty-five" and insert "thirty-one."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Bureau of Indian Affairs—Education and Welfare Services," on page 6, line 12, after the word "museums", to strike out "\$50,700,000" and insert "\$50,720,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Resources Management," on page 6, line 22, after the word "law", to strike out "\$16,000,000" and insert "\$16,200,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Construction," on page 7, at the beginning of line 7, to strike out "\$4,000,000" and insert "\$7,740,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Administrative Provisions," on page 8, line 15, after the word "exceed", to strike out "two hundred and seventy passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred and fifty shall be for replacement only)" and insert "two hundred and ninety passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred and seventy shall be for replacement only)."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Geological Survey—Surveys, Investigations, and Research," on page 11, line 1, after the word "activities," to strike out "and the preparation of plans and specifications for a building or buildings to meet the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metropolitan area of Washington, D. C.;" and insert "and for the Geological Survey or the General Services Administration to acquire a site and to prepare plans and specifications for a building or buildings to meet the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metropolitan area of Washington, District of Columbia, with-



out regard to Revised Statutes, page 3709, as amended (41 U. S. C. 5), and section 302 (c) of the act of June 30, 1949, as amended (41 U. S. C. 252 (c))."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Administrative Provisions," on page 11, line 21, after the word "hundred", to insert "and twenty-six."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Bureau of Mines—Conservation and Development of Mineral Resources," on page 13, line 1, after the word "deposits", strike out "\$15,363,000" and insert "\$17,363,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "National Park Service—Management and Protection," on page 14, line 24, after the word "Basin", to strike out "\$11,480,000" and insert "\$11,537,000."

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, for myself and on behalf of the junior Senator from Oregon [Mr. NEUBERGER], I offer an amendment to the committee amendment on page 14, line 24, which I ask to have read.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the amendment to the committee amendment offered by the senior Senator from Oregon, for himself and on behalf of the junior Senator from Oregon.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. On page 14, line 24, in lieu of the amount proposed by the committee, it is proposed to insert "\$11,631,000."

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, before I proceed to discuss the amendment to the committee amendment, I desire to make a general statement on the bill.

I shall discuss the Department of the Interior and related agencies appropriation for 1957, and in particular the provisions covering our public lands, national forests, and parks, because these programs are so vital to the West.

I think the administration has performed a gross disservice toward the Congress by sending budget estimates which do not reflect accurately what the budget and receipts picture will be, and I further think that it has failed to make a request for funds which are vitally needed. Few better examples exist than the budget for the Forest Service.

Our western national forests do more than supply timber for sawmills and recreation for campers. One of the most important functions the forests perform is to furnish the West with the water upon which our urban and rural populations are equally dependent. The national forests are 21 percent of the land area of the West, and they provide 53 percent of the average water production. In Oregon 29 percent of the land is in national forests, but 44 percent of the water production comes from these lands. The way we manage these Federal holdings, and the protection which we in Congress can help supply through adequate funds, will decide whether these lands will provide the people with the right amount of water of good quality when they need it. As I talk of timber and access roads, I do not ever want to have anyone forget that I consider sound management for watershed values

the primary goal of the Forest Service. Access roads are a tool of timber management, and the proper conduct of timber management is a tool of watershed development and protection. They are all closely linked, and one program cannot be properly carried out without the other.

In the Pacific Northwest our national forests deposit \$2 in the Treasury for every dollar expended, and I emphasize that this computation is not arrived at by any juggling of the books. It includes all the expenditures made by the Forest Service in the Northwest, for fire protection and all other activities which are connected with the administration of these Federal properties.

#### PUBLIC CAMPGROUNDS

The committee recommends an increase of \$4,395,500 over the budget estimate. It has increased the funds for the care of public campgrounds by \$1,805,500 over the budget estimate and the amount allowed by the House. When I testified before the Appropriations Committee I pointed out that the budget provided only 1.3 cents for each person in the United States. The committee increase is a good one; it means an expenditure of about 3 cents per person. I think the committee has done good work, when we consider the type of information the administration made available. The committee has told the Bureau of the Budget to send up a realistic program next year, and I shall continue to support heartily this request.

#### REFORESTATION, REVEGETATION, AND REHABILITATION

The committee recommends an increase of \$620,000 for the reforestation of national forest lands, of \$500,000 for range revegetation, and of \$250,000 for the rehabilitation of badly eroded areas in the national forests. These increases are slightly greater than those I urged, and I think that fact illustrates the conservativeness of my proposal. There are also increases for wildlife and range management which are long overdue. I requested that a small amount be allowed in the budget for acquisition of scattered tracts in the national forest to enable the Forest Service to improve its management, and I am glad to see that the committee made this allowance.

I am particularly pleased with the increases in the State and private forestry programs, although they will be of greater benefit to the East than to the West.

My service on the Commission of International Governmental Relations reinforced my conviction of the need to promote sound forestry and the protection of forest lands all over the country. The Commission recommended that forest tree-planting support be withdrawn by the Federal Government. I dissented from that recommendation. I congratulate the Committee on Appropriations upon its wisdom in increasing the money available for fire protection by almost \$3 million, by increasing the money for tree planting by \$500,000, and the funds available for forest management advice by \$300,000. I testified in behalf of these increases, particularly with respect to tree planting, and I state again that I think the committee's action was wise.

The budget request for a vital item known as timber resource management was \$9,807,000. That is the heart of the Forest Service operating program, because it is these funds which are used for timber sale work. This amount represented an increase of \$1.6 million over last year's budget, and I point out that last year's actual budget was not the administration's proposed budget but the Senate budget, because the Senate provided substantial increases in this item last year. Now the administration proposes a \$1.6 million increase, and the committee has allowed every cent of it, I myself think it would have been good business to increase this item by another \$200,000, because every dollar appropriated will bring back \$10 more than the actual cost of administering the timber sale program. It is this timber sale money which has enabled the national forests in the Northwest to develop a record of \$2 in income for every \$1 spent on all the national forest programs.

I requested that the committee make special provision to furnish more money for timber access roads in the national forests, even though the amount being requested was the full authorization. Mr. President, I intend to keep hammering on this subject and to make a record on it, because the access roads are the backbone of a system of sound forestry. In the almost 4 years the present administration has been in office, the access roads authorization has risen from \$22½ million to \$24 million a year, but it didn't reach that point because of anything the administration did. I was a member of the Committee on Public Works in the 83d Congress and led the fight in the committee which resulted in the increased authorization. There is an increasing recognition of the value of access roads, and the bill I have introduced, if enacted, or if kept in the road bill, as I urged before the House committee, will enable the Government to go forward with the sort of program which should be undertaken.

I think also the committee should be supported by the Senate in every action taken with respect to the Bureau of Land Management budget and providing for the full amount requested. Last fall both the Senator from Arizona [Mr. HAYDEN] and I called upon the Secretary of the Interior to submit a realistic budget for this money-making agency. I suggested some amounts for his guidance. We got a budget which represents a step toward providing the money needed, and I believe that the full allowance is completely justified.

I emphasize to my colleagues from those sections of the country which do not have extensive Federal lands that the importance of these programs reaches to them. Fifty-seven percent of the timber in the West is in Federal ownership, but only 7 percent of the timber in the East is in Federal ownership. The western Federal forest lands are capable of making a tremendous contribution to our economy, far beyond that which they are now making. They supply revenues greatly in excess of the money which is spent on them. If they are developed as they should be, the entire Nation will benefit.



The Senator from Arizona [Mr. HAYDEN] has proved once again that he is a great and effective champion, not only of the West, but of the entire Nation, when it comes to the matter of natural resource practices and development. For that matter, he has repeatedly demonstrated his understanding and sympathy for the needs of Oregon and their relationship to a sound national economy.

Now I should like to have the attention of the Senator from Arizona in regard to the pending amendment. It involves only a slight amount of money; and here again I am not fighting alone for the interests of my State in connection with this particular item, but I am fighting for the Nation in an effort to preserve and conserve and protect some of the great cultural values which will be lost unless the increase I am proposing in the appropriation shall be made.

To use an illustration, I speak, for example, of the petroglyph problem that exists in connection with the dams which may be constructed. The information on which I make my argument is information which comes from great anthropologists in America, the chief spokesman for whom in regard to this particular amendment happens to be Dr. L. S. Cressman, chairman of the anthropology department of the University of Oregon, who is recognized as one of our greatest living anthropologists in the field of research activities which are conducted in an effort to get out of the ground the record of lost generations of mankind.

The Interior Department appropriation bill as passed by the House provided \$50,000 for archeological investigation in Federal reservoir sites outside the Missouri Basin. It was testified that an additional \$119,000—which is what my amendment provides—would be necessary to do the work with any adequacy, including \$30,000 for research in the Dalles area. The report of the Senate Appropriations Committee recommends an increase of only \$25,000 with no allocation to any specific project.

I am informed that in the committee meeting, a member of the staff pointed out that an additional \$119,000 was needed for this work throughout the country, and the committee does have the list of the names of the projects where the money is needed.

I understand the committee decided upon \$25,000, leaving it to the discretion of the National Park Service to spend it where most needed. I think that is a mistake, because I do not believe the National Park Service should be placed in that position. In particular, directing my attention to the problem which is involved in the Dalles Dam situation, this is the last year in which we can possibly get the historic record of civilizations that we know lived in the great Columbia Basin long before this country was discovered.

On February 27, 1956, I submitted to the committee a letter on behalf of myself and my colleague, the junior Senator from Oregon [Mr. NEUBERGER], which I shall read, because it sets forth the

problem which confronts us. The letter reads as follows:

Many residents of Oregon who are interested in archeological remains in the reservoir area behind the Dalles Dam have communicated with our offices strongly urging that appropriations be made for the fiscal year 1957 in order to salvage materials of tremendous historic significance, particularly petroglyphs and Indian mounds which will be inundated and lost for all time if they are not salvaged prior to the time at which the Dalles Reservoir is filled.

We note that the bill H. R. 9390 which passed the House of Representatives several days ago contains no specific item in the appropriations for the National Park Service which would make possible the carrying on of this particular archeological salvage work. We are advised by members of the professional staff of the Senate Appropriations Committee that the budget request of the National Park Service includes an item of \$50,000 for archeological investigations but that investigations at the Dalles Dam area are not included.

We are sincerely of the opinion that the archeological remains at the Dallas Dam Reservoir area are not only of historical but also of scientific interest. The material appears to be unique and there is an indication that some sites in this specific area may date back as much as 10,000 years. Thus, it is possible that a long range of prehistory may be explored through materials to be salvaged from the reservoir area.

We have been reliably informed from a number of sources that the sum of \$30,000 is a minimum amount which could be devoted to urgently needed work on petroglyph removals and the recovery of other archeological remains. The last mentioned sum would, by no means, enable a complete recovery job to be performed but it would enable the salvage of sufficient material to give students and experts in the subject sufficient information to piece together the entire historical situation.

Many organizations, including the Chamber of Commerce of The Dalles, Oreg., the Wasco County-Dalles County Museum Commission, members of the faculties of the University of Oregon and the University of Washington, and numerous public-spirited citizens who have a deep interest in the preservation of these historical materials have urged that funds be appropriated for this extremely worthwhile project, and have indicated their willingness to cooperate in every way possible.

The matter is urgent because if the funds are not appropriated for the fiscal year 1957, the historical materials will be inundated and will be lost to our generation and to posterity.

For the foregoing reasons, we respectfully urge the members of the Senate Appropriations Committee to give serious consideration to this request in connection with its studies of the appropriation bill H. R. 9390.

The letter is signed by the two Senators from Oregon.

Mr. President, I also wish to read into the RECORD the essence of the testimony which I gave before the committee, because I think this testimony, along with the letter to the committee and the remarks which I have made, pretty well cover the point. Before the committee I said:

Mr. Chairman, I ask the committee to give serious consideration to increasing the amount allowed by the House on an item designated as "Salvage Archeology" for the National Park Service, Department of the Interior.

As the situation now stands, only \$50,000 was recommended by the House to cover the salvage of historical and scientific materials in the vicinity of multipurpose dam projects now being constructed outside the Missouri River Basin. This amount is wholly inadequate, as will be noted in a moment. Unless it can be increased by this committee, I fear that these irreplaceable materials will be lost for all time.

At present, there is an inter-agency archeological salvage program designed to salvage, preserve, and interpret a minimum amount of the varied historical and archeological remains located in areas threatened with flooding by large Government-sponsored multipurpose dams and related projects. The program is sponsored and coordinated by the National Park Service. It is conducted in cooperation with the Corps of Engineers, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Smithsonian Institution, and numerous local and State agencies.

Funds appropriated by the Congress are utilized by the National Park Service through cooperative agreements with the Smithsonian Institution and numerous State agencies for carrying out the actual salvage projects. During the earlier years of the program, modest sums averaging about \$56,000 a year were appropriated but during fiscal year 1954 and fiscal year 1955, except for a small amount in the Table Rock area of Missouri, no such Federal funds were available. During this time, however, construction on Federal projects continued and there is, therefore, a large backlog of urgently needed salvage work and very little time left in which to accomplish it. It is a great credit to the many State agencies which have participated in this program that they did so with such willingness, often to the detriment of their own research programs.

Final reports are prepared on all phases of this work and published either by the Government or the local agency cooperating in the program. Materials recovered from the excavations are stored by the Smithsonian Institution and other agencies for exhibit and study purposes, and are available for display purposes in museums which may be built in connection with the completed water-control projects.

The material recovered by these excavations and surveys indicates how man lived in many areas of the United States over long periods of time.

One of the largest and most important river basins in the United States is that of the mighty Columbia River. In this basin, the Dalles Reservoir area, which will be flooded by the waters of the Columbia River next year when the gates of the dam are closed, contains an archeological record of man's continuous use and habitation of this area which goes backward into the realms of prehistory as much as, and maybe more than, 10,000 years. Such a continuous occupation by mankind of one locality for such a long period of time is almost unparalleled in the Americas.

The earliest man of whom we know arrived in the Columbia Basin area at a time when the river flowed much higher than today, and the climate was much cooler. Evidence of his living there has been found in what was then a gully near the river, not far from the present city of The Dalles.

In excavating at this site, Dr. Cressman, of the University of Oregon, has found many materials of great research value.

Some of the finest carved and ornamented stone work recovered in America comes from the area around The Dalles. Family groups of Indians clustered along the banks of the Columbia. Some lived in semisubterranean pit houses, others in fancier plank houses much like the ones seen by Lewis and Clark in 1805 when they made their famous



portage over Celilo Falls and the Long Narrows.

Among the many artistic achievements of these people are the unique and spectacular petroglyphs, or carved drawings, and the pictographs, or paintings, which they made on many of the large boulders and on the faces of the basalt cliffs along the river's edge. Many of these drawings are fanciful and imaginary, and their exact meaning is now unknown, but others are representations of the Indian's way of life, or portray the animals upon which the Indian depended for their livelihood.

Several days ago Senator NEUBERGER and I asked this committee to recommend \$30,000 for archeological salvage work in river basin area above the Dalles Dam. However, since that time the Director of the National Park Service appeared before the committee and in answer to a question put by a member of the committee, indicated that it would take \$169,000 to do the archeological salvage job during fiscal 1957 if we are to save a minimum of the historical and scientific materials and information presently available in a number of multipurpose dam areas outside the Missouri River Basin. In view of this testimony I feel that the amount recommended by the House should be increased to a total of \$170,000. These priceless objects and sources of information will be lost through inundation if we do not act quickly.

Mr. President, I digress from reading my testimony before the committee, to make clear to the Senate that I am not requesting the appropriation of funds for such work at the Dalles Dam alone. Instead, I am requesting the appropriation of funds for the conduct of such work in every State in the Union where such multipurpose dams are in process of construction, because, as the National Park Service has made clear in its report, in the environment of all these dams there are great, historic relics which should be saved.

I continue to read from my testimony before the committee:

**PRESERVING PRICELESS ARCHEOLOGICAL RECORDS OF THE PAST**

My attention has been directed to the very worthwhile suggestion that a museum be developed near the city of The Dalles.

Mr. President, at that point in my presentation before the committee, I discussed a museum project which is not before us today.

At this point I should like to refer to one other item, and then I shall conclude.

Mr. President, since the testimony was given and since the problem in regard to the inadequate amount of money contained in this appropriation bill developed, Dr. L. S. Cressman, of the University of Oregon, came to Washington and had a conference in my office. At the conference there were present two representatives of the National Park Service. We discussed the seriousness of this situation. Mr. President, I paraphrase accurately what was said by Dr. Cressman when I say that we must make clear to the Senate that unless the amendment I am submitting be adopted, these relics will be lost forever.

I wish to say that I have known Dr. Cressman for a quarter of a century. I served with him for a great many years as a fellow faculty member at the University of Oregon. Not only do I know of his high standing as a great

scholar and researcher in the field of anthropology, but I also know how he can pinch a dollar. I wish to say—and I speak advisedly—that I have never known a researcher who obtains more out of a dollar that is assigned to him for research than does Dr. Cressman.

In this instance, with time running against us, a simple issue is involved, namely, are we going to adopt this amendment, or at least take it to conference, so that the conferees can review the facts? I wish to say that I am so confident about the merits and soundness of the amendment I am submitting today, Mr. President, that all I plead for is an opportunity to have the conferees consider it. The amendment calls for what really is a piddling amount, when we consider the great symbolism of the amendment and when we think of the great encouragement it will give to the cultural forces who are working in the laboratories of America in an attempt to save the great historic relics which will mean so much to future generations of American boys and girls as they come to study the origins of mankind on this continent.

So, Mr. President, I plead with the Senator from Arizona to take to conference my amendment, which calls for the increase I request in the amount to be appropriated for this purpose.

Let me add, Mr. President, that I believe it very important, in connection with the legislative history we are making, that the National Park Service understand that in order to have the research work done in The Dalles area in the months ahead, it is essential that a minimum of \$30,000 be earmarked for that purpose.

Mr. NEUBERGER. Mr. President, I should like to speak briefly in support of the amendment offered by my distinguished senior colleague. I shall not duplicate what he has said, because his remarks cover very thoroughly the urgent need to protect the archeological remains which will be covered by the waters rising back of the Dalles Dam.

I think it sufficient for me to emphasize that perhaps the last lingering remnants of the historic civilization which existed in the Northwest long before the coming of Lewis and Clark, the first Americans to visit that region, are to be found in the gorges and canyons and riverbed which will be inundated by the reservoir behind the Dalles Dam.

As my senior colleague [Mr. MORSE] has pointed out so cogently, we have very little time to waste. The waters soon will rise.

I wish to say that not only do I join in what the senior Senator from Oregon said about the appropriation in general, but I desire to make a brief statement, in addition: I have been a Member of the Senate for a little over 1 year, and my particular field of interest has been conservation of natural resources. I do not think anyone has done more than has the senior Senator from Arizona [Mr. HAYDEN] in helping us move toward the attainment of that goal. Last year, when I went to him and talked to him about the deterioration of the national parks and about the need for the appropriation of additional funds, in order

to provide for sufficient recreation and campgrounds in the national forests, I found him to be a very willing and very patient listener. There has been a great deal of publicity, Mr. President, about the so-called Mission 66 of the National Parks Service to improve our national parks, and much of that propaganda has given credit to the recently resigned Secretary of the Interior. However, I wish to say that, in my opinion, the one who has done most for the national parks, to help save them from deterioration and decay, is the senior Senator from Arizona [Mr. HAYDEN], the chairman of the Senate Committee on Appropriations.

I think it is significant to point out that in the 83d Congress the National Park Service received some 40 percent less in funds than later was voted by the 1st session of the 84th Congress, when the distinguished senior Senator from Arizona was chairman of the Appropriations Committee.

I believe that the Senator from Arizona [Mr. HAYDEN] deserves a great deal of the credit and a great deal of the praise for the effort which is being made—and which I hope will continue to be made—to save our national parks and make them more available and more pleasant for the millions of Americans—I think about 50 million—who visit them each summer.

I concur in what my senior colleague [Mr. MORSE] has said about our appreciation of the efforts of the Senator from Arizona to conserve our priceless natural resources, and to make our national parks and national forests better, more comfortable, and safer playgrounds for the millions of people who go West each year to visit them.

In conclusion, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD at this point as a part of my remarks an article entitled "Our Parks and Forests Are in Trouble," which I wrote for Chrysler Events for January 1956. In that article I give credit to the Senator from Arizona for his leadership in this field.

There being no objection, the article was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

**OUR PARKS AND FORESTS ARE IN TROUBLE**  
(By Hon. RICHARD L. NEUBERGER, of Oregon)

America's outdoor playgrounds are tumbling down. The mountains still tower skyward, the fir and pine trees still grow, the glaciers continue to creep over their pebbly moraines, the foaming rivers surge eternally to the sea. But the accommodations installed in the National Parks and National Forests of the United States, for the safety and convenience of nearly 100 million vacationing pilgrims annually, are in the worst state of disrepair and deterioration in history.

Although 50 million people tour the national parks each year, facilities for sheltering and feeding these visitors have not been substantially enlarged since 1932, when the number of tourists totaled only 4 million. Our national forests have been equally neglected. In 1954 the funds available for improving recreation areas visited by 40,304,000 Americans were \$187,000 less than in 1947, at a time that the number of sightseers was barely more than half this total—21,331,000.

It is a tribute to the scenic grandeur of these magnificent realms that the traveling public persists in visiting places where preparations for taking care of people have so



lagged behind prevailing needs. The typical tourist is a hardy chap, indeed.

Trails in national parks and national forests have reverted to the encroaching wilderness. Guard rails along perilous highways have crumbled into splinters. Picnic tables at public campgrounds often amount to little more than kindling—victims of vandalism as well as the elements. Neglect has made outdoor comfort stations a menace to public health. Stone fireplaces for cooking and warmth are mere mounds of rock. Conrad L. Wirth, Director of the National Park Service, even has referred to some of the camps under his management as rural slums. Dilapidated tourists cabins are virtual huts.

Yet, these eyesores lurk among the grandest sights on the North American Continent. Nomads look up from filthy overnight shacks to see the white domes of glacial peaks dotting the heavens. We are failing to honor the pact made with nature four decades ago when the National Park Act first provided for the conservation of "scenery and the natural and historic objects and the wildlife therein, and to provide for the enjoyment of the same \* \* \*." Is it possible to enjoy the terraced depths of the Grand Canyon or the spouting geysers of the Yellowstone while living in a campground which is overcrowded, dusty, rundown and perhaps a possible breeding spot for communicable disease?

Director Wirth admits that the Park Service has fallen "far behind in its attempt to provide adequate facilities for visitors." Back of this official language looms the fact that Wirth is trying to handle twice the number of people who visited the parks in 1940 with 20 percent fewer rangers. Some Government bureaus have swollen in size, but the Park Service has shrunk. Such a situation takes its toll in many ways—in climbing mishaps by novices, in women and children lost in the woods, in automobile accidents on mountain roads, in mutilation of trees and shrubbery, in illegal killing of wild animals, even in increased thefts and pickpocketing at park hotels and campgrounds.

For example, Mr. Wirth declares that \$187 million is needed for the highways and trails alone in the national parks, if they are to be fully developed. In the absence of these appropriations, roads are pocked with chuckholes the size of volley balls and some of the neglected trails would frighten a Canadian mountie, much less a timid tourist on horseback for the first time in his life. Maps are not accurate because many roads and paths are virtually impassable.

Although the national forests exist for timber management and watershed control, as well as for recreation, they are the most popular of all outdoor attractions in the 11 vast States stretching westward from the Continental Divide. When the Civilian Conservation Corps was organized in 1933, these brawny young men trudged into the solitudes and gave the 180 million acres in national forests the finest sprucing-up they ever experienced. Over 4,000 separate recreation areas came into first-class existence.

Unfortunately, after the CCC was disbanded, these improvements ceased. The visitors, however, did not. They kept right on coming. Today, the sum of \$1,070,966 is spent by the Forest Service every year just to police, clean up, and supervise the recreation spots which the CCC helped to develop—nor is this considered sufficient for the purpose.

Consider merely the item of garbage. What connection is there between disposal of garbage and a vacation in the vast open spaces? Yet, tourists leave behind them a litter of bottles, tin cans, paper, and the residue of many meals and snacks. Discarded fish heads can contaminate a campground for months to come. If this refuse is not buried or burned, filth and disease inevitably result. Listen to the stern warn-

ing issued in the spring of 1955 by the Forest Service itself:

"Inspections made by the United States Public Health Service on many national forests confirm our fears that there is a serious danger to public health and safety unless sanitation and clean-up at forest recreation areas can be brought to acceptable standards."

This is why I was glad to participate on the floor of the Senate recently in increasing by \$1 million the funds which will be appropriated by the Government during the 1956 fiscal year for sanitation and care at campgrounds in the national forests. Senator CARL HAYDEN, of Arizona, who represents a Western State with far-flung scenic domains, took the lead in bringing this about. The new total of \$2,170,000 will provide some advance in disposing of the debris that invariably marks the path of 40 million adventure-loving Americans.

But is it enough to simply hold our own on the 153 national forests of the Nation? Additional roads, trails, docks, ranger stations and even directional signs are urgently needed. Further campgrounds may seem unnecessary, but they will more than pay for themselves if they prevent indiscriminate camping by thousands of people who dump refuse into upland rivers and thus destroy valuable runs of Chinook salmon and steelhead trout. It is ironical, in my opinion, that the national forests should be short of funds to provide for the welfare of tourists when, actually, these forests are a reliable source of profit to the Government.

Last year \$64 million was collected from grazing fees and the sale of merchantable timber on the national forests. Some Members of the Senate, among whom the writer is included, believe that at least 10 percent of national forest revenues should be especially set aside for recreation, with a ceiling of \$5,500,000. This would more than double the present allotment for that purpose.

Adequate appropriations are the principal immediate need of both the National Park Service and the United States Forest Service to serve the ever-increasing number of citizens who gain both spiritual inspiration and physical restoration from visiting the evergreen-stocked fastnesses which these agencies manage. But a long-range policy also is required. The automobile has brought most of the parks and forests within reach of the average family. Somewhere, beyond everybody's radiator cap, lie the plumed waterfalls of the Yosemite and the dizzy pinnacles of the Grand Tetons. The Forest Service frankly admits, for example, that the widespread use of the forests is a byproduct of the motor age.

Recreational values cannot always be calculated in dollars and cents to the Treasury. Yet, Bernard Frank, an assistant chief of the Forest Service, estimates in his recent book, *Our National Forests* (Oklahoma University Press), that pleasure for people on the forests is worth a minimum of \$25 million annually to the United States. Is this not a modest estimate for 40 million separate visits—about 60 cents apiece? Once the value of this recreation could be accepted as national policy, conservationists might not have to struggle each year to keep campgrounds and tourist areas at even low standards of maintenance.

National parks call for the establishment of still more fundamental principles, because their borders fence off the most extraordinary scenic majesty in our country. Commercial interests constantly try to invade the parks—some to build dams, others to log off the trees, still others to mine for ore, a few to divert tranquil lakes for irrigation or drinking water.

I believe all such encroachments should be resisted. Canadian authorities have just turned down uranium prospectors seeking

to quarry fissionable rock inside Banff National Park, Alberta. Our own great Nation ought to do no less in defense of the 28 parks and 48 monuments under the supervision of the National Park Service. After all, we have far fewer acres of scenery left per capita than has Canada.

Public opinion has helped to prod the National Park Service into setting up "Mission 66," a program to complete rehabilitation of our parks a decade from now—by the year 1966. The plan calls for more and better roads and highways within the National parks, for new lodges and inns and campgrounds, for safer trails and for additional safeguarding of fish, birds, and wild animals. "Many people now leave the parks," admits Park Director Wirth, "wondering why their Government is content to display American treasures in a manner not in keeping with their greatness."

As at least a start toward correcting this situation, Congress has appropriated a total of \$45,029,300 for operating our national parks during fiscal 1956, an increase of 41 percent over the previous year. Furthermore, appropriations for Forest Service recreational areas have been boosted by 47 percent, in an effort to restore our national forests as the outdoor playgrounds of the American people.

Senator HAYDEN, chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee, told me that few acts gave him greater personal satisfaction than the substantial advances allowed for the parks and forests of our vast scenic regions.

I shall never forget riding with my wife through the thrilling Lochsa River wilderness of Idaho, along the last part of the Lewis and Clark trail which still remains as it was originally when the first westbound white men came with the American flag. I recall that some individuals hoped to flood a wide portion of these forested solitudes with two dams. When that occurred, I thought, every American would lose a little bit of his heritage.

Our legacy ought to be expressed in the untouched outdoors as well as in the bustling metropolis. In America the Beautiful, Kathryn Lee Bates wrote not only of "alabaster cities undimmed by human tears" but also of "purple mountain majesty above the fruited plain."

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, I have listened to the argument of the distinguished Senator from Oregon [Mr. MORSE] for an increase of \$119,000 above the budget, or \$94,000 above the figure reported by the committee.

The Senator from New Hampshire is interested in the same general objectives which the Senator from Oregon seeks. However, he feels that the Committee on Appropriations, when it went 50 percent higher than the budget, was really proceeding in a very generous manner in the consideration of this subject.

The Senator from New Hampshire understands that the Senator from Oregon is concerned about a particular project which needs immediate attention. I believe that the addition of some \$25,000 which we made to the budget request will certainly enable the Department to proceed with that project.

The point the Senator from New Hampshire wishes to make is that there was a budget estimate of \$50,000. We understand that there is a problem. We increased the amount by \$25,000, or 50 percent, which was a very substantial increase, percentagewise, for the committee to make.



I think that is certainly all we could hold in conference with the House. I should like to see at least a part of the money used on the project which will require action immediately, as the Senator from Oregon has said. I do not know whether there is any way to insure that course of action or not, but that is the feeling of the Senator from New Hampshire.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, the hearings will show that when we considered this budget estimate for this purpose I asked the representative of the National Park Service this question:

Is the estimate of \$50,000 adequate to do the work that has to be done in the coming fiscal year on those reservoirs that will be flooded? We would like to have a list of all those sites.

He replied:

We have such a list.

He supplied the list, making up the total of \$169,000, which the amendment of the Senator from Oregon would cover.

An examination of the list discloses that reservoirs constructed and now being flooded involve work of this nature requiring about \$100,000. The remaining reservoirs in the list have not been completed. The water has not backed up this year, and probably will not back up in some of them for 2 or 3 years. In the case of others, where construction is going on this year, it will certainly be another year before they are flooded.

I believe that \$100,000 would be ample adequately to take care of all the projects where there is to be flooding, according to the list supplied by the National Park Service. I would be willing to go along with the Senator from Oregon to the extent of an additional \$25,000, making the total \$100,000. That would cover every reservoir which is being flooded this year. We can take that amount to conference. If we provide a larger appropriation than that, I am quite sure the House will not agree to it. I think the Senator from Oregon would be well off if we increased the committee recommendation by \$25,000.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. HAYDEN. I yield.

Mr. MORSE. I should like also to have the attention of the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. BRIDGES].

I want both Senators to understand that there are two objectives which I am seeking to attain and two needed protections which I am seeking to provide.

I am familiar with the testimony before the committee. It is my understanding that as the bill now stands it does not provide sufficient money to take care of the excavations which will be needed in connection with the areas which will be flooded in the year ahead. Second, there is nothing in the language of the bill which places upon the National Park Service the clear duty of spending the money on the sites which are to be flooded. Instead, we give the Park Service broad discretion so that the money can be used anywhere the Park Service desires to use it.

I take it for granted that an efficient National Park Service would, of course,

spend the money on the sites which would otherwise be flooded. However, I have learned from my experience in the Senate that there should be some language which would make perfectly clear the intention of the Senate in this connection.

Let me say to the Senator from New Hampshire and the Senator from Arizona that I shall not stand here and try to climb a wall when I have no ladder with which to get over it. I know that in the past we have put into effect good-faith gentlemen's understandings and compromises. There ought to be taken to conference at least the minimum which the Senator from Arizona has proposed, \$100,000; but I think we ought to go beyond that. It should be made clear in the legislative record—I think this colloquy will help in the legislative history; that is why I am engaging in it—that it is the intention of the Senate that the National Park Service shall look first to the sites which are to be flooded. There is only one in my State. These projects cover other States as well.

What I am doing is urging protection of American historical research. Think of the great number of American dollars which have been spent for excavations in Greece and in other areas of the world in connection with historical research.

I close this legislative reference by accepting the suggestion of the Senator from Oregon that the figure \$100,000 be taken to conference, with the understanding that clear notice will be served on the National Park Service that the money is to be used, in the first instance, to save sites which will otherwise be flooded this year.

Mr. HAYDEN. That is the distinct understanding with which I am undertaking to make the agreement.

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, will the Senator from Arizona yield to me?

Mr. HAYDEN. I yield.

Mr. BRIDGES. I certainly feel that when the Committee on Appropriations increased the amount by \$25,000 it made a substantial increase. If the amendment is to be taken to conference with an additional increase of \$25,000, certainly as a result of this discussion on the floor of the Senate it should be clear to the National Park Service that preference or priority should be given to the projects which are to be immediately flooded. Having made such a record, I believe we can attain the objective we seek.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. HAYDEN. If the Senator from Oregon will modify his amendment, I shall be glad to accept it.

Mr. MORSE. That is what I intend to do. Mr. President, I modify my amendment so as to increase by \$25,000 the amount recommended by the committee. That would change the figure on line 24, page 14, to \$11,562,000.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Oregon [Mr. MORSE], as modified.

The amendment, as modified, was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the committee amendment on page 14, line 24, as amended.

The amendment, as amended, was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the next committee amendment.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Construction," on page 15, line 15, after the word "expended," to strike out "\$15,000,000" and insert "\$15,250,000, of which not to exceed \$250,000 shall be available for the construction of additional school facilities at Grand Canyon National Park, Ariz."

Mr. THYE. Mr. President, since my days as Governor of Minnesota, and even before, I have always had a deep interest in the welfare of the Indian, and on every occasion I have sought to achieve not only economic security for him, but measures which will assure him all of the rights and privileges enjoyed by citizens of this Nation.

Particular problems confront our Minnesota Indians who reside in northern Minnesota. In this area, industrial development has not reached the point where employment opportunities are always good, and long, severe winters frequently impose additional hardships due to further restricted employment opportunities during these months.

Seeking ways in which to alleviate these difficulties and economic problems, I consider a program with a two-fold purpose. Accordingly, I recommended to my colleagues on the Senate Appropriations Committee that funds be appropriated for reforestation and conservation work in the Superior and Chippewa National Forests and that Indians wherever possible do such work. I am gratified with the action of our committee in recommending an appropriation of \$100,000 for reforestation work and with the committee's recommendation that Indians be employed on work of this character.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the letter I wrote on February 29, 1956, to members of the Senate Appropriations Committee, be incorporated in the RECORD, together with the tabulation furnished me by the Forest Service indicating the most worthwhile projects which might be undertaken, employing Indian labor.

There being no objection, the letter and tabulation were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 29, 1956.

DEAR SENATOR: One of the recurring problems confronting the Indian community in Minnesota, specifically the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, has been the limited employment opportunities and the resultant economic difficulties experienced by them which, at times, became so severe as to prevent them from obtaining even the necessities of life. Congress has, in the past, recognized the plight of these Indians through the approval of a per capita payment from the proceeds of the sale of timber and lumber on the Red Lake Reservation.

This session, I introduced a bill proposing an additional \$75 per capita payment to members of the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians which I hope Congress will promptly approve in view of the dire straits of the



Chippewa Indians. At the same time, I have sought to determine just what long-range program might be undertaken to give the Indians year-round economic security and at the same time foster their further integration into our economic and social life.

In view of the fact that the Red Lake Indian Reservation is located in an area recognized for its forestry resources, I have been investigating the possibility of employing Indian labor on expanded reforestation programs which would have a twofold result—desirable in my opinion—of giving the Indian a greater degree of financial security and at the same time of promoting the valuable forestry resource of northern Minnesota. In this connection, I have inquired of the Chief of the Forest Service as to the probable employment of Indians on reforestation programs, and I have received a report which indicates that it would be highly productive in terms of increased forest resource values to undertake programs of this nature.

Specifically, 2,400 man-days of Indian labor could be used in planting 1,650 acres on the Chippewa and Superior National Forest at an estimated cost of \$48,370. In addition, 7,926 man-days of Indian labor could be used on 6,150 acres for thinnings, weedings, and other improvement work in natural stands at an estimated cost of \$57,720. Therefore, at a cost of \$151,272 planting and stand-improvement work could be undertaken on 7,800 acres of land utilizing 10,326 man-days of Indian labor.

There are numerous other conservation projects which would contribute greatly to increased resources productivity in this area, and the enclosed tabulation indicates the most worthwhile projects which might be undertaken with the employment of Indian labor.

I am sure you will agree with me that the development and protection of our timber stands, as well as the promotion of good land management, represents an important long-range objective in the national interest.

Therefore, I wanted to bring this proposal to your attention now as I sincerely believe that it is a meritorious one and that Congress could make a lasting contribution to the future preservation of our forest resources by approving funds for fiscal year 1957 to enable the Forest Service to undertake reforestation and conservation programs of this character. I am informed that no substantive legislation is necessary and that the Forest Service presently has sufficient authority to expand such programs if adequate funds are provided. Therefore, I lay the matter before you, as a member of the Committee on Appropriations, in the hope that it may receive favorable consideration.

Sincerely yours,

EDWARD J. THYE,  
United States Senate.

*Productive conservation projects on national forests of Minnesota suitable for employment of Indian labor*

[Data taken from project work inventory]

|                                                              | Number of units | Man-days | Cost      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|
| Fire control:                                                |                 |          |           |
| Hazard reduction, slash disposal.....acres.....              | 7,080           | 70,800   | \$849,600 |
| Lookouts and observatory structures.....each.....            | 15              | 1,155    | 99,000    |
| Timber management:                                           |                 |          |           |
| Blister-rust control:                                        |                 |          |           |
| Initial working.....acres.....                               | 18,397          | 607,101  | 81,867    |
| Reworking.....do.....                                        | 18,216          | 4,554    | 61,934    |
| Erosion control.....do.....                                  | 200             | 12,000   | 300,000   |
| Wildlife: Habitat development and restoration.....acres..... | 1,600           | 2,400    | 28,800    |

*Productive conservation projects on national forests of Minnesota suitable for employment of Indian labor—Continued*

|                                          | Number of units | Man-days | Cost      |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|
| Recreation:                              |                 |          |           |
| Trails.....miles.....                    | 468             | 18,720   | \$365,040 |
| Water systems.....                       | 55              | 1,375    | 66,000    |
| Sanitary systems.....                    | 35              | 525      | 17,500    |
| Camp and picnic units.....               | 840             | 33,600   | 672,000   |
| Boat landings, docks, piers, etc.....    | 9               | 1,800    | 21,600    |
| Lands:                                   |                 |          |           |
| Road-side cleanup.....acres.....         | 820             | 4,120    | 4,920     |
| Large signs and portals.....             | 8               | 80       | 1,600     |
| General administrative improvements..... | 22              | 30,590   | 1,038,900 |

Mr. THYE. Mr. President, it is with pleasure and satisfaction that I refer to the action of the Senate Appropriations Committee in recommending an increase of \$1 million in funds for forest-research work. We in Minnesota, with our vast and important forest resources, are vitally interested in not only the preservation of them but in the development of sound measures for expanding these resources.

It is of particular satisfaction to me that the Senate Appropriations Committee accepted the recommendation I made for increasing forest-research funds, out of which the Forest Service will be able to use funds for the establishment of a forest hydrologic laboratory in Minnesota. There is a great deal of interest in the establishment of such a laboratory to do essential research on watershed problems of the forest areas. As representative of this interest, I ask unanimous consent that a statement issued by the Minnesota Emergency Conservation Committee be incorporated at this point in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

*AN AMAZING TELEGRAM ARRIVES IN A CLOUD OF DUST*

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., April 20, 1956.

A few days ago we received a very important telegram from Senator EDWARD J. THYE, informing us that the Senate Appropriations Committee, in reporting out the Interior Department appropriations bill, recommended a million-dollar increase for forest research work. "I have every assurance," said the Senator, "that out of recommended increase, funds will be made available for the establishment of a hydrologic laboratory in Minnesota."

The telegram carried, perhaps, the most important soil and water conservation news this committee has ever received, and the timing of its arrival bordered on the sensational, for on this day the winds were again high and soil fertility in the form of dust was tending to becloud an otherwise sunny day.

The agricultural areas in the breadbasket region of Minnesota are tinder dry. The same situation prevails in the Dakotas and the States to the south and southwest. Newspaper headlines in the Central United States have been screaming for many days that the duststorms this spring are "the worst ever." Several mornings in some places the visibility has been less than a quarter of a mile, so reports a news release of the National Association of Soil Conservation Districts.

The situation is the worst since 1934, the year of the terrible drought. It can become worse, for we have been busy during the last 20 years laying a foundation to make it worse than in the early thirties. We have been busy trying to farm every acre of land: wet land, steep or sloping land and submarginal land. We have stupidly doled out public funds to encourage landowners to try and convert every type of land to row-crop and clean-tilled agriculture. Except for a few meager appropriations for soil conservation, we have not spent \$1 for encouraging landowners to keep critical lands out of cultivation. It has been a vicious land-use pattern.

So the fertile dust is again on the move and in many farm sections of Minnesota wells continue to dry up and towns and farms are lacking water for domestic use. In spite of the seriousness of the situation, some people, including many Members of Congress, are still bent on an agricultural program that can only assure a greater loss of soil fertility and water resources.

Amazing, then, to get such a telegram as the one we received from Senator THYE, for this is what the proposed hydrologic laboratory implies:

1. We must acquire fundamental hydrologic data, if we are to develop and maintain a lasting soil and water policy.

2. A new and greater value is placed on forest research, namely, that trees and vegetation generally have as much value, perhaps a greater value, in retarding runoff and checking erosion than what we have accorded vegetation in the past when the value has been limited to board-foot measurements and unwise grazing practices.

3. It gives due recognition to the importance of watersheds, treating the land where the raindrop falls.

4. It acknowledges that conservation must be treated as a completed job. It must be a program of cooperation, not individualism, for all resources are each an integral part of an ecological whole.

We hope Congress will approve the establishment of a hydrologic laboratory in Minnesota. It is a proper beginning for a land-use management program that seeks a favorable and well-balanced relation to its environment.

It will mark the beginning of a farm-subsidy program that all of our citizens can and must support, if the United States is to be a permanent country.

The agricultural regions in the Plains States are sick with dust, other regions of the country, especially along the Columbia River, have fears for worst-ever floods. These conditions are principally manmade. They are the terrible results of improper land use.

We ask you to write to your Senators and your Congressmen, urging them to support this type legislation, the only kind of legislation that has promise of permanent farm relief.

One thing is clear. Successful human occupation has in the past depended upon a stabilized landscape. When erosion began, cultural activities were interrupted. The lesson to us is self-evident.

We have the knowledge; we do not have the unity.

MINNESOTA EMERGENCY CONSERVATION COMMITTEE,  
O. L. KAUFANGER, Secretary.

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, I join with the Senator from Minnesota [Mr. THYE] in his comment on the action of the Appropriations Committee with reference to forest research. Because of the very large use of forest products in this country, more and more attention must be given to forest research. I was



one of those who, in connection with previous appropriation bills in former years, emphasized the need for forest research in my section of the country, as well as in other sections, particularly with reference to hardwoods. In recent years, some types of hardwoods have suffered severely because of diseases and the ravages of insects.

Also, Mr. President, as a result of research, there is developing gradually a greater use of hardwoods than ever before. The bill this year provides more than \$100 million for additional research, and I think that is wise.

Mr. President, the junior Senator from Vermont [Mr. FLANDERS] could not be present today. He is particularly interested in the subject of hardwood research. He submitted to the Appropriations Committee a statement, which will be found on page 754 of the hearings, in which he made certain statements and requests. For instance, he says in his statement:

It appears substantially impossible to uncover practical means of developing the present inferior hardwood natural growth. The approach must be based on planted hardwoods. Therefore, this amendment proposes appropriations for the following four fields of hardwood research:

I. Site research which should include studies of soil conditions, elevation, and exposure to determine precisely the appropriate location for hardwood planting.

II. Procedures for growing good nursery stock and cheaper, more successful planting methods should be worked out.

III. Development of practical techniques for repelling elements of natural destruction, which should include exploring the effectiveness and economic feasibility of means for discouraging animals such as deer and mice from feeding on young hardwoods.

IV. The speeding up of equality hardwood growth for early maturity which should include the application of the latest work in genetics and environment.

For this purpose, Mr. President, the Senator from Vermont has requested an appropriation of \$250,000. The committee granted an overall increase of substantially more than a million dollars for forest research.

But the point of my discussion today with reference to this particular item—and I address myself to the distinguished chairman of the Appropriations Committee—is to inquire, if it is the intention to develop legislative history to that end, whether a certain amount will be used for hardwood research as indicated by the Senator from Vermont.

Mr. HAYDEN. That is the distinct understanding I have. There is no question about the need for hardwood research, and some of the increase should be used for that purpose.

Mr. CARLSON. Mr. President, will the Senator from New Hampshire yield?

Mr. BRIDGES. I yield.

Mr. CARLSON. I should like to invite the attention of the Senator from Arizona, the chairman of the committee, and the Senator from New Hampshire, to a statement in the report.

Mr. BRIDGES. What page?

Mr. CARLSON. On page 12. It is in regard to the Fish and Wildlife Service and reads as follows:

Propagation and distribution of food fishes, \$100,000. The committee recommends

the allowance of \$100,000 for expanded operation at existing fish hatcheries.

The question which I should like to ask the chairman is this: Does the sum of \$100,000 provide only for expanding existing fish hatcheries? Is there any appropriation in the bill for giving the agency sufficient money to explore the possibility of building new fish hatcheries.

Mr. HAYDEN. If the Senator will turn to the next page of the report he will see that we provide for the construction of new hatcheries and the rehabilitation of existing hatcheries.

Mr. CARLSON. I appreciate very much having that part of the report brought to my attention by the chairman.

Last week I received a letter from Ross Beech, who is chairman of the Kansas Fish and Wildlife Service, who stated that there had been some conferences with representatives of the Fish and Wildlife Service of the Federal Government in regard to the possibility of establishing a warm-water fish hatchery at Cedar Bluff Reservoir, which is a Bureau of Reclamation project. What would be the procedure in case the Department should decide that it wanted a fish hatchery at that point?

Mr. HAYDEN. What should be done, of course, would be to get an agreement with the State. We are trying to develop the principle, wherever the United States builds a dam, of taking into consideration to start with, the duty of the Bureau of Reclamation to help to stock the lake created back of the dam, because they are taking away a natural resource and substituting one of another kind.

Mr. CARLSON. If the Bureau should decide that the point to which I have referred is a logical place at which to establish a fish hatchery, would we need to come before Congress in the future and get additional funds for the purpose, or would funds be available for that purpose?

Mr. HAYDEN. There would have to be the authority of law. In the first instance those interested in the matter would not come directly to the Appropriations Committee. There must be a bill passed authorizing the construction of the hatchery, just as any other construction is provided for, military or otherwise. Then an appropriation would be in order.

Mr. CARLSON. If I understand the Senator correctly, he is suggesting that the Senator from Kansas introduce an authorization bill; and if it is passed, the Senator from Arizona will look with favor upon an appropriation. But at present he can do nothing about the item because it is not authorized.

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, in answer to the Senator's first question, there is nothing in the bill which would prohibit the Fish and Wildlife Service from exploring the need for the hatchery suggested by the Senator from Kansas.

Mr. HAYDEN. I suggest that the Senator from Kansas confer with the folks back home, and have them get together with the Fish and Wildlife Service and agree on a program. Then let the Senator introduce a bill to carry out

the program, and we will see if action cannot be taken.

Mr. CARLSON. I appreciate the comments made by the Senator from Arizona and the Senator from New Hampshire.

Mr. BRIDGES. The Senator from Kansas could start operations now by asking the Fish and Wildlife Service, with funds which they already have, to explore the situation as a basis for legislation.

Mr. CARLSON. I sincerely hope I can make some progress. Next year when I seek funds, I shall call the attention of the Senators to the fact that we discussed the matter as we have today.

Mr. CHAVEZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to return to page 7 of the bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

Mr. CHAVEZ. Page 7 contains an item of \$240,000 for the building of a schoolhouse on an Indian reservation in my State. The amendment I shall submit is intended to make that money available for the purpose for which it was placed in the bill. I offer the amendment and ask that it be read.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendment will be in order after the committee amendments have been disposed of.

Mr. CHAVEZ. I ask unanimous consent that my amendment may be read now.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from New Mexico that his amendment be stated out of order? Hearing none, the clerk will state the amendment.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. On page 7, line 7, after "\$7,740,000", it is proposed to insert ", of which not to exceed \$240,000 may be paid to the Municipal School District No. 1, Sandoval County, N. Mex., to supplement an allocation of funds from the Office of Education for the construction of elementary public-school facilities which shall be available to Pueblo Indian children."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Before the amendment of the Senator from New Mexico can be considered the action of the Senate in agreeing to the committee amendment on page 7, line 7, striking out "\$4,000,000" and inserting "\$7,740,000" will have to be reconsidered. Is there objection to reconsidering the vote by which the committee amendment was agreed to? The Chair hears none; and the question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from New Mexico to the committee amendment.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, as I understand, the amendment to the amendment adds no money to the bill, but is to carry out the purpose which the committee had in mind.

Mr. CHAVEZ. That is correct.

Mr. HAYDEN. I shall not object to taking the amendment to conference.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the amendment offered by the Senator from New Mexico to the committee amendment is agreed to.

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. President, I simply wish to concur in the observations



made about the extra funds allotted to forestry research. I think it was very generous on the part of the subcommittee to include an extra million dollars. Incidentally, I think it is the wise course to let the Forest Service have a large degree of flexibility and latitude in the apportionment of this money.

I have been discussing with the Director of the Forest Service the situation in the lower end of Illinois. That section happens to be, in some measure, a distressed area. It is an area having basic resources, such as coal and timber. I have always proceeded on the theory that the best way in which to rehabilitate any area is to make use of the resources which the Almighty put there.

On that basis, a pilot plant was established some years ago at the University of Southern Illinois. The university made great progress in increasing the uses of timber in that area. With that in mind, I appeared before the subcommittee and sought to refresh them on the importance of the work, and also the need for some additional funds, so that the work could move forward.

From my discussions with the Director of the Forest Service, I am encouraged in the belief that some additional funds will be made available there.

Not only do I congratulate the committee, but I concur in all the statements which have been made about the item of forestry research and the utilization of forest resources in the most economic and efficient way.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. President, I join with my colleagues in congratulating the committee on submitting the item for forest research. Also, I wish to take a moment or two to commend the committee for providing additional funds for reforestation and for range revegetation. I am very much pleased to see that the committee has added \$620,000 for reforestation and an additional \$500,000 for range revegetation.

The committee points out very aptly that there are 3,500,000 acres of rangelands in the national forests which need revegetation. I think it is high time Congress took into consideration the fact that this great domain, belonging to the public, has need of some attention by Congress.

I desire to compliment the committee upon its splendid work in both these fields.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the committee amendment on page 15, line 15.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. President, I desire to offer two amendments and ask that they be considered together.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendments offered by the Senator from Wyoming are not in order at this time; they will be in order after the committee amendments have been disposed of.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. President, a parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Wyoming will state it.

Mr. BARRETT. Was the committee amendment agreed to?

Mr. HAYDEN. If the Senator from Wyoming will withhold his amendments,

we shall be finished with the committee amendments in a moment.

Mr. BARRETT. Very well. I withdraw my amendments.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the next committee amendment.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Administrative Provisions", on page 16, line 15, after "(69 Stat. 242)", to insert a colon and the following proviso:

*Provided, That all receipts from the operation of the McKinley Park Hotel in Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, may be applied to, or offset against, costs of managing, operating, and maintaining the hotel and related facilities and any receipts or other revenues in excess of such costs shall be deposited at least annually into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.*

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Fish and Wildlife Service—Management of Resources", on page 17, at the beginning of line 12, to strike out "\$9,696,000" and insert "\$10,373,600."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Investigations of Resources", on page 18, line 1, after the word "law", to strike out "\$5,065,000" and insert "\$5,105,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Construction", on page 18, line 7, after the word "therein", to strike out "\$2,200,000" and insert "\$2,471,000."

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. President, I should like to address a question to the chairman of the committee with reference to funds for road construction improvements under the National Park Service.

In looking through the comparative statement on appropriations at the back of the report, I find an item for road construction under the Bureau of Indian Affairs and one under the Forest Service. I do not find a heading covering the highways under the National Park Service, unless the line which reads, "Construction (liquidation of contract authorization)," covers highways.

Mr. HAYDEN. It does. The item appears on page 10 of the report.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. On page 29 of the report, the item reads "Construction (liquidation of contract authorization)."

Mr. HAYDEN. The item "Construction (liquidation of contract authorization)" covers the entire amount of money authorized to be expended and contracts to be made under the Federal Aid Highway Act for the construction of roads and trails, and parkways.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. As the distinguished Senator from Arizona knows, I have been very much interested in establishing authority for contract authorization for the three services which are covered in the bill. For many years, the appropriation of funds for the forest roads and trails and for the National Park Service, and for the Bureau of Indian Affairs, never came up to the authorizations.

Mr. HAYDEN. That is correct.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. In 1954, when hearings were held on the bill which became the Highway Act of 1954, I asked Mr. Wirth, Director of the National Park Service; the representatives who spoke for the Forest Service; and the representative of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Mr. J. Maughs Brown, for tables showing the amounts of authorizations over a period of years, and the corresponding appropriations.

I had been aware of the fact that there was some lag, but I had not realized it was so great as was demonstrated. Over a period of years, I think the lag in appropriations was from \$40 million to \$50 million below the amount authorized.

So there was written into the Highway Act of 1954 a provision for contract authorization, in the belief that Uncle Sam should treat his own roads as well as he treated the roads of the States.

As the able Senator from Arizona knows, the Hayden-Cartwright Act, and its successors, in the biennial acts for highways, the States have been assured that when an apportionment was made, they should proceed to contract for highways and that funds would be provided for making mature commitments. But there never was such assurance for the Forest Service and its forest roads, nor for the Park Service, nor for the Indian Bureau, until the Highway Act of 1954. My reason for drawing attention to this matter is that, as nearly as I can examine the figures, the committee has provided in full the amount of the contract authorization.

Mr. HAYDEN. Which is very, very different from the situation which used to prevail.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. I thank the committee for pursuing what we intended to approve as a contract for the Government, because now, or the first time, the Park Service, the Forest Service, and the Indian Bureau can plan their roads and get their roadbuilding on a modern basis.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota subsequently said: Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that I may have printed at the conclusion of the remarks I have just made, and following the colloquy with the distinguished chairman of the committee, excerpts from the hearings on the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1954, including the tables to which I referred in my remarks.

There being no objection, the excerpts and tables were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

[Excerpts from the hearings of the Senate Public Works Subcommittee on Roads, dealing with the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1954]

#### THE STORY OF THE FOREST SERVICE

(From the hearings of Monday, March 1, 1954, from the testimony of Leo V. Bodine, executive vice president, National Lumber Manufacturers Association)

Senator KERR. Mr. Chairman, I take it that is the second item in this lower group on this tabulation sheet that has been given us by the staff.

Senator CASE. There is authority in the present law for access roads to be built under two funds: One, the second paragraph under the section dealing with the Forest Service; and the other under the access roads as such,



and the provision for the advisory hearing occurs in both places under the present law.

Senator KERR. You are familiar with this summary of amounts that we have before us, Mr. Chairman?

Senator CASE. I think so.

Senator KERR. What I would like to be certain about is that the unused authorizations, to which he refers, are those which are identical to those which are identified here as forest highways.

Senator CASE. Forest trails. It is the second one of the forest provisions.

Senator KERR. I thought that was the one he was asking for, the 22½ million a year, for forest roads and trails.

Senator CASE. I think he is.

Mr. BODINE. That's correct.

Senator KERR. And that the 27 million unused authorizations now outstanding would be identical in character to what he has referred to here as forest highways, or the second item on the summary?

Senator CASE. I don't know whether that is true or not. The present law, in section 3, has a subparagraph for forest highways in the sum of \$22.5 million for the 2 fiscal years, and (2) for forest development roads and trails in the sum of 27 million. That is, there is the same authorization for both purposes.

Senator KERR. The amounts total \$45 million a year?

Senator CASE. That would be correct.

Senator KERR. I am trying to get straight in my mind which one of them still has 27 million unused authorizations.

Mr. BODINE. It is the forest roads and trails, Senator, that has the unused 27 million authorization, not the forest highways.

Senator KERR. That isn't what your statement says.

Senator CASE. Mr. Cliff is present, isn't he?

Mr. EDWARD P. CLIFF. Yes.

Senator CASE. Mr. Cliff is representing the Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture. I wonder if we won't save a little time if you would just answer that question, if you can.

Mr. CLIFF. Section 3 of these 2 bills deals with 2 different things: One, the forest highways, which are parts of the State and county highway systems which go through the national forest, and their is a separate authorization for those roads.

Senator KERR. May I have a copy of the public law to which he refers?

Mr. CLIFF. The second item is for forest development roads and trails, which are facilities within the national forests, not a part of the State and county road systems. They are roads and trails needed for the administration and the management of the national forests, themselves, and that has a separate authorization.

Senator CASE. Under which one of those would you say the timber access roads come?

Mr. CLIFF. Both of them serve for timber hauling, but the principal need for timber access roads is under the forest development roads and trails.

Senator CASE. That would be the second one?

Mr. CLIFF. That is correct.

Senator CASE. Then the existing law also authorizes timber access roads under section 10, which authorizes access roads and provides for the hearing also in case of them being timber access roads?

Mr. CLIFF. That's correct. Section 10 provides for access roads to sources of raw materials, and it also covers the military access roads.

So far the Department of Agriculture has not received appropriations under section 10 for access roads.

Senator KERR. For access roads to forests?

Mr. CLIFF. That is correct.

Senator CASE. The allocation is there for that money to be used under access roads, is it not?

Mr. CLIFF. Yes, but none of this money authorized by the 1952 act has been used for that purpose.

Senator KERR. None of it has been appropriated, has it?

Mr. CLIFF. Not to the Department of Agriculture.

Senator CASE. To be correct, I don't know that money would be appropriated to the Department of Agriculture. That money is appropriated generally through the Bureau of Public Roads or is available to the Bureau of Public Roads for projects approved by the Atomic Energy Commission in case of uranium-bearing ores and allocated for roads that might be on the Federal primary system, or could be on a timber access road if they approved a project proposed by the Department of Agriculture; is that correct?

Mr. CLIFF. That is correct, and it is my understanding the funds authorized under that section were used for military and atomic energy roads and, therefore, none is available for timber access roads.

Senator CASE. Do you know to what extent the authorization of \$22.5 million for the forest development roads and trails was exhausted in the appropriations made last year? How close did you come?

Mr. CLIFF. Mr. Chairman, there is an available authorization for forest development roads and trails of \$49,612,000, not 27 million as cited by Mr. Bodine.

Senator CASE. Over what period of time?

Mr. CLIFF. That is an accumulation of unused authorization over about 8 years.

Senator KERR. Which identity do you refer to?

Mr. CLIFF. Forest development roads and trails.

In 1954, fiscal year 1954, the appropriation is for \$14,500,000, and the authorization was 22½ million.

Senator CASE. What about the forest highways, in the first subparagraph?

Mr. CLIFF. The forest highways—there is an available authorization of \$53,400,000.

Senator CASE. What was the appropriation?

Mr. CLIFF. The appropriation for the fiscal year 1954 was \$15 million as against an authorization of 22½ million.

Senator CASE. Do you have a table there which shows the appropriations year by year in the two categories over a period of time?

Mr. CLIFF. I can get that for you.

Senator CASE. Of course, you are really scheduled to appear on the program for the Forest Service a little later on; but since this question has arisen it seemed to me it would be well to have the facts before us in order that our questions might be more intelligent and save a good deal of time.

It occurs to the Chair also that a table showing the authorization and appropriation over the period of the last 10 years might be useful for reference, and if you will supply that it may appear in the record.

Mr. CLIFF. We will be glad to do so.

Senator CASE. Mr. Cliff, this morning when you were attending the hearing I asked if you could get for us the table which would show the appropriations over the period of the last 10 years. You have handed me a table. Is that the table in response to that request?

Mr. CLIFF. Yes, it is, Mr. Chairman.

Senator CASE. That will be inserted in the record at this point.

(Table showing authorization and appropriations for fiscal years 1945 through 1953 is as follows:)

*Appropriations and authorizations for forest highways and forest development roads, fiscal years 1945 through 1954*

|      | Forest highways |               | Forest development roads and trails |               |
|------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
|      | Authorization   | Appropriation | Authorization                       | Appropriation |
| 1945 |                 |               |                                     | \$4,161,498   |
| 1946 | \$25,000,000    | \$3,500,000   | \$12,500,000                        | 6,898,778     |
| 1947 | 25,000,000      | 13,714,222    | 12,500,000                          | 12,500,000    |
| 1948 |                 | 5,300,000     | 12,500,000                          | 11,000,000    |
| 1949 |                 | 12,800,000    |                                     | 9,892,000     |
| 1950 | 20,000,000      | 22,500,000    | 17,500,000                          | 10,348,000    |
| 1951 | 20,000,000      | 22,500,000    | 17,500,000                          | 13,648,000    |
| 1952 | 20,000,000      | 21,000,000    | 17,500,000                          | 13,000,000    |
| 1953 | 20,000,000      | 18,000,000    | 17,500,000                          | 16,000,000    |
| 1954 | 22,500,000      | 15,000,000    | 22,500,000                          | 14,500,000    |
| 1955 | 22,500,000      |               | 22,500,000                          |               |

Senator CASE. Directing your attention to that, it would appear that one story applies to the forest highways, and a different story to the forest development roads and trails. In many years the appropriations under forest highways has come up pretty close to the authorization and I take it that that is due to the provisions of Public Law 769 of the 81st Congress which, in section 3, relating to forests came up with this language with respect to the highways:

*"Provided further, That the Commissioner of Public Roads may incur obligations, approve projects, and enter into contracts under the apportionment of such authorization and his action in so doing shall be deemed a contractual obligation on the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof."*

Is that correct?

Mr. CLIFF. Yes, I am sure that is correct.

Senator CASE. That language appeared and applied to the forest highways in subparagraph 1, and made it possible to regard the authorization as in effect an appropriation.

That is, he gave you authority or gave the Commissioner of Public Roads authority to approve projects and incur obligations so that the maximum amount of authorization could actually be contracted for and then Congress would have to meet the cost thereof.

Mr. CLIFF. I think that is correct and that that is the way the law was interpreted in the past.

Senator CASE. In the bill S. 2982, the Martin bill, I note on page 6, lines 4, 5, and 6, which read as follows:

*"Provided, That any sums heretofore authorized unobligated on June 30, 1955, shall be canceled as of June 30, 1955."*

In that connection I want to call to your attention the testimony that was given by some of the witnesses this morning in which they said that the reason for supporting a lower figure for these highways funds was that they understood that there was some unused authorization, and consequently there was no need for increasing the authorization at this time. Do you recall that testimony?

Mr. CLIFF. Yes, I think in the testimony they were referring to the forest development roads and trails and not the forest highway funds. The forest development roads and trail funds has never been subject to entering into contractual obligations in advance of appropriation.

There is an available authorization for forest highways of \$53.4 million, which includes the 1955 authorization.

Senator CASE. What was that figure again?

Mr. CLIFF. \$53.4 million.

Senator CASE. Of that \$22.5 million would be the authorization for the new year?

Mr. CLIFF. For 1955.



Senator CASE. So there is an accumulated backlog of about \$32 million of authorizations with contract authority under the forest highway section.

Cr. CLIFF. I think that is correct.

Senator CASE. But if you do not get it obligated by the 30th of June 1955, that will be canceled?

Mr. CLIFF. Yes. You will notice in the table which I have just given you there were authorizations in 1953 for \$20 million, with an accumulated backlog, with the amount appropriated being \$18 million.

Again in 1954 the amount of \$15 million was appropriated. Now, I am not sure whether that means that the Bureau of Public Roads failed to take advantage of the advance contract authority, or whether the Congress failed to appropriate the full amount authorized.

Senator CASE. Of course, if you go back immediately before that, you will find by this table in 1950, although the authorization was \$20 million in new funds, the appropriation was \$22.5 million, and the same thing in 1951.

In 1952 the appropriation was for \$21 million. In other words, in those 3 years there was used up about \$6 million of the prime—prior contractual authorization.

Looking at the figures for 1953 and 1954, it would appear there that what happened was the the Bureau of Public Roads refrained from entering into contractual obligations and consequently the prospective maturing bills were such that all that Congress needed to appropriate was \$18 million for the fiscal year, and \$15 million for the second year. Because, under the language of the existing law, his action, that is the Commissioner of Public Roads, in incurring obligations shall be the contractual obligation for the payment of the cost thereof.

Mr. CLIFF. Perhaps Mr. Dean can throw some light on that. He has been working with the forest highway program for a number of years. Is that deduction correct?

Mr. DEAN. I am not sure about that. I think that that would depend upon the agreement between the Commissioner and the committee for different years.

Senator CASE. For a number of years in the House I served on the Appropriations Committee, both on some of the subcommittees that handled appropriations for public roads when it was an independent agency and in the Committee on Independent Offices, and on the Deficiency Committee for the various categories of public highways.

The amount of authorization is always made on the basis of expedience of the bills that would mature during the year. The first three categories are Federal-aid items, and primary, secondary, urban, they make allocations to the States and the States can go head on the basis of those allocations and proposed projects, but the actual cash appropriations are made in subsequent periods, and they never correspond identically with the authorizations. They were recommended by the Bureau of the Budget and the Commissioner of Public Roads, according to the rate of progress on contracts, and the amounts of bills that would be matured, that would be maturing for which money would be necessary.

An identical situation seemed to exist here.

Mr. CLIFF. These funds for forest highways are administered by the Bureau of Public Roads, and they should be answering these questions rather than I.

My understanding of the way they have handled these advance contractual arrangements is as you have explained it.

Senator CASE. Senator Morse, do you have any questions?

Senator MORSE. From your explanation, Mr. Chairman, is there any basis to conclude that the Government agencies involved have not contracted for the building of roads

in an amount of the appropriations in any year or period of years?

Senator CASE. I think there is no question about it.

Senator MORSE. That is the conclusion I would draw from the facts you have pointed out here.

Senator CASE. Did you use the word "appropriation" or "authorization"?

Senator MORSE. Authorization.

Senator CASE. No; in this particular category of forest highways, it is not the appropriation that controls how much they might contract. It is the authorization.

Senator MORSE. Well, let me ask two questions, then; certainly there is no doubt about the fact that they have not contracted for the amount of road contracts for which funds have been authorized. They have to make these contracts first and get a commitment that a contract will be entered into if the appropriation is forthcoming. Those contracts have been less in amount than the authorizations and the departments were perfectly free to go ahead and enter into the contracts, were they not?

Senator CASE. They were.

Senator MORSE. Now, is there any evidence that they have not used up all the appropriations that have been made for the construction of roads in any year or period of years?

Senator CASE. I don't know as to that. I think we will have to ask the Bureau of Public Roads, but the only purpose in making appropriations in the case of forest highways and of the three categories of Federal aid is to provide cash to meet maturing contracts.

It is the one exception to the general rule in authorizing appropriating legislation as to highway acts. Normally authorizations are merely licenses to the Appropriations Committee to make an appropriation.

Senator MORSE. I did not know that. That is a point I have never recognized before.

Senator CASE. The reason for that with respect to the three categories of Federal primary roads and Federal secondary roads and urban roads is that legislatures meet once in 2 years, and in order that a legislature might make their plans to develop revenues sufficient to provide matching funds, the first part of the biennial Highway Act provides appropriation money on the basis of the past year and those allotments become, in fact, contracts with the States.

In this first class of forest highways, the same thing exists with respect to the Federal Government itself and that is in this language to which I have called attention in the act, Public Law 769.

Mr. CLIFF. It should be pointed out that the same thing does not apply to the forest development roads and trails.

Senator CASE. That is correct. I want to discuss those a little separately. The clerk suggests to me that the reason for making that contractual authority for forest highways is that frequently the forest highways are themselves portions of the Federal primary roads and in order to keep pace with the development of the primary road system with the States, this contractual authority was established.

Senator MORSE. I think we ought to take up with the Public Roads group when they come before us because if it is true, and I think obviously it is, that we have less miles of access roads today simply because the Public Roads Commissioner has not entered into the contracts to give us the maximum amount that we could have under the authorization granted, that is a pretty sad reflection on the Public Roads Commissioner.

Senator CASE. The Chair might suggest that there might be some moral suasion and the Appropriations Committee might have suggested that they wanted him to drag his feet a little in making contracts, and the Bureau of the Budget might have made the

same demand on him to reduce the requests on the Federal Treasury.

The testimony has already been placed in the record with respect to the forest development roads and trails, and that the Chair would invite your attention to the relationship between the appropriations and the authorizations there.

Here we have a different situation from the normal rule on authorization applications. I note that up to 1950 the authorizations did not exceed \$12.5 million, and of course up to that time the appropriation never exceeded that amount.

However, in 1950, or in the act for 1950 or 1951, apparently the authorization went up to \$17.5 million the first year. The appropriation did come to that amount, but in the second year the appropriation while not coming up to \$17.5 million did go to \$13,648,000, and again in 1952 and then in 1953 it went to \$16 million. In 1954 it was \$14.5 million.

Obviously, Mr. Cliff, the Forest Service could never have had an appropriation of \$16 million, or \$14.5 million for forest development roads and trails, had the authorization remained at \$12 million.

Mr. CLIFF. Not exactly.

Senator CASE. Unless you had an accumulated authorization.

Mr. CLIFF. There was an accumulated authorization at that time which would have enabled the Congress to appropriate more than it did.

Senator CASE. But historically, prior to the raising of the appropriation to \$17.5 million, the fact is that under the figure you have submitted that the appropriations never, prior to that time, exceeded the amount of 1 year's authorization, \$12.5 million.

Mr. CLIFF. That is correct, and they have never equaled it since that time.

Senator CASE. They have never equaled it since then, but they have exceeded \$12.5 million.

Mr. CLIFF. Yes.

Senator CASE. That is the same thing we found in the Indian Road picture to which I alluded this morning, that the making of a case for more roads and that the Public Works Committees of the House and Senate, which resulted in an increase in the authorizations, was reflected later in an increase in the appropriations, even though they did not come up with the authorization. The pattern of larger appropriations followed the larger authorizations.

Senator MORSE. Could I ask this question, Mr. Chairman?

Senator CASE. Certainly.

Senator MORSE. Have you people in the Forestry Department always spent all the money that was appropriated?

Mr. CLIFF. Yes, we do. Occasionally there is a carryover from 1 fiscal year to another of unexpended funds which are obligated for expenditure on contracts or projects which may carry over from 1 fiscal year to another, but generally the need for forest development roads and trails work has been in excess of our ability to finance them, and we have been able to spend up all the money available.

Senator CASE. You stated:

"Because of the lack of timber access roads, the timber cut from the national forests in fiscal year 1953 was about 1.5 billion feet below the sustained allowable cut."

And then you make this rather striking statement:

"The financial loss to the Federal Government through inability to market mature timber was about \$20 million in gross revenue in that 1 year."

Mr. CLIFF. That is a true statement.

Senator CASE. Why haven't you used arguments like that previously during the time you have been before the Congress, and



the time that I have been in Congress, to try to get the appropriations for forest development roads and trails increased, and if my memory is correct, along about in 1948 or 1949 we did make a supplemental appropriation available for some forest development roads and trails and then a year or two later the Forest Service told me that because those roads were built they had sold several millions of dollars worth of timber which otherwise they would not have sold.

Mr. CLIFF. That is true. In 1953 we had a supplemental of \$5 million, which is included in the \$16 million appropriation in 1953, which enabled us to build roads in the insect-infested area of northern Idaho and northern Montana.

Senator CASE. What did the timber sales there amount to?

Mr. CLIFF. We have not fully realized on the benefits of those roads, because some of them are still under construction and they will not be in full use until the next logging season, but they will more than pay for themselves within the period of several years.

Senator CASE. How many years?

Mr. CLIFF. Within a period of 4 or 5 years.

Senator CASE. It is difficult for me to reconcile the logic which calls for a smaller authorization for forest-development roads and trails with that kind of a statement. Any time that the Federal Government can recover in 4 or 5 years a capital investment for roads and then have the benefit of the roads from then on, it seems to me that is a good deal.

THE STORY OF THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE  
(From the testimony of Conrad L. Wirth,  
Director of the National Park Service)

Senator CASE. Mr. Wirth, could you give us a table that would show the authorizations over a period of years and the corresponding appropriations?

Mr. WIRTH. Yes, sir; I could.  
I could brief them right here, and put it in the record, if you wish.

Senator CASE. If you can tell us a little bit about it, it might be helpful for questioning now.

Mr. WIRTH. Well, I have prepared a very short statement here.

Total authorization for the 8 postwar years for roads and trails and for parkways amounted to \$137,610,000 and against this authorization there was appropriated \$66,958,200, or 49 percent of the authorization. However, \$18,010,300 of the funds appropriated were spent in the National Capital Park System, which means 27 percent of our available funds went into the National Capital Parks, leaving 73 percent for the National Park System, or \$48,947,900, which is 36 percent of the authorized appropriations.

Breaking this down we find that \$61,610,000 was authorized for roads and trails and \$25,983,200, or 42 percent was appropriated and that \$1,558,600 of this amount, or 6 percent, went into the National Capital Parks. Under parkways \$76 million was authorized and \$40,975,000, or 54 percent, was appropriated and that \$16,451,700 of this amount, or 40 percent, went into the National Capital Parks.

Senator CASE. You have given us the totals on the authorizations and the appropriations against them.

It will be helpful to the committee if you could give us a table that would show that by years.

Mr. WIRTH. By years?

Senator CASE. Yes.

Mr. WIRTH. All right; I will get the table and submit that.

(The table referred to is as follows:)  
*Statement of authorizations and appropriations or allocations for construction of roads and trails and parkways, 1947-54 fiscal years*

| Fiscal year— | Roads and trails |                | Parkways       |                |
|--------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|              | Author-ization   | Appro-priation | Author-ization | Appro-priation |
| 1947-----    | \$4,250,000      | \$3,700,000    | \$10,000,000   | \$11,000,000   |
| 1948-----    | 4,250,000        | -----          | 10,000,000     |                |
| 1949-----    | 3,110,000        | 610,000        | -----          |                |
| 1950-----    | 10,000,000       | 3,942,500      | 10,000,000     | 7,500,000      |
| 1951-----    | 10,000,000       | 6,546,000      | 10,000,000     | 4,729,000      |
| 1952-----    | 10,000,000       | 2,500,000      | 13,000,000     | 5,825,000      |
| 1953-----    | 10,000,000       | 4,674,700      | 13,000,000     | 8,104,700      |
| 1954-----    | 10,000,000       | 4,010,000      | 10,000,000     | 3,816,300      |
| Total --     | 61,610,000       | 25,983,200     | 76,000,000     | 40,975,000     |

May I submit that, Mr. Chairman?  
Senator CASE. Yes; we will be glad to have it.

Both in connection with the forest highways and forest roads and trails, and some other information that came to the attention of the chairman, it has appeared the tendency of the appropriations is to trail the authorizations, but to reflect the increasing amounts, and I was wondering if that was true in your case, too.

You have had a fairly constant authorization of \$10 million over a period of years, haven't you?

Mr. WIRTH. Yes, sir.  
If I may add, we would be in much better shape if we could use the whole authorization.

THE STORY OF THE INDIAN SERVICE ROADS  
(From the testimony of J. Maughs Brown,  
Chief, Roads Branch, Bureau of Indian Affairs)

Mr. BROWN. Yes, sir.  
As you stated, I think, in one of the previous hearings, while we have never received in appropriations the amounts authorized, yet the more that is authorized the more we seem to receive.

Senator CASE. Could you give us a little table showing the authorizations by years?

Mr. BROWN. Yes.

Senator CASE. And the appropriations against them?

Mr. BROWN. Yes.

Senator CASE. We would like to have that for the record.

(The information requested is as follows:)  
*List of authorizations and appropriations for Bureau of Indian Affairs roads*

| Fiscal year— | Amount authorized | Amount appropriated |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1947-----    | \$6,000,000       | \$3,700,000         |
| 1948-----    | 6,000,000         | 3,000,000           |
| 1949-----    | 6,000,000         | 2,784,000           |
| 1950-----    | 6,000,000         | 3,300,000           |
| 1951-----    | 6,000,000         | 5,627,130           |
| 1952-----    | 6,000,000         | 3,582,730           |
| 1953-----    | 6,000,000         | 6,516,000           |
| 1954-----    | 10,000,000        | 6,020,000           |
| 1955-----    | 10,000,000        | -----               |

Mr. BROWN. The chairman is very familiar with the situation on these Indian reservations throughout the Dakotas and other parts of the country, and I believe you are familiar with the fact that at the present time we are engaged in our most substantial road program on the Navaho Reservation as a result of the action of Congress in passing a general rehabilitation bill concerning the Navahos.

Senator CASE. Yes. I think we passed an authorization act which ran in rather large

figures, but the appropriations haven't been so large.

Mr. BROWN. No.  
SENATOR CASE. How much have you been getting on that program a year in appropriations?

Mr. BROWN. Well, we don't receive funds separately for that program, or the Congress or Appropriations Committee hasn't separately earmarked the fund; but in order to make any headway at all we have allocated a substantial amount of our small construction funds to that program, and it has been going on there at the rate, in the last 3 years, of a little over a million dollars a year; and that has been a very substantial part of the amount appropriated and about 25 percent of the total money available for all the reservations of the United States, some 200 of them.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. On the basis of the foregoing testimony, the Senate Public Works Subcommittee on Roads reported S. 3184 with a new proposal in section 6 which read:

SEC. 6. Any funds heretofore, herein, or hereafter authorized for forest highways, forest development roads and trails, park roads and trails, parkways, Indian roads, and public lands highways shall be immediately available for contract: *Provided*, That any amount remaining unexpended 2 years after the close of the fiscal year for which authorized shall lapse. The Secretary of the Department charged with the administration of such funds is hereby granted authority to incur obligations, approve projects, and enter into contracts under such authorizations and his action in doing so shall be deemed a contractual obligation of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof and such funds shall be deemed to have been expended when so obligated.

The language was modified in the conference with the House to limit the contract authorization to funds available for the fiscal years of 1955, 1956, and 1957, thereby not picking up all of the previous authorizations but with an increase in each category, launching a new program for the bringing of Forest Service, Park Service, and Indian Service roads up to an annual level of construction never before attained.

The language was continued in the highway bill passed by the Senate in 1955, and is understood to be incorporated in the highway bill now pending in the House of Representatives, and thus seems to have been accepted as a permanent part of our national highway legislation. Under this, the authorization for roads on Uncle Sam's own lands will be accorded the same treatment that has been given the road programs of the several States by the annual apportionments of the authorized programs in the Federal primary, secondary, and urban systems.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. McNAMARA in the chair). The question is on agreeing to the committee amendment on page 18, line 7.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The next committee amendment will be stated.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Administrative Provisions," on page 19, line 3, after the word "exceed",



to strike out "ninety-seven passenger motor vehicles for replacement only" and insert "one hundred and thirty-one passenger motor vehicles of which ninety-seven shall be for replacement only."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "General Provisions, Department of the Interior," on page 26, after line 21, to strike out:

SEC. 106. (a) Not to exceed \$200,000 of the funds appropriated to the Department of the Interior in this title or in the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be available to pay the compensation of all persons the budget estimates for personal services heretofore submitted to the Congress for the fiscal year 1957 contemplated would be employed by such department, agency, or corporation during such fiscal year in the performance of—

(1) function performed by a person designated as an information specialist, information and editorial specialist, publications and information coordinator, press relations officer or counsel, photographer, radio expert, television expert, motion picture expert, or publicity expert, or designated by any similar title, or

(2) functions performed by persons who assist persons performing the functions described in (1) in drafting, preparing, editing, typing, duplicating or disseminating public information, publications or releases, radio or television scripts, magazine articles, photographs, motion picture and similar material, shall be available to pay the compensation of persons performing the functions described in (1) or (2).

(b) This section shall not apply to the preparation for publication of reports and maps resulting from authorized scientific and engineering investigations and surveys, to photography incident to the compilation and reproduction of maps and reports, or publications of the National Park Service, or to photocopying of permanent records for preservation.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Title II—Related Agencies—Department of Agriculture—Forest Service—Salaries and Expenses," on page 32, line 4, after "(7 U. S. C. 1010-1012)", to strike out "\$41,668,000" and insert "\$46,063,500."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 33, line 21, after the word "economics", to strike out "\$9,350,000" and insert "\$10,650,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 34, after line 10, to insert:

#### ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS Weeks Act

For the acquisition of forest lands under the provisions of the act approved March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U. S. C. 513-519, 521), \$100,000, to be available only for payment of the purchase price of any lands acquired, including the cost of surveys in connection with such acquisition: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the boundaries of a national forest: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local government concerned.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, at the top of page 35, to insert:

#### Special acts

For the acquisition of land to facilitate the control of soil erosion and flood damage originating within the exterior boundaries of the following national forest, in accordance with the provisions of the following act authorizing annual appropriations of forest receipts for such purposes, and in not to exceed the following amount from such receipts: Cache National Forest, Utah, act of May 11, 1938 (Public Law 505), as amended, \$10,000: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the boundaries of a national forest: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local government concerned.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "State and Private Forestry Cooperation," on page 36, line 7, after the word "industries", to strike out "\$11,385,000" and insert "\$15,165,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "National Capital Planning Commission," on page 38, line 17, after the word "compensation", to strike out "\$185,000" and insert "\$210,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 38, line 24, after the word "expended", to strike out "\$1,250,000" and insert "\$1,500,000"; in the same line, after "(a)", to strike out "\$438,000" and insert "\$526,000"; on page 39, line 1, after "(b)", to strike out "\$287,000" and insert "\$344,000"; and in line 3, after "(c)", to strike out "\$525,000" and insert "\$630,000."

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, I should like to ask a question about the item appearing on page 34 of the bill, under the heading "Forest Roads and Trails," for which there is provided the sum of \$24 million. I should like to have the RECORD show the answer of the Senator from Arizona to this question: Am I correct in my understanding that in the expenditure, for example, of the \$24 million by the Forest Service, the Forest Service is in no way limited to any specific roads or trails which it may have discussed in the hearings of the committees by way of illustrations and examples?

Mr. HAYDEN. No. The item covers the entire field and covers both, money used for construction of roads and the maintenance of existing roads. No specific sum is tied down to any particular project.

Mr. MORSE. Will the Senator advise me if \$24 million is the amount the Forest Service thought would be adequate for expenditure during the next fiscal year in view of the present personnel and facilities?

Mr. HAYDEN. That is the full amount authorized by the last Federal Highway Act, as the Senator from South Dakota [Mr. CASE] has stated. In prior years there have been authorizations for appropriations, and then the amount appropriated for the Forest Service has been cut in half. This time the authorization was substantially \$24 million, and the appropriation is \$24 million.

Mr. MORSE. That was the point I wanted to bring out in the RECORD. I wish to say to the chairman and the members of his committee that I think they are to be highly commended for the action they have taken in making available every dollar which has been authorized for the forest roads.

Mr. HAYDEN. We had testimony which fully justified the use of that sum of money.

Mr. MORSE. As I said earlier in my remarks today, this expenditure of money is very sound economy, because it is going to return to the Treasury of the United States a good many dollars for every dollar which is spent on the roads. This is the way to make money for the American taxpayer. I am exceedingly happy the committee has made the recommendation which it has submitted.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the committee amendment on page 38, line 24.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 39, line 25, after "(66 Stat. 781)", to insert a colon and "*Provided further*, That the employment of not more than one person by contract or otherwise, pursuant to the third sentence of section 2 (c) of the act of June 6, 1924, as amended by the act of July 19, 1952 (66 Stat. 783), may be extended for an additional year."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Smithsonian Institution," on page 41, line 8, after the word "publications", to strike out "\$4,400,000" and insert "\$4,425,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 42, at the beginning of line 8, to strike out "\$1,495,000" and insert "\$1,505,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 42, after line 17, to insert:

#### WOODROW WILSON CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the act of August 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 964, 965), \$48,500.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. That completes the committee amendments.

The amendment of the Senator from Wyoming [Mr. BARRETT] will now be stated.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. On page 15, line 15, after the words "water rights" and the semicolon, it is proposed to insert the words "to be immediately available and."

On page 16, in line 1, after the numeral "\$29,800,000" and the comma, it is proposed to insert the words "to be immediately available and."

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. President, as everyone knows, Yellowstone is our first national park. It was created in 1872, long before Wyoming became a State. It is one of the most popular of our national parks, but it seems to me that it is in worse shape than any of our parks. Last year 1,368,515 people visited Yellowstone. Since 1945 the visitors to Yellowstone have averaged 1,154,411 each



year. Because of the deplorable conditions presently existing in Yellowstone National Park, many of the people have been obliged to sleep in their cars at night.

The Yellowstone Park Co. is the largest concessionaire now operating in the park, and its contract was extended the forepart of this year. My colleague, the senior Senator from Wyoming [Mr. O'MAHONEY] and myself held several conferences with the Yellowstone Park Co. and with Conrad Wirth, the Director of the National Park Service. It is estimated that the visitors to Yellowstone will reach the 2 million mark by 1965. In its new contract the Yellowstone Park Co. agrees to improve its facilities in the park by expending \$13½ million in a construction program over the next 10 years. It will spend \$3½ million during the next year.

There is an item in the pending bill for \$1½ million to provide utilities, campgrounds, trailer parks, and other public buildings during the next fiscal year. Most of the money made available to the Park Service for work in Yellowstone will tie in with the improvement program of the Yellowstone Park Co. Unless that money is made available immediately upon the approval of this bill by the President, then it is highly improbable that we can get any of the work done before next year. On the other hand, if the contracts can be let and the money expended in June, it is entirely possible that both the program of the concessionaire and the program of the Park Service can be completed before next winter sets in. I hope the committee will accept this amendment.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I would be willing to take the amendment to conference, but I must be frank with the Senator and say I hope he can persuade the House conferees, if he knows any of them, to look upon this amendment with favor, because ordinarily they are not favorably inclined toward such amendments. The same proposal was up before in connection with work in Alaska, and we were unable to persuade the House that such an amendment should be agreed to. The Senator is obviously correct. If work can be done only in the summer season, and it could be started in late May and early June, it would be that much ahead. For that reason I shall accept the amendment, but I cannot assure the Senator that it will become a part of the law. We shall have to argue it out with the House conferees.

Mr. BARRETT. I appreciate the statement of the chairman of the committee. I recognize that the House Appropriations Committee has taken such a position in years gone by. I may say the snow is on the ground in Yellowstone Park until the end of June, and snow comes again in September. If any work is to be done, it must be done in the summer months. I appreciate the chairman's kindness in taking the amendment to conference. I shall be glad to confer with my friends on the House side and ask them to accept this amendment.

Mr. BRIDGES. I should like to say a word on the Senator's amendment and the remarks of the distinguished chair-

man of the committee. I think there is good reason and good, sound sense in what the Senator from Wyoming proposes, because it is necessary to consider the seasonal situation. Certainly, money can be expended more economically if the work for which it provides can be done in good season.

I concur in what the Senator from Arizona has said. I have sat in conference before. Perhaps this time we can get the House conferees to take a little different position from that of the past. At any rate, I think the Senator from Wyoming is correct and sound in his proposal.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. President, will the Senator from New Hampshire yield to me for a moment?

Mr. BRIDGES. I yield.

Mr. BARRETT. I thank the Senator for his kind remarks. I may say to the Senator that the people of Wyoming have been alarmed at the rapid deterioration of the facilities in Yellowstone. The situation in Yellowstone was so bad that last year our State legislature ordered a study made of Yellowstone Park with the idea in mind that the State might acquire the concessions in the park so that they could be brought up to standard. That indicates very clearly that the people of our State recognize that prompt and effective measures must be taken to remedy the situation at an early date.

As I indicated earlier, I am sure that we need additional facilities in all of the national parks of the country, but I believe that Yellowstone is in the worst shape of all. Accordingly, I joined with my colleague [Mr. O'MAHONEY] in the introduction of a bill calling for the authorization of \$16 million each year for the next 10 years for improvements in our national parks. That is known as Mission 66, and it is anticipated that the program will be completed during the year 1966.

The Park Service officials estimate that it will cost \$17 million to construct the improvements necessary to complete that program in Yellowstone Park. As I stated a while ago, the concessionaire intends to spend \$3½ million in the next 12 months in constructing new improvements in Yellowstone. The Park Service will have available about one third of that amount to make improvements in public facilities such as sewer, water, lights, and public buildings in order to round out the improvement program to be carried out by the Yellowstone Park Co.

I hope that the Senate conferees will make it abundantly clear to the House conferees that the work to be done by the Yellowstone Park Co. and by the Park Service should be carried on at the same time. In other words, the Yellowstone Park Co. cannot use the facilities it will build, costing \$3½ million, unless the Park Service is in a position to provide the utilities such as sewer, water, lights, and the like, when the buildings are completed. Unless my amendment shall be accepted in conference, the Park Service will be unable to let a contract until it is too late this summer to get the work completed this year. So I hope that the distinguished Senator from New

Hampshire [Mr. BRIDGES] and the chairman of the committee [Mr. HAYDEN] can prevail upon the House conferees to accept the amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendments submitted by the Senator from Wyoming [Mr. BARRETT] on pages 15 and 16.

The amendments were agreed to.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. President, in examining the bill, it occurs to me that it is constructed somewhat differently than previous appropriation bills for the Department of the Interior, in that in this instance we find included in the bill appropriations for the Forest Service, a part of the Department of Agriculture, but we do not find included in the bill appropriations for the Bureau of Reclamation, the appropriations for which historically have been included in the Department of the Interior appropriation bill. I realize that it is possible that heretofore the chairman of the Appropriations Committee has made a statement regarding this matter, for I have not been in the Chamber all the time.

Mr. HAYDEN. No, Mr. President, I have not made a statement about it. However, the fact is that we must take the appropriation bills in the way they are sent to us by the House of Representatives. The House of Representatives has framed this bill in this way.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. I am not at all critical, and I recognize that all appropriation bills originate in the House of Representatives. But I wish to observe that Members of the Senate who do not know about this matter would normally have expected to find included in this appropriation bill the appropriations for the various projects of the Bureau of Reclamation. Conversely, perhaps, it was a surprise to some Members who were not aware of the fact that the House had formulated this bill on a somewhat different principle, to find in the bill appropriations for the Forest Service, an agency of the Department of Agriculture. It seems to me that Members of the Senate who have not had this matter brought to their attention might be somewhat surprised and perhaps chagrined if by this means something they did not expect to have done were done, or to find, for example, that appropriations for the Bureau of Reclamation are not included in this appropriation bill.

Mr. HAYDEN. No. Appropriations for the Bureau of Reclamation, the Tennessee Valley Authority, the Atomic Energy Commission and for civil works by the Corps of Engineers are carried in the Public Works appropriation bill. All those appropriations were transferred to the Public Works appropriation bill last year.

On the other hand, the appropriations for a number of independent agencies, in addition to those for the Forest Service, have been added as a part of this bill.

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, will the Senator from South Dakota yield to me for a moment?

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. I am happy to yield to the distinguished Senator from New Hampshire.



Mr. BRIDGES. One of the points made by the Senator from South Dakota is, it seems to me, to the effect that there is a fear among some persons that certain agencies of the Government will be shifted from one executive department to another, and that, for instance, by means of shifting from the Department of Agriculture appropriation bill to the Department of the Interior appropriation bill the appropriations for the Forest Service, eventually that Service will be moved into the Department of the Interior. That possibility is viewed with fear by some persons.

Let me say that I, for one—and I think probably the chairman of the committee will agree with me—believe that by accepting the arrangements in the pending bill on the part of the House of Representatives, by no means shall we be indicating that we give any approval to the eventual shifting of various of the executive agencies.

Mr. HAYDEN. We are not called upon to give any such approval; and we do not give any approval. We simply take things as we find them.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. President, the point the able Senator from New Hampshire has brought out should not be passed by without notice. I can remember when a reorganization bill was submitted to the Congress, some years ago, and there was considerable excitement on Capitol Hill when it was feared that the bill was sufficiently broad to permit the shifting of the Forest Service from the Department of Agriculture to the Department of the Interior, without any specific consideration of that move by the Congress. There was trouble in securing the enactment of some of those reorganization bills until assurances were given that such a change would not be made, at least not without consultation with the Congress or without some opportunity for Congress either to approve or to disapprove.

At this time I am not interested in debating the merits of the question of whether the Forest Service should remain in the Department of Agriculture or should be transferred to the Department of the Interior. However, this matter is of interest, and I believe it should be duly noted—as has now been done by the chairman of the Appropriations Committee and by the ranking minority member of the committee—that the present inclusion in the Department of the Interior appropriation bill of appropriations for the Forest Service is not a commitment in one way or the other as to the status of the Forest Service or as to its eventual transfer or non-transfer to the Department of the Interior.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a statement prepared by the junior Senator from Arkansas [Mr. FULBRIGHT] be printed in the body of the RECORD prior to the passage of the Department of the Interior appropriation bill.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

#### STATEMENT BY SENATOR FULBRIGHT

On March 16, I appeared before the subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Appropriations, which was then conducting hearings on this bill, H. R. 9390, the appropriation bill for the Department of the Interior and related agencies. At that time, I presented a statement urging the committee to favorably consider a request for additional funds for forest research. I am highly pleased that the subcommittee has recommended an increase of \$1 million for 1957 to strengthen forestry research throughout the country. The subcommittee, I think, should be congratulated for realizing the importance of this activity.

Timber resources are of tremendous importance to the economy of my State. In Arkansas we have about 20 million acres of forest land, almost one-third of which is owned by farmers. Nearly half of the industrial employment in the State stems directly from forest industries, and we have over 1,600 small wood-using plants from which approximately 40 percent of the State's industrial wages are derived. The maintenance and growth of these forest industries require the application of sound forest management on the land to insure the production of the necessary wood products, and the guidance of this management depends on information obtained through the findings of research.

I am greatly concerned that we view too lightly the importance of our future wood supply in the State of Arkansas. Timber is a basic commodity; without a sustained supply, our employment opportunities will diminish and our population, which has been declining while the rest of the country has been growing, will probably continue to decline rather than grow. The future of my State is closely bound to the productiveness of our forest lands.

I have discussed this problem at some length with people in the wood-products industry and with others who are in a position to know the present status of the forest situation in the State of Arkansas. I was pleased to learn of the progress being made by the 4-man staff at the field research center at Crossett, Ark., and by the 2 men working at Harrison in the Ozarks region. This program is fine as far as it goes, but it is quite inadequate for our needs. I was astonished to learn of the great gaps which exist in our knowledge of forest soil productivity and in the knowledge of the best management for our forests. A case in point is the Ouachita Mountain Belt which extends over 6 million acres through the center of Arkansas and into southeastern Oklahoma. Most of this land is utterly worthless for anything other than the growth of trees. This area includes 1½ million acres of the Ouachita National Forest, and from the Ouachita National Forest alone the United States Treasury profited to the extent of more than \$2 million last year from the sale of timber to private wood-products manufacturers. I was therefore disturbed to learn that no research is being conducted in this Ouachita Mountain area. I have been told that this area represents a veritable wood basket which could grow 2 or 3 times as much timber if certain facts on management were available. Unfortunately, these facts are not obtainable because not a single cent is currently available for research work in this area.

A similar situation exists for a sizable portion of the Ozark National Forest which embraces nonagricultural land of the roughest sort, from which we derive much valuable hardwood growth. The 1955 cut of timber in the Ozark National Forest amounted to 33 million feet, the sale of which brought into the United States Treasury over \$519,000.

#### 10-year record of income received from timber cut on Ouachita and Ozark National Forests

| Year      | Ouachita National Forest |            | Ozark National Forest  |           |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------|
|           | Volume cut (M bd. ft.)   | Value      | Volume cut (M bd. ft.) | Value     |
| 1946..... | 38,683                   | \$450,624  | 16,017                 | \$227,903 |
| 1947..... | 38,801                   | 406,537    | 19,423                 | 274,113   |
| 1948..... | 39,416                   | 770,466    | 28,566                 | 367,645   |
| 1949..... | 43,538                   | 1,316,120  | 25,421                 | 308,690   |
| 1950..... | 62,951                   | 1,792,256  | 18,328                 | 292,669   |
| 1951..... | 58,284                   | 2,055,788  | 18,675                 | 443,593   |
| 1952..... | 44,739                   | 1,438,406  | 19,609                 | 451,234   |
| 1953..... | 45,273                   | 1,834,551  | 17,899                 | 296,965   |
| 1954..... | 55,578                   | 1,942,759  | 28,128                 | 612,348   |
| 1955..... | 69,716                   | 1,728,650  | 33,193                 | 519,460   |
| Total..   | 496,979                  | 13,736,157 | 225,259                | 3,794,620 |

#### 10-year State summary

| National forest | Volume (M bd. ft.) | Value        |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Ouachita.....   | 496,979            | \$13,736,157 |
| Ozark.....      | 225,259            | 3,794,620    |
| Total.....      | 722,238            | 17,530,777   |

This table is a 10-year record of the income derived from the sale of timber cut from the Ouachita and Ozark National Forests. For the 10-year period from 1946 through 1955, the value of the timber cut from these forests amounted to \$17,530,777.

#### Federal forest research expenditures in Arkansas 1947-56

| Year       | Crossett Research Center | Harrison Research Center | Total    |
|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| 1947.....  | \$24,813                 | \$21,537                 | \$46,350 |
| 1948.....  | 20,111                   | 21,641                   | 41,752   |
| 1949.....  | 29,924                   | 24,350                   | 54,274   |
| 1950.....  | 37,606                   | 23,224                   | 60,830   |
| 1951.....  | 37,665                   | 21,247                   | 58,912   |
| 1952.....  | 36,925                   | 27,099                   | 64,024   |
| 1953.....  | 38,960                   | 29,975                   | 68,935   |
| 1954.....  | 40,461                   | 25,519                   | 65,980   |
| 1955.....  | 63,042                   | 32,971                   | 96,013   |
| 1956.....  | 48,932                   | 33,366                   | 82,298   |
| Total..... | 378,439                  | 260,929                  | 639,368  |

This table shows the amount of Federal forest research expenditures in Arkansas during the 10-year period from 1947 to 1956. Since 1947, as reflected by the table, the Federal Government has spent a total of \$639,368, \$378,439 of which was expended at the Crossett Research Center and \$260,929 of which was expended at the Harrison Research Center.

In view of the benefits presently derived from timber sales from these forests, I feel that it would be wise to continue a program of research which would insure that the vast timber-producing potentialities of this area can be realized.

I am assured by the Forest Service that the increase in funds recommended by the Subcommittee for Forest Research Activities, if approved by the Congress, will insure that additional moneys will be available for expanding forest research activities in my State.

I again wish to commend the subcommittee for recommending an increase in funds for forestry research. I support wholeheartedly their recommendation, and I urge my colleagues of the Senate to do likewise.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. If there be no further amendment to be proposed, the question is on the engrossment of



the amendments and third reading of the bill.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill having been read the third time, the question is, Shall it pass?

The bill (H. R. 9390) was passed.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insist upon its amendments to the bill, request a conference thereon with the House of Representatives, and that the Chair appoint the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The motion was agreed to; and the Presiding Officer appointed Mr. HAYDEN, Mr. CHAVEZ, Mr. MAGNUSON, Mr. MUNDT, and Mr. YOUNG conferees on the part of the Senate.

#### ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL PROPERTY AS AN EXTENSION OF THE NEW SENATE OFFICE BUILDING SITE

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. BRIDGES] is joining with me in introducing a bill authorizing the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Senate Office Building Commission, to acquire the east half of the square on which the New Senate Office Building is now being erected, known as square 725, and all of the square located immediately north of the New Senate Office Building site, known as square 724. These property acquisitions are proposed as an extension of the New Senate Office Building site and as additions to the Capitol Grounds.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. BIBLE in the chair). The bill will be received and appropriately referred.

The bill (S. 3704) to authorize the acquisition of the remaining property in square 725 and the property in square 724 in the District of Columbia for the purpose of extension of the site of the additional office building for the United States Senate or for the purpose of addition to the United States Capitol Grounds, introduced by Mr. HAYDEN (for himself and Mr. BRIDGES), was received, read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Public Works.

#### GROWTH OF CONGRESSIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, the history of the continuous growth of the national population—of the continuous growth of the population of the city of Washington and its environs—and the history of the continuous growth of congressional requirements, make it imperative for the Congress to provide itself with adequate space in the vicinity of the Capitol to permit its own inevitable future growth.

The facts supporting such need cannot be escaped, when it is considered that the national population increased from 122 million in 1930 to 162 million in 1954, with the latest census prediction of a national population of 206 million by 1975; that the population of the District of Columbia increased from 486 thousand in 1930 to 853 thousand in 1955; that the population of the Wash-

ington metropolitan area increased from 1,464,000 in 1950 to 1,840,000 in 1955, and is predicted to rise to nearly 4 million by 1975; that Senate personnel totaled 575 in 1909, 1,092 in 1949, 1,948 in 1954, and more than 2,200 in 1956.

#### DEVELOPMENT AROUND THE CAPITOL

All these facts have an essential bearing on the availability, need, and use of property in the District of Columbia for housing and office purposes, including the needs of the Senate. In recent years the trend of business and labor organizations of national scope to establish their headquarters buildings in the District of Columbia has also had its effect on property utilization and property values.

Since World War II, the effect of these conditions has been noticeable in the vicinity of the Capitol. During this period there has been underway in the southeast section of the city, in areas close to the Capitol, the restoration and improvement of old homes—in much the same manner as has been done in Georgetown. Improvements made have more than doubled property values. Removal of slums and obsolete dwellings from the southwest section of the city, close to the Capitol, under the District of Columbia redevelopment program—with a resulting shift of population—has already resulted in increased activity in the real estate market in the Capitol Hill area.

#### INCREASE IN PROPERTY VALUES

Only 25 years ago 2 squares were acquired as a site for the New House Office Building for \$1 million; 2 squares as a site for the Botanic Garden for \$981,000; 2 squares as a site for the annex to the Library of Congress for \$921,000. In 1949—less than 20 years after these 3 building sites were acquired—the cost of acquiring only one-half of square 725 as a site for the New Senate Office Building amounted to \$1 million.

Even though allowance be made for any differences which may have existed in the areas and uses of these several squares at the time of their acquisition, the tremendous increase in property-acquisition costs within the past 25 years remains fully evident.

Following World War II, monumental and other costly structures, affecting Capitol Hill property values, have been erected in areas in the vicinity of the Capitol. A continuation of this trend could, within the next 5 to 10 years, readily result in prohibitive acquisition costs for purchasing property close to the Capitol for purposes of expanding the facilities needed to carry on the work of the Congress.

#### PRIVATE BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

The National Association of Letter Carriers, the Milk Drivers Union, the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and the Acacia Life Insurance Co. have all erected costly structures in the vicinity of the Capitol; alley dwellings in Schott's Court have been rehabilitated and converted into deluxe living quarters; a seven-story brick building has been completely renovated for use as a modern office building; the Congressional Hotel and the Coronet Apartments have been erected. A large parcel of land

fronting the Capitol Grounds is now, reportedly, being offered for sale at \$35 a square foot.

#### HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING EXPANSION

These conditions have already been recognized by the House of Representatives, with respect to properties in the neighborhood of its office buildings. As a result of such recognition, there was included in the Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955, authority for the Architect of the Capitol to acquire, as a site for an additional House Office Building and for additions to the Capitol Grounds, any real property located south of Independence Avenue in the vicinity of the Capitol Grounds, as may be approved by the House Office Building Commission for such purposes. In this act, sufficient funds were provided to insure the immediate acquisition of four squares in the immediate vicinity of the House Office Buildings, in which present and future expansion would normally occur.

#### SAVINGS UNDER THE HOUSE PROGRAM

This action on the part of the House has already resulted in the saving of more than \$1½ million in the acquisition of the triangular square bounded by Delaware Avenue, C Street, and Canal Street SW. This square was acquired by the Architect of the Capitol in September 1955 under authority of the Additional House Office Building Act. At the time of acquisition of the square by the Government, a private corporation which had purchased this square in 1954 had completed plans for erection thereon of an 8-story and basement air-conditioned apartment building. The building, as planned, was to contain 198 apartment units, and was to be erected at a cost of more than \$1,500,000. This square was acquired by the Government at a cost of less than \$200,000. Had this square not been purchased by the Government before erection of the proposed apartment building, the acquisition cost would have, undoubtedly, been in the neighborhood of \$2 million.

At no time has the Senate ever been extravagant or even liberal in providing accommodations for itself or its needs.

#### SENATE OFFICE SPACE REQUIREMENTS

The New Senate Office Building, expected to be completed early in 1958, constitutes the only additional building accommodations provided the Senate during the past 25 years, even though Senate personnel has doubled in the past 6 years and is, today, nearly 4 times the total personnel in 1909, and even though there has developed an ever-increasing demand by the public for space in committee rooms to attend hearings. Some further relief is expected to be provided through the projected extension of the east front of the Capitol, but the working space which will be gained must be divided between the Senate and the House of Representatives. Failure to erect the New Senate Office Building 7 years ago has forced the Senate to operate under overcrowded, congested, inadequate, and inefficient conditions. Entirely too much time has elapsed before doing anything about these conditions.







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

## OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued  
For actions of

May 31, 1956  
May 29, 1956  
Sixth-2nd, No. 89

### CONTENTS

|                                   |                                 |                             |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Accounting.....17,37              | Food and drugs.....14           | Personnel.....7,28,33       |
| Adjournment.....10,21             | Foreign aid.....6,11            | Plant pests.....39          |
| Agricultural appropriations.....1 | Foreign trade.....28            | Postal service.....3        |
| Agricultural production.....27    | Forest Service.....1            | Poultry.....2,5             |
| Animal disease.....1,43           | Forestry.....22                 | Reclamation.....4           |
| Appropriations.....1,19,39        | Great Plains.....38             | Research.....2,43           |
| Attaches.....1                    | Guam.....36                     | Roads.....12                |
| Budgeting.....17,37               | Hog prices.....23               | Small business.....30       |
| Conservation.....1                | Housing loans.....31            | Sugar.....44                |
| Dairy industry.....2              | Labor standards.....41          | Supergrades.....7           |
| Development assistance.....11     | Lands.....32,42                 | Surplus commodities.....11  |
| Drought.....5                     | Legislative program.....9       | Swine.....2                 |
| Electrification.....8,26          | Libraries.....16                | Taxation.....5              |
| FAO.....11                        | Livestock.....5,13              | Technical assistance.....11 |
| Farm prices.....24                | Meat inspection.....14          | Transportation.....5        |
| Farm program.....18,25            | Mediterranean fruitfly.....1,20 | Travel.....34               |
| FCIC.....1                        | Milk.....15                     | Veterans' benefits.....35   |
| FHA.....1                         | Mutual security.....6,11        | Wool.....40                 |

HIGHLIGHTS: Both Houses agreed to conference report on USDA appropriation bill. Ready for President. House conferees appointed on Interior appropriation bill. House passed Legislative appropriation bill. Rep. Vursell commended USDA research on poultry production and care. House received USDA proposed bill to authorize certain (continued on page 6)

### HOUSE

1. APPROPRIATIONS. Both Houses agreed to the conference report on H. R. 11177, the agricultural appropriation bill for 1957 (pp. 8301, 8245). The House concurred in the Senate amendment making \$1,250,000 immediately available for control and eradication of the Mediterranean fruitfly, with a technical amendment (p. 8246). The Senate then concurred in the technical amendment (p. 8301). This bill is now ready for the President.

Conferees were appointed on H. R. 9390, the Interior Department appropriation bill for 1957 (including Forest Service items). p. 8239 Senate conferees were appointed on Apr. 23.

Conferees were appointed on H. R. 10721, the State, Justice, and Judiciary appropriation bill for 1957. p. 8239 Senate conferees have not yet been appointed.

Passed with amendment H. R. 11473, the legislative branch appropriation bill for 1957. p. 8247

Received from this Department a proposed bill to authorize certain point-of-order items now carried in USDA appropriation bills relative to the control and eradication of certain animal diseases, to facilitate the carrying out of agricultural conservation and related agricultural programs, to facilitate the agricultural attache program, to facilitate the operations of FHA, FCIC, and FS, and for other purposes; to the Agriculture Committee. p. 8259



2. RESEARCH. Rep. Vursell commended the USDA program of research on poultry, swine, and dairying production and the contributions which have been made to these fields. p. 8255
3. POSTAL SERVICE. The Post Office and Civil Service Committee reported without amendment H. R. 11380, to readjust postal rates and to establish a congressional policy for the determination of postal rates (H. Rept. 2237). p. 8260
4. RECLAMATION. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 6268, to provide for the use of appropriated funds by the Secretary of Interior in contracts for the construction of drainage works and other minor items in Federal reclamation projects. p. 8247 This bill is now ready for the President.
5. TAXATION. The "Daily Digest" states that the conferees on H. R. 6143, to repeal the transportation tax on poultry and of tax on livestock sold on account of drought, agreed to file a report. p. D547
6. FOREIGN AID. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for the consideration of H. R. 11356, to extend the Mutual Security Act of 1954. pp. 8241, 8259
7. PERSONNEL. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for the consideration of H. R. 11040, to provide for certain supergrade positions with scientific or professional qualifications in the Departments of Defense, Interior, and Commerce. pp. 8241, 8259
8. ELECTRIFICATION. Received from the Federal Power Commission copies of publications entitled "Statistics of Electric Utilities in the United States, 1954, Privately Owned," and "Typical Electric Bills, Cities of 50,000 Population and More, January 1, 1956"; to the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee. p. 8259
9. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Rep. Albert announced that on June 5, the Consent Calendar would be called and motions to suspend the rules would be in order. p. 8245
10. ADJOURNED until May 31. p. 8259
11. FOREIGN AID. As reported (see Digest 88), H. R. 11356, the proposed "Mutual Security Act of 1956," includes the following provisions:  
Authorizes appropriation of \$3,563,475,000 to carry forward the mutual security program, which is \$1,109,000,000 less than the Executive request. Authorizes \$243,000,000 for development assistance; combines the present program, the fund for Asian economic development, and the special authorization for the Middle East and Africa; and authorizes development assistance in the form of loans except when funds are used to finance sales of surplus agricultural commodities. Authorizes use of funds under Title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (Public Law 480, 83rd Cong.) to cover the expense of ICA in the performance of technical and advisory functions in connection with programs financed by Public Law 480 foreign currencies. Authorizes appropriations for three technical assistance programs as follows:  
Bilateral technical assistance, \$140,500,000; U. N. expanded technical assistance program, \$15,500,000; and Organization of American States program, \$1,500,000. Amends Sec. 402 of the Act, which relates to earmarking of funds for financing the export and sale for foreign currencies of surplus agricultural commodities, by providing that not less than \$250,000,000 of funds authorized to be made available under the Act for fiscal year 1957 may be used only for such purpose. Authorizes \$14 million to pay the ocean freight on U. S. surplus agricultural





# Congressional Record

United States  
of America

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 84<sup>th</sup> CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

Vol. 102

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1956

No. 89

## House of Representatives

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.

The Chaplain, Rev. Bernard Braskamp, D. D., offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, in whom we live and move and have our being, we praise Thee for the gift of life, its wonder and mystery, its beauty and glory, its joys and pleasures, its fellowships and friendships, and its opportunities for service.

We beseech Thee to inspire and sustain us with a sense of Thy divine presence and power as we again assemble in this Chamber to discharge the duties and responsibilities of our high vocation.

May we perform every task faithfully and diligently and whenever we fail or falter, through ignorance or weakness, may Thy fatherly wisdom correct us and Thy infinite mercy forgive us.

Grant that our beloved Speaker and the members of his bereaved family may continue to be blessed with the consolation and certainty of Thy grace as they seek to carry on courageously.

We thank Thee for their humble and confident spirit which is not murmuring or complaining but yielding itself with due resignation and patience unto all Thy righteous dealings and the wise dispensations of Thy divine providence.

To Thy name we ascribe all the glory. Amen.

### THE JOURNAL

The Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was read and approved.

### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Carrell, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had adopted the following resolution (S. Res. 273):

*Resolved*, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow the announcement of the death of Hon. WILLIAM T. GRANAHAH, late a Representative from the State of Pennsylvania.

*Resolved*, That a committee of two Senators be appointed by the Presiding Officer to join the committee appointed on the part of the House of Representatives to attend the funeral of the deceased Representative.

*Resolved*, That the Secretary communicate these resolutions to the House of Representa-

tives and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

*Resolved*, That, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the Senate take a recess until 10 o'clock a. m. tomorrow.

### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR APPROPRIATION BILL

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, with Senate amendments thereto, disagree to the amendments of the Senate, and agree to the conference asked by the Senate.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. McCormack). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio? [After a pause.] The Chair hears none and appoints the following conferees: Mr. KIRWAN, Mr. NORRELL, Mr. SIEMINSKI, Mr. MAGNUSON, Mr. CANNON, Mr. JENSEN, Mr. FENTON, Mr. SCRIVNER, and Mr. TABER.

### DEPARTMENTS OF STATE, JUSTICE, AND THE JUDICIARY APPROPRIATION BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1957

Mr. ROONEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill H. R. 10721, an act making appropriations for the Departments of State, Justice, the judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, with Senate amendments thereto, disagree to the amendments of the Senate, and agree to the conference requested by the Senate.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York? [After a pause.] The Chair hears none and appoints the following conferees: Mr. ROONEY, Mr. PRESTON, Mr. SIKES, Mr. MAGNUSON, Mr. CANNON, Mr. COUDERT, Mr. BOW, Mr. CLEVINGER, and Mr. TABER.

### THE INTEGRATION ISSUE

(Mr. PASSMAN asked and was granted permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PASSMAN. Mr. Speaker, it is seldom that I come into the well of the House to speak on any subject unless it has to do with an appropriation bill which is handled by my committee, or with agriculture, flood control, or pertains to the conservation of our natural resources. However, because of the unrest, heartaches, and even turmoil in my State that has been brought about by the nonjudicial, political school integration decision of the United States Supreme Court, I am moved to speak again at this time.

Without a doubt, the situation which has developed, and now exists, in the South as a result of the Supreme Court's public-school integration decision has brought more tension and disruption and disturbance into the hearts and minds and lives of the people of the South than they have experienced since the fratricidal War Between the States and the destructive carpetbagger period that followed. The now commonly referred to "Black Monday" decision of the Court has, in fact, caused more damage to the colored race in the South than any other single act of the past 50 years.

Mr. Speaker, the people of this Nation, and particularly the Members of the Congress, urgently need to come to a more positive understanding of the necessity for safeguarding the States rights concept in our Government. The people of the Nation as a whole, and especially our officials of Government, must more fully comprehend the need for cessation of acts which are literally fanning fires of unrest and suspicion and hatred.

The recently issued Southern Manifesto—of which I was proud to be a signer, while regretting with my whole being the existence of the situation requiring its issuance—was, and is, much broader than the question of racial segregation to which it was, of course, specifically directed. It is a document



which actually embodies in its thoughts and principles the traditions which the South has cherished for generations. It makes clear the continued adherence of the people of the South to the most basic principle of our constitutional form of government—the principle which holds that all rights not granted to the Federal Government are reserved to the States and to the people.

The final power in a free nation resides in the people. The people generally are reasonable, Mr. Speaker; but they know that when any one branch of government oversteps its bounds, then the people must take action to remedy the situation.

It would, therefore, indeed be fuzzy thinking on the part of anyone to doubt that the southern people will use all lawful means to reverse the Supreme Court's school integration decision. To say that our people should not object to a decision so unfair as this one, with its disregard for all judicial precedent and reason, with its attempt at usurpation of the powers of Congress and the several States, would be in violation of all sense of reason and decency.

Mr. Speaker, what we need now is a return to reason. It is very much to be hoped—for the welfare of the whole country and for the best interests of all races—that the reasoned judgment of reasonable men, as set forth in the Southern Manifesto, will serve to bring the Nation to its senses.

#### AMENDMENT OF NATIONAL HOUSING ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Alabama to call up a bill.

Mr. RAINS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the bill (S. 3515) to amend the National Housing Act, as amended, to assist in the provision of housing for essential civilian employees of the Armed Forces.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the bill, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That title VIII of the National Housing Act, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new section as follows:

"Sec. 809. (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this title and in addition to mortgages insured under section 803, the Commissioner may insure any mortgage under this section which meets the eligibility requirements set forth in section 203 (b) of this act: *Provided*, That a mortgage insured under this section shall have been executed by a mortgagor who at the time of insurance is the owner of the property and either occupies the property or certifies that his failure to do so is the result of a change in his employment by the Armed Forces or a contractor thereof and to whom the Secretary or his designee has issued a certificate indicating that such person requires housing and is at the date of the certificate a civilian employee at a research and development installation of one of the Armed Forces of the

United States or a contractor thereof and is considered by the Armed Forces to be an essential, nontemporary employee at such date. Such certificate shall be conclusive evidence to the Commissioner of the employment status of the mortgagor and of the mortgagor's need for housing.

"(b) No mortgage shall be insured under this section unless the Secretary or his designee shall have certified to the Commissioner that the housing is necessary to provide adequate housing for such civilians employed in connection with such a research and development installation and that there is no present intention to substantially curtail the number of such civilian personnel assigned or to be assigned to such installation. Such certification shall be conclusive evidence to the Commissioner of the need for such housing but if the Commissioner determines that insurance of mortgages on such housing is not an acceptable risk, he may require the Secretary to guarantee the Armed Services Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund from loss with respect to mortgages insured pursuant to this section. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to provide for payment to meet losses arising from such guaranty.

"(c) The Commissioner may accept any mortgage for insurance under this section without regard to any requirement in any other section of this act, that the project or property be economically sound or an acceptable risk.

"(d) Any mortgagee under a mortgage insured under this section is entitled to the benefits of insurance as provided in section 204 (a) with respect to mortgages insured under section 203.

"(e) The provisions of subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (j) of section 204 shall apply to mortgages insured under this section except that as applicable to those mortgages: (1) all references to the 'Fund' or 'Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund' shall refer to the 'Armed Services Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund' and (2) all references to section 203 shall refer to this section.

"(f) The provisions of sections 801, 802, 803 (c), 803 (i), 803 (j), 804 (a), 804 (b), and 807 and the provisions of section 803 (a) relating to the aggregate amount of all mortgages insured and the expiration date of the Commissioner's authority to insure under this title, shall be applicable to mortgages insured under this section."

With the following committee amendments:

Page 2, line 8, strike out "research and development" and insert "research or development."

Page 2, line 9, strike out "Armed Forces of the United States or a contractor thereof and is considered by the Armed Forces" and insert "military departments of the United States or a contractor thereof and is considered by such military department."

Page 2, line 21, strike out "research and development" and insert "research or development."

The amendments were agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. RAINS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend at this point in the RECORD a letter from the Defense Department concerning this bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

(The letter referred to follows:)

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE,  
Washington, D. C., May 29, 1956.

HON. ALBERT RAINS,  
Chairman, Housing Subcommittee,  
Committee on Banking and Currency,  
House of Representatives.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: Reference is made to a request by a member of your staff for a further statement on S. 3515, with regard to which it is intended to make use of the provisions of this legislation.

It is planned to build housing under the S. 3515 program for civilian employees of the military departments at installations where the primary mission is research or development in the Department of Defense research and development program, or for civilian employees of firms holding research and development contracts.

It is proposed to build such housing in the vicinity of Redstone Arsenal, Ala.; Patrick Air Force Base, Fla.; Holloman Air Force Base, N. Mex.; Naval Ordnance Test Station, Inyokern, Calif., and possibly a few other installations. It is not expected at this time that the number of units to be built under this program will exceed 10,000.

Sincerely yours,

FLOYD S. BRYANT.

#### THE LATE HONORABLE FINIS J. GARRETT

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to proceed to announce the death of a former Member of the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, it is with very deep regret and personal sorrow that I announce the death of my predecessor as a Member of the House of Representatives, the Honorable Finis J. Garrett, who passed away at his home here in Washington last Friday, May 25.

Judge Garrett served 24 years of continuous service as a Member of this House, and voluntarily retired. He was the Democratic nominee for Speaker of the House at the time of his retirement, and for several terms prior thereto had been the minority leader of the House. On his retirement from Congress he was appointed a judge of the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals by President Coolidge. Later he was appointed presiding judge of that court by President Franklin D. Roosevelt. He also served with great credit and distinction as a member of the Battle Monuments Commission from the beginning of that Commission until he resigned a few years ago.

During his service in the House of Representatives he was recognized as one of the greatest parliamentarians and orators of his time. He was a great statesman and a most distinguished and outstanding judge. He rendered public service for more than half a century.

I am sure I express the true sentiment of each and every Member of this body, especially those remaining here who served with him when I extend to his son and his daughter and their families our deepest regret and most heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement.







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

## OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued June 1, 1956  
For actions of May 31, 1956  
84th-2nd, No. 90

### CONTENTS

|                         |         |                            |    |                            |           |
|-------------------------|---------|----------------------------|----|----------------------------|-----------|
| Adjournment.....        | 10,16   | Fisheries.....             | 9  | Mutual security.....       | 15        |
| Advisory committee..... | 24      | Food and drugs.....        | 7  | Nominations.....           | 20        |
| Appropriations.....     | 1,11,31 | Foreign aid.....           | 18 | Personnel.....             | 3,9,26,30 |
| Bankruptcy.....         | 27      | Foreign trade.....         | 17 | Postal rates.....          | 8         |
| Contracts.....          | 29      | Forest Service.....        | 11 | Poultry.....               | 14        |
| Cotton.....             | 24      | Forestry.....              | 9  | Reclamation.....           | 21        |
| Dairying.....           | 6       | Holidays.....              | 23 | Taxation.....              | 14        |
| Defense production..... | 12      | Legislative program...9,15 |    | Transportation.....        | 14        |
| Electrification.....    | 4,19    | Livestock.....             | 14 | Veterans' benefits....5,22 |           |
| Farm credit.....        | 13,28   | Meat inspection.....       | 7  | Water rights.....          | 2         |
| Farm program.....       | 25      |                            |    |                            |           |

HIGHLIGHTS: House passed bill to extend Defense Production Act. House received conference report on Interior appropriation bill. House passed farm credit bill. Senate passed Commerce appropriation bill. Rep. Adair inserted Assistant Secretary Butz' Minneapolis speech.

### SENATE

1. APPROPRIATIONS. Passed with amendments H. R. 10899, the Department of Commerce and related agencies appropriation bill for 1957 (pp. 8397, 8407, 8412). (For items relating to this Department see Digest 72.) Agreed to an amendment by Sen. Holland to allocate \$650,000 for a national intercensal housing survey, including city, town, and rural areas (p. 8408). Conferees were appointed (p. 8422).  
Agreed to a unanimous consent request that the Appropriations Committee be permitted to file reports during the week-end adjournment. p. 8422
2. WATER RIGHTS. The Interior and Insular Affairs subcommittee ordered reported with amendments to the full committee S. 863, to govern the control, appropriation, use, and distribution of water. It was announced that the full committee will consider this bill on June 12. p. D551
3. PERSONNEL. The Judiciary Committee ordered reported S. 374, to provide for the extension and suspension in cases of statutes of limitation on false swearing by Government employees with respect to subversive activities and connections. p. D551  
The Post Office and Civil Service Committee ordered reported without amendment S. 3681, to modify certain restrictions with respect to holding more than one office in the Federal Government. p. D552

4. ELECTRIFICATION. Received from the Federal Power Commission copies of two of its publications, "Statistics of Electric Utilities in the U. S., 1954, Privately Owned," and "Typical Electric Bills, Cities of 50,000 Population and More, Jan. 1, 1956." p. 8370  
Sens. Neuberger and Goldwater discussed the pros and cons of constructing the Hells Canyon dam with public or private funds. p. 8376
  5. VETERANS' BENEFITS. Sen. Langer inserted a magazine article criticizing the Bradley Commission report on veterans' benefits. p. 8374
  6. DAIRYING. Sen. Thye discussed the promotion efforts of the dairy producers to increase the consumption of dairy products. p. 8376
  7. FOOD AND DRUG; MEAT INSPECTION. Sen. Scott inserted a statement issued by the Gov. of N. C. commemorating the 50th anniversary of the Food and Drug and Meat Inspection Acts. p. 8377
  8. POSTAL RATES. Sen. Scott inserted a Progressive Farmer editorial, "How Low Postal Rates Help Businessmen and Farmers." p. 8378
  9. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Acting Majority Leader Smathers announced that the following bills may be taken up Mon.: H.R. 9822, to establish a fish hatchery in the Pisgah National Forest, N.C.; and H.R. 3255, to amend the Classification Act to preserve the rates of compensation of certain officers and employees. p. 8422
  10. ADJOURNED until Mon., June 4. p. 8425
- HOUSE
- 
11. APPROPRIATIONS. Received the conference report on H. R. 9390, the Interior Department and related agencies appropriation bill for 1957 (H. Rept. 2250) (pp. 8426, ~~8425~~). See attachment for actions on Forest Service items.
  12. DEFENSE PRODUCTION. Passed with amendments H. R. 9852, to extend the provisions of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, for two years (June 30, 1958), (p. 8428). The amendments agreed to, deleted a provision requiring members of the executive reserve to disclose periodically their holdings and provided for a study and recommendations by the Commerce Department on the nickel supply (p. 8432).
  13. FARM CREDIT. Passed, 246 to 4, with amendments H. R. 10285, to merge production credit banks, to provide for retirement of Government capital in Federal intermediate credit banks, and to provide for supervision of production credit associations (p. 8434). The amendments agreed to, provided for a technical change in the printing of the bill and that no surplus of a bank, required by the Farm Credit Act of 1956, shall be distributed as patronage refunds or as dividends (p. 8444).
  14. TAXATION. The conferees on H. R. 6143, to repeal the transportation tax on poultry and the tax on livestock sold on account of drought, received permission to file a conference report by Fri. midnight. p. 8447



Conference Report -- Interior and Related Agencies  
Appropriations Act for 1957

(Reported May 31, 1956)

Funds and Principal Language Changes

| Amend-<br>ment<br>No. | Agency and Item                                                                                                                                                     | Increases and Decreases     |                             |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                       |                                                                                                                                                                     | Senate Bill:                | Conference<br>Action        |
|                       |                                                                                                                                                                     | Compared with<br>House Bill | Compared with<br>House Bill |
|                       | FOREST SERVICE:                                                                                                                                                     |                             |                             |
|                       | National Forest Protection and Management:                                                                                                                          |                             |                             |
| 24                    | Senate and Conferees provided increases<br>as follows:                                                                                                              |                             |                             |
|                       | Range resource management .....                                                                                                                                     | +\$500,000:)                |                             |
|                       | Wildlife resource management .....                                                                                                                                  | +270,000:)                  |                             |
|                       | Soil and water management .....                                                                                                                                     | +250,000:)                  |                             |
|                       | Sanitation and care of public<br>campgrounds .....                                                                                                                  | +1,805,500:)                | +\$2,632,750                |
|                       | Forest fire protection .....                                                                                                                                        | +450,000:)                  |                             |
|                       | Reforestation .....                                                                                                                                                 | +620,000:)                  |                             |
|                       | Range revegetation .....                                                                                                                                            | +500,000:)                  |                             |
|                       | Total .....                                                                                                                                                         | +4,395,000:                 | +2,632,750                  |
|                       | Conference report states as follows:                                                                                                                                |                             |                             |
|                       | "Of the increase above the House figure,<br>\$250,000 is for soil and water manage-<br>ment, and \$620,000 is for<br>reforestation."                                |                             |                             |
|                       | Forest Research:                                                                                                                                                    |                             |                             |
| 25                    | Senate provided an increase of \$1,300,000<br>as follows:                                                                                                           |                             |                             |
|                       | Restoration of House cut in funds for<br>operation of the Forests Products<br>Laboratory .....                                                                      | +300,000:)                  |                             |
|                       | For additional forest research .....                                                                                                                                | +1,000,000:)                | +650,000                    |
| 26                    | Acquisition of Lands for National Forests:                                                                                                                          | Senate                      | House                       |
|                       | (Title in Appropriation Bill)                                                                                                                                       | inserted                    | agrees                      |
| 27                    | Weeks Act:                                                                                                                                                          |                             |                             |
|                       | Senate inserted funds and language author-<br>izing, with certain restrictions, acqui-<br>sition of lands for national forests ..                                   | +100,000:                   | *                           |
| 28                    | Special Acts:                                                                                                                                                       |                             |                             |
|                       | Senate inserted funds and language author-<br>izing, with certain restrictions, acqui-<br>sition of watershed lands within the<br>Cache National Forest, Utah ..... | +10,000:                    | *                           |
|                       | State and Private Forestry Cooperation:                                                                                                                             |                             |                             |
| 29                    | Senate and Conferees provided increases<br>as follows:                                                                                                              |                             |                             |
|                       | Cooperation in forest fire control ..                                                                                                                               | +2,975,000:                 | - -                         |
|                       | Cooperation in forest tree planting ..                                                                                                                              | +495,000:                   | +495,000                    |
|                       | Cooperation in forest management and<br>processing .....                                                                                                            | +310,000:                   | +310,000                    |
|                       | Total .....                                                                                                                                                         | +3,780,000:                 | +805,000                    |

\*Reported in disagreement.



## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

## Forest Service

## Appropriations, 1957, Compared with Appropriations, 1956, and Budget Estimates, 1957

[Note.--Amounts for 1956 include all supplemental appropriations to date, and are adjusted for comparability with the appropriation structure proposed in the 1957 Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act.]

|                                                                                                                                                       | Appropriations,<br>1956 | Budget<br>Estimates,<br>1957 | Appropriations,<br>1957 | Increase (+) or Decrease (-),<br>Appropriations, 1957<br>Compared with | Budget<br>Estimates,<br>1957 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                       |                         |                              | a/                      | Appropriations,<br>1956                                                |                              |
| ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS:                                                                                                                                |                         |                              |                         |                                                                        |                              |
| Salaries and expenses:                                                                                                                                |                         |                              |                         |                                                                        |                              |
| National forest protection and management .....                                                                                                       | b/ \$37,982,750:        | \$41,668,000:                | \$44,300,750:           | \$+6,318,000:                                                          | \$+2,632,750                 |
| Fighting forest fires .....                                                                                                                           | c/ 10,500,000:          | d/ 5,250,000:                | d/ 5,250,000:           | -5,250,000:                                                            | - -                          |
| Control of forest pests .....                                                                                                                         | e/ 6,271,500:           | e/ 5,120,000:                | e/ 5,120,000:           | -1,151,500:                                                            | - -                          |
| Forest research .....                                                                                                                                 | 8,237,300:              | 9,350,000:                   | 10,000,000:             | +1,762,700:                                                            | +650,000                     |
| Total, Salaries and expenses .....                                                                                                                    | 62,991,550:             | 61,388,000:                  | 64,670,750:             | +1,679,200:                                                            | +3,282,750                   |
| Forest roads and trails .....                                                                                                                         | f/ 23,997,835:          | 24,000,000:                  | 24,000,000:             | +2,165:                                                                | - -                          |
| State and private forestry cooperation .....                                                                                                          | 11,382,129:             | 11,385,000:                  | 12,190,000:             | +807,871:                                                              | +805,000                     |
| Cooperative range improvements .....                                                                                                                  | 700,000:                | 700,000:                     | 700,000:                | - -                                                                    | - -                          |
| Acquisition of lands for national forests:                                                                                                            |                         |                              |                         |                                                                        |                              |
| Weeks Act .....                                                                                                                                       | 190,000:                | - -                          | *                       | -190,000:                                                              | - -                          |
| Special Acts .....                                                                                                                                    | 10,000:                 | - -                          | *                       | -10,000:                                                               | - -                          |
| Total, Annual Appropriations for Forest Service .....                                                                                                 | 99,271,514:             | 97,473,000:                  | 101,560,750:            | +2,289,236:                                                            | +4,087,750                   |
| Deduct amounts included above appropriated from receipts .....                                                                                        | 710,000:                | 700,000:                     | 700,000:                | -10,000:                                                               | - -                          |
| Total, Annual Appropriations for Forest Service from the General Fund of the Treasury .....                                                           | 98,561,514:             | 96,773,000:                  | 100,860,750:            | +2,299,236:                                                            | +4,087,750                   |
| PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS (Primarily "Payments to States and Territories" and "Roads and Trails for States" - payable from national forest receipts) : |                         |                              |                         |                                                                        |                              |
| f/ 32,000,600:f/ 41,527,200: f/ 41,527,200:                                                                                                           |                         |                              |                         | +9,526,600:                                                            | - -                          |

\* Reported in disagreement.

- a/ Based on Conference Report (No. 2250) on the Department of Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations for 1957, dated May 31, 1956.
- b/ Includes \$300,000 appropriated in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956 and \$200,000 appropriated in the Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.
- c/ Includes \$5,250,000 appropriated in the Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956.
- d/ Includes \$1,750,000 contingency for use only to the extent necessary to meet emergency forest fire situations.
- e/ Includes contingency fund for use to the extent necessary for control activities under the Forest Pest Control Act as follows: 1956, \$3,137,500; 1957 Budget Estimate and Act, \$1,751,000.
- f/ In addition, prior-year balances available.





DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED  
AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1957

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MAY 31, 1956.—Ordered to be printed

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Mr. KIRWAN, from the committee of conference, submitted the  
following

CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 9390]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 2, 14, 17, 31, 32, 33, and 34.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 26, 36, and 37, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 3:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 3, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$18,369,300; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 7:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 7, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$5,240,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 12:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 12, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$15,862,750; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 24:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 24, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$44,300,750; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 25:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 25, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$10,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 29:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 29, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$12,190,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 30:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 30, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$200,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 38:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 38, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed by said amendment insert:

WOODROW WILSON CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION COMMISSION

*For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of August 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 964, 965), as amended, \$48,500.*

And the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 8, 10, 16, 18, 27, 28, and 35.

MICHAEL J. KIRWAN,  
WM. F. NORRELL,  
ALFRED D. SIEMINSKI,  
DON MAGNUSON,  
CLARENCE CANNON,  
BEN F. JENSEN,  
IVOR D. FENTON,  
ERRETT P. SCRIVNER,  
JOHN TABER,

*Managers on the Part of the House.*

CARL HAYDEN,  
DENNIS CHAVEZ,  
WARREN G. MAGNUSON,  
KARL E. MUNDT,  
MILTON R. YOUNG,

*Managers on the Part of the Senate.*

## STATEMENT OF THE MANAGERS ON THE PART OF THE HOUSE

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, submit the following statement in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

### TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

#### RESEARCH IN THE UTILIZATION OF SALINE WATER

The conferees concur in the statement of the House report to the effect that the \$50,000 reduction in the budget estimate is to apply to the item of administration and coordination.

#### OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

Amendment No. 1: Appropriates \$2,835,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$2,800,000 as proposed by the House.

#### OFFICE OF MINERALS MOBILIZATION

Amendment No. 2: Appropriates \$300,000 as proposed by the House instead of \$225,000 as proposed by the Senate.

#### BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Amendment No. 3: Appropriates \$18,369,300 for management of lands and resources instead of \$18,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$18,738,600 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 4: Permits the purchase of 31 passenger motor vehicles as proposed by the Senate instead of 25 as proposed by the House.

#### BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Amendment No. 5: Appropriates \$50,720,000 for education and welfare services as proposed by the Senate instead of \$50,700,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 6: Appropriates \$16,200,000 for resources management as proposed by the Senate instead of \$16,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 7: Appropriates \$5,240,000 for construction instead of \$4,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$7,740,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees have approved the construction program as set forth in the justifications and recognize the need of future appropriations to cover the total costs.



Amendment No. 8: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 9: Permits the purchase of 290 passenger motor vehicles as proposed by the Senate instead of 270 as proposed by the House.

#### GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Amendment No. 10: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 11: Permits the purchase of 126 passenger motor vehicles as proposed by the Senate instead of 100 as proposed by the House.

#### BUREAU OF MINES

Amendment No. 12: Appropriates \$15,862,750 for conservation and development of mineral resources instead of \$15,363,000 as proposed by the House and \$17,363,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funds for mining research at the oil shale plant, Rifle, Colo., have been disallowed. Of the increase above the House figure, \$100,000 is for laboratory research on oil shale and shale oil at Laramie, Wyo.

#### NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Amendment No. 13: Appropriates \$11,562,000 for management and protection as proposed by the Senate instead of \$11,480,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 14: Strikes out language proposed by the Senate which would have made the construction appropriation immediately available.

Amendment No. 15: Appropriates \$15,250,000 for construction as proposed by the Senate instead of \$15,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 16: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 17: Strikes out language proposed by the Senate which would have made the construction (liquidation of contract authorization) appropriation immediately available.

Amendment No. 18: Reported in disagreement.

#### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Amendment No. 19: Appropriates \$10,373,600 for management of resources as proposed by the Senate instead of \$9,696,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 20: Appropriates \$5,105,000 for investigations of resources as proposed by the Senate instead of \$5,065,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 21: Appropriates \$2,471,000 for construction as proposed by the Senate instead of \$2,200,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 22: Permits the purchase of 131 passenger motor vehicles as proposed by the Senate instead of 97 as proposed by the House.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Amendment No. 23: Strikes out House language limiting funds for informational services.

## TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### FOREST SERVICE

Amendment No. 24: Appropriates \$44,300,750 for national forest protection and management instead of \$41,668,000 as proposed by the House and \$46,063,500 as proposed by the Senate. Of the increase above the House figure, \$250,000 is for soil and water management and \$620,000 is for reforestation.

Amendment No. 25: Appropriates \$10,000,000 for forest research instead of \$9,350,000 as proposed by the House and \$10,650,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 26: Inserts a heading, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 27 and 28: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 29: Appropriates \$12,190,000 for State and private forestry cooperation instead of \$11,385,000 as proposed by the House and \$15,165,000 as proposed by the Senate. An increase of \$495,000 above the House figure has been provided for cooperation in forest tree planting and \$310,000 for cooperation in forest management and processing.

#### NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Amendment No. 30: Appropriates \$200,000 for salaries and expenses instead of \$185,000 as proposed by the House and \$210,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 31–34: Appropriate \$1,250,000 for land acquisition as proposed by the House instead of \$1,500,000 as proposed by the Senate and provide for allocations as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 35: Reported in disagreement.

#### SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Amendment No. 36: Appropriates \$4,425,000 for salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution, as proposed by the Senate instead of \$4,400,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 37: Appropriates \$1,505,000 for salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art, as proposed by the Senate instead of \$1,495,000 as proposed by the House.

#### WOODROW WILSON CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION COMMISSION

Amendment No. 38: Appropriates \$48,500 as proposed by the Senate.

MICHAEL J. KIRWAN,  
WM. F. NORRELL,  
ALFRED D. SIEMINSKI,  
DON MAGNUSON,  
CLARENCE CANNON,  
BEN F. JENSEN,  
IVOR D. FENTON,  
ERRETT P. SCRIVNER,  
JOHN TABER,

*Managers on the Part of the House.*





At the same time the Board recommended a permanent certificate for Northwest on the great circle course.

In January of 1955, the President refused to approve a permanent certificate for Northwest, and based his decision on an assumption that subsidy was for Northwest operations.

The Senate will recall and it was brought out today during the consideration of the appropriations for the Department of Commerce that Northwest no longer has any subsidy for its overseas operations.

Other international carriers, by the way, were granted permanent operating rights while still on subsidy.

However, Northwest was not receiving subsidy at the time its permanent certificate was denied, and it still is today the only United States subsidy-free carrier without permanent rights to its international points.

In regard to Pan American's application to duplicate Northwest's service, the Board had recommended that it be denied. The President, however, again did not follow the Board's recommendation. Instead, he held his decision in abeyance until February of this year.

In asking the Board earlier this year to reconsider Pan American's application, the President indicated that he had been advised that new circumstances and new developments have arisen that may make at least some of the considerations previously raised by the Board no longer applicable.

Mr. President, I believe we should know who advised the President in this respect; I am sure it was not the Civil Aeronautics Board. Was it members of his staff? And if so, who advised the members of his staff, and what kind of information exchanged hands?

I am aware that Pan American claims discrimination or unfair competition by being restricted to the Central Pacific route, and that it cannot remain off subsidy unless it is granted authority to operate over the shorter route. But are Senators aware that Pan American already has the authority to operate a route from San Francisco to Tokyo, via Midway, that is only slightly longer than the one it seeks?

Are Senators aware that revenues derived from Pan American's Pacific operations for 1955 amounted to \$58,551,000 with a net operating income, without subsidy, of \$5,076,000?

Northwest's revenues for the same period amounted to \$21,357,267 with a net loss of \$244,000 before taxes.

It is evident that Pan American does not need to gain access to Northwest's small market in order to stay off subsidy. Why, then, has the Board been asked to reconsider this issue? Is there a move underway to give Pan American, which is still a heavily subsidized carrier, complete control of all Pacific traffic and thereby create a monopoly at the expense of a completely subsidy-free carrier?

I wish the RECORD to be absolutely clear that I am not selecting Pan American for any kind of abusive treatment. It is a great carrier. It has done marvelous work. It has been worthy of all possible consideration, but it is not worthy of special treatment, particularly when the facts do not permit that kind of treatment.

When the White House most recently returned this issue to the CAB, the Board expanded the case so as to also consider possible relief for Northwest in the event that Pan American's application was granted. Northwest does not want relief. It wants a certificate. But this was quickly stopped by the White House in a letter to the Board and signed by Gerald Morgan, special counsel to the President, who directed the Board to consider only the issues relevant to Pan American's application.

So far as I know, this is the first time the White House has directly intervened in any case before the CAB—and to come from a staff member at that. I am sure there is nothing in the Civil Aeronautics Act that provides for such a procedure.

In view of this unusual sequence of events, the Nation deserves nothing less than a complete report from the White House, explaining not only what appears to be strongly discriminatory action against an independent, self-supporting airline, but also in making a farce out of the lengthy and deliberate hearings and decisions of the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Mr. President, I should like to note that, according to the column to which I alluded previously, several developments have taken place in connection with Pan American in recent days which may be very interesting. For example, Robert Murray, former Under Secretary of Commerce, who helped to get the White House to reverse temporarily the CAB ruling for Northwest Air Lines and

against Pan American has been hired by Pan American.

Mr. Roger Lewis, former Assistant Secretary of the Air Force, who held a key position in the Eisenhower administration when important contracts were given to Pan American on guided missiles and overhaul of Air Force motors is now with Pan American. Furthermore, a nephew of President Eisenhower, Milton Eisenhower, Jr., is now with Pan American.

These may be totally unrelated matters, and I am making no particular accusation. I merely say that, coming from a State where the main base of Northwest Air Lines is located, with thousands of people interested in what is done in connection with the CAB certificate matter, because the Northwest base means jobs for our people, and this air line means jobs for our people, and, furthermore, because the air line has done a good job for the government and for the country, I believe justice should be done.

All I ask is that justice be done, and that an explanation be given. If the explanation can be validated as worthy and honorable, and if the explanation justifies reconsideration of CAB rulings, then, indeed, we shall withhold any further comment. However until that explanation is forthcoming, we intend to comment and we intend to ask what I consider it to be very important questions, because the Civil Aeronautics Administration Act does not provide for the procedure which is now being used in this particular case.

#### ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. President, in accordance with the previous order, I move that the Senate now adjourn until Monday, June 4, at 12 o'clock noon.

The motion was agreed to; and (at 4 o'clock and 40 minutes p. m.) the Senate adjourned, the adjournment being, under the order previously entered, until Monday, June 4, 1956, at 12 o'clock meridian.

#### CONFIRMATION

Executive nomination confirmed by the Senate May 31 (legislative day of May 24), 1956:

##### FEDERAL MARITIME BOARD

Clarence G. Morse, of California, to be a member of the Federal Maritime Board, for a term of 4 years expiring June 30, 1960.



# House of Representatives

THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1956

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.

The Chaplain, Rev. Bernard Braskamp, D. D., offered the following prayer:

Eternal God, our Father, who art daily bestowing upon us the manifold blessings of Thy grace and goodness, help us to feel that it is our highest wisdom to en-throne Thy will and our noblest responsibility to establish the kingdom of justice and righteousness upon the earth.

Show us how to promote the spirit of understanding and unity in the heart of humanity and may all the members of the human family be bound to one another in mutual concern, seeking together those blessings which none can ever find or enjoy alone.

Grant that we may never yield ourselves to the enervating and debasing attitudes of the cynic and the defeatist, who would have us believe that our search for peace and good will is a forlorn quest and hope.

Make us more acutely sensitive and more eagerly responsive to Thy voice, calling us to give ourselves with courage and devotion to the task of safeguarding the heritage of freedom which we are privileged to enjoy.

Hear us in Christ's name. Amen.

## THE JOURNAL

The Journal of the proceedings of Tuesday, May 29, 1956, was read and approved.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Carrell, one of its clerks announced that the Senate had passed, with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H. R. 10660. An act to amend and supplement the Federal-Aid Road Act approved July 11, 1916, to authorize appropriations for continuing the construction of highways; to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to provide additional revenue from the taxes on motor fuel, tires, and trucks and buses; and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill, and requests a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appoints on title I, Mr. CHAVEZ, Mr. KERR, Mr. GORE, Mr. MARTIN of Pennsylvania, Mr. McNAMARA, and Mr. BUSH; and on title II, Mr. CASE of South Dakota, Mr. BYRD, Mr. GEORGE, Mr. KERR, Mr. MILLIKIN, and Mr. MARTIN of Pennsylvania, to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amend-

ments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 11177) entitled "An act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture and Farm Credit Administration for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes."

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the amendment of the House to Senate amendment No. 5 to the above-entitled bill.

The message also announced that the Vice President has appointed Mr. JOHNSTON, of South Carolina, and Mr. CARLSON members of the joint select committee on the part of the Senate, as provided for in the act of August 5, 1939, entitled "An act to provide for the disposition of certain records of the United States Government," for the disposition of executive papers referred to in the report of the Archivist of the United States numbered 56-14.

## INTERIOR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL, 1957

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the conferees on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, have until 12 o'clock tomorrow night in which to file a conference report on that bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. McCORMACK). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

The conference report and statement follow:

### CONFERENCE REPORT (H. REPT. No. 2250)

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 9390) "making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes," having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 2, 14, 17, 31, 32, 33, and 34.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 26, 36 and 37, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 3: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 3, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$18,369,300"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 7: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 7, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$5,240,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 12: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 12, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$15,862,750"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 24: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 24, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$44,300,750"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 25: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 25, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$10,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 29: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 29, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$12,190,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 30: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 30, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$200,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 38: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 38, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the matter proposed by said amendment insert:

"WOODROW WILSON CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION COMMISSION

"For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of August 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 964, 965), as amended, \$48,500."

And the Senate agree to the same. The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 8, 10, 16, 18, 27, 28, and 35.

MICHAEL J. KIRWAN,  
WM. F. NORRELL,  
ALFRED D. SIEMINSKI,  
DON MAGNUSON,  
CLARENCE CANNON,  
BEN F. JENSEN,  
IVOR D. FENTON,  
ERRETT P. SCRIVNER,  
JOHN TABER,

*Managers on the Part of the House.*

CARL HAYDEN,  
DENNIS CHAVEZ,  
WARREN G. MAGNUSON,  
KARL E. MUNDT,  
MILTON R. YOUNG,

*Managers on the Part of the Senate.*

## STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, submit the following statement in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:



## TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

*Research in the utilization of saline water*

The conferees concur in the statement of the House report to the effect that the \$50,000 reduction in the budget estimate is to apply to the item of administration and coordination.

*Office of the Solicitor*

Amendment No. 1: Appropriates \$2,835,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$2,800,000 as proposed by the House.

*Office of Minerals Mobilization*

Amendment No. 2: Appropriates \$300,000 as proposed by the House instead of \$225,000 as proposed by the Senate.

*Bureau of Land Management*

Amendment No. 3: Appropriates \$18,369,300 for management of lands and resources instead of \$18,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$18,738,600 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 4: Permits the purchase of 31 passenger motor vehicles as proposed by the Senate, instead of 25 as proposed by the House.

*Bureau of Indian Affairs*

Amendment No. 5: Appropriates \$50,720,000 for education and welfare services as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$50,700,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 6: Appropriates \$16,200,000 for resources management as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$16,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 7: Appropriates \$5,240,000 for construction, instead of \$4,000,000 as proposed by the House, and \$7,740,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees have approved the construction program as set forth in the justifications and recognize the need of future appropriations to cover the total costs.

Amendment No. 8: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 9: Permits the purchase of 290 passenger motor vehicles as proposed by the Senate, instead of 270 as proposed by the House.

*Geological Survey*

Amendment No. 10: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 11: Permits the purchase of 126 passenger motor vehicles as proposed by the Senate instead of 100 as proposed by the House.

*Bureau of Mines*

Amendment No. 12: Appropriates \$15,862,750 for conservation and development of mineral resources, instead of \$15,363,000 as proposed by the House, and \$17,363,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funds for mining research at the oil shale plant, Rifle, Colorado, have been disallowed. Of the increase above the House figure, \$100,000 is for laboratory research on oil shale and shale oil at Laramie, Wyoming.

*National Park Service*

Amendment No. 13: Appropriates \$11,562,000 for management and protection as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$11,480,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 14: Strikes out language proposed by the Senate which would have made the construction appropriation immediately available.

Amendment No. 15: Appropriates \$15,250,000 for construction as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$15,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 16: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 17: Strikes out language proposed by the Senate which would have made the construction (liquidation of contract authorization) appropriation immediately available.

Amendment No. 18: Reported in disagreement.

*Fish and Wildlife Service*

Amendment No. 19: Appropriates \$10,373,600 for management of resources as proposed by the Senate instead of \$9,696,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 20: Appropriates \$5,105,000 for investigations of resources as proposed by the Senate instead of \$5,065,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 21: Appropriates \$2,471,000 for construction as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$2,200,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 22: Permits the purchase of 131 passenger motor vehicles as proposed by the Senate instead of 97 as proposed by the House.

*General provisions, Department of the Interior*

Amendment No. 23: Strikes out House language limiting funds for informational services.

## TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

*Department of Agriculture**Forest Service*

Amendment No. 24: Appropriates \$44,300,750 for national forest protection and management instead of \$41,668,000 as proposed by the House and \$46,063,500 as proposed by the Senate. Of the increase above the House figure, \$250,000 is for soil and water management, and \$620,000 is for reforestation.

Amendment No. 25: Appropriates \$10,000,000 for forest research instead of \$9,350,000 as proposed by the House and \$10,650,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 26: Inserts a heading, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 27 and 28: Reported in disagreement.

Amendment No. 29: Appropriates \$12,190,000 for state and private forestry cooperation instead of \$11,385,000 as proposed by the House and \$15,165,000 as proposed by the Senate. An increase of \$495,000 above the House figure has been provided for cooperation in forest tree planting and \$310,000 for cooperation in forest management and processing.

*National Capital Planning Commission*

Amendment No. 30: Appropriates \$200,000 for salaries and expenses instead of \$185,000 as proposed by the House and \$210,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendments Nos. 31-34: Appropriate \$1,250,000 for land acquisition as proposed by the House, instead of \$1,500,000 as proposed by the Senate and provide for allocations as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 35: Reported in disagreement.

*Smithsonian Institution*

Amendment No. 36: Appropriates \$4,425,000 for salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$4,400,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 37: Appropriates \$1,505,000 for salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$1,495,000 as proposed by the House.

*Woodrow Wilson Centennial Celebration Commission*

Amendment No. 38: Appropriates \$48,500 as proposed by the Senate.

MICHAEL J. KIRWAN,  
W. F. NORRELL,  
ALFRED D. SIEMINSKI,  
DON MAGNUSON,  
CLARENCE CANNON,  
BEN F. JENSEN,  
IVOR D. FENTON,  
ERRETT P. SCRIVNER,  
JOHN TABER,

*Managers on the Part of the House.*

## COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Mr. GORDON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Affairs may have until midnight tomorrow in which to file a report on the bill (H. R. 10766) to authorize the payment of compensation for certain losses and damages caused by United States Armed Forces during World War II.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

## PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

(Mr. HOFFMAN of Michigan asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks and include a newspaper article and that his remarks be printed at the close of the legislative program today.)

## TRAFFIC DEATHS

(Mrs. ROGERS of Massachusetts asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mrs. ROGERS of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, we are all horrified at the number of deaths on the highways. There is no doubt that death stalks the highways today, and it seems to me we do very little about it except talk. I am wondering if life has become cheap as it is in Russia. I have introduced a resolution which creates a select committee to report back to the Congress on methods and means that can be used to prevent such deaths. Other resolutions have been introduced, but little comes of them. A woman was killed outside of my house, and for over a year signs were put up authorizing 25 miles an hour as the speed limit, but they have paid no attention to it. It is just as bad as it was before. We celebrated Memorial Day and dedicated our lives to the protection of our soldiers and our country. It seems that the least we can do is to see that in peaceful pursuits and in business pursuits more people are protected and our children are safe.

The resolution referred to is as follows:

## House Resolution 519

Whereas the Nation is witnessing a terrible increase in the number of traffic accidents occurring on its highways which must be abated: Therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That there is hereby created a select committee to be composed of 7 Members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker, 1 of whom he shall designate as chairman. Any vacancy occurring in the membership of the committee shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

The committee is authorized and directed to conduct a full and complete investigation and study to determine means which are feasible and necessary to promote maximum safety on the highways of the Nation.

The committee shall report to the House (or to the Clerk of the House if the House is not in session) as soon as practicable during the present Congress the results of its



investigation and study, together with such recommendations as it deems advisable.

For the purpose of carrying out this resolution the committee, or any subcommittee thereof authorized by the committee to hold hearings, is authorized to sit and act during the present Congress at such times and places within the United States, its Territories, and possessions, whether the House is in session, has recessed, or has adjourned, to hold such hearings, and to require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents, as it deems necessary. Subpoenas may be issued under the signature of the chairman of the committee or any member of the committee designated by him, and may be served by any person designated by such chairman or member.

Mr. Speaker, the clergymen in Massachusetts are making constant statements of caution to prevent accidents on the highways, and also the press, but accidents and deaths continue.

The following are the statistics on highway deaths and injuries furnished by Department of Commerce, Bureau of Public Roads:

Deaths in 1955:

|                |       |
|----------------|-------|
| January.....   | 2,820 |
| February.....  | 2,300 |
| March.....     | 2,640 |
| April.....     | 2,740 |
| May.....       | 3,050 |
| June.....      | 2,980 |
| July.....      | 3,400 |
| August.....    | 3,530 |
| September..... | 3,400 |
| October.....   | 3,880 |
| November.....  | 3,600 |
| December.....  | 3,960 |

Total..... 38,300

Source of above figures: Public Safety, magazine published by the National Safety Council, June 1956 issue, page 32.

Injuries in 1955: Total on record for year 1955, 1,039,126.

(These figures include 32 States and the District of Columbia. Not broken down into months as some States do not report monthly figures, and only 32 States reporting.)

Source of above figures: Public Safety, May 1956 issue, page 36.

#### MILITARY PERSONNEL CLAIMS ACT OF 1945

Mr. FORRESTER. Mr. Speaker, I call up the conference report on the bill (H. R. 3996) to further amend the Military Personnel Claims Act of 1945, and ask unanimous consent that the statement of the managers on the part of the House be read in lieu of the report.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the statement.

(For conference report and statement, see proceedings of the House of May 28, 1956.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the conference report.

The conference report was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. HOFFMAN of Michigan. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to

print certain charts and tables in the remarks that were printed in the RECORD on last Tuesday. I neglected to ask permission at that time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection?

There was no objection.

#### RIVALRY IN THE MILITARY SERVICES

(Mr. SIKES asked and was granted permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SIKES. Mr. Speaker, I do not share in the concern which has been expressed in many quarters about rivalry between the military services. I do not base this statement on conjecture or hearsay. The Defense Subcommittee on Appropriations, of which I am a member, has held hearings on this matter following disclosures of conflicting views in and out of the services. Those hearings have shown a healthy rivalry in new and important fields. America is developing new weapons and new techniques. Of these, none is more important than the field of guided missiles. There is serious doubt that America is ahead in this field. Yet, it is one race that we cannot afford to lose. The most dangerous thing to the peace of the world would be Soviet supremacy in the field of guided missiles. It is because of this fact that I am not disturbed by rivalry within the services for progress and prestige in the development of guided missiles and other new weapons and techniques. While I am convinced there is not serious overlapping, I could even condone a certain overlapping and duplication if it would help to insure that America will stay abreast and eventually surpass all other powers in these fields. We do not under any circumstances want military services whose leaders simply "go along" instead of fighting vigorously for their viewpoints and for the most rapid development of the weapons which may mean the difference between success or failure in future conflicts.

#### EXTENSION OF DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT

Mr. MADDEN. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up the resolution (H. Res. 505) and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

*Resolved*, That upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H. R. 9852) to extend the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and for other purposes. After general debate, which shall be confined to the bill, and shall continue not to exceed 1 hour, to be equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Banking and Currency, the bill shall be read for amendment under the 5-minute rule. At the conclusion of the consideration of the bill for amendment, the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted, and the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto for final passage without inter-

vening motion except one motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Indiana [Mr. MADDEN] is recognized for 1 hour.

(Mr. MADDEN asked and was granted permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. MADDEN. Mr. Speaker, I call up this resolution which makes in order consideration of the bill H. R. 9852, which is an extension of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

The resolution provides for an open rule and 1 hour of general debate on the bill.

H. R. 9852 as reported from the Committee on Banking and Currency with amendment, extends the Defense Production Act of 1950 for 2 additional years until June 30, 1958, and would make the same 2-year extension in the authority to purchase strategic materials under section 303 of the act.

The bill would continue the priorities and allocation authority which is important to the procurement programs of the Department of Defense and the Atomic Energy Commission. This is accomplished by requiring producers of steel, copper, and aluminum to set aside certain percentages of their production for the filling of defense orders which are given preference in delivery.

Authority for lending and loan guaranties to provide incentives to expand productive capacity are also continued by the extension of the act, as well as the procurement authority. Through these means the threat of wartime shortages of strategic and critical materials is reduced.

The committee amendment to the bill pertains to persons who are trained under the executive reserve program of the agencies having mobilization responsibilities, as set up in the Defense Production Act of 1955. It provides that these trainees will be required to file the same statement of financial interests as persons who serve in the Government without compensation.

The committee report complies with the Ramseyer rule and I urge the adoption of House Resolution 505 so the House may proceed to the consideration of H. R. 9852.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time, and I now yield 30 minutes to the gentleman from New York [Mr. KEATING].

Mr. KEATING. Mr. Speaker, there are no requests for time on this side. There is no objection to this bill. I yield back the remainder of my time.

Mr. MADDEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. PRESTON].

Mr. PRESTON. Mr. Speaker, some 2 weeks ago I invited the attention of this House to the grave hardships being worked on our rural citizens by the closing of rural post offices and the curtailment of mail service. You may recall that I cited figures to demonstrate that the post-office closings in the name of economy save less than two-tenths of 1 percent of the Post Office budget. This minute saving is made at the expense of tremendous hardship on millions of American farm families.







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued June 5, 1956  
For actions of June 4, 1956  
84th-2nd, No. 91

## CONTENTS

|                                  |            |                          |            |                          |          |
|----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------|----------|
| Accounting.....                  | 49         | Food supply.....         | 24         | Reclamation.....         | 21,35    |
| Agricultural appropriations..... | 48         | Foreign aid.....         | 20,28      | Recreation.....          | 45       |
| Animal disease.....              | 37         | Foreign trade.....       | 25         | Safety.....              | 29,46    |
| Appropriations.....              | 1,11,12,42 | Forest Service.....      | 12         | Seed.....                | 16       |
| .....                            | 52         | Forestry.....            | 2,15,23,36 | Small business.....      | 19,30,51 |
| Budgeting.....                   | 49         | Guam.....                | 16         | Social security.....     | 11       |
| Dairy products.....              | 8,17       | Health.....              | 45         | Soil conservation.....   | 31       |
| Defense production.....          | 5          | Legislative program..... | 11         | Strategic materials..... | 22       |
| Export control.....              | 4          | Livestock.....           | 14         | Surplus commodities..... | 22,41    |
| Farm credit.....                 | 50         | Monopolies.....          | 10,18,51   | Taxation.....            | 14,43    |
| Farm income.....                 | 39         | Personnel.....           | 3,33       | Tobacco.....             | 47       |
| Farm loans.....                  | 7,13       | Postal rates.....        | 34         | Transportation.....      | 14,27    |
| Farm products.....               | 43         | Poultry.....             | 14,40      | Veterans' benefits.....  | 38       |
| Farm program.....                | 26         | Public lands.....        | 6          | Water.....               | 31,35    |
| Fisheries.....                   | 44         | Public power.....        | 9          | Wildlife.....            | 16       |
|                                  |            | Public works.....        | 32         |                          |          |

HIGHLIGHTS: See page 7.

## SENATE

1. APPROPRIATIONS. The Appropriations Committee reported with amendments H. R. 9720, the Labor-HEW appropriation bill for 1957 (S. Rept. 2093); and H. R. 10003, the D. C. appropriation bill for 1957 (S. Rept. 2094). p. 8457  
Made the Labor-HEW appropriation bill its unfinished business for consideration today. p. 8498
2. FORESTRY. Passed without amendment H. R. 9822, to require the Interior Department to establish a trout hatchery in the Pisgah National Forest, N. C. Sen. Flanders discussed, but did not submit, an amendment to this bill to provide for the reconstruction and equipment of the fish hatchery in the Green Mountain National Forest, and stated that he would introduce a bill for this purpose. This bill is now ready for the President. p. 8497
3. PERSONNEL. Passed without amendment H. R. 3255, to preserve the basic compensation of classified employees whose positions are reclassified to a lower grade. This bill is now ready for the President. p. 8498

4. EXPORT CONTROL. The Banking and Currency Committee ordered reported with amendment H. R. 9052, to extend the Export Control Act of 1949 for 2 years. p. D558
5. DEFENSE PRODUCTION. The Banking and Currency Committee ordered reported with amendments S. 3407, to extend the Defense Production Act of 1950. p. D558
6. PUBLIC LANDS. An Interior and Insular Affairs subcommittee ordered reported with amendments to the full committee H. R. 4096, to provide for the disposal of public lands within highway, telephone, and pipeline withdrawals in Alaska, subject to appropriate easements. p. D558
7. FARM LOANS. An Interior and Insular Affairs subcommittee ordered reported without amendment to the full committee H. R. 8385, to transfer to the Secretary of Agriculture the responsibilities relating to Puerto Rican hurricane relief loans. p. D558
8. SCHOOL MILK. Sen. Aiken inserted a statement of congressional intent in extending benefits of the special school milk program to certain child-care institutions and summer camps, which stated that it was the "prevailing desire of the committee to direct extension of the milk program to summer camps and to settlement houses, orphanages, and other similar institutions which were serving economically underprivileged children." p. 8479
9. PUBLIC POWER. Sen. Neuberger inserted a newspaper editorial opposing the development of Niagara Falls hydroelectric project. p. 8487
10. MONOPOLIES. Sen. Butler inserted his statement reviewing and commending the Administration's antitrust enforcement record. p. 8499
11. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Majority Leader Johnson announced that the Labor-HEW and D. C. appropriation bills would be taken up today, and that the social security bill would be considered later this week. p. 8458

HOUSE

12. APPROPRIATIONS. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 9390, the Interior Department appropriation bill for 1957 (including Forest Service items). p. 8503  
Conferees were appointed on H. R. 10899, the Commerce Department appropriation bill for 1957. p. 8503 Senate conferees were appointed on May 31.
13. FARM LOANS. The Agriculture Committee reported with amendment H. R. 11544, to improve and simplify the credit facilities available to farmers and to amend the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (H. Rept. 2260) (pp. 8511, 8517). Regarding this bill, the Committee issued the following statement on June 1:  
"The Committee on Agriculture today unanimously ordered reported a bill by Chairman Cooley (H.R. 11544) which will make important changes in the direct loan programs of the Department of Agriculture administered by the Farmers Home Administration.  
"The bill was drafted by the Conservation and Credit Subcommittee after extended consideration of more than a score of bills dealing with various aspects of the Farmers Home Administration loan programs. As reported by the committee, the bill will provide additional funds for emergency loan programs, authorize refinancing of existing farm debts, provide assistance to part-time farmers, and complement the Great Plains Program and the special program for low-income farmers.



# House of Representatives

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1956

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.

The Chaplain, Rev. Bernard Braskamp, D. D., offered the following prayer:

O Thou who art always willing and able to bless us according to our needs, may we begin this new week with gladness and gratitude and continue it with calmness and courage.

Grant that in all our plans and purposes to serve our generation we may be inspired by the loftiest motives and employ the noblest means.

Show us how we may minister more effectively and efficiently to the welfare of all humanity, giving wise counsel to the baffled and perplexed, consolation to the sorrowing, companionship to the lonely, and strength to the burdened.

May we daily have within our hearts the joy of knowing that we are living: useful and helpful lives and making a worthy contribution to a real and right solution of mankind's many difficult problems.

Hear us in Christ's name. Amen.

## THE JOURNAL

The Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, May 31, 1956, was read and approved.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Carrell, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed without amendment bills of the House of the following titles:

H. R. 1671. An act for the relief of Clement E. Sprouse;

H. R. 1913. An act for the relief of Mrs. Anna Elizabeth Doherty;

H. R. 2216. An act to amend the act of June 19, 1948 (ch. 511, 62 Stat. 489), relating to the retention in the service of disabled commissioned officers and warrant officers of the Army and Air Force;

H. R. 4229. An act to provide running mates for certain staff corps officers in the naval service, and for other purposes;

H. R. 4437. An act relating to withholding for State employee retirement system purposes, on the compensation of certain civilian employees of the National Guard and the Air National Guard;

H. R. 4569. An act to provide for renewal of and adjustment of compensation under contracts for carrying mail on water routes;

H. R. 4704. An act to provide for the examination preliminary to promotion of officers of the naval service;

H. R. 5268. An act to amend section 303 of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 to authorize the payment of mileage allowances for overland travel by private conveyance outside the continental limits of the United States;

H. R. 7679. An act to provide for the conveyance of certain lands by the United States to the City of Muskogee, Okla.;

H. R. 8477. An act to amend title II of the Women's Armed Services Integration Act of 1948, by providing flexibility in the distribution of women officers in the grades of commander and lieutenant commander, and for other purposes;

H. R. 8490. An act authorizing the Administrator of General Services to convey certain property of the United States to the city of Bonham, Tex.;

H. R. 8674. An act to provide for the return of certain property to the city of Biloxi, Miss.;

H. R. 9358. An act to require the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to issue a deed to the city of Cheyenne, Wyo., for certain land heretofore conveyed to such city, removing the conditions and reservations made a part of such prior conveyance; and

H. R. 10251. An act to authorize the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to deed certain land to the city of Grand Junction, Colo.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed bills of the following titles, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 2048. An act for the relief of certain former employees of the Inland Waterways Corporation;

S. 2771. An act to authorize the Secretary of Defense to lend certain Army, Navy, and Air Force equipment and to provide certain services to the Boy Scouts of America for use at the Fourth National Jamboree of the Boy Scouts of America, and for other purposes;

S. 2772. An act to authorize the Secretary of Defense to lend certain Army, Navy, and Air Force equipment and to provide transportation and other services to the Boy Scouts of America in connection with the World Jamboree of Boy Scouts to be held in England in 1957; and for other purposes; and

S. 3760. An act to provide for a more effective control of narcotic drugs, and for other related purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed, with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested, bills of the House of the following titles:

H. R. 1866. An act for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas V. Compton;

H. R. 2106. An act to provide that the enlistment contracts or periods of obligated service of members of the Armed Forces shall not terminate by reason of appointment as cadets or midshipmen at the Military, Naval, Air Force, or Coast Guard Academies, or as midshipmen in the Naval Reserve, and for other purposes;

H. R. 4363. An act authorizing the conveyance of certain property of the United States to the State of New Mexico;

H. R. 7471. An act to provide for the conveyance of certain lands of the United States to the Board of Commissioners of St. Johns County, Fla.; and

H. R. 8123. An act authorizing the Administrator of General Services to convey certain property of the United States to the city of Roseburg, Oreg.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed, with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H. R. 10899. An act making appropriations for the Department of Commerce and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill, requests a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appoints Mr. HOLLAND, Mr. ELLENDER, Mr. MAGNUSON, Mr. STENNIS, Mrs. SMITH of Maine, Mr. BRIDGES, and Mr. KNOWLAND to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the amendments of the House to a bill of the Senate of the following title:

S. 3515. An act to amend the National Housing Act, as amended, to assist in the provision of housing for essential civilian employees of the Armed Forces.

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE APPROPRIATION BILL, 1957

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill just messaged from the Senate, H. R. 10899, making appropriations for the Department of Commerce and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, with Senate amendments thereto, disagree to the amendments of the Senate, and agree to the conference asked by the Senate.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. McCormack). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri? [After a pause.] The Chair hears none, and appoints the following conferees: Messrs. PRESTON, THOMAS, ROONEY, YATES, SHELLEY, FLOOD, CANNON, CLEVINGER, BOW, HORAN, MILLER of Maryland, and TABER.

## INTERIOR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL, 1957

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Speaker, I call up the conference report on the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, and ask unanimous consent that the statement of the managers on the part of the House be read in lieu of the report.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?



There was no objection.

The Clerk read the statement.

(For conference report and statement, see proceedings of the House of May 31, 1956.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the conference report.

The conference report was agreed to.

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to consider en bloc those amendments on which the House managers will offer a motion to recede and concur, as follows: Nos. 8, 10, 16, 27, 28, and 35.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read as follows:

Senate amendment No. 8: Page 7, line 7, insert " , of which not to exceed \$240,000 may be paid to the Municipal School District No. 1, Sandoval County, N. Mex., to supplement an allocation of funds from the Office of Education for the construction of elementary public school facilities which shall be available to Pueblo Indian children."

Senate amendment No. 10: Page 11, line 7, strike out "and the preparation of plans and specifications for a building or buildings to meet the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metropolitan area of Washington, D. C." and insert "and for the Geological Survey or the General Services Administration to acquire a site and to prepare plans and specifications for a building or buildings to meet the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metropolitan area of Washington, D. C., without regard to Revised Statutes, page 3709, as amended (41 U. S. C. 5), and section 302 (c) of the act of June 30, 1949, as amended (41 U. S. C. 252 (c))."

Senate amendment No. 16: Page 16, line 4, insert " , of which not to exceed \$250,000 shall be available for the construction of additional school facilities at Grand Canyon National Park, Ariz."

Senate amendment No. 27: Page 34, line 23, insert:

#### "WEEKS ACT

"For the acquisition of forest lands under the provisions of the act approved March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U. S. C. 513-519, 521), \$100,000, to be available only for payment of the purchase price of any lands acquired, including the cost of surveys in connection with such acquisition: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the boundaries of a national forest: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local government concerned."

Senate amendment No. 28: Page 35, line 9, insert:

#### "SPECIAL ACTS

"For the acquisition of land to facilitate the control of soil erosion and flood damage originating within the exterior boundaries of the following national forest, in accordance with the provisions of the following act authorizing annual appropriations of forest receipts for such purposes, and in not to exceed the following amount from such receipts: Cache National Forest, Utah, act of May 11, 1938 (Public Law 505), as amended, \$10,000: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the boundaries of a national forest: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local government concerned."

Senate amendment No. 35: Page 40, line 7, insert " : *Provided further*, That the employment of not more than one person by contract or otherwise, pursuant to the third

sentence of section 2 (c) of the act of June 6, 1924, as amended by the act of July 19, 1952 (66 Stat. 783), may be extended for an additional year."

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Speaker, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. KIRWAN moves that the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate Nos. 8, 10, 16, 27, 28, and 35 and concur therein.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Senate amendment No. 18: Page 17, line 2, insert " : *Provided*, That all receipts from the operation of the McKinley Park Hotel in Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, may be applied to, or offset against, costs of managing, operating, and maintaining the hotel and related facilities, and any receipts or other revenues in excess of such costs shall be deposited at least annually into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts."

Mr. KIRWAN. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. KIRWAN moves that the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 18, and concur therein with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the matter proposed by said amendment insert " : *Provided*, That all receipts for the fiscal year 1957 from the operation of the McKinley Park Hotel in Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, may be applied to, or offset against, costs of managing, operating, and maintaining the hotel and related facilities, and any receipts or other revenues in excess of such costs shall be deposited at least annually into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts."

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the votes by which action was taken on the several motions was laid on the table.

## SEGREGATION

(Mr. MATTHEWS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. MATTHEWS. Mr. Speaker, as many of my colleagues, I have recently been faced with a primary campaign in my district, which is the Eighth District of Florida. I am humbly grateful to the wonderful citizens of our district because they gave me an overwhelming majority over my opponent. I have always tried to the best of my ability to keep every campaign promise, and I emphasized to our people in my recent campaign my determination to present their viewpoints in Congress concerning the problems of segregation in our public schools, which the Supreme Court declared unconstitutional 2 years ago. I pledged to my people that I would do everything within the law to maintain segregation in our public schools. I repeat a statement concerning the Supreme Court's decision on segregation that I made in Congress over 2 years ago:

Let me tell you the attitude of the majority of the people of both races in the Eighth Congressional District of Florida, which I represent. They view this decision as fraught with dangers comparable to the tragedies of World Wars I and II, and the emergence of the Communist terror.

I did not exaggerate the situation then, and I find in the light of my recent campaign that, if anything, I understated the attitude of the majority of the citizens of the Eighth District of Florida.

I believe that those of us who live in the Deep South should make every effort calmly, but honestly, to present to the Nation the great tragedy of a Supreme Court decision that discounts the Jeffersonian conception of States rights, and takes away from our separate States those rights that were delegated to them specifically in the Constitution. I do not believe this problem of segregation in our public schools will ever be solved satisfactorily unless we revert to the theory of States rights. I believe Florida should be given the privilege of handling this problem as Florida sees best to handle it. I ask for the same privilege on the part of the other 47 States in the Union.

I know just about everything has already been said on this subject that could be said, but I want to present one thought that perhaps is a little different. Some of the critics of the Supreme Court's decision on segregation have suggested that the members of the Court based their ruling on sociology rather than on law. If the decision were based on sociology, may I say that I do not believe it was based on sound sociological principles. One of the basic facts a sociologist learns is that you cannot legislate the mores and traditions of a people. Yet by a Supreme Court decision which has the effect of legislation, we are trying to legislate the mores and traditions of many millions of our citizens.

One thing that many of the fine people I represent in the Eighth District of Florida resent is the fact that in so many of our northern newspapers we never have presented the factual problems that have been provoked by the integration of races. In this connection, I would like to include an article from one of the great newspapers of Florida, the Florida Times-Union in its issue of Thursday, May 31, 1956. This article concerns rioting by Negro teen-agers on a vessel plying between Buffalo and Crystal Beach amusement park in Ontario. The article points out that the Negro teen-agers turned the vessel into a nightmare of flashing knives and sobbing, frightened passengers. The article further points out that of the approximately 1,000 persons who made the trip, about 80 percent were Negroes and that most of the trouble was caused by gangs of Negro girls who walked the deck, attacking and molesting young white girls. The complete article follows:

#### NEGROES ATTACK WHITES ON SHIP

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 30.—Rioting by Negro teen-agers on a vessel plying between here and Crystal Beach amusement park in Ontario tonight turned the vessel into a nightmare of flashing knives and sobbing, frightened passengers.







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

## OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued  
For actions of

June 6, 1956  
June 5, 1956  
84th-2nd, No. 92

### CONTENTS

|                           |                            |                          |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Accounting.....12         | Forestry.....14,16,27      | Personnel.....4,24,35,40 |
| Appropriations.....1,8,43 | Grain.....13               | Price supports.....28    |
| Atomic energy.....19      | Information.....42         | Property.....3,20        |
| Cotton.....31             | Inspection services.....21 | Reclamation.....22,39    |
| Economic report.....18    | Lands.....3                | Records.....11           |
| Electrification.....19,32 | Legislative program.....8  | Roads.....10             |
| Fisheries.....7           | Libraries.....41           | Social security.....5    |
| Flood insurance.....34    | Livestock.....2,38         | Soil bank.....9,33       |
| Food bank.....25          | Milk.....17                | Taxation.....2           |
| Foreign affairs.....29    | Mining.....16              | Transportation.....26    |
| Foreign aid.....15,30,37  | National parks.....27      | Water.....23,36          |
| Forest Service.....1      | Nominations.....6          | Wildlife.....13          |

HIGHLIGHTS: Senate agreed to conference report on Interior appropriation bill. Ready for President. Senate agreed to conference report on bill adjusting certain taxes on livestock. Senate Committee reported nomination of Seaton to be Secretary of Interior. Senate passed Labor-HEW and D. C. appropriation bills. Rep. Edmondson criticized proposed administration of soil bank act. House conferees were appointed on road bill. House passed bill to simplify accounting and payment of obligations methods. House passed bill authorizing use of CCC grain to control water fowl depredations. House Committee reported Superior National Forest land purchase bill.

### SENATE

1. APPROPRIATIONS. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 9390, the Interior Department appropriation bill for 1957 (including Forest Service items). p. 8568 This bill is now ready for the President.

Passed with amendments H. R. 10003, the D. C. appropriation bill for 1957. Conferees were appointed. pp. 8571, 72

Passed with amendments H. R. 9720, the Labor-HEW appropriation bill for 1957. Conferees were appointed. (pp. 8575, 8591) The committee report on this bill contains the following statement: "The estimate contained a request for administrative funds in connection with the Department's proposed new program for the development of agriculture's human resources, designed as a cooperative program with the Department of Agriculture. Funds were denied for the purpose in the summer of 1955, and by the House in this bill. No more adequate justification has been offered the committee than that given last year, and consequently no funds are allowed for this new program.

"It is the consensus of the committee that this is a program for which the Department of Agriculture has primary responsibility, and should that Department require services of the Department of Labor as described in the estimates, then the Department of Agriculture should transfer such funds to Labor for such services as it may be called upon to perform."

2. TAXATION. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 6143, to repeal the tax on livestock sold on account of drought. (See Digest 91 for provisions of report.) p. 8590
  3. PROPERTY; LANDS. Received from the Justice Department a report of the Inter-departmental Committee for the Study of Jurisdiction Over Federal Areas Within the States; to Government Operations Committee. p. 8519
  4. PERSONNEL. The Judiciary Committee reported with amendment S. 374, to provide for extension, and suspension in certain cases, of statutes of limitation on false swearing by Government employees with respect to subversive activities and connections (S. Rept. 2112). p. 8520  
Received from the Jt. Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures the report on Federal employment and pay for the month of April 1956. p. 8521
  5. SOCIAL SECURITY. The Finance Committee reported with amendments H. R. 7225, to extend the benefits of the Social Security Act (S. Rept. 2133). p. 8520
  6. NOMINATIONS. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee reported the nomination of Frederick A. Seaton to be Secretary of the Interior. p. 8524
  7. FISHERIES. Sen. Payne inserted and commented on an announcement issued by the White House June 4 for the creation of a Bureau of Fisheries in the Department of the Interior. p. 8529
  8. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Majority Leader Johnson announced that H. R. 9536, the general Government matters appropriation bill, and H. R. 9739, the independent offices appropriation bill, would be taken up today. p. 8571
- HOUSE
9. SOIL BANK. Rep. Edmondson expressed concern that certain farmers suffering from drought and flood damage might not be considered eligible for soil bank participation. p. 8610
  10. ROADS. Conferees were appointed on H. R. 10660, the Federal aid roads bill. p. 8610 Senate conferees were appointed on May 29.
  11. RECORDS. S. 2364, to clarify GSA authority over records management, was passed over at the request of Rep. Cunningham. p. 8611
  12. ACCOUNTING. Passed with amendment H. R. 9593, to improve the accounting procedure of the Government in two major respects: (1) to merge all prior-year obligated balances into one consolidated account for the same general purposes within each agency, and (2) to authorize the agencies of the Government to pay those bills on which there is no dispute but for which the appropriations have lapsed and make them chargeable to the lapsed appropriations in the same manner as bills payable from currently available appropriations. Agreed to a series of amendments, by Rep. Dawson, to various provisions of the bill. p. 8611
  13. GRAINS. Passed as reported H. R. 7641, which authorizes the Interior Department to requisition from CCC such wheat, corn, and other grains as CCC certifies to be available from its price-support inventories for the purpose of feeding migratory waterfowl such as ducks and geese; provides that Interior will reimburse CCC for expenses of packaging and transportation; and authorizes appropri-



1945. In fiscal 1947, our national expenditures on military security, which include atomic energy and military foreign aid, were \$14.6 billion, about 6 percent of the gross national product. In fiscal 1948 they were \$12.3 billion, in 1949 they were \$15 billion, and in 1950 they were \$14 billion. In other words, in the 4 years of the Truman administration prior to the Communist attack in Korea, our defense expenditures averaged about \$14 billion annually. That was about a 5-percent slice of our national economy, which during those same years expanded by \$50 billion.

In fiscal 1952, at the height of the Korean war, we spent on defense \$42 billion, which was 12.2 percent of our gross national product. In 1953 and 1954, under the present administration, we spent on defense \$46 billion annually—the highest amount since World War II. That was 13 percent of the gross national product, 2½ times the slice of the national economy devoted to defense under some of the Truman administration. I might note that, in spite of this record defense spending under the Republican administration, the gross national product actually contracted between 1953 and 1954. Today, in 1956, we still spend at a rate comparable to the years of the Korean war.

This kind of Federal spending has the same effect on our national economy whether the planes and guns are used to shoot at an enemy or not. We all hope that these weapons will become obsolete without having once moved from their storage depots, and without having been needed by our men in combat. But the effect on our economy of producing these weapons is, nevertheless, exactly the same. If on your doctor's orders you buy a pint of some expensive medicine fresh every week, the effect on your pocketbook—and on that of the drug-gist—is the same whether you swallow all of it, or just put it on a shelf.

Since 1952, through all the years of this administration, we have been riding the crest of a vast armaments boom. For 5 consecutive fiscal years, defense expenditures have averaged more than \$35 billion, and that figure appears to be the approximate level for these expenditures next year and in the years ahead. I want it clearly understood that I do not challenge the need for these expenditures. I support the necessary appropriations. But I think it is time for a review of the financial impact of these expenditures on corporate profits, as we have had a review of the veterans' programs.

In the widespread eagerness to claim credit for a great "peacetime prosperity," Mr. President, the economic and financial results of a long-range \$35 billion-a-year defense budget have been an inconvenient question, which has simply been swept under the rug.

PRESIDENT SHOULD ORDER A STUDY OF ARMAMENT PROFITS

I maintain, Mr. President, that the Chief Executive of this Nation has the same obligation to inquire into the profits being reaped from the production of essential defense material, which he felt to inquire into the benefits being be-

stowed upon war veterans. I urge him to appoint, for this purpose, the same kind of commission as the Bradley Commission, which he established for the latter inquiry.

If it is a proper subject of presidential inquiry to determine whether public funds are being profligately spent on benefits for war veterans, surely it is an equally proper subject to determine whether public funds are going with too great a profligacy and generosity to those who manufacture weapons for our soldiers and sailors of today to use in maneuvers, and perhaps even in actual combat.

It is appropriate for us, today, to look briefly at the prosperity being enjoyed by so many huge corporations now devoting substantial portions of their production to filling Government orders.

The greatest supplier of the Government in connection with defense programs has been General Motors, which in the 5 years between July 1, 1950 and June 30, 1955 has had prime contracts of a net value totaling \$6,874,000,000—I repeat, almost \$7 billion. At the end of the Second World War, General Motors stock sold for around \$35. By 1954, it had risen to \$99, was split 3 shares for 1, and again reached a high of \$54 last year, when General Motors was the first corporation in history to earn \$1 billion net, after taxes. General Electric, with \$4 billion in military prime contracts over the same 5 years, has seen its shares rise from a level of \$37-\$50 in 1945 to the equivalent of \$170-\$57 after a 3-for-1 split.

Similarly, the shares of great suppliers of petroleum products for the armed services, such as Standard Oil of California and of New Jersey, have also quintupled in value since the end of World War II.

Prominent among the largest defense contractors are, of course, the aircraft companies. A dozen of these have had military contracts ranging from \$1 billion to \$5 billion in the period 1950-55, and these military purchases represent over 90 percent of all aircraft construction orders. These companies, which work almost entirely for the armed services, are outstanding examples of the trend. Their shares have risen fantastically in value.

ADMINISTRATION TAX POLICIES HELP DEFENSE SUPPLIERS

These vast increases in stock values reflect, of course, increased earnings; and these, in turn, to a large extent reflect tax and other policies of the administration. During World War II, we tried to hold profits from war production to a reasonable level by means of excess profits taxes. These have been abandoned, and further generous tax concessions have been granted to corporations and their owners. In 1945, at the end of World War II, the average value of eight leading aircraft companies had risen only 30 percent over their prewar level. The excess profits tax expired, under the present administration, on December 31, 1953. The average value of the 8 aircraft stocks for 1954 was 371.8 percent of the prewar average; for 1955, it was 564 percent. For the first 4 months of

this year, these shares—of companies engaged almost entirely in defense production for the United States Government—have averaged 671 percent of their prewar level, or 5 times their value at the end of World War II.

I shall not multiply the available examples of this well-known trend. But I do not recall that Secretary of Defense Wilson, or Secretary of the Treasury Humphrey, has expressed any grave concern over the possibility that there may be a relationship between the continued magnitude of our defense needs, the absence of controls over armament earnings, and the vast profit to corporate shareholders.

ADMINISTRATION ENDORSES SACRIFICE BY MEN, BUT NOT SACRIFICE BY CORPORATIONS

They may, of course, prefer to ascribe it all to our new "peacetime prosperity." Yet, at the same time, in the last 18 months, the Eisenhower administration has shown great desire for economy and for sacrifice, where service by men rather than by corporations is involved.

First, we have seen an end to the GI bill of rights, which did so much to raise the educational standards of America, and which gave young servicemen some hope of earning a better future by their service to our country.

Second, last summer, Department of Defense demanded, and got, compulsory and enforceable Reserve duty for all servicemen, for several years after the end of their active duty—a forcible intrusion of the military into civilian life heretofore unheard of in this country.

Now, finally, we have the report of the Bradley Commission for a reconsideration of veterans' benefits, in the light of the principle that military service is "an obligation of citizenship."

Is this a characteristic example of the policies of the administration which frequently proclaims that it is "conservative in economic affairs but liberal in human affairs"?

Mr. President, if we face facts about the international situation, we know that military service is here to stay, probably for our lifetime. When we contemplate the incredible complexity of modern defense technology, we realize that large defense budgets also are here to stay.

Ex-servicemen will continue to comprise a large portion of each generation—even though we hope they will not be war veterans. Likewise, defense expenditures will continue to be a large sector of our gross national product, and particularly of the product of the largest industrial corporations.

The President has considered it wise and necessary to have a commission study the programs appropriate for ex-servicemen in our society. I now call upon President Eisenhower to appoint a presidential commission, similar to the Bradley Commission, to study the role of defense contracts and defense profits in our economy.

#### EXEMPTION OF SURVIVOR BENEFITS FROM TAX BASE

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to speak for approximately 6 minutes.



The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none. The Senator from Oregon may proceed.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, I am making this speech for the attention of the Finance Committee, because I think it is very important that the subject matter which I am about to discuss shall receive the attention of the Finance Committee this week, before it is too late.

Mr. President, on February 2, 1956, on behalf of myself and my colleague, the junior Senator from Oregon, I introduced a bill (S. 3119) to provide that certain survivor benefits received by a child under public retirement systems shall not be taken into account in determining whether that child is a dependent for income-tax purposes. On April 19, again with the support of my colleague, I introduced the same proposal as an amendment to the House bill, H. R. 7225, amending the Social Security Act.

I now understand that H. R. 7225 is to be reported at any moment by the Finance Committee. It is my further understanding that although the committee is recommending certain amendments to H. R. 7225, it has not acted on the amendment proposed by Senator NEUBERGER and myself. Indeed, I was told yesterday by the staff of the Finance Committee that the customary departmental reports on S. 3119, which were requested on February 3 from the Bureau of the Budget and the Treasury Department, have not been received. Apparently the administration does not deem our bill very important or worthwhile.

Viewed as only a small part of the complex of social security provisions, it perhaps is not very important. Judged, however, from the standpoint of thousands of American families headed by widows, it is both important and eminently worthwhile. There can be no question about the insecure financial position of such family units. Their average income falls far below families of the same size headed by a man, even when all benefits under public assistance and survivor's insurance programs are added to earned income.

Perhaps my colleagues will be as startled as I was, for example, to learn that although \$3,560 is regarded as necessary to afford a widow and two dependent children in Portland, Oreg., a "modest" standard of living, the median average income for all families in the United States headed by women is only \$2,293.

And yet, curiously enough, Mr. President, the Internal Revenue Code as presently devised penalizes the very families we seek to protect and cherish. A widowed mother with dependent children, who is forced to supplement OASI payments with earned income, is confronted today with an anomaly in the law which, in effect, taxes the survivor's benefits received by her children. Not only is this inconsistent with the intent of Congress in exempting OASI benefits from taxation; it also has an inverse reaction with relation to wealth.

As the law now reads, if a widow under OASI receives more than \$600 a year in earned income, she can claim her children as dependents only if she can

demonstrate that she is contributing more than half of their support. Since per child OASI payments now range between \$288 and \$624 a year, this means that a widow with two children, each of whom is receiving, say, \$450, can claim them as dependents for income tax purposes only if she can prove that she contributed to their support more than \$450 per child. Her total family income may be only \$2,500, and yet under the law, she is required to show that she has used at least \$1,800 of that amount for support of her children in order to avoid paying taxes on earned income above her standard \$600 exemption and 10 percent deduction. The effect of this on her precarious financial condition is readily apparent.

Less immediately apparent, but quite as significant, is the fact that this weakness in the Internal Revenue Code does not impinge with commensurate severity on widows with outside nonearned income. Their higher standard of living makes it possible for them to contribute more than half of the support of their children, and thus gain exemptions for whatever income they might earn.

To correct both of these weaknesses, my colleague and I are therefore suggesting that section 203 (a) of H. R. 7225 be amended to amend the Internal Revenue Code to provide that only those Social Security benefits exceeding \$600 per year per child shall be taken into account in determining whether a child receives more than half his support from his mother.

It is my intention, if I am so permitted by the parliamentary situation, to submit this amendment in the debate on H. R. 7225 later this week. I know it will receive the sympathetic support it so clearly deserves.

I was greatly disappointed at the failure of the Finance Committee to see to it that widowed mothers in America are not subjected to this great injustice by requiring them to pay taxes on social security benefits which go to their children. We have been very careful in the Senate, under laws recently passed to see to it that on retirement Senators are protected in receiving much greater retirement benefits than were provided prior to this session. It is about time the Finance Committee of the Senate should give some attention to the deplorable condition in which widowed mothers find themselves. It is an injustice which the Finance Committee should attempt to rectify; and I intend to bring out fully what is being done to these widowed mothers, unless the committee reports to the Senate a bill which contains this amendment.

#### INTERIOR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL, 1957—CONFERENCE REPORT

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I submit a report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 9390) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year

ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes. I ask unanimous consent for the present consideration of the report.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The report will be read for the information of the Senate.

The legislative clerk read the report.

(For conference report, see House proceedings of May 31, 1956, p. 8426, CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.)

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the present consideration of the report?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the report.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, the bill as passed by the Senate provided \$433,876,400 for the Department of the Interior, exclusive of the Bureau of Reclamation. The bill as approved by the conference committee provides for \$423,394,100.

I shall be glad to answer any questions Senators may ask in regard to any item of the bill.

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, will the Senator from Arizona yield?

Mr. HAYDEN. I yield.

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, I should like to ask a few questions concerning the final report on the bill, as I did not have the privilege of being present when the bill was considered on the floor.

First, I wish highly to commend and thank the Senator from Arizona for his very fine and effective work from year to year with reference to forestry programs which mean so much to all areas of the country, and particularly to the area from which I come, in connection with reforestation, proper forest management, and forestry research, in cooperation with the States along those lines.

Time and time again I have realized how very well the Senator from Arizona understands the problems and how effective he is in having the right program properly supplied with the necessary appropriations. At the same time, he is conservative in the figures which apply to the programs.

Mr. HAYDEN. We have tried to provide the money to do the necessary work, which amounts to a capital investment in our national forests. It has been well worthwhile.

Mr. STENNIS. I agree with the Senator's description, because I certainly believe that it is a capital investment and that it will bring returns over many years.

I am interested in the fund for management and protection. I understand that in part the appropriations approved by the Senate figures are preserved in the pending conference report.

Mr. HAYDEN. These are the increases allowed in conference:

|                                                 |           |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Range resource management.....                  | \$250,000 |
| Wildlife resource management.....               | 135,000   |
| Soil and water management.....                  | 250,000   |
| Sanitation and care of public campgrounds ..... | 902,750   |

That is a very important item.

|                             |           |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Forest fire protection..... | \$225,000 |
| Reforestation.....          | 620,000   |
| Revegetation .....          | 250,000   |

Unfortunately, we could not get the whole amount in that instance.



Mr. STENNIS. I have the figures with respect to forest research. There is a \$650,000 increase for that highly important item, which makes a \$1,800,000 increase for forest research over the current year.

Mr. HAYDEN. That is correct.

Mr. STENNIS. Those figures are approximately correct. That is another item which is highly important.

If I may refer to the next page, there is an increase in the item of cooperative forest tree planting, by reason of the conferees agreeing to a Senate amendment. This is another highly important program.

Mr. HAYDEN. Those items were allowed in amounts above the budget estimates.

Mr. STENNIS. I do not know of any program which is more important for the long-range future or which is a better capital investment. The distinguished Senator from Arizona and the Senators who worked with him are to be highly commended. This is a matter of vital concern and importance to my area of the country.

There has been more interest in the past 10 or 15 years in developing good forestry practices and management than has ever existed before. The expansion in forestry education, forestry research, practical forestry management, and other important forestry programs, combined with outstanding leadership, has contributed greatly to the fine progress which has been made.

Almost one-half of all those employed in manufacturing in Mississippi process lumber, furniture, or paper made from pulpwood. We have 2,000 saw mills, 6 pulp mills, and 150 wood-using plants of various kinds providing a market for the tree products of every woodland in Mississippi. Many farmers and others in rural areas find employment in processing, growing and harvesting timber and transporting forests products.

The Mississippi Forestry Commission, in cooperation with the United States Forestry Service, Mississippi State College, the Forestry Industry, private woodland owners, and many other interested groups, are making real prog-

ress in bringing our people to recognize the value of forestry potentials.

There is a real challenge in Mississippi in terms of forestry development. Our timber experts tell us that we can grow three times as much timber as we are now growing. We have 16½ million acres of forest land now growing 32 cubic feet per acre for all trees 5 inches in diameter or larger or 110 board feet on all trees of saw-log size. Under an improved and expanded program our forest land can produce 90 cubic feet per acre per year for all trees 5 inches and larger and 300 board feet or more per acre of saw-log size. In Mississippi we are moving in the direction of bringing our forest program to produce more than \$1 billion worth of forest products annually.

I am particularly interested in the pressing need for expanding our forest tree planting program. According to data given in the Timber Resources Review, which is a study of the Nation's forestry developed by the forest service in cooperation with other agencies, there are 60,339,000 acres of land in need of reforestation. Of this total, Mississippi has 4,343,000 acres in need of reforestation. The forest tree-planting program assists our farmers in getting healthy tree seedlings at a nominal cost and is one of the soundest programs being conducted by the Department of Agriculture. Agriculture leaders in Mississippi as well as numerous other States have expressed concern over the shortage of nursery stocks. Recent estimates indicated that the fiscal year output of trees from State nurseries will total about 30,656,000 trees. Orders from Mississippi landowners were so great that these nurseries stopped receiving orders when their request exceeded the 40,000 mark last November. In all, Mississippi landowners will plant close to 70 million trees this year.

Looking at this problem from the national level, the total output of seedlings for this fiscal year will be approximately 575 million, and it is expected to reach 600 million in the next fiscal year. The State foresters estimate that these quantities will be much below the demand expected. This is especially true in many of the Southern States, where tree

planting is constantly breaking all records, and certainly indicates that our present demand for seedlings is greatly above production under the present program. I am particularly glad that the Senate figure for this program for fiscal year 1957 has been approved.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The question is on agreeing to the conference report.

The report was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore laid before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives announcing its action on certain amendments of the Senate to House bill 9390, which was read as follows:

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,  
June 4, 1956.

*Resolved*, That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 8, 10, 16, 27, 28, and 35 to the bill (H. R. 9390) entitled "An act making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes," and concur therein;

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 18, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the matter proposed by said amendment insert: "Provided, That all receipts for the fiscal year 1957 from the operation of the McKinley Park Hotel in Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, may be applied to, or offset against, costs of managing, operating, and maintaining the hotel and related facilities, and any receipts or other revenues in excess of such costs shall be deposited at least annually into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts."

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate concur in the amendment of the House to Senate amendment No. 18.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed at this point in the RECORD a tabulation showing the appropriations for 1956, the budget estimates for 1957, the House allowances, the Senate allowances, and the conference allowances for each appropriation in the bill.

There being no objection, the tabulation was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

*Department of the Interior and related agencies appropriation bill, fiscal year 1957 (H. R. 9390)*

| Object<br>(1)                                | Appropriations,<br>1956<br>(2) | Budget estimates,<br>1957<br>(3) | House allowance<br>(4) | Senate allowance<br>(5) | Conference allowance<br>(6) |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR</b>    |                                |                                  |                        |                         |                             |
| <b>OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY</b>               |                                |                                  |                        |                         |                             |
| Research in utilization of saline water..... | \$600,000                      | \$600,000                        | \$550,000              | \$550,000               | \$550,000                   |
| Office of Oil and Gas Division.....          | 440,600                        | 413,800                          | 413,800                | 413,800                 | 413,800                     |
| Office of the Solicitor.....                 | 2,690,000                      | 2,817,000                        | 2,800,000              | 2,835,000               | 2,835,000                   |
| Office of Minerals Mobilization.....         | 225,000                        | 308,000                          | 300,000                | 225,000                 | 300,000                     |
| Total, Office of the Secretary.....          | 3,955,600                      | 4,138,800                        | 4,063,800              | 4,023,800               | 4,098,800                   |
| <b>BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT</b>             |                                |                                  |                        |                         |                             |
| Management of lands and resources.....       | 14,700,000                     | 18,778,000                       | 18,000,000             | 18,738,600              | 18,369,300                  |
| Construction.....                            | 4,300,000                      | 4,500,000                        | 4,500,000              | 4,500,000               | 4,500,000                   |
| Range improvements.....                      | (525,587)                      | (664,750)                        | (664,750)              | (664,750)               | -----                       |
| Total, Bureau of Land Management.....        | 19,000,000                     | 23,238,600                       | 22,500,000             | 23,238,600              | 22,869,300                  |



## Department of the Interior and related agencies appropriation bill, fiscal year 1957 (H. R. 9390)—Continued

| Object<br>(1)                                                                  | Appropriations, 1956<br>(2) | Budget estimates, 1957<br>(3) | House allowance<br>(4) | Senate allowance<br>(5) | Conference allowance<br>(6) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>TITLE I.—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Continued</b>                           |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| <b>BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS</b>                                                |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Education and welfare services.....                                            | \$43,635,995                | \$50,700,000                  | \$50,700,000           | \$50,720,000            | \$50,720,000                |
| Resources management.....                                                      | 12,882,000                  | 16,100,000                    | 16,000,000             | 16,200,000              | 16,200,000                  |
| Construction.....                                                              | 8,219,003                   | 7,500,000                     | 4,000,000              | 7,740,000               | 5,240,000                   |
| Road construction and maintenance (liquidation of contract authorization)..... | 7,000,000                   | 11,500,000                    | 11,500,000             | 11,500,000              | 11,500,000                  |
| General administrative expenses.....                                           | 2,750,000                   | 3,190,000                     | 3,190,000              | 3,190,000               | 3,190,000                   |
| Distribution of funds of the Creek Indians.....                                |                             | 200,000                       | 200,000                | 200,000                 | 200,000                     |
| Relocation of the Yankton Sioux Tribe.....                                     | 56,500                      |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Payment to Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of Indians.....                          | 5,160,000                   |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| <b>Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs, exclusive of tribal funds.....</b>         | <b>79,703,498</b>           | <b>89,190,000</b>             | <b>85,590,000</b>      | <b>89,550,000</b>       | <b>87,050,000</b>           |
| Tribal funds (not included in totals of this tabulation).....                  | (3,300,000)                 | (3,000,000)                   | (3,000,000)            | (3,000,000)             |                             |
| <b>GEOLOGICAL SURVEY</b>                                                       |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Surveys, investigations, and research.....                                     | 28,285,000                  | 31,602,000                    | 31,602,000             | 31,602,000              | 31,602,000                  |
| <b>BUREAU OF MINES</b>                                                         |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Conservation and development of mineral resources.....                         | 14,743,000                  | 17,363,000                    | 15,363,000             | 17,363,000              | 15,862,750                  |
| Health and safety.....                                                         | 5,305,000                   | 5,304,300                     | 5,304,300              | 5,304,300               | 5,304,300                   |
| General administrative expenses.....                                           | 1,030,000                   | 1,030,000                     | 1,030,000              | 1,030,000               | 1,030,000                   |
| Drainage of anthracite mines.....                                              | 8,500,000                   |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| <b>Total, Bureau of Mines.....</b>                                             | <b>29,578,000</b>           | <b>23,697,300</b>             | <b>21,697,300</b>      | <b>23,697,300</b>       | <b>22,197,050</b>           |
| <b>NATIONAL PARK SERVICE</b>                                                   |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Management and protection.....                                                 | 10,443,000                  | 11,480,000                    | 11,480,000             | 11,562,000              | 11,562,000                  |
| Maintenance and rehabilitation of physical facilities.....                     | 9,094,000                   | 10,158,000                    | 10,158,000             | 10,158,000              | 10,158,000                  |
| Construction.....                                                              | 8,425,000                   | 13,550,000                    | 15,000,000             | 15,250,000              | 15,250,000                  |
| Construction (liquidation of contract authorization).....                      | 19,654,300                  | 29,800,000                    | 29,800,000             | 29,800,000              | 29,800,000                  |
| Jones Point Bridge.....                                                        |                             | 13,825,000                    |                        |                         |                             |
| General administrative expenses.....                                           | 1,250,000                   | 1,250,000                     | 1,250,000              | 1,250,000               | 1,250,000                   |
| <b>Total, National Park Service.....</b>                                       | <b>48,866,300</b>           | <b>80,053,000</b>             | <b>67,688,000</b>      | <b>68,020,000</b>       | <b>68,020,000</b>           |
| <b>FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE</b>                                               |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Management of resources.....                                                   | 7,008,500                   | 9,696,000                     | 9,696,000              | 10,373,600              | 10,373,600                  |
| Investigations of resources.....                                               | 5,102,000                   | 5,065,000                     | 5,065,000              | 5,105,000               | 5,105,000                   |
| Construction.....                                                              | 1,750,060                   | 2,200,000                     | 2,200,000              | 2,471,000               | 2,471,000                   |
| General administrative expenses.....                                           | 810,000                     | 852,500                       | 852,500                | 852,500                 | 852,500                     |
| Administration of Pribilof Islands.....                                        | (1,829,152)                 | (2,580,000)                   | (2,580,000)            | (2,580,000)             |                             |
| <b>Total, Fish and Wildlife Service.....</b>                                   | <b>14,670,500</b>           | <b>17,813,500</b>             | <b>17,813,500</b>      | <b>18,802,100</b>       | <b>18,802,100</b>           |
| <b>OFFICE OF TERRITORIES</b>                                                   |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Administration of Territories.....                                             | 2,669,500                   | 2,803,000                     | 2,803,000              | 2,803,000               | 2,803,000                   |
| Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.....                                    | 4,500,000                   | 4,800,000                     | 4,800,000              | 4,800,000               | 4,800,000                   |
| Alaska public works.....                                                       | 3,000,000                   | 5,000,000                     | 4,968,000              | 4,968,000               | 4,968,000                   |
| Construction of roads, Alaska.....                                             | 6,300,000                   | 7,800,000                     | 7,800,000              | 7,800,000               | 7,800,000                   |
| Operation and maintenance of roads, Alaska.....                                | 3,500,000                   | 3,625,000                     | 3,625,000              | 3,625,000               | 3,625,000                   |
| Construction, Alaska Railroad.....                                             | 4,100,000                   |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| <b>Total, Office of Territories.....</b>                                       | <b>24,069,500</b>           | <b>24,028,000</b>             | <b>23,996,000</b>      | <b>23,996,000</b>       | <b>23,996,000</b>           |
| <b>ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR</b>                              |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Salaries and expenses.....                                                     | 2,165,000                   | 2,222,000                     | 2,222,000              | 2,222,000               | 2,222,000                   |
| <b>Total, Department of the Interior.....</b>                                  | <b>250,293,398</b>          | <b>295,993,200</b>            | <b>277,172,600</b>     | <b>285,151,800</b>      | <b>280,857,250</b>          |
| <b>TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES</b>                                               |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Commission of Fine Arts.....                                                   | 22,200                      | 31,000                        | 31,000                 | 31,000                  | 31,000                      |
| Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review.....                                  | 70,000                      | 70,000                        | 70,000                 | 70,000                  | 70,000                      |
| Forest Service, Department of Agriculture:                                     |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Salaries and expenses:                                                         |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| National forest protection and management.....                                 | 37,990,000                  | 41,668,000                    | 41,668,000             | 46,033,500              | 44,300,750                  |
| Fighting forest fires.....                                                     | 10,500,000                  | 5,250,000                     | 5,250,000              | 5,250,000               | 5,250,000                   |
| Control of forest pests.....                                                   | 6,302,500                   | 5,120,000                     | 5,120,000              | 5,120,000               | 5,120,000                   |
| Forest research.....                                                           | 8,209,000                   | 9,350,000                     | 9,350,000              | 10,650,000              | 10,000,000                  |
| Subtotal.....                                                                  | 63,001,500                  | 61,388,000                    | 61,388,000             | 67,083,500              | 64,670,750                  |
| Roads and trails.....                                                          | 24,000,000                  | 24,000,000                    | 24,000,000             | 24,000,000              | 24,000,000                  |
| Acquisition of lands for national forests:                                     |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Weeks Act.....                                                                 | 190,000                     |                               |                        | 100,000                 | 100,000                     |
| Special acts.....                                                              | (10,000)                    |                               |                        | (10,000)                | (10,000)                    |
| State and private forestry cooperation.....                                    | 11,382,129                  | 11,385,000                    | 11,385,000             | 15,165,000              | 12,190,000                  |
| Cooperative range improvements (special account).....                          | (700,000)                   | (700,000)                     | (700,000)              | (700,000)               |                             |
| <b>Total, Forest Service.....</b>                                              | <b>98,573,629</b>           | <b>96,773,000</b>             | <b>96,773,000</b>      | <b>106,348,500</b>      | <b>100,960,750</b>          |
| Indian Claims Commission.....                                                  | 121,200                     | 124,600                       | 124,600                | 124,600                 | 124,600                     |
| Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Commission.....                    | 100,000                     | 115,000                       | 115,000                | 115,000                 | 115,000                     |
| National Capital Planning Commission:                                          |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Salaries and expenses.....                                                     | 149,700                     | 210,000                       | 185,000                | 210,000                 | 200,000                     |
| Land acquisition.....                                                          | 500,000                     | 1,500,000                     | 1,250,000              | 1,500,000               | 1,250,000                   |
| Salaries and expenses, Washington regional mass transportation survey.....     |                             | 200,000                       | 200,000                | 200,000                 | 200,000                     |
| <b>Total, National Capital Planning Commission.....</b>                        | <b>649,700</b>              | <b>1,910,000</b>              | <b>1,635,000</b>       | <b>1,910,000</b>        | <b>1,650,000</b>            |
| Smithsonian Institution:                                                       |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution.....                            | 4,166,000                   | 11 a 4,425,000                | 4,400,000              | 4,425,000               | 4,425,000                   |
| Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art.....                            | 1,436,000                   | 11 b 1,505,000                | 1,495,000              | 1,505,000               | 1,505,000                   |
| Museum of History and Technology.....                                          | 2,288,000                   | 33,712,000                    | 33,712,000             | 33,712,000              | 33,712,000                  |
| <b>Total, Smithsonian Institution.....</b>                                     | <b>7,890,000</b>            | <b>39,642,000</b>             | <b>39,607,000</b>      | <b>39,642,000</b>       | <b>39,642,000</b>           |



Department of the Interior and related agencies appropriation bill, fiscal year 1957 (H. R. 9390)—Continued

| Object<br>(1)                                          | Appropriations, 1956<br>(2) | Budget estimates, 1957<br>(3) | House allowance<br>(4) | Senate allowance<br>(5) | Conference allowance<br>(6) |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES—Continued</b>             |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission.....     |                             | \$10,000                      | \$10,000               | \$10,000                | \$10,000                    |
| Woodrow Wilson Centennial Celebration Commission.....  | \$51,500                    | 48,500                        |                        | 48,500                  | 48,500                      |
| John Marshall Bicentennial Celebration Commission..... | 82,500                      |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Theodoro Roosevelt Centennial Commission.....          | 10,000                      |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Alexander Hamilton Bicentennial Commission.....        | 120,000                     |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Boston National Historic Sites Commission.....         | 40,000                      |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Total, related agencies.....                           | 107,730,729                 | 138,724,100                   | 138,365,600            | 148,299,600             | 142,651,850                 |
| <b>TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION</b>            |                             |                               |                        |                         |                             |
| Grants.....                                            | 399,000                     | 425,000                       | 425,000                | 425,000                 | 425,000                     |
| Administrative expenses.....                           | (160,000)                   | (160,000)                     | (160,000)              | (160,000)               |                             |
| Grand total, titles I, II, and III.....                | 358,414,127                 | 435,124,300                   | 415,963,200            | 433,876,400             | 423,934,100                 |

#### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS, 1957

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the unfinished business be temporarily laid aside and that the Senate proceed to the consideration of H. R. 10003, Calendar No. 2117, the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The bill will be stated by title for the information of the Senate.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 10003) making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the unanimous-consent request of the Senator from Texas?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 10003) which had been reported from the Committee on Appropriations with amendments.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

#### LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. NEUBERGER in the chair). Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I should like to announce, for the information of the Senate, that the Committee on Appropriations has reported H. R. 9536, the general Government matters appropriation bill for 1957. That bill was reported to the Senate on May 24.

H. R. 9739, the independent offices appropriation bill for 1957, was reported to the Senate on May 24, the same date.

The distinguished chairman of the two Subcommittees on General Government Matters and Independent Offices

is the senior Senator from Washington [Mr. MAGNUSON]. The leadership has consulted with the Senator from Washington, and he informs us that the reports and hearings have been available on those two bills for several days, and that it will be convenient for him to have the Senate consider those bills on tomorrow.

Therefore, I should like to notify all Members of the Senate that it will be my purpose to move the consideration of H. R. 9536, the general Government matters appropriation bill, and H. R. 9739, the independent offices appropriation bills, after the morning business on tomorrow. This is in accordance with the policy of the leadership to give appropriation bills priority.

It is hoped we can dispose of at least four appropriation bills in the Senate this week, which will set somewhat of a record.

I understand that the Public Works appropriation bills probably will be reported by next week.

I see the distinguished chairman of the Committee on Appropriations on the floor. I should like to ask him the status of the bill.

Mr. HAYDEN. The public works section of the bill will be marked up tomorrow. The other section, which has to do with reclamation, will be marked up the next day, Thursday. If we can get that done, I hope that perhaps on Friday afternoon the committee can get together and report the bill. It all depends on whether any controversy develops.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. May I make the same inquiry about the Defense Department appropriation bill?

Mr. HAYDEN. I asked the Senator from New Mexico [Mr. CHAVEZ] about that bill this morning. I was informed that nothing remains but testimony with reference to the Air Force. He said he anticipated no difficulty in disposing of that item very promptly. The bill may be ready next week.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. The leadership would prefer to give the Senate an afternoon off to permit conferences to be held on the appropriation bills, so that they may be reported. We are very anxious to get those bills behind us.

I want to commend the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations and the other members of the committee for their diligence and promptness.

We cannot do anything about the legislative appropriation bill and the foreign aid bill. That is so in the case of the foreign aid bill because the authorization for that bill has not cleared the House and the foreign aid appropriation bill has not been reported yet; but as to the bills which have passed the House, I am hopeful we shall be able to get them out of the way by late next week or the early part of the following week.

I appreciate the fine cooperation of the Senator from Arizona [Mr. HAYDEN]. No one has had a better record than he has had.

I want the Senate on notice that we shall take up the independent offices and the general Government matters appropriation bills on tomorrow.

Mr. President, I should like to serve notice on the membership of the Senate that it may be possible to move to the consideration tomorrow or the next day of—

Calendar No. 2030, S. 3149, a bill to amend the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 in order to permit certain air carriers to grant free or reduced rate transportation to ministers of religion;

Calendar No. 2039, S. 3449, a bill relating to the reinvestment by air carriers of the proceeds from the sale or other disposition of certain operating property and equipment;

Calendar No. 2063, S. 3365, a bill to amend section 410 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, to change the requirements for obtaining a freight forwarder permit;

Calendar No. 2084, S. 3857, a bill to clarify section 1103 (d) of title XI (Federal Ship Mortgage Insurance) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended;

Calendar No. 2085, H. R. 9824, an act to establish an educational assistance program for children of servicemen who died as a result of a disability or disease incurred in line of duty during World War II or the Korean conflict;

Calendar No. 2086, S. 1614, a bill to amend the act entitled "An act to fix a



reasonable definition and standard of identify of certain dry milk solids," title 21, United States Code, section 321c;

Calendar No. 2089, H. R. 2840, to promote the further development of public library service in rural areas;

Calendar No. 2090, S. 3907, to amend section 345 of the Public Health Service Act;

Calendar No. 2091, S. 3620, to encourage expansion of teaching and research in the education of mentally retarded children;

Calendar No. 2092, S. 3958, to assist in increasing the number of adequately trained professional and practical nurses;

Calendar No. 2093, S. 3430, a bill to promote the progress of medicine and to advance the national health and welfare by creating a National Library of Medicine;

Calendar No. 2110, S. 3307, a bill to amend section 9 (d) of the Universal Military Training and Service Act to authorize jurisdiction in Federal courts in certain reemployment cases;

Calendar No. 2111, H. R. 6274, an act to provide that no fee shall be charged a veteran discharged under honorable conditions for furnishing him or his next of kin or legal representative a copy of a certificate showing his service in the Armed Forces;

Calendar No. 2112, H. R. 5516, an act to amend title III of the Army and Air Force Vitalization and Retirement Equalization Act of 1948 to provide that service as an Army field clerk, or as a field clerk, Quartermaster Corps, shall be counted for purposes of retirement under title III of that act, and for other purposes;

Calendar No. 2113, H. R. 8102, an act to provide for the disposition of moneys arising from deductions made from carriers on account of the loss of or damage to military material in transit;

Calendar No. 2114, H. R. 8693, an act to amend the Career Compensation Act of 1949, in relation to the refund of reenlistment bonuses;

And Calendar No. 2115, H. R. 8922, to provide for the relief of certain members of the uniformed services.

I do not give assurance the bills mentioned will be taken up in the order they are listed, and some of them may not be taken up at all, but I should like the RECORD to show, that so far as the leadership is concerned, it is the intention to move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the measures indicated, after I have an opportunity to consult further with the minority leader. They may all be taken up tomorrow or the next day, particularly if the hearings and reports on the social-security bill are not available.

#### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS, 1957

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (H. R. 10003) making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the committee amendments to the District of Columbia appropriation bill be considered and agreed to en bloc, and that the bill as thus amended be considered for the purpose of amendment as original text, provided that no point of order against any amendment shall be deemed to have been waived by the adoption of the agreement.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the unanimous-consent request? The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

The amendments of the Committee on Appropriations agreed to en bloc are as follows:

Under the heading "Federal Payment to District of Columbia," on page 2, line 13, after the word "and", to strike out "\$1,613,950" and insert "\$1,963,950."

Under the heading "Operating Expenses—Department of General Administration," on page 4, line 14, after the word "Incorporated", to strike out "\$3,425,000" and insert "\$3,475,000."

Under the subhead "Public Schools," on page 9, line 6, after the word "vehicles," to strike out "\$32,130,800" and insert "\$32,590,750", and at the beginning of line 7, to insert "amount \$500,000 shall be payable from the motor vehicle parking fund and."

Under the subhead "Recreation Department", on page 10, line 7, to strike out "\$1,892,000" and insert "\$1,903,000."

Under the subhead "Department of Public Health", on page 16, line 3, after the word "Commissioners", to insert "not to exceed \$1,200 for fire prevention and protective services rendered to Glenn Dale Hospital under conditions to be determined by the Commissioners", and in line 19, after the word "Home", to strike out "\$25,434,000" and insert "\$25,503,400."

Under the subhead "Office of Surveyor", on page 20, line 13, after the word "Surveyor", to strike out "\$164,000" and insert "\$170,000."

Under the subhead "Department of Licenses and Inspections", on page 20, line 23, after the word "measure", to strike out "\$1,640,000" and insert "\$1,658,000."

Under the subhead "Department of Highways", on page 21, line 13, after the word "vehicles", to strike out "\$6,485,000" and insert "\$6,535,000", and in the same line, after the word "which", to strike out "\$3,934,304" and insert "\$3,966,235."

Under the subhead "Department of Vehicles and Traffic", on page 22, line 3, after the word "years", to strike out "\$1,291,000" and insert "\$1,303,000."

Under the subhead "Department of Sanitary Engineering", on page 23, line 24, after the word "dumps", to strike out "\$10,846,000" and insert "\$10,896,200."

Under the subhead "National Guard", on page 26, in line 3, to strike out "\$128,500" and insert "\$136,500."

Under the heading "Capital Outlay—Public Building Construction", on page 29, line 1, after the word "Northeast", to insert "new Health School for Crippled Children in the vicinity of 13th and Allison Streets, Northwest"; in line 7, after the word "equipment", to strike out "\$270,400" and insert "\$348,900"; in line 14, after the word "expended", to strike out "\$5,200,000" and insert "\$6,221,700", and in the same line, after the word "which", to strike out "\$2,960,700" and insert "\$3,160,700."

Under the subhead "Department of Highways", on page 31, line 15, after the word "designations", to strike out "\$14,400,000" and insert "\$14,528,000", and in the same line, after the word "which", to strike out "\$14,000,000" and insert "\$14,128,000."

Under the heading "General Provisions", in section 5, page 38, line 2, after the word "Commissioners", to strike out the colon and

"Provided, That the total expenditures for this purpose shall not exceed \$83,000, excluding the automobile allowances for the deportation of nonresident insane by the Department of Public Health and the transportation of indigent persons and the placing of children by the Department of Public Welfare."

In section 6, page 38, line 13, after the word "exceeded", to strike out "\$20,000" and insert "\$25,000."

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, I have a very few brief remarks to make with regard to the District of Columbia appropriation bill for 1957. The bill carries the unanimous approval of the committee. It is \$1,217,450 under the 1957 estimates, \$3,263,263 over the 1956 appropriations, and only \$1,884,250 over the House recommendations.

The sum total recommended to the Senate is \$179,797,800, and of this amount \$146,969,850 is for operating expenses and \$34,712,200 is for capital outlay items of the District of Columbia government.

Included in the \$1.8 million increase is a \$1 million capital outlay item for construction of a much needed health school for crippled children, and \$459,950 in operating expenses for the public schools, and of which amount \$272,250 is provided for 55 additional teaching positions in the elementary schools; \$75,000 to conduct, for the first time, a school census.

Mr. President, this will be the first complete school census taken of the school children in the District of Columbia for many years, and the first one under the law relating to that subject. Heretofore, censuses have been taken, but in view of the changes which have taken place, the overcrowded conditions, the outgoings and incomings in various areas of the city, the committee deemed it essential, in order to get the proper basis for a new start, that a new, complete census be taken.

Mr. President, \$100,000 is provided for essential repairs and maintenance of the more than 100 school buildings and grounds, and the balance, \$12,700, for clerks in elementary school level.

Mr. President, there has been a tremendous change in the public school system of the District within the last few years, and to meet the acute educational problems that exist here, it is imperative to do something about it without delay. Additional teachers is perhaps the greatest single need, and next of importance is the availability of sufficient facilities to cope with the overcrowded situation and to reduce the pupil-teacher ratio.

Within the short time allotted for hearings on this bill, there was not a fair chance to get the necessary facts to make a sound, long-range evaluation and recommendation of the public school system. There was conflicting evidence presented from many sources as to what the school needs were, and ways to remedy them. In any event there must be a reevaluation made of teaching position needs and the kind of teachers required to help alleviate the problems involved in remedial and other type work. Closer attention must be paid to the building program, with due regard to the shifting of pupil population.







Public Law 573 - 84th Congress  
Chapter 380 - 2d Session  
H. R. 9390

AN ACT

All 70 Stat. 257.

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, namely:

Department of  
the Interior  
and Related  
Agencies Ap-  
propriation  
Act, 1957.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

RESEARCH IN THE UTILIZATION OF SALINE WATER

For expenses necessary to carry out provisions of the Act of July 1952, as amended (66 Stat. 328 and 69 Stat. 198), authorizing studies of the conversion of saline water for beneficial consumptive uses, \$550,000.

42 USC 1951-  
1958.

OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

For necessary expenses to enable the Secretary to discharge his responsibilities with respect to oil and gas, including cooperation with the petroleum industry and State authorities in the production, processing, and utilization of petroleum and its products, and natural gas; and for controlling the interstate shipment of contraband oil as required by law (15 U. S. C. 715); including purchase of not to exceed two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; \$413,800.

49 Stat. 30.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Solicitor, \$2,835,000, and in addition, not to exceed \$100,000 may be reimbursed or transferred to this appropriation from other accounts available to the Department of the Interior: *Provided*, That hearing officers appointed for Indian probate work need not be appointed pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), as amended.

5 USC 1001  
note.

OFFICE OF MINERALS MOBILIZATION

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to discharge his responsibilities, including cooperation with the metals and minerals industry, with respect to the conservation, exploration, development, production, and utilization of mineral resources, including solid fuels, \$300,000.

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for protection, use, improvement, development, disposal, cadastral surveying, classification, and performance of other functions, as authorized by law, in the management of lands and their resources under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, including \$35,000 for the operation and maintenance of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands, \$18,369,300: *Provided*, That this appropriation may be expended on a reimbursable basis for surveys of lands other than those under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management: *Provided fur-*

ther, That, for the purposes of surveying federally controlled or intermingled lands and operation and maintenance of access roads, contributions toward the costs thereof may be accepted.

#### CONSTRUCTION

For construction of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands; acquisition of rights-of-way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands; and for acquisition and construction of buildings and appurtenant facilities in Alaska; to remain available until expended, \$4,500,000: *Provided*, That the amount appropriated herein for road construction shall be transferred to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Commerce: *Provided further*, That the amount appropriated herein for construction of access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands and in addition, amounts available for operation and maintenance of such access roads under the appropriation "Management of lands and resources" are hereby made a reimbursable charge against the Oregon and California land-grant fund and shall be reimbursed to the general fund in the Treasury in accordance with the provision of the second paragraph of subsection (b) of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937.

50 Stat. 876.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Land Management shall be available for purchase of thirty-one passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; purchase, erection, and dismantlement of temporary structures, and alteration and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities to which the United States has title: *Provided*, That of appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Land Management expenditures in connection with the revested Oregon and California Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands (other than expenditures for construction and operation and maintenance of access roads and for acquisition of rights-of-way and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands) shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to in section C, title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937, of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California Land Grant Fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939, of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Fund".

50 Stat. 876.

53 Stat. 754.

#### RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range improvements pursuant to the provisions of sections 3 and 10 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U. S. C. 315), sums equal to the aggregate of all moneys received, during the current fiscal year, as range improvement fees under section 3 of said Act and of 25 per centum of all moneys received, during the current fiscal year, under section 15 of said Act, to remain available until expended.

48 Stat. 1270,  
1273.

43 USC 315b, 315i.

43 USC 315m.

#### BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

##### EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

For expenses necessary to provide education and welfare services for Indians, either directly or in cooperation with States and other organizations, including payment (in advance or from date of admission), of care, tuition, assistance, and other expenses of Indians in boarding homes, institutions, or schools; grants and other assistance to needy Indians; maintenance of law and order, and payment of



rewards for information or evidence concerning violations of law on Indian reservations or lands; and operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; \$50,720,000.

#### RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

For expenses necessary for management, development, improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; and development of Indian arts and crafts as authorized by law; \$16,200,000, and in addition, \$350,000 of the Revolving Fund for Loans, Bureau of Indian Affairs, shall be used in connection with administering loans to Indians.

#### CONSTRUCTION

For construction, major repair, and improvement of irrigation and power systems, buildings, utilities, and other facilities; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; preparation of lands for farming; and architectural and engineering services by contract; to remain available until expended, \$5,240,000, of which not to exceed \$240,000 may be paid to the Municipal School District Numbered 1, Sandoval County, New Mexico, to supplement an allocation of funds from the Office of Education for the construction of elementary public school facilities which shall be available to Pueblo Indian children: *Provided*, Restrictions. That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be used for the acquisition of land within the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming outside of the boundaries of existing Indian reservations: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of Nevada, Oregon, and Washington either inside or outside the boundaries of existing reservations: *Provided further*, That the Secretary is authorized to purchase, without regard to the prohibition against the acquisition of land or water rights contained herein, not to exceed ten acres of lands within the Klamath Indian Reservation, Oregon, required for the construction of a pumping plant for the Modoc Point Indian irrigation system.

#### ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority contained in section 6 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), \$11,500,000, to remain available until expended.

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the general administration of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including such expenses in field offices, \$3,190,000.

#### DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS OF THE CREEK INDIANS

For necessary expenses incident to the distribution of funds belonging to the members of the Creek Nation of Indians, in accordance with the Act of August 1, 1955 (69 Stat. 431), \$200,000, to remain available 25 USC 781. until expended.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs (except the revolving fund for loans) shall be available for expenses of exhibits; purchase of not to exceed two hundred and ninety passenger motor vehicles (of which two hundred and seventy shall be for replacement only), which may be used for the transportation of Indians; advance payments for service (including services which may extend beyond the current fiscal year) under contracts executed pursuant to the Act of June 4, 1936 (25 U. S. C. 452), and legislation terminating Federal supervision over certain Indian tribes; purchase of ice for official use of employees; and expenses required by continuing or permanent treaty provisions.

49 Stat. 1458.

TRIBAL FUNDS

In addition to the tribal funds authorized to be expended by existing law, there is hereby appropriated \$3,000,000 from tribal funds not otherwise available for expenditure for the benefit of Indians and Indian tribes, including pay and travel expenses of employees; care, tuition and other assistance to Indian children attending public and private schools (which may be paid in advance or from date of admission); purchase of land and improvements on land, title to which shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the tribe for which purchased; lease of lands and water rights; compensation and expenses of attorneys and other persons employed by Indian tribes under approved contracts; pay, travel, and other expenses of tribal officers, councils, and committees thereof, or other tribal organizations, including mileage for use of privately owned automobiles and per diem in lieu of subsistence at rates established administratively but not to exceed those applicable to civilian employees of the Government; relief of Indians, without regard to section 7 of the Act of May 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 391), including cash grants; and employment of a recreational director for the Menominee Reservation and a curator for the Osage Museum, each of whom shall be appointed with the approval of the respective tribal councils and without regard to the classification laws: *Provided*, That in addition to the amount appropriated herein, tribal funds may be advanced to Indian tribes during the current fiscal year for such purposes as may be designated by the governing body of the particular tribe involved and approved by the Secretary: *Provided, however*, That no part of this appropriation or other tribal funds shall be used for the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of Nevada, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming, either inside or outside the boundaries of existing Indian reservations, if such acquisition results in the property being exempted from local taxation.

18 USC 4124.

Restriction.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

For expenses necessary for the Geological Survey to perform surveys, investigations, and research covering topography, geology, and the mineral and water resources of the United States, its Territories and possessions; classify lands as to mineral character and water and power resources; give engineering supervision to power permits and Federal Power Commission licenses; enforce departmental regulations applicable to oil, gas, and other mining leases, permits, licenses, and operating contracts; publish and disseminate data relative to the

foregoing activities; and for the Geological Survey or the General Services Administration to acquire a site and to prepare plans and specifications for a building or buildings to meet the special needs of the Geological Survey in the metropolitan area of Washington, District of Columbia, without regard to Revised Statutes, page 3709, as amended (41 U. S. C. 5), and section 302 (c) of the Act of June 30, 1949, as amended (41 U. S. C. 252 (c)); \$31,602,000, of which 63 Stat. 393.  
\$5,070,000 shall be available only for cooperation with States or municipalities for water resources investigations: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay more than one-half the cost of any topographic mapping or water resources investigations carried on in cooperation with any State or municipality.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The amount appropriated for the Geological Survey shall be available for purchase of not to exceed one hundred and twenty-six passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard service for protection of confidential files; contracting for the furnishing of topographic maps and for the making of geophysical or other specialized surveys when it is administratively determined that such procedures are in the public interest; construction and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities; acquisition of lands for gaging stations; and payment of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls of the Geological Survey appointed, as authorized by law, to represent the United States in the negotiation and administration of interstate compacts, including not to exceed \$10,000 for the person appointed by the President to participate as the representative of the United States in the administration of the compact consented to by the Act of May 31, 1949 (Public Law 82): *Provided*, That notwithstanding 63 Stat. 145.  
the provisions of any other law, the President is authorized to appoint a retired officer as such representative, without prejudice to his status as a retired Army officer, and he shall receive such compensation and expenses in addition to his retired pay.

#### BUREAU OF MINES

##### CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for promoting the conservation, exploration, development, production, and utilization of mineral resources, including fuels, in the United States, its Territories and possessions; developing synthetics and substitutes; and controlling fires in coal deposits; \$15,862,750.

##### HEALTH AND SAFETY

For expenses necessary for promotion of health and safety in mines and in the minerals industries, as authorized by law, \$5,304,300.

##### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the Bureau of Mines, including such expenses in the regional offices, \$1,030,000.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations and funds available to the Bureau of Mines may be expended for purchase of not to exceed eighty-nine passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; providing transportation services in



43 Stat. 1111.

isolated areas for employees, student dependents of employees, and other pupils, and such activities may be financed under cooperative arrangements; purchase and bestowal of certificates and trophies in connection with mine rescue and first-aid work: *Provided*, That the Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private: *Provided further*, That the sums made available for the current fiscal year to the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force for the acquisition of helium from the Bureau of Mines shall be transferred to the Bureau of Mines, and said sums, together with all other payments to the Bureau of Mines for helium, shall be credited to the special helium production fund. established pursuant to the Act of March 3, 1925, as amended (50 U. S. C. 164 (c)): *Provided further*, That the Bureau of Mines is authorized, during the current fiscal year, to sell directly or through any Government agency, including corporations, any metal or mineral product that may be manufactured in pilot plants operated by the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

## NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

For expenses necessary for the management and protection of the areas and facilities administered by the National Park Service, including protection of lands in process of condemnation; and for plans, investigations, and studies of the recreational resources (exclusive of preparation of detail plans and working drawings) and archaeological values in river basins of the United States (except the Missouri River Basin); \$11,562,000.

### MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES

For expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance, and rehabilitation of roads (including furnishing special road maintenance service to defense trucking permittees on a reimbursable basis), trails, buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities essential to the operation of areas administered pursuant to law by the National Park Service, \$10,158,000.

### CONSTRUCTION

37 Stat. 460.

For construction and improvement, without regard to the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U. S. C. 451), of buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities; and the acquisition of lands, interests therein, improvements, and water rights; to remain available until expended, \$15,250,000, of which not to exceed \$250,000 shall be available for the construction of additional school facilities at Grand Canyon National Park, Arizona.

### CONSTRUCTION (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority contained in section 6 of the Federal-aid Highway Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 73), including acquisition of right-of-way for the eastern entrance road, Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado, \$29,800,000, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the National Park Service, including such expenses in the regional offices, \$1,250,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the National Park Service shall be available for the purchase of not to exceed one hundred and ten passenger motor vehicles of which one hundred and nine shall be for replacement only, including not to exceed seventeen for replacing United States Park Police cruisers; and the objects and purposes specified in the Acts of August 8, 1953 (67 Stat. 495, 496) and July 1, 1955 (69 Stat. 242): *Provided*, That all receipts for the fiscal year 1957 from the operation of the McKinley Park Hotel in Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, may be applied to, or offset against, costs of managing, operating, and maintaining the hotel and related facilities, and any receipts or other revenues in excess of such costs shall be deposited at least annually into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts. 16 USC 1b-d 18f.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for conservation, management, protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources, and for the performance of other authorized functions related to such resources; operation of the industrial properties within the Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (61 Stat. 770); maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge; purchase or rent of land, and functions related to wildlife management in California (16 U. S. C. 695-695c); leasing and management of lands for the protection of the Florida Key deer; and not to exceed \$30,000 for payment, in the discretion of the Secretary, for information or evidence concerning violations of laws administered by the Fish and Wildlife Service; \$10,373,600; and in addition, there are appropriated amounts equal to 25 per centum of the proceeds covered into the Treasury during the next preceding fiscal year from the sale of sealskins and other products, for management and investigation of fish and wildlife resources of Alaska, including construction. 62 Stat. 238.

INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for scientific and economic studies and investigations respecting conservation, management, protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources, including related aquatic plants and products; collection, compilation, and publication of information concerning such studies and investigations; and the performance of other functions related thereto; as authorized by law; \$5,105,000.

CONSTRUCTION

For construction and acquisition of buildings and other facilities required in the conservation, management, protection, and utilization of fish and wildlife resources and the acquisition of lands and interests therein, \$2,471,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the funds appropriated herein for the continuation of the construction of the Devils Kitchen Dam on the Crab Orchard Wildlife Refuge, Illinois, shall be transferred to the Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army. Transfer of funds.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the Fish and Wildlife Service, including such expenses in the regional offices, \$852,500.

ADMINISTRATION OF PRIBILOF ISLANDS

58 Stat. 100.

For carrying out the provisions of the Act of February 26, 1944, as amended (16 U. S. C. 631a-631q), there are appropriated amounts equal to 60 per centum of the proceeds covered into the Treasury during the next preceding fiscal year from the sale of sealskins and other products, to remain available for expenditure during the current and next succeeding fiscal years.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

34 Stat. 690.

Appropriations for the Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available for purchase of not to exceed one hundred and thirty-one passenger motor vehicles of which ninety-seven shall be for replacement only; purchase of not to exceed six aircraft for replacement only; publication and distribution of bulletins as authorized by law (7 U. S. C. 417); rations or commutation of rations for officers and crews of vessels at rates not to exceed \$3 per man per day; repair of damage to public roads within and adjacent to reservation areas caused by operations of the Fish and Wildlife Service; options for the purchase of land at not to exceed \$1 for each option; facilities incident to such public recreational uses on conservation areas as are not inconsistent with their primary purposes; and the maintenance and improvement of aquaria, buildings, and other facilities under the jurisdiction of the Fish and Wildlife Service and to which the United States has title, and which are utilized pursuant to law in connection with management and investigation of fish and wildlife resources.

OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

31 Stat. 321, 153;  
64 Stat. 386; 45  
Stat. 1253.

48 USC 1541 note.

37 Stat. 516; 31  
Stat. 146; 64  
Stat. 391.

56 Stat. 782;  
36 Stat. 852;  
33 Stat. 619;  
44 Stat. 968.

For expenses necessary for the administration of Territories and for the departmental administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, including expenses of the offices of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, American Samoa, as authorized by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 61, 531, 1422, 1431a (c)); salaries of the Governor of the Virgin Islands, the Government Secretary, and the members of their immediate staffs as authorized by law (Act of July 22, 1954, Public Law 517), compensation and mileage of members of the legislatures in Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, American Samoa, and the Virgin Islands as authorized by law (48 U. S. C., secs. 87, 599, 1421d (e), 1431a (c) and the Act of July 22, 1954 (68 Stat. 497)); compensation and expenses of the judiciary in American Samoa as authorized by law (48 U. S. C. 1431a (c)); care of insane as authorized by law for Alaska (48 U. S. C. 46-50); grants to American Samoa, in addition to current local revenues, for support of governmental functions; and personal services, household equipment and furnishings, and utilities necessary in the operation of the houses of the Governors of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, and American Samoa; \$2,803,000: *Provided*, That the Territorial and local governments herein provided for are authorized to make purchases through the General Services Administration: *Provided further*, That appropriations available for the administration of Territories may be expended for the purchase, charter, main-



tenance, and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be necessary.

#### TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

For expenses necessary for the Department of the Interior in administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement approved by Public Law 204, Eightieth Congress, and Public Law 451, approved June 30, 1954, including the expenses of the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; compensation and expenses of the judiciary of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands in addition to local revenues, for support of governmental functions; \$4,800,000: *Provided*, That the revolving fund for loans to locally owned private trading enterprises shall continue to be available during the fiscal year 1957: *Provided further*, That all financial transactions of the Trust Territory, including such transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established or utilized by the Trust Territory, shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 34): *Provided further*, That the government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to make purchases through the General Services Administration: *Provided further*, That appropriations available for the Administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be necessary in carrying out the provisions of article 6 (2) of the Trusteeship Agreement approved by Congress. 31 USC 1.  
64 Stat. 834.  
31 USC 65  
note.  
61 Stat. 3302.

#### ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS

For an additional amount for expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1949, as amended (48 U. S. C. 486-486j), to remain available until June 30, 1959, \$4,968,000, of which not to exceed \$525,000 shall be available for administrative expenses. 63 Stat. 627.

#### CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, ALASKA

For construction of roads, tramways, buildings, ferries, bridges, and trails, including surveys and plans for new road construction; acquisition of lands or interests in lands by purchase, donation, condemnation, or otherwise; and purchase of five passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, \$7,800,000, to remain available until expended.

#### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS, ALASKA

For operation and maintenance of roads, tramways, buildings, ferries, bridges, and trails, \$3,625,000.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The total of the amounts herein appropriated for construction, operation and maintenance of roads in Alaska shall be available in one fund, except that the appropriation herein made for operation and maintenance shall be available only for the service of the current fiscal year.

Not to exceed 17½ per centum of the amount herein appropriated for construction of roads in Alaska shall be available for construction work by force account, or on a hired-labor basis.

#### ALASKA RAILROAD REVOLVING FUND

39 Stat. 750.

The Alaska Railroad Revolving Fund shall continue available until expended for the work authorized by law, including operation and maintenance of oceangoing or coastwise vessels by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches of the Government service, for the purpose of providing additional facilities for transportation of freight, passengers, or mail, when deemed necessary for the benefit and development of industries or travel in the area served; and payment of compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of the Act of September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 793), to be reimbursed as therein provided: *Provided*, That no employee shall be paid an annual salary out of said fund of more than \$11,000 except the general manager of said railroad, one assistant general manager at not to exceed \$14,000 per annum, two officers at not to exceed \$12,500 per annum each, and three officers at not to exceed \$12,000 per annum each.

#### ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

##### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of the Interior (referred to herein as the Secretary), including teletype rentals and service, \$2,222,000.

##### WORKING CAPITAL FUND

64 Stat. 680.

5 USC 502.

5 USC 2131 note.

The working capital fund, established by the Act of September 6, 1950 (64 Stat. 679), shall hereafter be available for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114 and 69 Stat. 49).

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Emergency reconstruction.

SEC. 101. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emergency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of buildings, utilities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable cause: *Provided*, That no funds shall be made available under this authority until funds specifically made available to the Department of the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

Forest or range fire suppression

SEC. 102. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appropriation in this title, in addition to the amounts included in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior: *Provided*, That appropriations made in this title for fire suppression purposes shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding fiscal year.

Operation of warehouses, etc.

47 Stat. 417.

SEC. 103. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and similar facilities, whenever consolidation of activities will contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity in the same manner as authorized by the Act of June 30, 1932 (31 U. S. C. 686): *Provided*, That reimbursements for cost of supplies, materials and equipment, and for services rendered

may be credited to the appropriation current at the time such reimbursements are received.

SEC. 104. Appropriations made to the Department of the Interior in this title or in the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1957, shall be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), when authorized by the Secretary, at rates not to exceed \$100 per diem for individuals, and in total amount not to exceed \$250,000; maintenance and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase of reprints; payment for telephone service in private residences in the field, when authorized under regulations approved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members. 60 Stat. 810.

SEC. 105. Appropriations available to the Department of the Interior for salaries and expenses shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (68 Stat. 1114, 69 Stat. 49, and D. C. Code 4-204). 5 USC 2131 note. 43 Stat. 175.

## TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

### COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a Commission of Fine Arts (40 U. S. C. 104), including payment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secretary of the Commission in attending meetings and committee meetings of the Commission either within or outside the District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved by the Commission, \$31,000. 36 Stat. 371.

### FEDERAL COAL MINE SAFETY BOARD OF REVIEW

Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses of the Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$70,000. 60 Stat. 810.

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### FOREST SERVICE—SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary, including not to exceed \$15,000 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706 (a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U. S. C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), including travel expenses of advisory councils or similar groups; to experiment and make investigations and report on forestry, national forests, forest fires, forest insects and diseases, and lumbering; to advise the owners of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate and test American timber and timber trees and their uses, and methods, for the preservative treatment of timber; to seek, through investigations and the planting of native and foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to protect, administer, and improve the national forests, including tree planting and other measures to prevent erosion, drift, surface wash, soil waste, and the formation of floods, and to conserve water; to ascertain the natural conditions upon and utilize the national forests, to transport and care for fish and game supplied to stock the national forests or the waters therein; for management of lands acquired 58 Stat. 742. 60 Stat. 810.



under the land-utilization program; and to collate, digest, report, and illustrate the results of experiments and investigations made by the Forest Service: *Provided*, That the appropriations available to the Forest Service for the current fiscal year may be used for the operation and maintenance of aircraft, and the purchase of not to exceed four (for replacement only), uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U. S. C. 2131); the purchase, erection, and alteration of buildings and other public improvements, but the cost of any building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water-supply or sanitary system and of connecting the same with any such building, and exclusive of the cost of any tower upon which a lookout house may be erected, shall not exceed \$18,500 (\$22,500 in Alaska) with the exception that any building erected, purchased, or acquired, the cost of which was \$18,500 or more, may be improved out of the appropriations available to the Forest Service within any fiscal year by an amount not to exceed 2 per centum of the cost of such building, and not to exceed \$250,000 of such appropriations may be used for the maintenance, improvement, and construction of aircraft-landing fields in, or adjacent to the national forests, as follows:

National forest protection and management: For the administration, protection, use, maintenance, improvement, and development of the national forests, including the establishment and maintenance of forest tree nurseries, including the procurement of tree seed and nursery stock by purchase, production, or otherwise, seeding and tree planting and the care of plantations and young growth; the maintenance of roads and trails and the construction and maintenance of all other improvements necessary for the proper and economical administration, protection, development, and use of the national forests, including experimental areas under Forest Service administration; the construction (not to exceed \$18,500 for any one structure), equipment, and maintenance of sanitary and recreational facilities; timber cultural operations; development and application of fish and game management plans; propagation and transplanting of plants suitable for planting on semiarid portions of the national forests; estimating and appraising of timber and other resources and development and application of plans for their effective management, sale, and use; expenses of the National Forest Reservation Commission as authorized by section 14 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U. S. C. 514); examination, classification, surveying, and appraisal of land incident to effecting exchanges authorized by law and of lands within the boundaries of the national forests that may be opened to homestead settlement and entry under the Act of June 11, 1906, and the Act of August 10, 1912 (16 U. S. C. 506-509), as provided by the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U. S. C. 512); investigation and establishment of water rights, including the purchase thereof or of lands or interests in lands or rights-of-way for use and protection of water rights necessary or beneficial in connection with the administration and public use of the national forests; not to exceed \$100,000 for the purchase of parcels of land and interests therein in Sanders County, Montana, but such land shall not be acquired without the approval of the local government concerned; and all expenses necessary for the use, maintenance, improvement, protection, and general administration of the national forests, and for the management of lands under title III of the Act of July 22, 1937, and the Act of August 11, 1945 (7 U. S. C. 1010-1012); \$44,300,750: *Provided*, That the Secretary may sell at market value any property located in Yalobusha, Chickasaw, and Pontotoc Counties, Mississippi, administered under title III of the

68 Stat. 1114.

36 Stat. 963.

34 Stat. 233;

37 Stat. 287,842.

50 Stat. 525.

59 Stat. 532.

Act of July 22, 1937, and suitable for return to private ownership under such terms and conditions as would not conflict with the purposes of said Act.

**Fighting forest fires:** For fighting and preventing forest fires on or threatening lands under Forest Service administration, including lands under contract for purchase or in process of condemnation for Forest Service purposes, and for liquidation of obligations incurred in the preceding fiscal year for such purpose, \$5,250,000, of which \$1,750,000 shall be apportioned for use, pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, to the extent necessary to meet emergency conditions. 31 USC 665.

**Control of forest pests:** For the control of white pine blister rust pursuant to the Act of April 26, 1940 (16 U. S. C. 594a), including the development and testing of new control methods, \$2,734,000, of which \$355,000 shall be available to the Department of the Interior for the control of white pine blister rust on or endangering Federal lands under the jurisdiction of that Department or lands of Indian tribes which are under the jurisdiction of or retained under restrictions of the United States; and for carrying out the Forest Pest Control Act (16 U. S. C. 594-1-594-5), \$2,386,000, of which \$751,000 shall be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, for the purposes of said Act to the extent necessary under the then existing conditions; \$5,120,000. 54 Stat. 168. 61 Stat. 177. 31 USC 665.

**Forest research:** For forest research at forest or range experiment stations, the Forest Products Laboratory, or elsewhere, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, and 10 of the Act approved May 22, 1928, as amended (16 U. S. C. 581, 581a-581c, 581f-581i), including the construction and maintenance of improvements; fire, silvicultural, watershed, forest insects and diseases, and other forest investigations and experiments; investigations and experiments to develop improved methods of management of forest and related ranges; experiments, investigations, and tests of forest products; marketing research and service on timber and timber products; a comprehensive forest survey; and investigations in forest economics: \$10,000,000: *Provided*, That funds may be advanced to cooperators under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe when such action will stimulate or facilitate cooperative work. 45 Stat. 699.

#### FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions of section 23 of the Federal Highway Act approved November 9, 1921, as amended (23 U. S. C. 23, 23a), relating to forest development roads and trails, including the construction, reconstruction, and maintenance of roads and trails on experimental areas under Forest Service administration, \$24,000,000, which sum is authorized to be appropriated by the Act of May 6, 1954 (23 U. S. C. 23), to remain available until expended. 42 Stat. 218; 49 Stat. 1520. 68 Stat. 72.

#### ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS

##### Weeks Act

For the acquisition of forest lands under the provisions of the Act approved March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U. S. C. 513-519, 521), \$100,000, to be available only for payment of the purchase price of any lands acquired, including the cost of surveys in connection with such acquisition: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the boundaries of a national forest: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local government concerned. 36 Stat. 962.



## Special Acts

For the acquisition of land to facilitate the control of soil erosion and flood damage originating within the exterior boundaries of the following national forest, in accordance with the provisions of the following Act authorizing annual appropriations of forest receipts for such purposes, and in not to exceed the following amount from such receipts: Cache National Forest, Utah, Act of May 11, 1938 (Public Law 505), as amended, \$10,000: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the boundaries of a national forest: *Provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local government concerned.

52 Stat. 347.

### STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION

For expenses necessary for cooperation with the various States in forest-fire prevention and suppression, in forest tree planting on non-Federal public and private lands, and in forest management and processing, pursuant to the Act of August 25, 1950 (16 U. S. C. 568c, 568d), and sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the Act of June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 564-567c), and Acts supplementary thereto; advising timberland owners, associations, and other appropriate agencies in the application of forest and management principles to federally owned lands leased to States and to private forest lands, and advising wood-using industries in processing of forest products, so as to attain sustained-yield management, the conservation of the timber resources, the productivity of forest lands, and the stabilization of employment and economic continuance of forest industries; \$12,190,000.

64 Stat. 473.

43 Stat. 653.

### COOPERATIVE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

For artificial revegetation, construction, and maintenance of range improvements, control of rodents, and eradication of poisonous and noxious plants on national forests as authorized by section 12 of the Act of April 24, 1950 (16 U. S. C. 580h), \$700,000, to remain available until expended.

64 Stat. 85.

### GENERAL PROVISIONS, FOREST SERVICE

Passenger motor vehicles.

SEC. 201. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law, the lump-sum appropriations and authorizations made for the Forest Service under this Act shall be available for the purchase, in addition to those specifically provided for, of not to exceed 133 passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, and for the hire of such vehicles, necessary in the conduct of the work of the Forest Service outside the District of Columbia.

Purchase of lands.

SEC. 202. Of appropriations herein made which are available for the purchase of lands, not to exceed \$1 may be expended for each option to purchase any particular tract or tracts of land.

Purchase of twine.

SEC. 203. Except to provide materials required in or incident to research or experimental work where no suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds appropriated to the Forest Service shall be expended in the purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or materials produced outside of the United States.

Publicity or propaganda.

SEC. 204. No part of any appropriation to the Forest Service in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes to support or defeat legislation pending before the Congress.



## INDIAN CLAIMS COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act of August 13, 1946 (25 U. S. C. 70), creating an Indian Claims Commission, \$124,600, of which not to exceed \$3,975 shall be available for expenses of travel. 60 Stat. 1049.

## JAMESTOWN-WILLIAMSBURG-YORKTOWN CELEBRATION COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to complete carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 13, 1953 (67 Stat. 576), including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals; transportation and not to exceed \$20 per diem in lieu of subsistence for members of the Commission serving without compensation; and entertainment; \$115,000. 60 Stat. 810.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses, as authorized by the National Capital Planning Act of 1952 (66 Stat. 781), including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); not to exceed \$175 for the purchase of newspapers and periodicals; not to exceed \$8,000 for expenses of travel; payment in advance for membership in societies whose publications or services are available to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public; and transportation and not to exceed \$15 per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for members of the Commission serving without compensation; \$200,000. D. C. Code 1-1001 note. 60 Stat. 810.

Land acquisition, National Capital park, parkway, and playground system: Under authority of the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, for necessary expenses for the National Capital Planning Commission for acquisition of land for the park, parkway, and playground system of the National Capital, to remain available until expended, \$1,250,000, of which (a) \$438,000 shall be available for the purposes of section 1 (a) of said Act of May 29, 1930, (b) \$287,000 shall be available for the purposes of section 1 (b) thereof, and (c) \$525,000 shall be available for the purposes of section 4 thereof: *Provided*, That not exceeding \$67,500 of the funds available for land acquisition purposes shall be used during the current fiscal year for necessary expenses of the Commission (other than payments for land) in connection with land acquisition. D. C. Code 8-102 note.

Salaries and expenses, Washington regional mass transportation survey: For necessary expenses to enable the National Capital Planning Commission and the National Capital Regional Planning Council to jointly complete a survey of the present and future mass transportation needs of the National Capital region as defined in the National Capital Planning Act of 1952 (66 Stat. 781), and to report their findings and recommendations to the President, including transportation expenses and not to exceed \$15 per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5 of the Act of August 2, 1946, as amended (5 U. S. C. 73b-2), for members of the Commission and Council serving without compensation, \$200,000: *Provided*, That the unobligated balance of the appropriation of \$200,000 granted under this head for the fiscal years 1955 and 1956 shall remain available during the current fiscal year and shall be merged with this appropriation (66 Stat. 781): *Provided further*, That the employment of not more than one person by contract or otherwise, pursuant to the third sentence of section 2 (c) of the Act of June 6, 1924, as amended by the Act of July 19, 1952 (66 Stat. 783), may be extended for an additional year. D. C. Code 1-1002.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution: For all necessary expenses for the preservation, exhibition, and increase of collections from the surveying and exploring expeditions of the Government and from other sources; for the system of international exchanges between the United States and foreign countries; for anthropological researches among the American Indians and the natives of lands under the jurisdiction or protection of the United States, independently or in cooperation with State, educational, and scientific organizations in the United States, and the excavation and preservation of archeological remains; for maintenance of the Astrophysical Observatory and making necessary observations in high altitudes; for the administration of the National Collection of Fine Arts; for the administration, construction, and maintenance of laboratory and other facilities on Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone, under the provisions of the Act of July 2, 1940, as amended by the provisions of Reorganization Plan Numbered 3 of 1946; for the maintenance and administration of a national air museum as authorized by the Act of August 12, 1946 (20 U. S. C. 77); including not to exceed \$35,000 for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); not to exceed \$38,725 for expenses of travel; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors; repairs and alterations of buildings and approaches; and preparation of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations for publications; \$4,425,000.

54 Stat. 724.  
20 USC 79-79e.  
60 Stat. 1101.  
5 USC 133y-16  
note.  
60 Stat. 997.  
60 Stat. 810

Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For the upkeep and operation of the National Gallery of Art, the protection and care of the works of art therein, and administrative expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of March 24, 1937 (50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public resolution of April 13, 1939 (Public Resolution 9, Seventy-sixth Congress), including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a); payment in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery for membership in library, museum, and art associations or societies whose publications or services are available to members only, or to members at a price lower than to the general public; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator operators and uniforms, or allowances therefor for other employees as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114 and 69 Stat. 49); purchase or rental of devices and services for protecting buildings and contents thereof, and maintenance and repair of buildings, approaches, and grounds; not to exceed \$2,400 for expenses of travel; and not to exceed \$15,000 for restoration and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of Art by contracts made, without advertising, with individuals, firms, or organizations at such rates or prices and under such terms and conditions as the Gallery may deem proper; \$1,505,000.

20 USC 71-74.  
  
53 Stat. 577.  
20 USC 74.  
60 Stat. 810.

5 USC 2131 note.

Museum of History and Technology: For necessary expenses of construction of a building for the Museum of History and Technology, as authorized by the Act of June 28, 1955 (69 Stat. 189), \$33,712,000, to remain available until expended.

20 USC 59 note.

FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 694), \$10,000, to remain available until expended.

WOODROW WILSON CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of August 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 964, 965), as amended, \$48,500.

TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

GRANTS

For payment to the Virgin Islands Corporation in the form of grants as authorized by law, \$425,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

During the current fiscal year the Virgin Islands Corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds available to it and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal-year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out its programs as set forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1957: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$160,000 shall be available for administrative expenses (to be computed on an accrual basis) of the Corporation, covering the categories set forth in the 1957 budget estimates for such expenses. 61 Stat. 584.  
31 USC 849.

TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. Unless otherwise provided by law, appropriations contained in this Act available for expenses of travel shall be available, when specifically authorized by the head of the activity or establishment concerned, for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the function or activity for which the appropriation concerned is made. Travel ex-  
penses.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1957." Short title.

Approved June 13, 1956.



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